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Statutory
Canada. Privy Council
**(CANADIAN WAR) ORDERS
AND REGULATIONS
1945**

Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13

**CONSOLIDATED TABLE OF CONTENTS
CANCELLATIONS, AMENDMENTS, REFERENCES
REFERENCE INDEX**

**STATUTES AMENDED, SUSPENDED OR REFERRED TO BY
ORDER IN COUNCIL**

July 9, 1945 to October 1, 1945

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**STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE**



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EDMOND CLOUTIER
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1945**

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The present volume contains the regular quarterly consolidated index, including a list of amendments, cancellations, etc., and a reference index, in respect of Orders in Council, orders, rules and regulations published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations*, from July 9, 1945 to October 1, 1945 (Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13) and a list of Orders in Council amending, suspending or referring to various Federal statutes (July 9, 1945 to October 1, 1945).

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PRIVY COUNCIL.
October 16, 1945.

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Postal Censorship.....	W.M. No. 60 Revised Oct. 6, 1943.....	W.M. No. 60 Second Revision July 6, 1945 (c)
	W.M. No. 60 Second Revision July 6, 1945.....	W.M. No. 60 Second Revision Supplement No. 1, Sept. 8, 1945 (c)
Export of cattle.....	W.M. No. 66 Suppl. No. 2..	W.M. No. 66 Supplement No. 4 July 16, 1945 (a)
Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942.....	W.M. No. 83 Second Revision Mar. 16, 1944.....	W.M. No. 83 Third Revision Aug. 11, 1945 (c)
Prohibited Imports.....	W.M. No. 84 Dec. 23, 1942.....	W.M. No. 84 Supplement No. 4 July 30, 1945 (a)
Shipping Priorities.....	W.M. No. 89 Supplement No. 4 Dec. 22, 1944.....	W.M. No. 89 Supplement No. 5 Sept. 18, 1945 (c)
Bananas.....	W.M. No. 95 Supplement No. 1 June 11, 1943.....	W.M. No. 95 Supplement No. 2 Sept. 12, 1945 (c)
Bananas.....	W.M. No. 100 Supplement No. 3.....	W.M. No. 100 Supplement No. 8 Sept. 12, 1945 (c)
Various commodities— import prohibited.....	W.M. No. 102 July 25, 1944.....	W.M. No. 102 Supplement No. 8 July 9, 1945 (a)
N.S.S. Regulations—labour exit permits.....	W.M. No. 106 Jan. 18, 1945.....	W.M. No. 106 (revised) June 1, 1945 (c)

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ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN
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PART II—MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS—Concluded

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Re- ferring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
Hot water and steam radiators....	Series D No. 47 T.C. 191 May 10, 1945.....	Series D No. T.C. 191 Supplement No. 2 June 26, 1945 (a)
TRANSPORT— Transport Controller— sections and sleeping cars.....	Order No. T.C. 06P Aug. 28, 1943.....	Order No. T.C. 09P Sept. 18, 1945 (c)

PART III—WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)

GOVERNMENT NOTICES—					
Repayment of Subsidy—					
(Consolidation).....	R.S. 23	Apr. 30, 1945....			
rubber goods.....			R.S. 25	June 28, 1945 (a)	
beans.....			R.S. 27	Aug. 14, 1945 (a)	
Import Policy, Statement on—					
peanuts.....		Feb. 2, 1943....			
plates, sheets, hoops, etc. of				June 15, 1945 (a)	
iron or steel.....				July 5, 1945 (a)	
electric fence controllers.....				June 28, 1945 (a)	
hats, hoods, and shapes of fur				Aug. 6, 1945 (a)	
felt or of wool and fur felt....					
BOARD ORDERS—					
Accommodation, Housing and					
Shared—					
Termination of leases—possession for a discharged member of the Armed Forces.....	No. 511	May 14, 1945....	No. 534	July 11, 1945 (a)	
Beef.....	No. 307	Aug. 23, 1943....	No. 539	Aug. 1, 1945 (a)	
			No. 555	Sept. 8, 1945 (a)	
Kosher.....	No. 399	May 22, 1944....	No. 554	Sept. 8, 1945 (a)	
Butter—					
rationed foods.....	No. 465	Dec. 26, 1944....	No. 528	June 29, 1945 (a)	
			No. 547	Aug. 30, 1945 (a)	
Canned Meat—					
Controlling the production and sale of.....	No. 508	May 10, 1945....	No. 553	Sept. 8, 1945 (c)	
Cartons and products, corrugated—					
Manufacture.....	No. 335	Nov. 9, 1943....	No. 558	Sept. 11, 1945 (c)	
Corn—					
Controlling sale and distribution.....	No. 536	July 17, 1945....	No. 563	Sept. 24, 1945 (c)	
Corn, Yellow and White, Canada Western and Eastern—					
Maximum prices.....	No. 443	Oct. 2, 1944....	No. 550	Sept. 5, 1945 (c)	
Corrugated cartons and products—					
Manufacture.....	No. 335	Nov. 5, 1943....	No. 558	Sept. 11, 1945 (c)	
Evaporated Milk—					
priority sales.....	No. 401	May 30, 1944....	No. 542	Aug. 8, 1945 (a)	
farm machinery and equipment, new, rationing.....	No. 526	June 12, 1945....	No. 559	Sept. 20, 1945 (c)	

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PART III—WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)—Continued

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation			Cancelling, Amending or Re- ferring Orders in Council, etc. (c= cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)		
BOARD ORDERS—Concluded						
Footwear Leather— prices.....	No. 292	July	15, 1943....	No. 556	Aug.	31, 1945 (c)
purchases by manufacturers and selling prices.....	No. 293	July	15, 1943....	No. 557	Aug.	31, 1945 (a)
Groceries, certain specified, maxi- mum manufacturers' prices....	No. 116	Mar.	23, 1942....	No. 531	July	9, 1945 (c)
Hogs— slaughtering of and stamping of carcasses.....	No. 427	Aug.	7, 1944....	No. 533	July	9, 1945 (c)
Kosher beef.....	No. 399	May	22, 1944....	No. 554	Sept.	8, 1945 (a)
Leases for Housing Accommoda- tion and Shared Accommoda- tion— termination when possession is for a discharged member of the Armed Forces.....	No. 511	May	14, 1945....	No. 534	July	11, 1945 (a)
Leather— footwear.....	No. 292	July	15, 1943....	No. 556	Aug.	31, 1945 (c)
purchases by footwear manu- facturers and selling prices....	No. 293	July	15, 1945....	No. 557	Aug.	31, 1945 (a)
Livestock— slaughtering of and stamping of carcasses.....	No. 340	Nov.	23, 1943....	No. 533	July	9, 1945 (c)
Meat— rationing of.....	No. 370	Feb.	29, 1944....	No. 533	July	9, 1945 (a)
canned, production and sale....	No. 508	May	10, 1945....	No. 553	Sept.	8, 1945 (c)
Meatless Days in Public Eating Places.....	No. 262	April	13, 1943....	No. 532	July	9, 1945 (c)
	No. 532	July	9, 1945....	No. 541	Aug.	8, 1945 (a)
Paperboard.....	No. 396	May	11, 1944....	No. 561	Sept.	20, 1945 (c)
Public Eating Places— meatless days.....	No. 262	April	13, 1943....	No. 532	July	9, 1945 (c)
	No. 532	July	9, 1945....	No. 541	Aug.	8, 1945 (a)
Rationed Foods— Butter.....	No. 465	Dec.	26, 1944....	No. 528	June	29, 1945 (a)
				No. 547	Aug.	30, 1945 (a)
Principal order.....	No. 464	Dec.	26, 1944....	No. 548	Aug.	31, 1945 (a)
Residence, Restrictions on— Victoria area.....	No. 483	Feb.	10, 1945....			
Vancouver-New Westminster area.....	No. 484	Feb.	10, 1945....			
Ottawa area.....	No. 522	June	9, 1945....			
Hull area.....	No. 523	June	9, 1945....			
Toronto area.....	No. 524	June	9, 1945....			
Hamilton area.....	No. 525	June	9, 1945....			
Winnipeg area.....	No. 529	July	5, 1945....	No. 551	Sept.	1, 1945 (c)
Slaughtering of Live Stock and Stamping of Carcasses.....	No. 340	Nov.	23, 1943....	No. 533	July	9, 1945 (c)
	No. 427	Aug.	7, 1944....			
Small arms ammunition— rationing.....	No. 350	Dec.	21, 1943....	No. 543	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)
Wool.....	No. 117	Mar.	23, 1942....	No. 544	Aug.	18, 1945 (a)

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PART III—WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)—Continued

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation			Cancelling, Amending or Re- ferring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)		
ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS—						
Antifreeze— labelling and designation.....	A-504	Dec.	7, 1942....	A-1721	Sept.	1, 1945 (c)
Apples— maximum prices.....	A-1398	Oct.	2, 1944....	A-1712	Aug.	22, 1945 (c)
Apricots— maximum prices.....	A-1276	July	8, 1944....	A-1675	July	3, 1945 (c)
Bananas— maximum prices.....	A-1161	Apr.	5, 1944....	A-1668	July	5, 1945 (c)
Bath mats— manufacture.....	A-901	Sept.	29, 1943....	A-1727	Sept.	6, 1943 (c)
Bed sheets and pillow cases— manufacture.....	A-895	Sept.	29, 1943....	A-1727	Sept.	6, 1945 (c)
Berries and Fruits, Processed and Preserved— B.C.—sales control and maxi- mum prices.....	A-794	June	29, 1945....	A-1683	July	13, 1945 (c)
Biscuits— maximum prices for sales by wholesale distributors and retailers.....	A-1553	Mar.	10, 1945....	A-1671	June	28, 1945 (c)
Brushes— paint and varnish.....	A-1623	May	7, 1945....	A-1719	Aug.	29, 1945 (c)
Butter— creamery, maximum prices....	A-1563	Mar.	20, 1945....	A-1687	July	19, 1945 (a)
B.V.D. Company of Canada Limited.....	A-27	Mar.	13, 1942....	A-1742	Sept.	17, 1945 (c)
Candy and Biscuits— maximum prices for sales by wholesale distributors and retailers.....	A-1553	Mar.	10, 1945..	A-1671	June	28, 1945 (c)
Canned Fruits and Vegetables— maximum prices.....	A-1327	Aug.	25, 1944....	A-1696	Aug.	7, 1945 (c)
Cast iron soil pipe and cast iron soil pipe fittings— maximum prices in British Columbia.....	A-1307	July	27, 1944....	A-1691	July	28, 1945 (c)
Ceramic products— production, sale and distribu- tion.....	A-355	Aug.	24, 1942....	A-1700...	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)
Cheddar Cheese— maximum prices.....	A-1591	Apr.	28, 1945....	A-1707	Aug.	14, 1945 (a)
Citrus fruit juice, imported canned— maximum prices of.....	A-1643	May	26, 1945....	A-1689	July	20, 1945 (a)
Civilian footwear, repair.....	A-1248	June	12, 1944....	A-1711	Aug.	20, 1945 (c)

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ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS —Continued						
Coats, Women's, Misses' and Girls'— maximum retail prices.....	A-1333	Aug.	26, 1944....	A-1733	Sept.	11, 1945 (c)
Construction equipment, used....	A-1654	June	11, 1945....	A-1747	Sept.	19, 1945 (a)
Containers, Metal— for meats.....	A-1629	May	10, 1945....	A-1743	Sept.	18, 1945 (c)
Construction Machinery and Equipment, New— sale of.....	A-1648	June	2, 1945....	A-1699	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)
Cork— use in manufacture of linoleum.	A-1212	May	5, 1944....	A-1706	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)
Cotton duck for pipe covering, use	A-532	Dec.	24, 1942....	A-1727	Sept.	16, 1945 (c)
Curtains— manufacture.....	A-543	Jan.	4, 1943....	A-1728	Sept.	6, 1945 (c)
Dichlor-diphenyl-trichlorethane.	A-1210	May	1, 1944....	A-1744	Sept.	18, 1945 (c)
Dresses, Suits and Coats, Women's, Misses' and Girls'— maximum retail prices.....	A-1333	Aug.	26, 1944....	A-1733	Sept.	11, 1945 (c)
Facial tissues— manufacture and packaging....	A-765	June	11, 1943....	A-1750	Sept.	24, 1945 (c)
Farm Machinery and Equipment— manufacture and sale.....	A-1646	May	31, 1945....	A-1699	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)
Fish— smoked Winnipeg Goldeyes....	A-1508	Jan.	12, 1945....	A-1685	July	18, 1945 (c)
freshwater, Atlantic cured and Atlantic fresh and frozen shell	A-1452	Nov.	21, 1944....	A-1686	July	18, 1945 (a)
Footwear— leather soles.....	A-1232	May	29, 1944....	A-1725	Sept.	4, 1945 (a)
patterns and packaged.....	A-1332	Aug.	28, 1944....	A-1726	Sept.	4, 1945 (c)
Footwear, Civilian, repair of, use of leather soles.....	A-1248	June	12, 1944....	A-1711	Aug.	20, 1945 (c)
Fruit, certain imported— maximum prices.....	A-1091	Feb.	5, 1944....	A-1666	June	25, 1945 (c)
Fruit juice, Imported Canned Citrus— maximum prices.....	A-1643	May	26, 1945....	A-1689	July	20, 1945 (a)
Fruits and Vegetables, Canned maximum prices.....	A-1327	Aug.	25, 1944....	A-1696	Aug.	7, 1945 (c)
Fruits, Processed and Preserved— B.C.—sales control and maxi- mum prices.....	A-794	June	29, 1945....	A-1683	July	13, 1945 (c)
Grapes, Labrusca type— maximum prices.....	A-1344	Sept.	2, 1944....	A-1704	Aug.	13, 1945 (c)

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ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS						
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Jams and Jelly— maximum prices.....	A-787	June 25, 1943....	A-1729	Sept. 17, 1945 (a)		
Labrusca type grapes— maximum prices.....	A-1344	Sept. 2, 1944....	A-1704	Aug. 13, 1945 (c)		
Ladders, Wooden.....	A-1236	May 31, 1944....	A-1705	Aug. 16, 1945 (c)		
Lamb and Mutton.....	A-1246	June 12, 1944....	A-1679 A-1693 A-1717 A-1731	July 11, 1945 (a) Aug. 2, 1945 (a) Aug. 25, 1945 (a) Sept. 8, 1945 (a)		
Leather— soles for footwear.....	A-1232	May 29, 1944....	A-1725	Sept. 4, 1945 (a)		
maximum prices.....	A-1681	July 12, 1945....	A-1732	Aug. 31, 1945 (a)		
Luggage— manufacture.....	A-1325	Aug. 22, 1944....	A-1701	Sept. 17, 1945 (c)		
Lumber and Millwork— maximum retailers' prices in provinces of N.B., N.S. and P.E.I.....	A-1061	Jan. 14, 1944....	A-1673	June 29, 1945 (a)		
spruce and lodgepole pine, Man. and Sask. for sale in Eastern Canada.....	A-1297	July 15, 1944....	A-1737	Sept. 6, 1945 (a)		
maximum prices when shipped from Alberta and British Columbia for sale in Eastern Canada.....	A-1299	July 15, 1944....	A-1738	Sept. 6, 1945 (a)		
maximum prices for fir, larch, hemlock, red cedar, Ponder- osa and Idaho white pine and spruce for sale in Western Canada.....	A-1579	April 14, 1945....	A-1739	Sept. 6, 1945 (a)		
maximum prices for sale of cer- tain lumber in Ont. and Que..	A-1039	Dec. 27, 1943....	A-1740	Sept. 6, 1945 (a)		
Machinery and Equipment— Farm.....	A-1646	May 31, 1945....				
new construction.....	A-1648	June 2, 1945....	A-1699	Aug. 16, 1945 (c)		
Maritime Provinces— potato shipments controlled....	A-1653	June 8, 1945....	A-1720	Aug. 30, 1945 (c)		
Marmalade— maximum markups.....	A-787	June 25, 1943....	A-1729	Sept. 17, 1945 (a)		
Matzoh products— maximum prices.....	A-1030	Dec. 14, 1943....	A-1716	Aug. 25, 1945 (c)		
Metal containers for meats.....	A-1629	May 10, 1945....	A-1743	Sept. 18, 1945 (c)		
Motor Vehicle Repairs, Civilian preferential rating.....	A-621	Feb. 23, 1943....	A-1713	Aug. 23, 1945 (c)		
Mutton.....	A-1246	June 12, 1944....	A-1679 A-1693 A-1717 A-1731	July 11, 1945 (a) Aug. 2, 1945 (a) Aug. 25, 1945 (a) Sept. 8, 1945 (a)		
Nicotine.....	A-1516	Jan. 29, 1945....	A-1745	Sept. 18, 1945 (c)		
Nylon yarns— use of.....	A-1190	Apr. 28, 1944....	A-1715	Aug. 24, 1945 (c)		

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ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS						
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Office and store equipment and supplies.....	A-691	Apr.	13, 1943....	A-1702	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)
Packaging— standardization and simplifica- tion of.....	A-192	May	26, 1942....	A-1674	June	30, 1945 (a)
Paint and Varnish Brushes.....	A-1623	May	7, 1945....	A-1719	Aug.	29, 1945 (c)
Peaches— maximum prices.....	A-1304 A-1692	July July	21, 1944.... 28, 1945....	A-1675 A-1708	July Aug.	3, 1945 (c) 13, 1945 (a)
Pears— maximum prices.....	A-1304 A-1692	July July	21, 1944.... 28, 1945....	A-1675 A-1708	July Aug.	3, 1945 (a) 13, 1945 (a)
Peas, dry whole and split— maximum prices.....	A-1274	July	7, 1944....	A-1698	Aug.	10, 1945 (c)
Pillow cases— manufacture.....	A-895	Sept.	29, 1943....	A-1727	Sept.	6, 1945 (c)
Pineapple pulp, canned— maximum prices.....	A-848	Aug.	10, 1943....	A-1697	Aug.	7, 1945 (c)
Plums— maximum prices.....	A-1304 A-1692	July July	21, 1944.... 28, 1945....	A-1675 A-1708	July Aug.	3, 1945 (c) 13, 1945 (a)
Plywood panels— maximum prices, Eastern Canada.....	A-1657	June	12, 1945....	A-1723	Sept.	5, 1945 (a)
Potatoes, new— maximum prices.....	A-1626	May	9, 1945....	A-1676	July	4, 1945 (a)
shipments from Maritime prov- inces.....	A-1653	June	8, 1945....	A-1720	Aug.	30, 1945 (c)
maximum prices.....	A-1560	Mar.	15, 1945....	A-1722	Sept.	1, 1945 (a)
Price tagging of certain goods for sale at retail.....	A-1247	June	12, 1944....	A-1735	Sept.	13, 1945 (a)
Pyrethrum.....	A-857	Aug.	31, 1943....	A-1682	July	13, 1945 (c)
Raw silk.....	A-1342	Sept.	1, 1944....	A-1741	Sept.	17, 1945 (c)
Rotenone.....	A-857 A-1682	Aug. July	31, 1943.... 13, 1945....	A-1682 A-1746	July Sept.	13, 1945 (c) 18, 1945 (c)
Seeds.....	A-920	Oct.	12, 1943....	A-1694	Aug.	3, 1945 (a)
Silk, raw.....	A-1342	Sept.	1, 1944....	A-1741	Sept.	17, 1945 (c)
Soil pipe and soil pipe fittings, cast iron— maximum prices in British Columbia.....	A-1307	July	27, 1944....	A-1691	July	28, 1945 (c)
Sphagnum Peat Moss— maximum prices <i>re</i> sales in B.C.	A-830	July	26, 1943....	A-1736	Sept.	1, 1945 (c)
Store equipment and supplies....	A-691	Apr.	13, 1943....	A-1702	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)

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ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS						
— <i>Concluded</i>						
Suits, Women's, Misses' and Girls'— maximum retail prices.....	A-1333	Aug.	26, 1944....	A-1733	Sept.	11, 1945 (c)
Tissues, facial— manufacture and packaging....	A-765	June	11, 1943....	A-1750	Sept.	24, 1945 (c)
Towels, Towelling and Bath Mats— manufacture.....	A-901	Sept.	29, 1943....	A-1727	Sept.	6, 1945 (c)
Used construction equipment....	A-1654	June	11, 1945....	A-1747	Sept.	19, 1945 (a)
Varnish brushes.....	A-1623	May	7, 1945....	A-1719	Aug.	29, 1945 (c)
Veal— maximum prices.....	A-1382	Sept.	29, 1944....	A-1730	Sept.	8, 1945 (a)
Vegetables, Canned— maximum prices.....	A-1327	Aug.	25, 1944....	A-1696	Aug.	7, 1945 (c)
Vegetables, certain imported— maximum prices.....	A-1091	Feb.	5, 1944....	A-1666	June	25, 1945 (c)
Winnipeg Goldeyes, smoked— maximum prices.....	A-1508	Jan.	12, 1945....	A-1685	July	18, 1945 (c)
Wooden ladders.....	A-1236	May	31, 1944....	A-1705	Aug.	16, 1945 (c)
FUELWOOD ORDERS—						
Fuelwood and sawdust in N.S.— maximum prices.....	Fuelwood Orders					
	No. 12	June	11, 1942....			
	No. 79	Oct.	9, 1943....			
	No. 80	Oct.	9, 1943....			
	No. 83	Nov.	3, 1943....			
	No. 99	Dec.	12, 1944....			
				Fuelwood Order No. 111		
				Aug. 31, 1945 (c)		

PART IV—WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD (Munitions and Supply)

AIRCRAFT CONTROLLER— Manufacture and repair of aircraft		Order No. A.C.-1 Sept. 25, 1942....	
		Order No. A.C. 1A Dec. 30, 1944....	Order No. A.C. 1B Sept. 19, 1945 (c)
Surplus material.....		Order No. A.C. 2A Mar. 31, 1944....	Order No. A.C. 2B July 23, 1945 (c)
CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS—			
Chlorine.....		Order No. C.C. 1A Nov. 27, 1941....	
		Order No. C.C. 1B May 6, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 1C June 30, 1945](c)
Ethylene Glycol Antifreeze.....		Order No. C.C. 2C-1 May 1, 1944....	Order No. C.C. 2C-3 Aug. 24, 1945 (c)
Dyestuffs Advisory Committee..		Order No. C.C. 5 Dec. 4, 1941....	Order No. C.C. 5C July 31, 1945 (c)

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CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS		
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Plastics Advisory Committee....	Order No. C.C. 10 Feb. 11, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 10C July 31, 1945 (c)
Distilled Spirits.....	Order No. C.C. 14 Oct. 29, 1942....	Order No. C.C. 14A Aug. 30, 1945 (c)
Salicylates.....	Order No. C.C. 17 Mar. 31, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 17A Sept. 5, 1945 (c)
Chlorinated Solvents.....	Order No. C.C. 18 Mar. 26, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 18A Aug. 31, 1945 (c)
Phenol and Homologues of Phenol	Order No. C.C. 24 May 19, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 24A July 31, 1945 (c)
Anti-Freeze.....	Order No. C.C. 25 June 1, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 25A Aug. 24, 1945 (c)
Aromatic Hydrocarbon solvents.	Order No. C.C. 26 May 24, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 26A Aug. 31, 1945 (c)
Vinyl polymers.....	Order No. C.C. 28 June 29, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 28A July 31, 1945 (c)
Dyestuffs and Organic Pigments.	Order No. C.C. 29 July 31, 1943....	Order No. C.C. 29A July 31, 1945 (c)
Acetylene Black.....	Order No. C.C. 33 May 31, 1944....	Order No. C.C. 33A July 31, 1945 (c)
Hydrogen Peroxide.....	Order No. C.C. 35 Mar. 29, 1945....	Order No. C.C. 35A Aug. 21, 1945 (c)
COAL CONTROLLER—		
Coal Distribution to Domestic Consumers—Eastern Canada...	Order No. Coal 17 Mar. 15, 1945....	Order No. Coal 17B July 23, 1945 (c)
Anthracite Importation and Wholesale Distribution.....	Order No. Coal 18 Mar. 23, 1945....	Order No. Coal 18A July 25, 1945 (a)
METALS CONTROLLER—		
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(Munitions and Supply)

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VOLUME III No. 1



JULY 9, 1945

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PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
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1945

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PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council suspending the operation of the Emergency Radio Regulations for Ship Stations, 1945

P.C. 4495

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 26th day of June, 1945

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council, P.C. 3404, of the 10th May, 1945, regulations to be cited as the "Emergency Radio Regulations for Ship Stations, 1945" were made;

And whereas in view of the cessation of hostilities with Germany it is proposed to suspend the operation of the said regulations for such time as the Minister of Transport may deem advisable;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport and pursuant to the provisions of the War Measures Act, is pleased to suspend and doth hereby suspend the operation of the Emergency Radio Regulations for Ship Stations, 1945, until such time as the Minister of Transport may by order published in the *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* provide for the removal of such suspension and the coming into force again of the said regulations.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council relaxing the "export control" over shipments consigned to countries within the Western Hemisphere

P.C. 4498

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 26th day of June, 1945

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Paragraph 5 of Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 1685 of March 2, 1943, the exportation from Canada of goods to any country, other than to parts of the British Empire or the United States, is prohibited except under permit;

And whereas it is deemed to be desirable that such restriction be relaxed on shipments consigned to countries within the Western Hemisphere;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce and under and by virtue of the power conferred by Section 290 of the Customs Act (Section 10, Chapter 24 of the Statutes of 1937) and by the War Measures Act (Chapter 206 R.S.C. 1927), is pleased

to amend the said Order in Council P.C. 2448 and it is hereby further amended, effective the first day of July, 1945, by revoking Paragraph 5 thereof, and substituting therefore the following:

5 (a) No person shall export any goods to any country outside the Western Hemisphere, other than to parts of the British Empire, without first having obtained an export permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce.

5 (b) For the purpose of this Order the Western Hemisphere shall be understood to embrace all land west of longitude 30° west and east of the International Date Line.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking the appointment of the Control Committee of Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Co.

P.C. 4506

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 26th day of June, 1945

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas in virtue of the authority of Order in Council P.C. 1001 dated February 15, 1945, the Shipbuilding Plant and fixed assets which had previously been expropriated by the Crown from Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Company Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"), were returned to the Company and a Control Committee composed of Wilfrid Gagnon, Esquire, of the City of Montreal, Maurice Samson, Esquire, of the City of Quebec, and Louis D. Hudon, Esquire, of the City of Quebec, was appointed to control and supervise the business, undertaking, affairs and operations of the Company until such time as it was deemed proper and opportune to dispense with such supervision and control;

And whereas the members of the Control Committee are satisfied, due in part to an internal reorganization of the Company, that their supervision and control is no longer needed and they have now recommended that their appointment as such be terminated;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke the appointment of the said Wilfrid Gagnon, Esquire, Maurice Samson, Esquire, and Louis D. Hudon, Esquire, as a Control Committee of the business, undertaking, affairs and operations of Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Company Limited.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing tariff treatment and exemption from war exchange tax for imports of fresh herring

P.C. 4612

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 28th day of June, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that fresh herring caught in weirs or seines in United States territorial waters are dutiable at the Canada-United States Trade Agreement rate of one-half cent a pound;

That in addition to the customs duty the war exchange tax of 10 per cent ad valorem also applies;

That The Wartime Prices and Trade Board advises that in the Bay of Fundy region of the Atlantic Coast, New Brunswick side, herring are in short supply this year and the packers are experiencing more difficulty than usual in keeping up production and recommends the removal of the duty on herring caught in American coastal waters;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order that imports of fresh herring (ex Item 115) be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated, during the period July 1, 1945, to December 31, 1945:

Herring, fresh

British		
Preferential	Intermediate	General
Tariff	Tariff	Tariff
Free	Free	Free

(To be designated as Tariff Item 115a.)

And further that imports of fresh herring be exempt from the war exchange tax of 10 per cent ad valorem during the period July 1, 1945 to December 31, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing the Government Services Selection and Release Committee

P.C. 4644

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 28th day of June, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 3683 of May 24, 1945, provides for the establishment of an Industrial Selection and Release Board and for the establishment of regional Industrial Selection and Release Committees to consider applications from employers for discharge or release of members of the Armed Forces to be employed in civilian occupations upon such discharge or release which will be in the national interest or contribute to the expeditious and effective reconversion of industry from wartime to peacetime production with the maintenance of maximum employment and to make appropriate investigations thereof and recommendations thereon to the Armed Forces concerning the discharge or release to civilian occupations of said members of the Armed Forces;

And whereas it is considered advisable that like provision should be made for the establishment of an Interdepartmental Committee to consider, investigate, and make appropriate recommendations to the Industrial Selection and Release Board respecting the discharge or release of members of the Armed Forces for civilian employment with the Government of Canada in the national interest and to provide and maintain efficient government services;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:

1. (1) There is hereby established an interdepartmental committee known as the Government Services Selection and Release Committee hereafter called the 'Committee', constituted as follows:

One representative of each of the following Departments: Civil Service Commission, Labour, National War Services, Munitions and Supply, Post Office and National Defence.

(2) The representative of the Civil Service Commission shall act as chairman and convener of the Committee and the Committee may elect a vice-chairman to act in the absence of the chairman.

(3) Three members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum, and any member of the Committee may designate an alternate to act in his absence and in his stead as a member of the Committee.

2. (1) The Committee shall consider, investigate and make recommendations to the Industrial Selection and Release Board established under Order in Council P.C. 3683 of May 24, 1945, with respect to the discharge or release of any person in the Armed Forces for employment in the service of the Government of Canada or of any commission or agency of the Government of Canada designated from time to time for the purposes of this section by the Minister of Labour and upon the application of any such department, agency or commission.

(2) For the purposes aforesaid, the Committee may undertake such surveys and make such inquiries as it deems advisable.

3. The Industrial Selection and Release Board established under Order in Council P.C. 3683 of May 24, 1945, shall review the recommendations of the Committee and make recommendations to any of the Armed Forces respecting the discharge or release of any member thereof for civilian employment with the Government of Canada or any commission or agency of the Government of Canada designated under section two hereof if in the opinion of the Board such discharge or release is necessary or advisable in the interests of efficient administration of government services or otherwise in the national interest and which recommendation shall be implemented by the Armed Forces consistent with the exigencies of the Service concerned and subject to the concurrence of the man concerning whom recommendation is made.

4. Subject to the foregoing provisions and insofar as consistent therewith, the provisions of Order in Council P.C. 3683 of May 24, 1945, shall apply as though the aforesaid Committee had been established as an Industrial Selection and Release Committee under the said Order.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council prohibiting export of Clothes Pins except under licence.

P.C. 4675

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 3rd day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas, by Order in Council of October 4, 1941, P.C. 7674, the exportation from Canada of certain articles is prohibited except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce;

And whereas the Wartime Prices and Trade Board recommend that, in order to conserve supplies required for Canadian use, the exportation of Clothes Pins be similarly prohibited:

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce and under and by virtue of the power conferred by Section 290 of the Customs Act (Section 10, Chapter 24 of the Statutes of 1937) and by the War Measures Act (Chapter 206 R.S.C. 1927) is pleased to order as follows:—

1. The exportation of Clothes Pins is hereby prohibited except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce.

2. Schedule One of the said Order in Council (P.C. 7674 of October 4, 1941) is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the above commodity.

3. This Order shall come into force and have effect on and after the fifth day of July, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council appointing W. H. De Blois as an Associate
Controller of Chemicals and amending Regulations
respecting Chemicals.**

P.C. 4684

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 3rd day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 279 of January 13, 1942, William Howard De Blois of Montreal, was appointed a Deputy Controller of Chemicals;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that it is desirable to revoke the appointment of Mr. De Blois as such deputy and to appoint him as an Associate Controller of Chemicals and to amend Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, being the Regulations Respecting Chemicals, to provide for the powers of an Associate Controller of Chemicals.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Section 8 of Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, is amended to read as follows:—

"8. (1) There may be one or more Associate Controllers of Chemicals and one or more Deputy Controllers of Chemicals who shall have the powers hereinafter set out.

(2) An Associate Controller of Chemicals shall have and exercise any and all powers conferred on the Controller of Chemicals subject to any restriction thereof which the Controller may from time to time impose and subject in all cases to review by the Controller; provided that any order of an Associate Controller of Chemicals shall be final and binding unless and until it has been varied or vacated by the Controller.

(3) A Deputy Controller of Chemicals shall have and exercise any and all powers conferred on the Controller of Chemicals, subject to any restriction thereof which the Controller or an Associate Controller of Chemicals may from time to time impose and subject in all cases to review by the Controller or an Associate Controller of Chemicals; provided that any order of a Deputy Controller of Chemicals shall be final and binding unless and until it has been varied or vacated by the Controller or an Associate Controller of Chemicals."

2. Section 9 of the said Order in Council is amended by deleting the words "any Deputy Controller" and substituting therefore the words "any Associate or Deputy Controller."

3. The appointment of William Howard De Blois, of Montreal as a Deputy Controller of Chemicals is hereby revoked and he is hereby appointed as an Associate Controller of Chemicals.

4. The revocation of the appointment of William Howard De Blois as a Deputy Controller of Chemicals shall be without prejudice to any acts done by him, prior to such revocation becoming effective, in the course of or as incidental to the exercise or discharge of any of his powers, authorities, rights and duties as such Deputy Controller or to any rights, privileges or immunities in respect thereof possessed by or vested in him as such Deputy Controller.

5. The provisions of this Order shall be and be deemed to have been effective on and from July 1, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council removing from "import control", automobiles and motor vehicles of all kinds.

P.C. 4724

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 3rd day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 5745 dated July 25, 1944, the importation of specified goods was prohibited except under permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that Tariff Item 438a, covering automobiles and motor vehicles and chassis therefor, was included in the schedule of goods enumerated in the aforesaid Order in Council at the request of the Wartime Industries Control Board; and

That the Wartime Industries Control Board has advised the Minister of Finance that it is no longer necessary to retain import permit control over goods covered by the said Tariff Item 438a;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 5745 dated 25th July, 1944, and it is hereby amended by deleting from the schedule of goods enumerated therein the following Item:

Tariff Item

Description

438a	Automobiles and motor vehicles of all kinds, n.o.p.; electric trackless trolley buses; chassis for all the foregoing.
------	---

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

W.M. No. 39 Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 7

MEMORANDUM
Customs Division

Ottawa, 25th June, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

In accordance with Export Permit Branch Order No. 119, effective on and after June 27th, Clause Six of the Export Permit Regulations (Eighth Revision), previously amended by Export Permit Branch Order No. 115 of May 23, is further amended with reference to Poultry and Meat of all kinds, valued at \$5.00 or less, by requiring an export permit therefor when shipped through any Canadian customs port.

This will have the effect of requiring an export permit for meat and poultry of all kinds and of any value exported from Canada.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

Series D No. 47
T.C. 191 Supplement No. 2

MEMORANDUM
Customs and Excise Divisions

Ottawa, 26th June, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective the 14th May, 1945, the list of building materials exempted from the war exchange tax, enumerated in paragraph (a) of Memorandum Series D No. 47, T.C. 191, is further amended by adding:

Hot water and steam radiators, not to include fittings, for the heating of buildings.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 4453, 22/6/45—Authority War Measures Act).

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board
(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Emergency Shelter

Public notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Emergency Shelter Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, as amended, the following area has been designated by the Board as a congested area to which the provisions of Section 5 of such regulations shall apply:

The Winnipeg area consisting of:

The City of Winnipeg, the City of St. Boniface, the Town of Tuxedo, the Town of Transcona, the Village of Brooklands, and the Municipalities of Charleswood, St. James, Fort Garry, St. Vital, East Kildonan, North Kildonan, Old Kildonan, West Kildonan and Assiniboia.

Dated at Ottawa, this 4th day of July, 1945.

A. F. W. PLUMPTRE,
Secretary.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1645

Symbol Markup Table

Under authority conferred on the undersigned Administrator by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order shall come into force on July 2, 1945.
2. For the purposes of this Order
 - (a) "basic period" means the period from September 15, 1941, to October 11, 1941, both inclusive;
 - (b) "lawful cost" of goods means the sum of the following:
 - (i) the actual price paid for the goods but not exceeding the supplier's lawful maximum selling price; and
 - (ii) inward transportation and federal sales tax, if any, actually paid and not included in such actual price.
3. A wholesaler, as an alternative to sending to his customers who are retailers the notification referred to in subsection (3) of Section 33 of Order No. 414, may on each sale to such a customer show on the invoice, *immediately following the unit price*, the markup symbol shown on the price notification or supplier's notification received by such wholesaler under Order No. 414. Subsections (5) and (6) of Section 33 of Order No. 414 shall not apply to any sale by a wholesaler who furnishes the invoice permitted by this Section. Each wholesaler who issues an invoice showing a markup symbol shall keep a true copy thereof available for inspection by any representative of the Board, and each retailer who receives such an invoice shall keep it available for such inspection.
4. Whenever a retailer receives from his supplier an invoice showing, *immediately following the unit price* for any particular goods, one of the symbols listed in the following table, the maximum price at which he may sell those goods shall be the sum of

- (a) the lawful cost, and
- (b) the lower of the following markups:
 - (i) the markup customarily obtained by him in the basic period on identical goods or on his most nearly comparable goods, or
 - (ii) the percentage of selling price, or in the alternative the equivalent percentage of lawful cost, shown opposite such symbol in the following table:

SYMBOL MARKUP TABLE

Symbol	Percentage of Selling Price	Equivalent Percentage of Lawful Cost	Symbol	Percentage of Selling Price	Equivalent Percentage of Lawful Cost
A	4	4	LA.	44	78½
B.	7	7½	LB.	47	88½
C.	10	11	LC.	50	100
CA.	14	16½	LD.	53	113
CB.	17	20½	LE.	56	127
CM.	11	12½	LM.	41	69½
CN.	12	13½	LN.	42	72½
CS.	15	17½	LP.	42½	74
CU.	18	22	LQ.	43	75½
D.	13	15	LT.	46	85
E.	16	19	LU.	48	92½

SYMBOL MARKUP TABLE—*Concluded*

Symbol	Percentage of Selling Price	Equivalent Percentage of Lawful Cost	Symbol	Percentage of Selling Price	Equivalent Percentage of Lawful Cost
F.	19	23½	LV.	49	96
G.	22	28	M.	1	1
H.	25	33½	N.	2	2
HP.	27½	38	P.	2½	2½
HR.	28½	40	Q.	3	3
HY.	45	82	R.	3½	3½
J.	30	43	S.	5	5½
JA.	34	51½	T.	6	6½
JB.	37	58½	U.	8	8½
JG.	52	108	V.	9	10
JH.	55	122	W.	16½	20
JM.	31	45	WW.	33½	50
JN.	32	47	Y.	20	25
JQ.	33	49	YA.	24	31½
JT.	36	56	YB.	27	37
JU.	38	61½	YM.	21	26½
JV.	39	64	YQ.	23	30
K.	35	54	YT.	26	35
KE.	51	104	YU.	28	39
KF.	54	117	YV.	29	41
KG.	57	132	Z.	34½	52½
KP.	37½	60	ZD.	47½	90½
L.	40	66½			

5. If a retailer receives from his supplier an invoice for any goods which does not contain a symbol after the unit price for those goods, he must comply with the requirements of Sections 40, 41, 42 and 43 of Order No. 414.

6. Nothing in this order shall be deemed to authorize a markup on excise tax in cases in which such markup is unlawful.

Dated at Ottawa, June 18, 1945.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

T. E. COOPER,
Deputy Administrator of Distributive Trades.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1671

Maximum Prices for Sales by Wholesale Distributors and Retailers of Candy and Biscuits

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Distributive Trades, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Application of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on July 4, 1945, and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1553, which is hereby revoked.

(2) This Order applies to all sales by wholesale distributors and retailers of candy and biscuits except,

- (a) candy manufactured to be sold at retail at the standard prices per article or package of 5 cents, 10 cents and 15 cents, inclusive of sales tax but exclusive of the excise tax of one cent, two cents and three cents per article or package, respectively, provided in Schedule 1 of the Special War Revenue Act; and
- (b) imported candy and biscuits.

2. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Order, no wholesale distributor or retailer shall sell any candy or biscuits to any person at a price in excess of the lawful maximum price at which immediately prior to March 15, 1945, he could have sold those goods to that person. Moreover notwithstanding the provisions of Board Order No. 147 or any other Order, if the maximum price at which a person may sell any candy or biscuits to any other person, as fixed by the other provisions of this Order, is less than the maximum prices at which immediately prior to March 15, 1945, he could have sold those goods to that person, he shall not sell those goods to that person at a price in excess of such maximum price fixed by the other provisions of this Order.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "biscuits" mean sweet or unsweetened biscuits and cookies and other similar articles made by a manufacturer for sale and distribution to the wholesale and retail trades and commonly known as biscuits to those trades;
- (b) "candy" means chocolate, candy and confectionery which may be classed as chocolate or candy or a substitute for chocolate or candy;
- (c) "excise tax" means that tax levied on candy on and after June 24, 1942, referred to in clause (c) of subsection (3) of Section 4 of Board Order No. 147;
- (d) "factory packaged" means packaged by a manufacturer in a consumer size and style of package ready for sale to consumers;
- (e) "manufacturer" means a person who makes candy or biscuits in Canada but does not include any such person to the extent that he sells any goods not manufactured by him;
- (f) "wholesale distributor" means any person other than a manufacturer, who sells at wholesale, but includes a manufacturer to the extent that he sells at wholesale goods not manufactured by him;
- (g) "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail;
- (h) "sell" includes an offer to sell.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors to Persons Other than Wholesale Distributors

4. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any candy or biscuits to any person other than a wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following, f.o.b. his place of business;

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the goods but not exceeding the maximum price that may be charged him by the manufacturer of the goods;
- (b) if his supplier is not required to deliver free to him and if he took delivery of the goods at a point which is not situated within the limits of the city, town or village in which his place of business is situated, the actual amount, not exceeding the common carrier freight rate, paid by him in transporting the goods from such receiving point to such city, town or village; and
- (c) subject to subsection (2) of this Section, a percentage markup on his lawful cost (i.e. the amounts referred to in clauses (a) and (b) preceding) less excise tax, if any, not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him on sales of the same goods of the same manufacturer during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, or if such goods were not sold by him during the said basic period, not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him on sales of substantially similar goods during the said basic period; provided, however, in no event shall the markup exceed 25 per cent of the sum of the amounts referred to in clauses (a) and (b) preceding, excluding excise tax, if any, included therein.

(2) If a wholesale distributor purchases any candy or biscuits from a manufacturer on the basis of a trade discount from the manufacturer's list price for sales to the retail trade and such discount is less than the markup referred to in clause (c)

of subsection (1) of this Section, such wholesale distributor shall not include in his selling price of those goods a markup which is in excess of the amount of such trade discount.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors to Other Distributors

5. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any candy or biscuits to another wholesale distributor, shall be the sum of the following, f.o.b. his place of business;

- (a) the maximum price at which those goods may be sold to him by the manufacturer thereof; and
- (b) the actual amount, not exceeding the common carrier freight rate, paid by him in transporting the goods to his receiving point from his supplier's shipping point, if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him.

6. If a wholesale distributor sells any candy or biscuits to another wholesale distributor, the seller must show on the sales invoice furnished by him to the buyer, the maximum price fixed by this Order at which the seller may sell those goods to another wholesale distributor, f.o.b. the seller's place of business.

Free Delivery in Certain Cases

7. If a wholesale distributor sells any candy or biscuits to a person whose place of business is within the limits of the city, town or village in which the wholesale distributor has his place of business or is within the wholesale distributor's customary free delivery zone, delivery shall be free to that buyer.

Sales at Retail

8. The maximum price at which any person other than a manufacturer may sell any candy or biscuits at retail shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the goods but not exceeding the maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier;
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual amount, not exceeding the common carrier freight rate, paid by him in transporting the goods from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:
 - (i) according to whether the goods are bulk goods or factory packaged goods, the markup, which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the basic period on sales of such goods of the same manufacturer purchased from that manufacturer or from a wholesale distributor, as the case may be, or if such goods were not sold by him during the said basic period, the markup which under the provisions of the said Order corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of substantially similar goods purchased from a manufacturer or a wholesale distributor, as the case may be;
 - (ii) the markup calculated according to the provisions of Board Order No. 450 and in Schedule "A" of that Order under the markup symbol set forth in the following table according to the kind of goods sold, whether they are bulk or factory packaged goods and whether they are bought from a wholesale distributor or a manufacturer, PLUS a packaging allowance of one cent per package, if he bought the goods in bulk and packages them in any kind of a container prior to or at the time of sale; provided that if they are packaged by him prior to sale the price is marked on the package or, if packaged at the time of sale, they are displayed in bulk with a price card showing the price of each quantity which comprises a unit of sales.

TABLE

Description of Goods Sold	Markup Symbol if goods are purchased from a manufacturer at a price exceeding the maximum price at which the manufacturer of the goods could have sold them to a wholesale distributor or if goods are purchased from a wholesale distributor	Markup Symbol if goods are purchased from a manufacturer at a price not exceeding the maximum price at which such manufacturer could have sold them to a wholesale distributor
Soda biscuits—sold from a bulk container or factory packaged	G	H
Biscuits (other than soda biscuits)—sold from a bulk container	J	K
Biscuits (other than soda biscuits) — factory packaged	H	J
Candy—sold from a bulk container or factory packaged	K	L

Maximum Prices for Mixed Candy and Mixed Biscuits

9. The maximum price at which any wholesale distributor or retailer may sell a mixture of any candy mixed by him, or a mixture of any biscuits mixed by him, shall be the maximum price fixed by this Order at which he may sell the lowest priced candy or biscuits, as the case may be, contained in the mixture.

Sales Invoice

10. (1) On every sale by a manufacturer or a wholesale distributor of any candy or biscuits, the seller shall at the time of delivery, furnish the buyer with an invoice showing in addition to other particulars which by this Order he is required to show on his invoice, the following:

- (a) the kind of goods sold, the identifying trade name, if any, or the name of the manufacturer of the goods;
- (b) the name and identifying address of the seller and the buyer and the date of sale;
- (c) the quantity of each kind of goods sold and the price charged therefor.

(2) Every manufacturer and wholesale distributor shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him to a buyer as required by this Section, and every such buyer shall keep each invoice furnished to him.

Records of Purchases

11. Every person who buys any candy or biscuits for resale shall immediately upon receipt of the goods make a written record at the place of business at which he receives the goods showing:

- (a) the kind of goods purchased, the identifying trade name, if any, or the name of the manufacturer of the goods and, if his supplier is not the manufacturer of the goods, the name of his supplier;
- (b) the quantity purchased, the date of purchase, the actual price paid and transportation charges, if any, included in his laid down cost of the goods.

Retention and Inspection of Records and Invoices

12. (1) If a person retains, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, an invoice furnished to him in accordance with Section 10, he need not keep any other records of the particulars set forth on that invoice.

(2) Every record and invoice which a person is by this Order required to make, furnish or keep shall be kept by him, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months after the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

13. Every person who sells any candy or biscuits at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the quantity of goods sold and the price charged.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of June, 1945.

J. H. THOMSON,
Administrator of Distributive Trades.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board

NOTE.—Under the provisions of Board Order No. 414, the Administrator of Cocoa, Confectionery and Allied Products may from time to time review the prices of any manufacturer on his own sales at retail of any candy or biscuits manufactured by him and may require such reductions in prices as he may specify.

This Order does not fix maximum prices for sales by a manufacturer of any candy and biscuits made by him. Maximum prices for such sales are fixed by Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations or under the provisions of Board Orders Nos. 214 or 414, or, in the case of sales of biscuits manufactured in the provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, are fixed by Administrator's Order No. A-356. Board Order No. 147 allows certain increases in the maximum prices of manufacturers of candy in respect to excise tax.

Maximum prices for sales of candy and biscuits imported into Canada are also fixed by Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations, or under the provisions of Board Orders Nos. 214 and 414.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1674

Respecting the Standardization and Simplification of Packaging

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Packages and Converted Paper Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Sections 4, 5 and 7 of Administrator's Order No. A-192 and Schedule B of the said Order are revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on July 3, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 30th day of June, 1945.

C. V. HODDER,
Administrator of Packages and Converted Paper Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1675

Revocation of Administrator's Orders No. A-1276 and No. A-1304

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. The following Administrator's Orders are hereby revoked
 - (1) No. A-1276—Maximum Prices of Apricots;
 - (2) No. A-1304—Maximum Prices of Peaches, Pears and Plums.

2. This Order comes into force on July 4, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 3rd day of July, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board



VOLUME III, No. 2



JULY 16, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

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PART I
Orders in Council

**Order in Council extending the provisions of the Government
Employees Compensation Act to all employees of the
Government of Canada in the Yukon and
North West Territories**

P.C. 4599

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Government Employees Compensation Act provides for the payment of compensation to Government Employees who are caused personal injury by accident arising out of or in the course of their employment in Canada, and to the dependents of such employees whose death results from such accidents;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 3650 of May 4, 1943, it is ordered that the provisions of the Government Employees Compensation Act shall apply to any employee of the Government of Canada who is caused personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment while performing work in the Yukon Territory or in the North West Territories, as the case may be, in connection with war activities, and to the dependents of any such employee whose death results from such an accident, as if the accident had occurred in the province in which the employee is ordinarily resident, notwithstanding the length of time the employee is so employed in the Yukon Territory or in the North West Territories;

And whereas the Minister of Transport reports that the benefits provided by the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance of the Yukon Territory are considerably lower than the benefits provided by the Workmen's Compensation Acts of the various provinces of Canada, that there is no compensation law in respect of accidents happening in the North West Territories and, accordingly, that the Order in Council above referred to would appear to discriminate against employees ordinarily resident in the provinces of Canada who may be injured while performing work in the Yukon Territory or the North West Territories in connection with other than war activities;

That, in the circumstances, it is deemed advisable in the public interest to extend the application of the Government Employees Compensation Act so as to provide for the payment of compensation to all employees of the Government of Canada who are injured by accident while employed in the Yukon Territory or the North West Territories, and to their dependents in case of death;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport, is pleased to revoke the said Order in Council of the 4th May, 1943, and it is hereby revoked as of the first day of April, 1945.

His Excellency in Council, under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, is further pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:

1. Effective April 1, 1945, the provisions of the Government Employees Compensation Act shall apply to any employee of the Government of Canada, ordinarily resident in a province of Canada, who is caused personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment while performing work in the Yukon Territory or the North West Territories, as the case

may be, and to the dependents of any such employee whose death results from such an accident, as if the accident had occurred in the province in which the employee was last resident, notwithstanding the length of time the employee is so employed in the Yukon Territory or the North West Territories.

2. Effective April 1, 1945, the provisions of the Government Employees Compensation Act shall apply to any employee of the Government of Canada, ordinarily resident in the Yukon Territory or the North West Territories who is caused personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment while performing work in the North West Territories, and to the dependents of any such employee whose death results from such an accident as if the accident had occurred in the Yukon Territory.
3. Compensation payable under this Order may be paid out of the War Appropriation.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council exempting Canadian Wheat Board from provisions
of Section 14 of the Canadian Wheat Board Act, and
authorizing it to deal in Canada Eastern
Winter Wheats**

P.C. 4645

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 5th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas section fourteen of the Canadian Wheat Board Act, as amended, provides as follows:

"14. The provisions of this Act shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to wheat produced in the Eastern Division, and the sums certain to be paid producers delivering such wheat shall be fixed by the Board with the approval of the Governor in Council so that they shall bear the same relationship to the sums certain payable in the case of wheat produced in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia as the price of wheat produced in the Eastern Division bears to the price of wheat in store at Fort William."

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that by reason of war conditions, Canada Eastern Winter Wheats are selling at the maximum price of \$1.26 per bushel delivered Montreal;

That the fixing of an initial price of \$1.25 per bushel basis delivered Montreal for No. 1 grades of Canada Eastern Winter Wheats by The Canadian Wheat Board would not facilitate the marketing of such grain and it is therefore advisable and necessary, by reason of the war, for the peace, order and welfare of Canada, that The Canadian Wheat Board be exempted from the operation of the said section fourteen and be specially authorized and empowered to buy, sell and deal in Canada Eastern Winter Wheats;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to order that The Canadian Wheat Board be and it is hereby exempted from the operation of Section fourteen of the Canadian Wheat Board Act, as amended, from the first day of July, 1945, to the thirtieth day of June, 1946, both inclusive.

His Excellency in Council is further pleased to make the following regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly:

REGULATIONS

1. Interpretation.

Words and expressions used in these regulations shall be given the same meaning as is accorded to such words and expressions when used in the Canadian Wheat Board Act.

2. The Canadian Wheat Board is empowered to buy No. 1 Canada Eastern Winter Wheat at \$1.25 per bushel, basis delivered at Montreal and at prices for each other grade of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat as in the opinion of the Board brings such grade into proper relationship with No. 1 Canada Eastern Winter Wheat.

3. (a) The Canadian Wheat Board is empowered to enter into ordinary commercial banking arrangements on its own credit and to borrow money on the security of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat delivered to the Board and the Governor in Council may authorize the Minister of Finance to guarantee advances made to the Board or to make loans or advances to the Board on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon;

(b) The Board may pay out such moneys for the purchase of such Canada Eastern Winter Wheat as aforesaid and also for expenses of the Board in connection with the administration of these regulations.

(c) Any losses to the Board on these operations shall be paid from and out of unappropriated moneys of the Consolidated Revenue Fund;

4. The Board shall have all powers necessary or incidental to the handling and marketing of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat purchased as provided above, and without limitation upon such powers, the following:

(a) To buy and take delivery of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat;

(b) To sell or otherwise dispose of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat;

(c) To store and transport Canada Eastern Winter Wheat;

(d) To employ such officers, clerks and employees as may be necessary for carrying out these regulations;

(e) To pay elevator or other agents of the Board commission, storage and other charges, remuneration or compensation as may be agreed upon, subject to any provisions relating thereto of the Canada Grain Act or any other statute or law;

(f) Subject to the foregoing subsection, to enter into contracts or agreements of any kind or with any person whatsoever, with respect to the purchase, sale, handling, storage, transportation and/or insurance of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat;

(g) To control by license or otherwise the buying and selling of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat in Canada and to issue licenses in such form as the Board may decide and to cancel at any time any license by the Board;

(h) To require each applicant for a licence to give a bond in such form and in such amount as may be satisfactory to the Board;

(i) Generally to do all such other acts and things as may be necessary or convenient for the purpose of giving effect to the intent and meaning of these regulations.

5. It shall be the duty of the Board

(a) to report in writing to the Minister as soon as possible after the end of each month, as at the close of business on the last day of said month, its purchases and sales of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat during the month and the quantities of Canada Eastern Winter Wheat then on hand, the cost of same to the Board and the financial results of the Board's operations, which report shall be certified by the Auditors of the Board;

(b) to make such other reports and furnish such further information as the Minister may from time to time require;

(c) to appoint a responsible firm of Chartered Accountants for the purpose of auditing accounts and records and certifying such reports of the Board as the Governor in Council may require;

(d) to give effect to any Order in Council that may be passed with respect to these operations.

6. The Board may, with the approval of the Governor in Council, make such regulations as may be necessary or advisable for the efficient operation and enforcement of these regulations, and for carrying out the provisions thereof according to their true intent and meaning.

7. These regulations shall be deemed to have come into operation on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and forty-five, and shall expire on the thirtieth day of June, nineteen hundred and forty-six, subject to provisions of Section nineteen of the Interpretation Act, which is hereby made applicable hereto as if the said regulations were revoked on said latter date.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council providing for the regulation of the exportation of
Ontario Winter Wheat, Ontario Winter Wheat Flour, and
products thereof, including the operation of the
Ontario Wheat Equalization Fund.**

P.C. 4646

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 5th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the regulations made by Order in Council P.C. 1638, dated the 8th day of March, 1945, providing for the regulation of the exportation of Ontario wheat and Ontario wheat flour and the products thereof and conferring powers on The Canadian Wheat Board for such purposes, expired on the 30th day of June, 1945;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that it is necessary by reason of the War, for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that such authority be continued and recommends the establishment of regulations for such purpose.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the following regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly:

REGULATIONS

1. In these regulations, and in any order made pursuant thereto, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "crop year" means a period of one year commencing on the first day of July, 1945 and expiring on the thirtieth day of June, 1946;
- (b) "dealer" means any elevator, mill or feed dealer designated by The Canadian Wheat Board;
- (c) "Ontario wheat" means wheat grown on land in that part of Ontario which lies in the Eastern division;
- (d) "Ontario wheat flour" means flour manufactured from Ontario wheat;
- (e) "producer" includes, as well as any actual producer, any person entitled as landlord, vendor or mortgagee to the grain grown by the actual producer or to any share therein;
- (f) A reference to a regulation by number only is a reference to the regulation so numbered in these regulations;
- (g) Other words and expressions in these regulations have the same meaning as if used in the Canadian Wheat Board Act.

2. No person shall export or ship or send out of Canada, Ontario wheat, Ontario wheat flour, or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, except with the permission of the Canadian Wheat Board obtained upon payment of such charge or fee as the Board may from time to time determine.

3. (a) The Board shall deposit the moneys received from the issuance of permits for the export of Ontario wheat, Ontario wheat flour, or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, in a fund hereinafter called the Ontario Wheat Equalization Fund.

(b) Any moneys accumulated in the Ontario Wheat Equalization Fund during the crop year shall be distributed equitably among producers who, within the crop year, have lawfully delivered and sold Ontario wheat to a dealer.

4. (1) The Board may, by order:

- (a) Prohibit any person from handling, delivering, selling, disposing of, exporting, milling, processing, receiving, storing, purchasing or acquiring Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, or any quantity of any grade or quality thereof, in excess of such quantity as may be fixed by the Board, by way of a quota, or otherwise, either generally or except under a permit or licence from the Board issued under such terms and conditions as the Board may deem advisable;
- (b) determine the amount of any fee or charge to be paid to the Board as consideration for the issue of any licence or permit by the Board for the export from Canada of Ontario wheat, Ontario wheat flour, or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, or any grade or quality thereof;
- (c) prescribe the manner in which Ontario wheat, Ontario wheat flour, or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, sold by producers, shall be weighed by dealers or operators;
- (d) require any person to make reports or returns to the Board furnishing such information relating to the sale or purchase, handling or storage of Ontario wheat, Ontario wheat flour, or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, by him either on his own behalf or as agent for or on behalf of some other person, as the Board deems advisable;
- (e) exclude any person or any grade, quantity or quality of Ontario wheat, Ontario wheat flour, or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, or any lands from the operation of all or any of the provisions of these regulations;
- (f) prescribe such forms as it deems necessary for the administration of these regulations or any order made pursuant to these regulations;
- (g) require any person to keep such records of sales of Ontario wheat, Ontario wheat flour, or any product of Ontario wheat or Ontario wheat flour, as the Board deems advisable and prescribe the form thereof;
- (h) prescribe the means by and manner in which moneys accumulated in said Fund shall be distributed;
- (i) provide for any matter necessary or incidental to the foregoing, or to the effective operation of any order made by the Board in relation to the foregoing;
- (j) amend or revoke any order made pursuant to these regulations.

(2) The Interpretation Act and every provision thereof shall be applicable to and in respect of every order made pursuant to these regulations except insofar as any such provision is inconsistent with the intent or object of such order or would give to any word, expression or clause thereof an interpretation repugnant to the subject matter or the context or is in such order declared to be not applicable thereto.

5. The Board may pay, out of the said Ontario Wheat Equalization Fund, all expenses of the Board in connection with the administration of these regulations.

6. These regulations shall be operative notwithstanding any statute or law to the contrary and shall be deemed to have come into operation on the first day of July, 1945.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending P.C. 1116 of February 20, 1945, to set the effective date thereof on March 1, 1945, instead of February 20, 1945

P.C. 4647

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 5th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas regulations made by Order in Council P.C. 1116 of the 20th day of February, 1945, provide for the authorization of certain sales of wheat made by the Canadian Wheat Board prior to the 20th day of February, 1945;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce recommends that the regulations made by the said Order be amended to authorize the sales of wheat hereinafter referred to;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to amend the said regulations and they are hereby amended with effect the 20th day of February, 1945, by revoking Sections 2, 3 and 8 thereof and substituting therefor the following:

2. (a) All Class II wheat sold by the Board before the 1st day of March, 1945, to fill the requirements of the United Kingdom of Great Britain for wheat and flour and to provide wheat and flour transferred under the War Appropriations (United Nations Mutual Aid) Act and paid for out of the Mutual Aid appropriation shall be deemed to have been sold to His Majesty on the date on which it was sold by the Board at the Class II price in effect when such wheat was sold by the Board and His Majesty shall be liable to pay the Board for such wheat in accordance with such prices.
- (b) All Class II wheat sold by the Board before the 1st day of March, 1945, to flour millers and dealers to fill domestic requirements shall be deemed to have been sold to His Majesty at and for the price of \$1.25 per bushel for wheat of the Grade Number One Manitoba Northern, basis in store Fort William/Port Arthur, or Vancouver and in the case of each other grade of wheat at and for such price as in the opinion of the Board brings such grade into proper price relationship with Grade Number One Manitoba Northern and His Majesty shall be liable to pay the Board for such wheat in accordance with such prices.
- (c) Class II wheat referred to in this section shall for all purposes be deemed to have become vested in His Majesty as aforesaid and at the time of its sale to have been held by the Board for the account of His Majesty, subject to the provisions of regulation 7 of said Order in Council P.C. 7942 and to have been sold by the Board as an agent of His Majesty.
3. (a) The Board is hereby ordered and directed to transfer from the 1943 and 1944 crop accounts of the Board to the account of wheat held by the Board for and on behalf of His Majesty 100,000,000 bushels of Class II wheat and such wheat is hereby vested in His Majesty and shall thereafter be held by the Board for the account of His Majesty.
- (b) Wheat so vested in His Majesty shall for all purposes be deemed to have been sold by the Board to His Majesty on the 1st day of March, 1945, at and for the price of \$1.43 per bushel for wheat of Grade Number One Manitoba Northern, basis in store Fort William/Port Arthur or Vancouver and in the case of each other grade of wheat at and for such price as in the opinion of the Board brings such grade into proper price relationship with said Grade Number One Manitoba Northern and His Majesty shall be liable to pay the Board for such wheat in accordance with such prices.

8. On and after the 1st day of March, 1945, the Board is authorized and required to sell Class II wheat held by it to flour millers and dealers to fill domestic requirements in Canada at and for the price of \$1.25 per bushel for wheat of the Grade Number One Manitoba Northern, basis in store Fort William/Port Arthur or Vancouver and in the case of each other grade at and for such price as in the opinion of the Board brings such grade into proper price relationship with Grade Number One Manitoba Northern.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council appointing M. W. Mackenzie to the Wartime
Prices and Trade Board.**

P.C. 4725

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 3rd day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint M. W. Mackenzie, Esquire, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, a member of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, the said appointment to be effective from June 16, 1945.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council providing tariff treatment and exemption from war
exchange tax for trays used in packaging apples.**

P.C. 4738

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 5th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that trays of pulp or pulp board for use in the packaging of apples are not manufactured in Canada;

That they are dutiable as "manufacture of paper, n.o.p." at the rate of 20 p.c. ad valorem under the British Preferential Tariff, 32½ p.c. under the Intermediate Tariff and 35 p.c. under the General Tariff, with a Canada-United States Trade Agreement rate of 27½ p.c. ad valorem;

That the fruit growing industry in Canada is experimenting this year with the use of the aforementioned trays in the packaging of apples but finds the landed cost of these imported trays excessive; and

That it would be in the best interest of the fruit growing industry in Canada if the tariff on imports of these trays were substantially reduced and the war exchange tax eliminated;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures

Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order that imports of trays for packaging apples be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated during the period July 1, 1945, to January 31, 1946;

Trays of pulp or pulp board imported for use exclusively in the packaging of apples, in their natural state:

British Preferential Tariff	Intermediate Tariff	General Tariff
Free	7½ p.c.	35 p.c.
(To be designated as Tariff Item 199i.)		

And further that imports of the trays described above be exempt from the war exchange tax of 10 p.c. ad valorem during the period July 1, 1945, to January 31, 1946.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing tariff treatment and exemption from war exchange tax for aluminum sheets.

P.C. 4739

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 5th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that imports of aluminum sheets are admitted duty free under the British Preferential Tariff but subject to a rate of duty of 30 p.c. ad valorem under both the Intermediate and General Tariffs, with a rate of 27½ p.c. under the Canada-United States Tariffs Trade Agreement;

That during the next few months Canada's production of aluminum sheets will not be sufficient to meet Canadian requirements; and

That it is proposed to export aluminum ingots to the United States to be rolled in that country and returned to Canada in the form of sheets to supplement Canadian production;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order that imports of aluminum sheets be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated during the period July 1, 1945, to October 31, 1945 :

Aluminum sheets.....

British Preferential Tariff	Intermediate Tariff	General Tariff
Free	Free	30 p.c.
(To be designated as Tariff Item 353b.)		

And further that imports of aluminum sheets be exempt from the war exchange tax of 10 p.c. ad valorem during the period July 1, 1945, to October 31, 1945.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending the provisions of paragraph (m) of Section 4 (1) of the Income War Tax Act to the income from the operation of aircraft.

P.C. 4754

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 5th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by paragraph (m) of subsection 1 of section 4 of the Income War Tax Act, Chapter 97, R.S.C. 1927, as enacted by section 3 of Chapter 12 of the Statutes of 1928, it is provided that the income from the operation of ships owned or operated by a non-resident person or corporation shall be exempt from Canadian income tax, provided that the country where such person or corporation resides grants an exemption in respect of income earned therein from the operation of ships owned or operated by a person or corporation resident in Canada which in the opinion of the Minister is fairly reciprocal to the exemption herein provided and that the Minister may give effect to this exemption in any case from the date, past or future, on which the exemption, granted by the country where the person or corporation aforesaid resides, took effect.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the said paragraph (m) should be extended to include the income from the operation of aircraft in like manner to that afforded shipping.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Revenue, concurred in by the Minister of Finance and the Minister of Reconstruction, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend paragraph (m) of subsection 1 of Section 4 of the Income War Tax Act, as enacted by section 3 of Chapter 12 of the Statutes of 1928, and it is hereby amended by inserting the words 'or aircraft' after the word 'ships' wherever the word 'ships' occurs in the said paragraph (m).

H. W. LOTHROP,

Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the appointment of G. A. Vissac as Controller of Birnwel Coal, Ltd.

P.C. 4806

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 4023 of June 7, 1945, G. A. Vissac was appointed Controller of Birnwel Coal Limited with the powers set out in the said Order in Council;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that it is desirable to amend the said Order in Council as hereinafter set out;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 4023 of June 7, 1945, and it is hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

"9. That all such powers as are conferred upon the Minister of Munitions and Supply by Section 15 of the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, as amended, in relation to persons producing, dealing in, storing, or having control of munitions of war or supplies are hereby declared to be, and shall be, exercisable in relation to the Company, and that in the event of any order being made by the said Minister, pursuant to the said Section, in relation to the Company, the Company shall not be bound, in respect of such matters as may be specified in the order, by any obligation or limitation imposed on the Company by or by virtue of any other Act, order, rule, regulation, by-law, contract, agreement or other instrument affecting its functions or obligations.

The making of this Order, and the granting of the powers hereby conferred are deemed to be advisable for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada, having regard to the existence of the present state of war and the necessity of ensuring that in the national interest public moneys made available on loan to Companies engaged in the supply of essential commodities are prudently expended and are repaid in accordance with the terms upon which they were advanced."

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking the appointment of J. H. Lamprey as a Deputy Timber Controller

P.C. 4807

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 2365 of April 4, 1944, J. H. Lamprey was appointed a Deputy Timber Controller;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that Mr. Lamprey has requested permission to relinquish the said appointment and it is desirable to accede to his request and to revoke the said appointment;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Effective July 15, 1945, the appointment of J. H. Lamprey as a Deputy Timber Controller is revoked.

2. The revocation of the appointment of J. H. Lamprey as a Deputy Timber Controller shall be without prejudice to any acts done by him, prior to such revocation becoming effective, in the course of or as incidental to the exercise or discharge of any of his powers, authorities, rights and duties as such Deputy Controller or to any rights, privileges or immunities in respect thereof possessed by or vested in him as such Deputy Controller.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council exempting cold rolled sheet and strip of steel from war exchange tax

P.C. 4844

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports:

That imports of cold rolled sheet and strip of iron or steel have been exempt from customs duty since 1941, when imported to be tinned in Canada, but such imports are subject to the war exchange tax of 10 per cent ad valorem;

That imports from the United States of tinplate are subject to the customs duty of 17½ per cent ad valorem but have been exempted from the 10 per cent war exchange tax during the period May 1, 1945 to September 30, 1945; and

That the removal of the war exchange tax on imports of cold rolled sheet and strip of iron or steel would enable Canadian tin can manufacturers to reduce the over-all cost of production of tin cans and the removal of this tax would also tend to reduce the landed cost of the sheets and strips, that have to be imported to supplement Canadian production, to the level of Canadian ceiling prices for this material.

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that imports of "sheet and strip of iron or steel, cold rolled, coated or not, when imported for use exclusively by manufacturers in the manufacture of sheet or strip coated with tin or with non-metallic material" (Item 386a) be exempt from the war exchange tax of 10 per cent ad valorem effective July 1, 1945.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re employment of males of 16 years of age as coal mine workers, etc.

P.C. 4845

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 4092 dated May 17, 1943, it was ordered that male persons who had attained their sixteenth birthday might be employed as coal mine workers and female persons who had attained their eighteenth birthday might be employed as surface workers in and around coal mines;

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that it is considered advisable to permit the continued employment of persons of those ages who are presently so employed but considered inadvisable to permit the commencement of such employment by those who have not attained the age required by Dominion or Provincial law, order or regulation;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 4092 dated May 17, 1943, and it is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the following paragraph:—

"His Excellency in Council, under the above cited authority, is also pleased, notwithstanding the provisions of any Dominion or Provincial law, order or regulation, to order and it is hereby ordered that male persons who have attained their sixteenth birthday may be employed as coal mine workers and female persons who have attained their eighteenth birthday may be employed as surface workers in and around coal mines",

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the National Resources Mobilization Act, notwithstanding the provisions of any Dominion or Provincial law, order or regulation, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that male persons who have attained their sixteenth birthday and are now employed as coal mine workers may continue in such employment and female persons who have attained their eighteenth birthday and are now employed as surface workers in and around coal mines may continue in such employment.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council extending the period during which the railways
may not offer inducements to travel by way of reduced fares**

P.C. 4884

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 2557, of March 30, 1943, removed inducements to travel in the form of certain reduced fares offered by the railways and established a test period terminating on August 15, 1943, to ascertain the effect on passenger travel of the removal of such inducements;

And whereas by various Orders in Council, the last being P.C. 474 of January 23, 1945, the said test period has been extended to August 15, 1945;

And whereas the Transport Controller has reported that he considers it in the public interest that the removal of the inducements be continued and that the test period be extended to November 15, 1945.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport, concurred in by the Minister of Finance and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 2557, of March 30, 1943, and it is hereby further amended by deleting therefrom the words and figures "August 15, 1945," and substituting therefor the words and figures "November 15, 1945".

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

W.M. No. 39

Eighth Revision

Supplement No. 8

MEMORANDUM

Customs Division

OTTAWA, 30th June, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Export Permits**

Effective on and after July 1, 1945, (P.C. 4498; 26/6/45), paragraph 5 of Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, governing export permit regulations, is amended to read as follows:—

- (a) No person shall export any goods to any country outside the Western Hemisphere, other than to parts of the British Empire, without first having obtained an export permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce.
- (b) For the purpose of this Order the Western Hemisphere shall be understood to embrace all land west of longitude 30° west and east of the International Date Line.

The effect of the above relaxation of export control is to grant export permit exemption to commodities which are not specifically listed in the Export Control Schedule and are shipped to destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

D. SIM,

*Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.*

W.M. No. 39

Eighth Revision

Supplement No. 9

MEMORANDUM

Customs Division

OTTAWA, 5th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Export Permits—Clothes Pins**

Effective on and after July 5, 1945, (P.C. 4675; 3/7/45), the following is added to the list of commodities requiring an export permit before being shipped from Canada.

Clothes Pins

(Group 4;

Wood; Wood Products and Paper).

D. SIM,

*Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.*

Series D No. 47

T.C. 200

MEMORANDUM

Customs and Excise Divisions

OTTAWA, 5th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Tariff Change by Order in Council**

During the period 1st July, 1945, to 31st December, 1945, the undermentioned product is accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated and is exempted from the War Exchange Tax:—

Herring, fresh.....

British Preferential Tariff Free

Intermediate Tariff Free

General Tariff Free

(To be designated as Tariff Item 115a.)

D. SIM,

*Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 4612, 28/6/45—Authority, War Measures Act.)

PART III
Wartime Prices and Trade Board
(Finance)

Board Order

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 531

Maximum Manufacturers' Prices of Certain Specified Groceries

Under powers given to the Board by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations being Order in Council P.C. 8528 of November 1, 1941, and amendments the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on July 16, 1945, and replaces Board Order No. 116, as amended, which is hereby revoked.

2. For the purposes of this Order

- (a) "specified grocery" means any product which is manufactured, processed or packaged in Canada and is listed in the Schedule to this Order;
- (b) "manufacturer" means any processor, packer or other person holding on March 31, 1945, a manufacturer's sales tax licence issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue and who regularly manufactures, packs or processes any specified grocery.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this Section, the maximum price at which a manufacturer may sell or offer to sell any specified grocery is hereby varied and shall be determined as though Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations referred not to the basic period from September 15, 1941 to October 11, 1941, but to the month of June, 1941.

(2) Subsection (1) of this Section shall not apply

- (a) when the sale is to another manufacturer for further processing;
- (b) if the maximum price has been fixed or is hereafter fixed by any other Order of the Board or an Administrator or under the provisions of Board Order No. 214 or Board Order No. 414;
- (c) in any case where subsection (1) would fix a maximum price which is higher than the maximum price fixed by Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations.

4. In any case in which the cost of any specified grocery to a person purchasing the same for resale is reduced by reason of the operation of this Order below the cost on which he based his maximum price during the basic period his maximum price shall be reduced proportionately.

Made at Ottawa, this 9th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE TO BOARD ORDER No. 531

(The names of the products listed in this Schedule shall be construed according to ordinary trade usage.)

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Specified Groceries</i>
1	Baking Powder
2	Cream of Tartar
3	Flavouring Extracts
4	Cooking Oil
5	Processed Cocoanut (sweetened)
6	Baking Chocolate
7	Cocoa and Chocolate with added malt in paste or powder form for beverage purposes
8	Pearl Barley and Pot Barley
9	Breakfast Cereals (Cooked or Uncooked)
10	Rolled Oats and Oatmeal (except when sold in bulk)
11	Marmalade
12	Jelly Powders and Pudding Powders
13	Corn Syrup
14	Mincemeat
15	Peanut Butter
16	Mayonnaise and Salad Dressing
17	Prepared Mustard and Dry Mustard
18	Pickles and Relish
19	Vinegar
20	Canned Meats
21	Canned Molasses
22	Canned Pork and Beans
23	Canned Soup
24	Canned Spaghetti
25	Table Salt
26	Coffee or Coffee Substitutes not covered by Board Order No. 217 as amended by Board Order No. 256
27	Corn Starch and Laundry Starch
28	Liquid Ammonia, Household Cleansers, Household Lye and Washing Soda
29	Soap of all kinds except liquid, granulated, powdered and flaked soaps
30	Granulated, powdered and flaked soaps when packaged and sold by manufacturer in cartons not exceeding 5 lbs. net weight when packed
31	Floor Wax, Furniture Polish and Shoe Polish

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1657

Maximum Prices for Plywood Panels in Eastern Canada

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Interpretation

1. For the purpose of this Order,
 - (a) "Eastern Canada" means the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island;
 - (b) "jobber" means any person engaged in the business of selling plywood panels otherwise than at retail.

MAXIMUM MANUFACTURERS' PRICES FOR SALES TO JOBBERS

2. (1) The maximum price at which any plywood manufacturer may sell or offer to sell to a jobber or any jobber may purchase any plywood panels manufactured in Eastern Canada and described in Schedule A to this Order, in carload lots including delivery to the buyer's specified place of delivery, shall be the price shown for such plywood panels in Schedule A.

(2) The maximum price at which any plywood manufacturer may sell or offer to sell to a jobber or any jobber may purchase any plywood panels manufactured in Eastern Canada and described in Schedule A to this Order, in less than carload lots including delivery to the buyer's specified place of delivery, shall be the price shown for such plywood panels in Schedule A increased by an amount not exceeding the difference between the actual amount of the freight charges from the manufacturer's mill to the buyer's specified place of delivery and the freight charges calculated at carload lot freight rate.

MAXIMUM MANUFACTURERS' PRICES FOR SALES TO OTHER PERSONS AND MAXIMUM JOBBERS' PRICES FOR SALES TO FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS

3. (1) The maximum price at which any plywood manufacturer may sell or offer to sell to any person other than a jobber or at which any person other than a jobber may purchase from a plywood manufacturer, and the maximum price at which any jobber may sell or offer to sell to a furniture manufacturer, or any furniture manufacturer may purchase any plywood panels manufactured in Eastern Canada and described in Schedule B to this Order, shall be the price shown for such plywood panels in Schedule B.

(2) The maximum prices shown in Schedule B shall include the cost of delivery to the buyer unless the total weight of plywood panels ordered by the said buyer at any one time is less than minimum carload weight, in which case the maximum price shown shall be

- (a) F.O.B. mill if the plywood panels are shipped direct from the plywood manufacturer to a person other than a jobber;
- (b) F.O.B. the jobber's warehouse if the plywood panels are shipped from the jobber's warehouse to the furniture manufacturer.

MAXIMUM JOBBERS' PRICES FOR SALES TO PERSONS OTHER THAN FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS

4. The maximum price at which any jobber may sell or offer to sell to any person other than a furniture manufacturer, or at which any person other than a furniture manufacturer may purchase any plywood panels manufactured in Eastern Canada and described in Schedule C to this Order shall be the price shown for such plywood panels in Schedule C, which price shall be F.O.B. the jobber's warehouse.

GRADING

5. (1) For the purpose of this section,

- (a) "good face" means the face of a plywood panel made from smoothly cut veneer and free from cross grain, doze, spault, checks or splits. Knots are not permitted, but burls not exceeding one half inch in length and width are allowed. If made in more than one piece, the pieces shall be well jointed and matched for grain and color.
- (b) "sound face" means the face of a plywood panel made from veneer in which there is slight cross grain, doze or spault, provided that such defects do not render the face unsuitable for painting. Splits and checks not exceeding three inches in length and a quarter inch in width are permitted, but must be filled. Open knots not exceeding a quarter inch in length or width and solid knots or burls not exceeding two inches in length or width are allowed.
- (c) "back face" means the face of a plywood panel made from veneer and not matched for grain and color. Cross grain, doze, spault, open and solid knots and burls are permitted. Splits and checks not exceeding six inches in length and a quarter inch in width and slight open joints are permitted.
- (d) "good cores" mean cores made from pieces of veneer which do not overlap and which have no voids between them.
- (e) "sound cores" mean cores made from pieces of veneer which do not overlap and which have no voids exceeding one eighth inch between them.
- (f) "back cores" mean cores made from pieces of veneer which are permitted to overlap and which may have voids between them.

(2) Plywood panels shall be graded according to the following five grades:

- GRADE I shall have two good faces and a good core or cores,
- GRADE II shall have one good face, one sound face and a good core or cores,
- GRADE III shall have two sound faces and a sound core or cores,
- GRADE IV shall have one sound face, one back face and a sound core or cores,
- GRADE V shall have two back faces and a back core or cores.

SPECIAL GRADES AND SIZES OF PLYWOOD PANELS

6. When any plywood panels are offered for sale in grades not designated or provided for in Section 5 of this Order, or in widths of more than 48 inches or in lengths of more than 84 inches, such plywood panels shall not be sold until the price has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

SPECIES OTHER THAN BIRCH, ELM AND MAPLE AND THE USE OF GLUES OTHER THAN VEGETABLE

7. (1) The maximum prices shown under each grade in Schedules A, B and C to this Order are for plywood panels manufactured with vegetable glue from veneers of birch, elm and maple.

(2) The maximum prices for plywood panels manufactured from veneers of ash or basswood shall be the prices shown in Schedules A, B and C to this Order increased by an amount not exceeding ten percentum (10%) of such prices.

(3) The maximum prices for plywood panels manufactured with casein (water resistant) glue or resin (waterproof) glue shall be the prices shown in Schedules A, B and C to this Order increased by amounts not exceeding the following:

Casein (water resistant) glue	Resin (waterproof) glue
For 3-ply panels \$ 6.00 per 1000 F.S.M.	\$15.00 per 1000 F.S.M.
For 5-ply panels 12.00 per 1000 F.S.M.	30.00 per 1000 F.S.M.
For 7-ply panels 18.00 per 1000 F.S.M.	45.00 per 1000 F.S.M.

INVOICES TO SHOW PARTICULARS OF PLYWOOD PANELS SOLD

8. Every person selling plywood panels manufactured in Eastern Canada shall complete in duplicate an invoice covering each such sale made by him, stating therein

the point of shipment and full particulars of the species, sizes and grades of the plywood panels sold, and the price or prices charged therefor, and shall keep on file one copy of each invoice and shall deliver the other copy to the purchaser.

EFFECTIVE DATE

9. This Order shall come into force on June 30, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 12th day of June, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE A

To ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1657

Birch, Elm and Maple Plywood Panels Manufactured with Vegetable Glue

Maximum Manufacturers' Prices for Sales to Jobbers

All prices set out hereunder refer to 1000 feet surface measure.

Thickness	Lengths of 66" and less				Lengths of over 66" to 72"			
	Widths				Widths			
	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"

GRADE I—GOOD TWO SIDES, SANDED ONE SIDE

1"	\$ 61.75	\$ 64.00	\$ 66.00	\$ 67.25	\$ 65.00	\$ 67.25	\$ 69.25	\$ 70.25
3/16"	73.50	76.25	78.75	80.25	77.50	80.00	82.75	84.00
1/4"	91.00	94.50	98.00	100.00	96.00	99.50	103.00	104.50
5/16"	111.50	115.75	120.25	123.00	117.50	122.00	126.50	128.50
3/8"	132.50	138.75	145.25	148.25	140.50	146.75	153.00	156.25
1/2"	175.50	183.00	190.50	195.00	185.50	193.00	200.50	204.25
5/8"	216.25	225.75	235.25	240.75	229.00	238.50	248.00	252.50
3/4"	248.50	259.50	270.50	276.75	262.75	274.00	285.00	290.25
7/8"	283.50	296.25	308.75	316.25	300.00	312.75	325.25	331.50

GRADE II—GOOD ONE SIDE, SANDED ONE SIDE

1"	\$ 52.50	\$ 55.50	\$ 57.50	\$ 59.00	\$ 55.75	\$ 58.25	\$ 60.75	\$ 62.00
3/16"	64.25	67.25	70.25	72.00	68.00	71.00	74.25	75.75
1/4"	81.75	85.50	89.50	91.75	86.50	90.50	94.50	96.25
5/16"	102.00	107.00	111.75	114.75	108.25	113.00	118.00	120.50
3/8"	123.00	128.75	134.75	137.75	130.25	136.25	142.00	145.00
1/2"	166.25	174.25	182.25	186.75	176.25	184.25	192.25	196.00
5/8"	207.00	217.00	227.00	232.50	219.50	229.50	239.50	244.25
3/4"	239.00	250.50	262.00	268.50	253.50	265.00	276.50	282.00
7/8"	274.00	287.25	300.25	308.00	290.50	303.75	316.75	323.25

GRADE III—SOUND TWO SIDES, SANDED ONE SIDE

1"	\$ 46.75	\$ 48.50	\$ 50.25	\$ 51.25	\$ 49.25	\$ 51.00	\$ 52.75	\$ 53.75
3/16"	56.00	58.25	60.50	61.75	59.00	61.25	63.50	64.75
1/4"	70.00	73.00	75.75	77.50	74.00	76.75	79.75	81.25
5/16"	86.25	90.00	93.75	95.75	91.25	95.00	98.75	100.50
3/8"	105.00	110.00	115.00	117.50	111.25	116.25	121.25	123.75
1/2"	137.50	143.75	150.00	153.50	145.75	151.75	158.00	161.00
5/8"	170.25	178.00	185.75	190.25	180.25	188.00	195.75	199.50
3/4"	196.00	205.00	213.75	219.00	207.50	216.50	225.25	229.75
7/8"	224.00	234.25	244.50	250.50	237.25	247.50	257.75	263.75

GRADE IV—SOUND ONE SIDE, SANDED ONE SIDE

1"	\$ 42.00	\$ 44.00	\$ 46.00	\$ 47.25	\$ 44.50	\$ 46.50	\$ 48.50	\$ 49.50
3/16"	51.25	53.75	56.25	57.75	54.50	57.00	59.25	60.50
1/4"	65.25	68.50	71.50	73.50	69.25	72.25	75.50	77.00
5/16"	81.75	85.50	89.50	91.75	86.50	90.50	94.50	96.25
3/8"	100.25	105.00	109.75	112.25	106.25	111.00	115.75	118.25
1/2"	133.00	139.25	145.75	149.50	141.00	147.25	153.75	156.75
5/8"	165.50	173.50	181.50	186.00	175.50	183.50	191.50	195.50
3/4"	191.25	200.50	209.50	214.75	202.75	212.00	221.00	225.75
7/8"	219.25	230.00	240.25	246.25	232.50	243.00	253.50	258.75

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels of over 72" to 84" in length Add 10% to the prices for lengths of over 66" to 72".

GRADE V—UNSANDED

Widths of 48" and less—Lengths of 72" and less.

Thickness	1/8"	3/20"	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"
—	\$33.00	\$36.30	\$44.00	\$55.00	\$66.00	\$79.75

For Grade V plywood panels of over 72" to 84" in length Add 10% to the above prices of Grade V plywood panels.

In calculating the surface measure of plywood panels, lengths and widths shall be measured in quarter inches, any fraction of a quarter of an inch being computed as a whole quarter inch.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels sanded on both sides ADD \$3.00 to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels not sanded on either side DEDUCT \$3.00 from the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels in thicknesses of over 7/8" ADD 15% to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels for each 1/8" thickness in excess of 7/8".

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels with a face made of one piece of veneer ADD 10% to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

SCHEDULE B

To ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1657

Birch, Elm and Maple Plywood panels Manufactured with Vegetable Glue

*Maximum Jobbers' Prices for Sales to Furniture Manufacturers and Maximum
Manufacturers' Prices for Sales to Others than Jobbers*

All Prices set out hereunder refer to 1000 feet surface measure

Thickness	Lengths of 66" and less				Lengths of over 66" to 72"			
	Widths				Widths			
	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"

GRADE I—GOOD TWO SIDES, SANDED ONE SIDE

1/8"	\$ 74.00	\$ 76.75	\$ 79.25	\$ 80.75	\$ 78.00	\$ 80.75	\$ 83.00	\$ 84.25
3/16"	88.25	91.50	94.50	96.25	93.00	96.00	99.25	100.75
1/4"	109.25	113.50	117.50	120.00	115.25	119.50	123.50	125.50
5/16"	133.75	139.00	144.25	147.50	141.00	146.50	151.75	154.25
3/8"	159.00	166.50	174.25	178.00	168.50	176.00	183.50	187.50
7/8"	210.50	219.50	228.50	234.00	222.50	231.50	240.50	245.00
1"	259.50	271.00	282.25	289.00	274.75	286.25	297.50	303.00
1 1/8"	298.25	311.50	324.50	332.00	315.25	328.75	342.00	348.25
1 1/2"	340.25	355.50	370.50	379.50	360.00	375.25	390.25	397.75

GRADE II—GOOD ONE SIDE, SANDED ONE SIDE

1/8"	\$ 63.00	\$ 66.50	\$ 69.00	\$ 70.75	\$ 67.00	\$ 70.00	\$ 73.00	\$ 74.50
3/16"	77.00	80.75	84.25	86.50	81.50	85.25	89.00	91.00
1/4"	98.00	102.50	107.50	110.00	103.75	108.50	113.50	115.50
5/16"	122.50	128.50	134.00	137.75	130.00	135.50	141.50	144.50
3/8"	147.50	154.50	161.75	165.25	156.25	163.50	170.50	174.00
7/8"	199.50	209.00	218.75	224.00	211.50	221.00	230.75	235.25
1"	248.50	260.50	272.50	279.00	263.50	275.50	287.50	293.00
1 1/8"	286.75	300.50	314.50	322.25	304.25	318.00	331.75	338.50
1 1/2"	328.75	344.75	360.25	369.50	348.50	364.50	380.00	388.00

Thickness	Lengths of 66" and less				Lengths of over 66" to 72"			
	Widths				Widths			
	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"

GRADE III—SOUND TWO SIDES, SANDED ONE SIDE

1".....	\$ 56.00	\$ 58.25	\$ 60.25	\$ 61.50	\$ 59.00	\$ 61.25	\$ 63.25	\$ 64.50
3/16".....	67.25	70.00	72.50	74.00	70.75	73.50	76.25	77.75
1/4".....	84.00	87.50	91.00	93.00	88.75	92.00	95.75	97.50
5/16".....	103.50	108.00	112.50	115.00	109.50	114.00	118.50	120.60
3/8".....	126.00	132.00	138.00	141.00	133.50	139.50	145.50	148.50
1/2".....	165.00	172.50	180.00	184.25	175.00	182.00	189.50	193.25
5/8".....	204.50	213.50	223.00	228.25	216.25	225.50	235.00	239.50
3/4".....	235.25	246.00	256.50	262.75	249.00	259.75	270.25	275.75
7/8".....	268.75	281.00	293.50	300.50	284.75	297.00	309.25	315.25

GRADE IV—SOUND ONE SIDE, SANDED ONE SIDE

1".....	\$ 50.50	\$ 52.75	\$ 55.25	\$ 56.75	\$ 53.50	\$ 55.75	\$ 58.25	\$ 59.50
3/16".....	61.50	64.50	67.50	69.25	65.50	68.50	71.00	72.60
1/4".....	78.25	82.25	85.75	88.25	83.00	86.75	90.50	92.50
5/16".....	98.00	102.50	107.50	110.00	103.75	108.50	113.50	115.50
3/8".....	120.25	126.00	131.75	134.75	127.50	133.25	139.00	142.00
1/2".....	159.50	167.00	175.00	179.50	169.25	176.75	184.50	188.00
5/8".....	198.50	208.25	217.75	223.25	210.50	220.25	229.75	234.50
3/4".....	229.50	240.50	251.50	257.75	243.25	254.50	265.25	271.00
7/8".....	263.00	276.00	288.25	295.50	279.00	291.50	304.25	310.50

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels of over 72" to 84" in length ADD 10% to the prices for lengths of over 66" to 72".

GRADE V—UNSANDED

Widths of 48" and less—Lengths of 72" and less.

Thickness	1"	3/20"	3/16"	1"	5/16"	1"
—	\$39.60	\$44.00	\$52.80	\$66.00	\$79.20	\$95.70

For Grade V plywood panels of over 72" to 84" in length ADD 10% to the above prices of Grade V plywood panels.

In calculating the surface measure of plywood panels, lengths and widths shall be measured in quarter inches, any fraction of a quarter of an inch being computed as a whole quarter inch.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels sanded on both sides ADD \$3.00 to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels not sanded on either side DEDUCT \$3.00 from the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels in thicknesses of over 7/8" ADD 15% to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels for each 1/8" thickness in excess of 7/8".

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels with a face made of one piece of veneer ADD 10% to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

SCHEDULE C

To ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1657

Birch, Elm and Maple Plywood panels Manufactured with Vegetable Glue
Maximum Jobbers' Prices for Sales to Others than Furniture Manufacturers

All Prices set out hereunder refer to 1000 feet surface measure

Thickness	Lengths of 66" and less				Lengths of over 66" to 72"			
	Widths				Widths			
	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"	24" and less	Over 24" to 30"	Over 30" to 42"	Over 42" to 48"

GRADE I—GOOD TWO SIDES, SANDED ONE SIDE

1".....	\$ 82.25	\$ 85.25	\$ 88.00	\$ 89.75	\$ 86.75	\$ 89.75	\$ 92.25	\$ 93.75
3/16".....	98.00	101.75	105.00	107.00	103.25	106.75	110.25	112.00
1/2".....	121.25	126.00	130.75	133.25	128.00	132.75	137.25	139.25
5/16".....	148.75	154.25	160.25	164.00	156.75	162.75	168.50	171.25
3/8".....	176.75	185.00	193.50	197.50	187.25	195.50	204.00	208.25
1/2".....	234.00	244.00	254.00	260.00	247.25	257.25	267.25	272.25
3/4".....	288.25	301.00	313.50	321.00	305.25	318.00	330.50	336.50
1".....	331.25	346.00	360.50	369.00	350.25	365.25	380.00	387.00
1 1/4".....	378.00	395.00	411.50	421.50	400.00	417.00	433.50	442.00

GRADE II—GOOD ONE SIDE, SANDED ONE SIDE

1".....	\$ 70.00	\$ 74.00	\$ 76.75	\$ 78.75	\$ 74.25	\$ 77.75	\$ 81.00	\$ 82.75
3/16".....	85.75	89.75	93.75	96.00	90.75	94.75	99.00	101.00
1/2".....	109.00	114.00	119.25	122.25	115.25	120.75	126.00	128.25
5/16".....	136.00	142.75	149.00	153.00	144.25	150.75	157.25	160.75
3/8".....	164.00	171.50	179.50	183.50	173.50	181.50	189.25	193.25
1/2".....	221.50	232.25	243.00	249.00	235.00	245.50	256.25	261.25
3/4".....	276.00	289.25	302.50	310.00	292.50	306.00	319.25	325.50
1".....	318.50	334.00	349.25	358.00	338.00	353.25	368.50	376.00
1 1/4".....	365.25	383.00	400.25	410.50	387.25	405.00	422.25	431.00

GRADE III—SOUND TWO SIDES, SANDED ONE SIDE

1".....	\$ 62.25	\$ 64.75	\$ 67.00	\$ 68.25	\$ 65.75	\$ 68.00	\$ 70.25	\$ 71.75
3/16".....	74.75	77.75	80.75	82.25	78.75	81.75	84.75	86.25
1/2".....	93.25	97.25	101.00	103.25	98.75	102.25	106.25	108.25
5/16".....	115.00	120.00	125.00	127.75	121.75	126.75	131.75	134.00
3/8".....	140.00	146.75	153.25	156.75	148.25	155.00	161.75	165.00
1/2".....	183.25	191.50	200.00	204.50	194.25	202.25	210.50	214.50
3/4".....	227.00	237.25	247.50	253.50	240.25	250.50	261.00	266.00
1".....	261.25	273.25	285.00	292.00	276.50	288.50	300.25	306.25
1 1/4".....	298.50	312.25	326.00	334.00	316.25	330.00	343.50	350.25

GRADE IV—SOUND ONE SIDE, SANDED ONE SIDE

1".....	\$ 56.00	\$ 58.75	\$ 61.25	\$ 63.00	\$ 59.25	\$ 62.00	\$ 64.75	\$ 66.00
3/16".....	68.25	71.75	75.00	77.00	72.75	76.00	79.00	80.75
1/2".....	87.00	91.25	95.25	98.00	92.25	96.25	100.75	102.75
5/16".....	109.00	114.00	119.25	122.25	115.25	120.75	126.00	128.25
3/8".....	133.75	140.00	146.25	149.75	141.75	148.00	154.25	157.75
1/2".....	177.25	185.50	194.25	199.25	188.00	196.25	205.00	209.00
3/4".....	220.50	231.25	242.00	248.00	234.00	244.50	255.25	260.50
1".....	255.00	267.25	279.25	286.25	270.25	282.50	294.50	301.00
1 1/4".....	292.25	306.50	320.25	328.25	310.00	324.00	338.00	345.00

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels of over 72" to 84" in length Add 10% to the prices for lengths of over 66" to 72".

GRADE V—UNSADED

Widths of 48" and less—Lengths of 72" and less.

Thickness	1"	3/20"	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"
—	\$45.00	\$47.50	\$57.50	\$72.50	\$87.50	\$107.50

For Grade V plywood panels of over 72" to 84" in length ADD 10% to the above prices of Grade V plywood panels.

In calculating the surface measure of plywood panels, lengths and widths shall be measured in quarter inches, any fraction of a quarter of an inch being computed as a whole quarter inch.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels sanded on both sides ADD \$3.00 to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

For Grades, I, II, III and IV plywood panels not sanded on either side DEDUCT \$3.00 from the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels in thicknesses of over 7/8" ADD 15% to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels for each 1/8" thickness in excess of 7/8".

For Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels with a face made of one piece of veneer ADD 10% to the above prices for Grades I, II, III and IV plywood panels.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1666

Maximum Prices of Certain Imported Fruit and Vegetables

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

PART I—INTRODUCTION

Application

1. This Order comes into force on July 9, 1945, and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1091 as amended, which is hereby revoked. It applies to all sales of all varieties, grades and qualities of the kinds of fruit and vegetables listed in Schedule "A" hereto when imported into Canada except that it shall not apply to sales of any such fruit or vegetable during any period when, according to the provisions of any other Order heretofore or hereafter issued, maximum prices of the same are governed by the provisions of that other Order. The imported fruit and vegetables listed in Schedule "A" hereto are hereafter referred to as "produce".

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices

2. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. Except as otherwise provided in this Order, no charge may be made for a container or for packing, handling or any other service which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container, packing, handling and/or service exceeding the maximum price.

Additional Payments and Considerations are Part of the Price

3. Any consideration, money or money's worth given or paid by the buyer to any person in connection with the purchase of any produce or received by the seller from any person in connection with the sale of any produce shall constitute part of the price of such produce.

Definitions

4. For the purposes of this Order

- (a) "basing point" means, in respect of any produce, a selected point in an area of production in the United States of America designated by the O.P.A. Regulations as the point from which freight to wholesale receiving points in the said United States is computed for the purpose of calculating maximum prices of that produce in accordance with the O.P.A. Regulations; provided that
 - (i) if one basing point has been designated by the O.P.A. Regulations for the purpose of calculating maximum prices of that produce at Chicago and at wholesale receiving points east of Chicago and another for the purpose of calculating maximum prices of that produce at wholesale receiving points west of Chicago, the former shall be the basing point for that produce when it is sold in Canada east of the 88th degree of west longitude and the latter shall be the basing point for that produce when it is sold in Canada west of the 88th degree of west longitude;
 - (ii) if no basing point has been designated for that produce by the O.P.A. Regulations the basing point for that produce shall be the original shipping point in the area of production;
 - (iii) notwithstanding the foregoing the Administrator may designate the basing point or points for any produce by notice published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations;
- (b) "consumer" means a person who buys produce for his personal or household consumption;
- (c) "count mark" means the number stamped or marked by the original shipper on a container of produce to designate the number of units of the produce packed in the container or the size of such units and "count marked" shall have a corresponding meaning;
- (d) "O.P.A. Regulations" means the Maximum Price Regulations issued by the Office of Price Administration of the United States of America;
- (e) "protective services" means icing, refrigeration and/or heating of the railway car in which any produce is shipped to a seller;
- (f) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (g) "wholesale distributor" means a person who in any sale, sells produce at wholesale and "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail or to a consumer.

PART II—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Sales by a Wholesale Distributor of Produce Subject to O.P.A. Regulations and Imported by him from the United States of America

5. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any produce imported by him from the United States of America and for which a maximum price on sales to wholesalers in the said United States has been specifically fixed by the O.P.A. Regulations shall be the sum of the following, f.o.b. his place of business;

(a) an amount equal to

- (i) the lawful maximum price, f.o.b. shipping point, as fixed by the O.P.A. Regulations at which on the fourteenth day prior to the date of the sale by the wholesale distributor, a grower could have sold that produce in carload lots to a carlot receiver in said United States PLUS the maximum markup for such produce authorized by the O.P.A. Regulations on carload lot sales through a grower's or shipper's sales agent and PLUS an amount equal to the cost of transporting such produce by freight in carload lots from the basing point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business and PLUS, if the produce is listed as Item No. 37, 40, 53 or 54 in Schedule "A" and it was shipped to him by express, an amount equal to the difference between the cost of shipping it by freight in carload lots and the cost of shipping it by express in carload lots; or

- (ii) if he purchased the produce in less than carload lots at or from any wholesale receiving point in that country, the actual price paid by him for the produce (but not exceeding the lawful maximum price, as fixed by the O.P.A. Regulations, at which at the time of the purchase by the wholesale distributor a carlot receiver may sell that produce ex car at that point to a wholesaler) PLUS the cost of transporting the produce by railway freight to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business from such wholesale receiving point OR the amount fixed by paragraph (i) preceding, whichever amount is the greater;
- (b) subject to any directions of the Administrator given by Notice published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations, the amount actually paid by him for protective services, provided that if the produce has been sold to him by a grower or a country shipper, he may treat the protective service allowance, if any, fixed for growers' and country shippers' delivered sales by the said O.P.A. Regulations, as the amount actually paid by him for protective services;
- (c) the bank and foreign exchange and the customs duty, excise tax and insurance charges that are to be borne by him and are not included in the amount fixed by clause (a) preceding; and
- (d) a markup not exceeding the markup for such produce set forth in Column 1 of Schedule "A" hereto.

Sales by a Wholesale Distributor of Produce not subject to the O.P.A. Regulations, Imported by him from the United States of America

6. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any produce imported by him from the United States of America but for which a maximum price on sales to wholesalers in the said United States has not been specifically fixed by the O.P.A. Regulations, shall be the sum of the following, f.o.b. his place of business:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the produce;
- (b) the transportation charges that are paid by him and are not included in such actual price; provided that (except in the case of the produce listed as Item No. 2, or 40 in Schedule "A") if the produce was shipped to him by express, the amount that may be included in his maximum price under this clause shall not in any event exceed the cost of shipping it by freight;
- (c) the protective services charges to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business, the bank and foreign exchange and the customs duty, excise tax and insurance charges that are paid by him and are not included in such actual price; and
- (d) a markup not exceeding the markup for such produce set forth in Column 1 of Schedule "A" hereto.

Sales by a Wholesale Distributor of Produce Imported by him from a Country other than the United States of America

7. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any produce imported by him from any country other than the United States of America shall be f.o.b. his place of business:

- (a) if the maximum price at which a grower in the United States of America may sell, f.o.b. his shipping point, the same or a substantially similar kind and variety of produce has been specifically fixed by the O.P.A. Regulations, an amount equal to the maximum price at which, under the provisions of Section 5, such wholesale distributor may sell such same or substantially similar kind and variety of produce purchased by him in carload lots from a grower in said United States; or
- (b) if clause (a) preceding does not apply, an amount equal to the sum of the following:
 - (i) the actual price paid by him for the produce;

- (ii) the transportation charges that are paid by him and are not included in such actual price;
- (iii) the protective services charges to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business, the bank and foreign exchange and the customs duty, excise tax and insurance charges that are paid by him and are not included in such actual price; and
- (iv) a markup not exceeding the markup for such produce set forth in Column 1 of Schedule "A" hereto.

*Sales by Wholesale Distributors of Produce Purchased
From other Wholesale Distributors in Canada*

8. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any produce purchased by him from another wholesale distributor in Canada shall be the sum of the following, f.o.b. his place of business:

- (a) the maximum price at which the produce may be sold to him by his supplier as fixed by this Order; and
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the amount, if any, paid by him for the transportation of the produce from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business.

*Sales by Wholesale Distributors of Produce
Purchased from Wartime Food Corporation Limited*

9. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any produce purchased by him from Wartime Food Corporation Limited, shall be the sum of the following, f.o.b. his place of business:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the produce;
- (b) the transportation charges to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business, the bank and foreign exchange, the customs duty, excise tax and insurance charges that are to be borne by him and are not included in such actual price; and
- (c) a markup not exceeding the markup for such produce, set forth in Column 1 of Schedule "A" hereto.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors of Broken Case Lots

10. If produce is packed in a case, crate or other package and, at the request of the buyer or to achieve equitable distribution, a sale is made by a wholesale distributor of a quantity that is half of or less than half of such crate, case or other package lot, the wholesale distributor may charge the buyer an additional amount not exceeding 4 per cent of his lawful selling price.

*Averaging of Laid Down Cost by Importing Wholesale
Distributors is Permitted in Certain Cases*

11. Whenever the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any produce imported by him is governed by the provisions of Section 6 or of clause (b) of Section 7, he may, at the commencement of business on Monday of each week, in order to determine, for the purposes of those provisions, his laid down cost of that produce in the city, town or village in which he has his place of business, average his total cost of purchases of that produce under conditions of sale providing for delivery during that week, if he retains a copy of his cost sheets, transportation receipts and his suppliers' invoices in his place of business for twelve months thereafter, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

Delivery to be Free in Certain Cases

12. If a sale of produce by a wholesale distributor is to a buyer whose place of business is within the limits of the city, town or village in which the wholesale distributor has his place of business or is within the wholesale distributor's customary free delivery zone, delivery shall be free to that buyer.

Prepayment of Transportation Charges

13. At the request of the buyer, a wholesale distributor may prepay the charge for transporting any shipment of produce to the city, town or village in which the buyer has his place of business, but in that event he must show such charge as a separate item on his sales invoice to the buyer and must not include such charge in computing his markup.

PART III—SALES AT RETAIL

Maximum Retail Prices—Produce Purchased From a Wholesale Distributor in Canada

14. The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any produce purchased by him from a wholesale distributor in Canada shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the produce but not exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier;
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him the amount, if any, paid by him for the transportation of the produce from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business; and
- (c) the markup, calculated according to the provisions of Board Order No. 450, under the markup symbol in Schedule "A" of that Order which is specified for that produce in Column 3 of Schedule "A" hereto.

Sales at Retail—Produce Imported by the Seller

15. The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any produce imported by him shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the amount to which, under the provisions of Section 5, 6 or 7, as the case may be, he could add his markup if he were a wholesale distributor selling that produce;
- (b) if he took delivery of the produce at a point which is not situated within the limits of the city, town or village in which his retail outlet is situated, the amount, if any, paid by him for the transportation of the produce from such receiving point to such city, town or village; and
- (c) the markup, calculated according to the provisions of Board Order No. 450, under the markup symbol in Schedule "A" of that Order which is specified for that produce in Column 3 of Schedule "A" hereto; or
- (d) if the produce was imported by him by rail or water in carload lots, the markup, calculated according to the provisions of Board Order No. 450, under the markup symbol in Schedule "A" of that Order which is specified for that produce in Column 2 of Schedule "A" hereto.

Sales at Retail by Weight and by Unit

16. (1) No person shall sell any produce at retail by weight except

- (a) when authorized by the Administrator; or
- (b) if he imported the produce in containers which were not count marked; or
- (c) if he purchased the produce from a wholesale distributor in Canada and such wholesale distributor was not required by Section 19 of this Order to show on his invoice the number of units in the original containers in which the produce was packed.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (1) preceding, if any produce is not priced and sold by a retailer by the container in the original container in which it was packed, it shall be priced and sold by him by unit or in multiples thereof. For the purpose of determining the maximum price of any produce in terms of the number of units priced by a retailer, the number of units of the produce received by the retailer shall be deemed to be

- (a) if he purchased the produce from a wholesale distributor in Canada, as shown on his supplier's invoice; or

(b) if he imported the produce, as shown by the count mark on the original container.

(3) When any produce is priced and sold at retail by weight, the net weight of the produce in the container in which it was packed when received by the retailer shall, for the purpose of determining the maximum price of the produce in terms of the quantity priced, be deemed to be

(a) as fixed by the Administrator; or

(b) if not fixed by the Administrator and the retailer purchased the produce from a wholesale distributor in Canada, as shown on his supplier's invoice or, if his supplier is not required by Section 19 of this Order to show the net weight on his invoice, that which is actually in the original container when received by him; or

(c) if not fixed by the Administrator and the retailer imported the produce, as stamped or marked on the original container or if not so stamped or marked, that which is actually in the original container when received by him.

Displaying Retail Prices When the Produce is Sold by Unit

17. (1) Every person displaying produce for sale at retail by unit shall display it with cards showing legibly thereon the price per unit or multiple thereof and the count mark of the unit. If he does not display the produce he shall inform the buyer of the count mark of the unit.

(2) No person selling any produce at retail by unit shall issue or sponsor a price list or advertisement which gives the price of such produce unless it also gives the count mark of the units.

Displaying Retail Prices When the Produce is Sold by Weight

18. (1) Every person displaying produce for sale at retail by weight shall display it with cards showing legibly thereon the price per pound or multiple thereof.

(2) No person selling any produce at retail by weight shall issue or sponsor a price list or an advertisement which gives the price of such produce unless it also states that it is the price per pound or multiple thereof.

PART IV—RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

Sales Invoices

19. (1) On every sale of any produce other than a sale at retail the seller shall at the time of delivery of the produce furnish the buyer with an invoice showing:

(a) the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer and the date of sale;

(b) the kind of produce sold;

(c) if the produce is sold by the container in original containers which are count marked, the price charged per container, the count mark and the number of containers sold;

(d) if the produce is sold by the container in original containers which are not count marked, the weight of net contents of the containers if stamped or marked thereon;

(e) if the produce is sold by the container in original containers which are not count marked and do not have the net weight of contents stamped or marked thereon, the price per container charged and the number of containers sold;

(f) if the original containers were count marked and the produce is not sold by the container in such original containers, the number of units sold, the count mark and the price charged;

(g) if the original containers were not count marked and the produce is not sold by the container in such original containers, the weight of the produce sold and the price charged;

(h) his maximum price of the produce, if he sells it to a wholesale distributor.

(2) Every seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Records of Purchases

20. (1) Every person who buys any produce for resale, other than the importer thereof, shall at the time of delivery of the produce to him obtain from his supplier an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 19, covering that transaction.

(2) Every person who imports any produce for resale shall, before selling such produce, record on the copy of the invoice furnished him by his supplier any of the particulars referred to in subsection (1) of Section 19 not recorded on that invoice when it was received by him.

(3) Every person who buys any produce for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the produce to him, obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the produce.

(4) Every person who buys for resale at retail any produce packed in an original container which is not count marked and has not the net weight of its contents stamped or marked thereon shall, before reselling any of such produce, make a record on his supplier's invoice of the actual net weight of the produce in such container when it was received by him.

Retention and Inspection of Invoices and Transportation Receipts

21. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller of produce is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys any produce for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

22. Every person who sells any produce at retail shall upon the request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the kind, count mark (if sold otherwise than by weight) quantity and price of the produce sold.

Dated at Ottawa this 25th day of June, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,

Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1666

Maximum Markups Shown for Wholesale Distributors as Percentages of Selling Price and for Retailers by a Markup Symbol

Item No.	Kind of Product	COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	COLUMN 3
		Wholesale Distributors	Direct Carlot Buying Retailers	Other Retailers
1	Artichokes.....	17	L	K
2	Asparagus.....	17	L	K
3	Avocados.....	17	L	K
4	Broccoli.....	17	L	K
5	Brussels Sprouts.....	17	L	K
6	Beans.....	17	L	K
7	Cauliflower.....	17	L	K
8	Celery.....	17	L	K
9	Cucumbers.....	17	L	K
10	Egg Plant.....	17	L	K
11	Endive.....	17	L	K
12	Lettuce.....	17	L	K
13	Parsley.....	17	L	K
14	Peas.....	17	L	K
15	Peppers.....	17	L	K
16	Radishes.....	17	L	K
17	Rhubarb.....	17	L	K
18	Shallots.....	17	L	K
19	Spinach.....	17	L	K
20	Sweet Potatoes.....	17	L	K
21	Tomatoes.....	25	L	K
22	Watercress.....	17	L	K
23	Yams.....	17	L	K
35	Apricots.....	12½	J	H
36	Cantaloupes.....	17	L	K
37	Cherries.....	12½	K	J
38	Cranberries.....	17	L	K
39	Grapefruit.....	15	J	H
40	Grapes, Vinifera type, grown in Arizona or in River-side or Imperial County, California.....	15	K	J
41	Grapes, Vinifera type, not included in Item 40.....	15	K	J
42	Lemons.....	17	K	J
43	Limes.....	17	L	K
44	Melons (other than water-melons).....	17	L	K
45	Nectarines.....	17	L	K
46	Peaches.....	12½	J	H
47	Pears.....	12½	J	H
48	Pineapple.....	17	L	K
49	Plums.....	12½	J	H
50	Persimmons.....	17	L	K
51	Pomegranates.....	17	L	K
52	Quince.....	17	L	K
53	Raspberries.....	17	J	H
54	Strawberries.....	17	J	H
55	Tangerines.....	17	L	K
56	Watermelons.....	25	L	K

NOTE: (1) "Direct Carlot Buying Retailer" means a retailer who imported the produce himself in carload lots.

(2) These markups cover shrinkage, wastage and all other allowances.

NOTE: In cases in which administrative directions are desired, wholesale distributors and retailers should direct their enquiries to the Administrator of Distributive Trades.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1667

**Respecting the conversion of real property known as 109 Lytton Boulevard,
in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario**

Whereas in the City of Toronto there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient housing accommodation available by ordinary means for the shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation and it is desirable, in the public interest to encourage and, where necessary, to authorize the maximum and best possible use of available real property by the conversion of existing dwelling houses into multiple dwelling houses, notwithstanding the provisions of by-laws, building restrictions or covenants in leases and conveyances which prohibit or limit such conversions;

And whereas application has been made by the owner of real property in the City of Toronto known in the year 1945 as No. 109 Lytton Boulevard, for permission to convert the same into a two-family dwelling house;

And whereas the Special Committee on Residence Conversions appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto has approved such conversion of the aforesaid real property subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any law, by-law, conveyance, deed or agreement which in any way prohibits or restricts the conversion of real property known in the year 1945 as 109 Lytton Boulevard, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario, into and the use thereof as a multiple family dwelling house, the owner of such single family dwelling house is hereby permitted to convert into and use the same as a two-family dwelling house, subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) no dwelling unit therein shall have a floor area less than five hundred square feet;
- (b) all exterior alteration to the said dwelling house shall be approved by the Commissioner of Buildings for the City of Toronto and all structural alterations thereto shall be in accordance with the provisions of Building By-law No. 9868 of the Corporation of the City of Toronto;
- (c) the said dwelling house shall not be enlarged except as may be required or permitted by the said Commissioner of Buildings under the provisions of said By-law No. 9868.

2. This Order shall come into force on the 9th day of July, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 5th day of July, 1945.

O. LOBLEY,
Rentals Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1673

**Maximum Retailers' Prices for Lumber and Millwork in the Provinces of
New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island**

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

SCHEDULE AMENDED

1. The Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-1061 dated the 14th day of January, 1944, is amended by deleting all of the words and figures after the line:

"For 2" thickness Rough kiln dried Fir clears, add \$2.50 to 1" thickness" under the headings "B.C. Fir Hemlock and Cedar—Uppers, Flooring, Sheathing, Casing and Base" and by substituting therefor the following words and figures:

"District A shall mean

- (1) The Province of New Brunswick;
- (2) The Counties of Antigonish, Colchester, Cumberland, Halifax and Pictou in the Province of Nova Scotia.

District B shall mean

- (1) The Province of Prince Edward Island;
- (2) The Counties of Annapolis, Cape Breton, Digby, Guysborough, Hants, Inverness, Kings, Lunenburg, Queens, Richmond, Shelburne, Victoria and Yarmouth in the Province of Nova Scotia."

EFFECTIVE DATE

2. This Order shall come into force on the 9th day of July, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 29th day of June, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,

Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1676

Maximum Prices of New Potatoes

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1626 is hereby amended by adding as Section 13 thereof the following:

"13. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Order

- (a) the maximum price at which a shipper may sell any new potatoes to any person during the period July 15 to 21, 1945, shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he could have sold those potatoes to that person on July 14, 1945;
- (b) the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any new potatoes to any person during the period July 19 to July 25, 1945, shall be an amount equal to the maximum price, at which he could have sold those potatoes to that person on July 18, 1945."

2. This Order comes into force on July 14, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 4th day of July, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,

Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1677

Respecting the Conversion of Real Property Known as 28 Nanton Avenue, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario.

Whereas in the City of Toronto there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient housing accommodation available by ordinary means for the shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation and it is desirable, in the public interest to encourage and, where necessary, to authorize the maximum and best possible use of available real property by the conversion of existing dwelling houses into multiple dwelling houses, notwithstanding the provisions of by-laws, building restrictions or covenants in leases and conveyances which prohibit or limit such conversions;

And whereas application has been made by the owner of real property in the City of Toronto known in the year 1945 as No. 28 Nanton Avenue, for permission to convert the same into a two-family dwelling house;

And whereas the Special Committee on Residence Conversions appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto has approved such conversion of the aforesaid real property subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now, therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any law, by-law, conveyance, deed or agreement which in any way prohibits or restricts the conversion of real property known in the year 1945 as 28 Nanton Avenue, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario, into and the use thereof as a multiple family dwelling house, the owner of such single family dwelling house is hereby permitted to convert into and use the same as a two-family dwelling house, subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) no dwelling unit therein shall have a floor area less than five hundred square feet;
- (b) all exterior alteration to the said dwelling house shall be approved by the Commissioner of Buildings for the City of Toronto and all structural alterations thereto shall be in accordance with the provisions of Building By-law No. 9868 of the Corporation of the City of Toronto;
- (c) the said dwelling house shall not be enlarged except as may be required or permitted by the said Commissioner of Buildings under the provisions of said By-law No. 9868.

2. This Order shall come into force on the 14th day of July, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 9th day of July, 1945.

O. LOBLEY,
Rentals Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1678

Respecting the Conversion of Real Property known as 83 Roxborough Drive, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario.

Whereas in the City of Toronto there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient housing accommodation available by ordinary means for the shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation and it is desirable, in the public interest to encourage and, where necessary, to authorize the maximum and best possible use of

available real property by the conversion of existing dwelling houses into multiple dwelling houses, notwithstanding the provisions of by-laws, building restrictions or covenants in leases and conveyances which prohibit or limit such conversions;

And whereas application has been made by the owner of real property in the City of Toronto known in the year 1945 as No. 83 Roxborough Drive, for permission to convert the same into a two-family dwelling house;

And whereas the Special Committee on Residence Conversions appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto has approved such conversion of the aforesaid real property subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any law, by-law, conveyance, deed or agreement which in any way prohibits or restricts the conversion of real property known in the year 1945 as 83 Roxborough Drive, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario, into and the use thereof as a multiple family dwelling house, the owner of such single family dwelling house is hereby permitted to convert into and use the same as a two-family dwelling house, subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) no dwelling unit therein shall have a floor area less than five hundred square feet;
- (b) all exterior alteration to the said dwelling house shall be approved by the Commissioner of Buildings for the City of Toronto and all structural alterations thereto shall be in accordance with the provisions of Building By-Law No. 9868 of the Corporation of the City of Toronto;
- (c) the said dwelling house shall not be enlarged except as may be required or permitted by the said Commissioner of Buildings under the provisions of said By-law No. 9868.

2. This Order shall come into force on the 14th day of July, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 10th day of July, 1945.

O. LOBLEY,
Rentals Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1679

Lamb and Mutton

Under powers given by the Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on July 16, 1945.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1246 is hereby amended by adding as clause (e) of Section 2 thereof the following:

"(e) 'sale at wholesale' means any sale except a sale at retail and 'sell at wholesale' shall have a corresponding meaning."

3. Said Administrator's Order No. A-1246 is hereby further amended by adding as Section 33 thereof the following:

"33. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Order, lamb obtained from the carcass of a sheep, born since January 1, 1945 and slaughtered on or before August 31, 1945, may be sold at wholesale and at retail during the period July 16

to August 31, 1945, both inclusive, at prices not exceeding the maximum prices fixed by this Order for sales of spring lamb at wholesale and at retail, respectively, during the period May 1 to July 15, 1945."

Dated at Ottawa this 11th day of July, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,
Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1680

Maximum Prices of Apricots

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

PART I—INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

Effective Date and Application of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on July 16, 1945. It fixes maximum prices, during the period July 16 to September 29, 1945, both inclusive, of

- (a) all types of fresh apricots grown in British Columbia when sold in any part of Canada, and
- (b) all types of fresh imported apricots when sold in that part of Canada lying to the west of the 88th degree of west longitude.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (1), Administrator's Order No. A-1666 applies to all sales of imported fresh apricots.

(3) This Order does not apply to sales of apricots by growers and shippers to any manufacturer or processor for use in manufacturing or processing any food or other product.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices

2. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. No charge may be made for a container or for packing, handling or any other service which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container, packing, handling and/or service exceeding the maximum price.

Additional Payments and Considerations are Part of the Price

3. Any consideration, money or money's worth given or paid by the buyer to any person in connection with the purchase of any apricots or received by the seller from any person in connection with the sale of any apricots shall constitute part of the price of such apricots.

Definitions

4. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "consumer" means a person who buys apricots for his personal or household consumption;
- (b) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (c) "shipper" means any person who assembles and ships apricots at the point of production or a primary producer of apricots;
- (d) "wholesale distributor" means any person, other than a shipper, who sells apricots at wholesale and "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail or to a consumer.

PART II—SALES OF B.C. APRICOTS BY SHIPPERS

5. (1) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell any apricots grown in British Columbia and packed in a B.C. Standard 4½ Inch Peach Box shall, according to the class of buyer, be the price for the same set forth in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell to any class of buyer any apricots packed in any container other than a B.C. Standard 4½ Inch Peach Box shall be in exact proportion by weight of fruit to the maximum price at which he may sell those apricots to that person packed in such Standard Box and for the purposes of this subsection the net weight of the fruit in such Standard Box shall be deemed to be 18 pounds.

(3) When the sale is to a buyer in a city, town or village, the nearest limit of which is not more than 15 road miles from the seller's farm or country shipping point, the maximum prices fixed by this Section include free delivery to that buyer. On all other sales such prices are f.o.b. the seller's country shipping point. However, where a seller by his own means of transportation, transports the apricots to a buyer in a city, town or village, the nearest limit of which is more than 15 road miles from his farm or country shipping point, as the case may be, that seller may charge the actual cost of such transportation but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot express rate.

PART III—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Maximum Prices of B.C. Apricots

6. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell to any class of buyer any apricots grown in British Columbia and purchased by him from a shipper shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price as fixed by this Order, that may be charged him by his supplier, exclusive of transportation charges;
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting the apricots from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot express rate; and
- (c) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

(2) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell to any class of buyer any apricots grown in British Columbia and purchased by him from another wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the maximum price at which those apricots may be sold to him by his supplier, as fixed by subsection (1) preceding; and
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting the apricots from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot express rate.

Maximum Prices—Imported Apricots

7. The maximum price at which any wholesale distributor may sell any imported apricots to any person in that part of Canada lying to the West of the 88th degree of west longitude shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price at which a shipper may sell, f.o.b. his shipping point, to a wholesale distributor, apricots grown in British Columbia packed in the same kind and capacity of container;
- (b) an amount equal to the cost, including refrigeration and icing charges, of transporting the apricots by freight in carload lots from Kelowna, British Columbia to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situated; and
- (c) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

Free Delivery Zones of Wholesale Distributors

8. If a sale is to a buyer whose place of business is within the city, town or village in which the wholesale distributor has his place of business or within the

wholesale distributor's customary free delivery zone, the maximum prices fixed by this Part include free delivery to that buyer. On all other sales, such prices are f.o.b. the wholesale distributor's place of business.

PART IV—SALES BY RETAILERS

Maximum Prices—B.C. Grown Apricots

9. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the maximum price at which any person, other than a shipper, may sell at retail any apricots grown in British Columbia shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for those apricots but not exceeding the maximum price fixed by this Order at which they may be sold to him by his supplier;
- (b) if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him, the actual cost incurred by him in transporting the apricots from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot express rate; and
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "I" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

(2) The maximum price at which any person, other than a shipper, may sell at retail any apricots grown in British Columbia and purchased by him from a shipper at a price, f.o.b. the shipper's country shipping point, not exceeding the maximum price at which the shipper could have sold those apricots to a wholesale distributor f.o.b. such country shipping point, shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the apricots, provided that if he bought at less than such shipper's maximum price to a wholesale distributor he may treat that maximum price as being the actual price paid by him;
- (b) if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him, the actual cost incurred by him in transporting the apricots from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot express rate; and
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "J" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

(3) When apricots grown in British Columbia are not sold by a retailer by the container in the original container in which they are packed when received by the seller they shall be priced and sold by him by weight and the net weight of the apricots in such original container when received by him shall, for the purpose of determining the maximum price of the quantity priced and sold, be deemed to be the net weight set forth in the following table:

TABLE

B.C. Standard 4½ Inch Peach Box—18 pounds
Other packages —Actual net weight

Maximum Prices—Imported Apricots

10. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail to any person in that part of Canada lying to the West of the 88th degree of west longitude any imported apricots purchased by him from a wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the apricots but not exceeding the maximum price fixed by this Order at which they may be sold to him by his supplier;
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting the apricots from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot express rate; and
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

(2) The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail to any person in that part of Canada lying to the west of the 88th degree of west longitude, any apricots imported by him shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price fixed by this Order at which a shipper may sell, f.o.b. his shipping point, to a wholesale distributor, apricots grown in British Columbia and packed in the same kind and capacity of container;
- (b) an amount equal to the cost, including refrigeration and icing charges, of transporting the apricots by freight in carload lots from Kelowna, British Columbia to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situated; and
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "J" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

(3) When imported apricots are not sold by a retailer by the container in which they are packed when purchased by him they shall be priced and sold by him by weight and, for the purpose of determining his maximum price of the quantity priced and sold, the net weight of the apricots in the original container when received by him shall be deemed to be

- (a) the net weight stamped or marked on the container in which they are packed when received by him; or
- (b) if not so stamped or marked, but shown on his supplier's invoice, the net weight as shown on his supplier's invoice; or
- (c) if neither so stamped or marked nor shown on his supplier's invoice, the actual net weight of the apricots when received by him.

PART V—RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

Sales Invoices

11. (1) On every sale of apricots other than a sale to a consumer the seller shall at the time of delivery of the apricots furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the quantity sold, the kind and capacity of the container and the price charged.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Records of Purchases

12. (1) Every person other than the importer of imported apricots, who buys any apricots for resale shall, at the time of the delivery of the apricots to him, obtain from his supplier an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 11 covering that transaction.

(2) Every person who imports any apricots shall, before selling such apricots, record on the invoice furnished him by his supplier any of the particulars referred to in subsection (1) of Section 11 which are not recorded on that invoice when it is received by him.

(3) Every person who buys any apricots for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the apricots to him, obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the apricots.

Retention and Inspection of Invoices and Transportation Receipts

13. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller of apricots is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys apricots for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

14. Every person who sells apricots to a consumer shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the kind and capacity of container, the quantity and the price of the apricots sold.

PART VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sales of Apricots Received on Consignment

15. The maximum price at which any person may sell any apricots received by him on consignment from any person shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he could have sold those apricots to that person if he had purchased them from a shipper.

Dated at Ottawa, this 11th day of July, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1680

Maximum prices for sales by shippers of apricots grown in British Columbia, packed and sold in B.C. Standard 4½ inch Peach Boxes. All prices listed are f.o.b. the seller's country shipping point except where it is otherwise provided in the Order.

<i>Class of Buyer</i>	<i>Maximum Price Per Box</i>
Group 1. Wholesale Distributors and Shippers.....	\$1.65
Group 2. Any retailer operating a central warehouse separate from his retail outlets who takes delivery at such warehouse.....	\$1.65
Group 3. Any person who buys in carload lots.....	\$1.65
Group 4. All buyers not included in Groups 1, 2, 3 and 5.....	\$1.89
Group 5. Consumers	\$2.52

PART IV
 Wartime Industries Control Board
 (Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C.1C

(Orders Nos. C.C.1A and 1B—Chlorine—Rescinded)

June 30, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Orders of the Controller of Chemicals Nos. C.C.1A dated November 27, 1941, and C.C.1B dated May 6, 1943, are rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

Approved:

J. GERALD GODSOE, *Chairman,*
Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

Order No. P.O. 6A

(Order No. P.O. 6—U.S. Preference Ratings—amended)

Dated July 7, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Section 2A Added

The Order of the Priorities Officer No. P.O. 6 dated May 8, 1944, is amended by inserting immediately after Section 2 thereof a new section to be known as Section 2A and to read as follows:—

“2A. Use of Goods obtained by Ratings and Certifications for Maintenance, Repair and Replacement

(1) Where, by any order or authorization of the Priorities Officer, a rating is authorized for use only to obtain goods or materials for maintenance, repair or replacement purposes or for production of items for such purposes, the person using the rating must not put the goods obtained by its use to any other purpose or use, or transfer or sell them for any other purpose or use.

(2) A person who certifies to a United States supplier that materials will be used or resold for or only for maintenance, repair or replacement purposes must not use the materials, obtained by the certificate, or resell them for use for, any purposes except those stated in the certificate.

(Example:—Component parts for vacuum cleaners imported from the United States under the conditions described in paragraphs (1) or (2) above may not be used or sold for use in the manufacture of new vacuum cleaners or parts therefor.

H. J. SISSONS,
Deputy Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Timber 14E

(Orders Nos. Timber 14C and 14D—Logs cut in the Vancouver Forest District of British Columbia—Rescinded)

June 30, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1997 of March 21, 1944, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Timber Controller's Orders Nos. 14C dated October 22, 1943, and 14D dated March 29, 1944, are rescinded.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Controller.

Approved:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

Concurred in by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

PART V

Export Permit Branch
(Trade and Commerce)

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 120

OTTAWA, July 3, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That Export Permit Branch Order No. 100 of September 29, 1944, be cancelled so that an export permit will be required for Live Sheep and Lambs when shipped from Canada to any part of the British Empire or to the United States.
2. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after July 6, 1945.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 121

Ottawa, July 10, 1945

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That Agricultural Implements and Machinery be exempted from the requirement of an export permit when shipped from Canada to any part of the British Empire or to the United States.
2. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after July 16, 1945.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III No. 3



JULY 23, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793 of
26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
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Priorities Officer—Consolidation of Supplements Nos. 1-16 to Order No. P.O. 5C page 527—"Supplement No. 2 to Order No. P.O. 5C" last line should read "(See Supplement No. 7 to Order No. P.O. 5C)".

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PART I
ORDERS IN COUNCIL

Order in Council appointing Mr. W. E. Brunskill to Saskatchewan
Wartime Labour Relations Board, etc.

P.C. 4883

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that Mr. W. E. Brunskill of Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, having resigned on May 10, 1945, as a member of the Saskatchewan Regional War Labour Board and as a member of the Saskatchewan Wartime Labour Relations Board, it is necessary to appoint a successor to him on the said Boards;

And whereas the Minister further reports that he is advised that Mr. Brunskill is available for re-appointment at this time;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and pursuant to the provisions of the Wartime Wages Control Order, 1943, P.C. 9384 of December 9, 1943, and the Wartime Labour Relations Regulations, Orders in Council P.C. 1003 of February 17, 1944, and P.C. 3732 of May 18, 1944, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint the said Mr. W. E. Brunskill a member of the Saskatchewan Regional War Labour Board and the Saskatchewan Wartime Labour Relations Board.

H. W. LOTHROP,

Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

AUTOMATIC FIREARMS REGULATION, 1945

P.C. 4885

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Acting Minister of Justice reports that he has been advised by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police:

That the possession of automatic firearms by persons other than members of military and police forces is likely to encourage and facilitate the spread of crime and acts of violence;

That it is anticipated that a number of such weapons will be brought into Canada as war trophies by members of the naval, military and air forces of Canada;

That provision for the registration of such firearms is now provided for by section 37B of the Defence of Canada Regulations and it is considered that this provision should be removed from the Defence of Canada Regulations and re-enacted with certain modifications in a separate order; and

That it is deemed advisable, therefore, for the security, peace, order and welfare of Canada that importation of such firearms be prohibited, except for the uses of military and police forces above specified, and that possession of such firearms legally in Canada be regulated by means of permits;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Justice and under and by virtue of powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the following regulation and it is hereby made and established:

REGULATION

1. This Regulation may be cited as the "Automatic Firearms Regulation, 1945".

2. In this Regulation "automatic firearm" means and includes any machine gun, sub-machine gun, automatic rifle, machine carbine or any magazine or belt-fed weapon with or without bipod mount which will fire bullets in rapid succession without manual reloading during one pressure of the trigger even if so designed that upon the adjustment of a lever or other control device it may fire single bullets for each pressure of the trigger, but does not mean and include automatic pistols.

3. Notwithstanding any other law, the importation into Canada of automatic firearms, except for the use of the naval, military or air forces or any police force or other public authority whether dominion, provincial or municipal (hereinafter in this Regulation referred to as a "public authority"), is hereby prohibited.

4. Every person other than a member of the naval, military, air or police forces or other public authority acting in the course of duty who:—

- (a) imports into Canada any automatic firearm contrary to this Regulation;
- (b) not having a permit in form A (hereto appended), has in his possession any automatic firearm;
- (c) not having a permit in form B (hereto appended), sells or offers for sale any automatic firearm;
- (d) not having a permit in form C (hereto appended), purchases any automatic firearm;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and such imprisonment; but such person may, at the election of the Attorney General of Canada or of the province, be prosecuted upon indictment and if convicted shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to both such fine and such imprisonment; and any automatic firearm in the possession of any person convicted of an offence under this Regulation shall be delivered to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, and a police or stipendiary magistrate or two justices of the peace may order that such automatic firearm shall be forfeited to His Majesty in the right of Canada to be disposed of as the Attorney General of Canada may direct.

5. (1) The Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or any officer thereof duly authorized by him or any person authorized by the Attorney General of any province may, upon sufficient cause being shown, issue a permit to any applicant therefor as, to whose discretion and good character he is satisfied in the form A, B or C appended hereto.

(2) Upon the trial of an offence under this Regulation, the onus shall be upon the accused person to prove that he has the permit required thereby, and such permit shall be *prima facie* evidence of its contents and of the signature and official character of the person by whom it purports to be granted.

(3) Whenever an application for a permit in form A is made, the person to whom such application is made shall record the name and address and occupation of the person making the application, the name of the owner, the use if any to which

such automatic firearm is to be put and the full description of such automatic firearm, and the whole of this information shall be forwarded to and recorded by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

6. Any automatic firearm not in the possession of a member of the naval, military, air or police forces or other public authority acting in the course of duty, or not in the possession of any person holding a permit as herein provided, shall be delivered to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or may be seized by any peace officer and delivered by him to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and any police or stipendiary magistrate or two justices of the peace may order that such automatic firearm shall be forfeited to His Majesty in the right of Canada to be disposed of as the Attorney General of Canada may direct.

His Excellency in Council is further pleased to revoke Regulation 37B of the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 1055, dated the 20th day of February, 1945, and it is hereby revoked.

H. W. LOTHROP,

Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

FORM A

AUTOMATIC FIREARM REGULATION, 1945

Permission is hereby given to.....
residing at
in the City of, in the Province
of....., to have in his possession an
automatic firearm having the following description:—

The reason for granting this permit is:—

Signed by me at the City of....., in the
Province of....., this.....
day of....., 19.....

Issuing Authority.

FORM B

AUTOMATIC FIREARM REGULATION, 1945

Permission is hereby given to.....
residing at
in the City of, in the Province
of, to sell or offer for sale an
automatic firearm having the following description:—

The reason for granting this permit is:—

Signed by me at the City of....., in the
Province of....., this.....
day of....., 19.....

Issuing Authority.

FORM C

AUTOMATIC FIREARM REGULATION, 1945

Permission is hereby given to.....
 residing at
 in the City of, in the Province
 of, to purchase an automatic
 firearm having the following description:—

The reason for granting this permit is:—

Signed by me at the City of....., in the
 Province of....., this.....
 day of....., 19.....

.....
Issuing Authority.

**Order in Council authorizing the provision of medical care, etc., to
 Y.W.C.A. Supervisors in Great Britain.**

P.C. 55/5045

*Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved
 by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 18th July, 1945.*

The Board had under consideration the following memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of National Defence, concurred in by the Honourable the Minister of National Defence for Naval Services and the Honourable the Minister of National Defence for Air:—

“The undersigned has the honour to state that the Adjutant-General has reported that:—

- (a) The Young Women's Christian Association has at the present time certain personnel in Great Britain performing duties similar to those performed by the Overseas Headquarters Staffs of the Canadian Legion War Services, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Knights of Columbus and the Salvation Army. There are now five War Service Supervisors of this organization so serving, but this number may be increased in the future.
- (b) In view of the services performed by these personnel, it is considered equitable that they be provided with medical care and hospitalization similar to that provided for the Headquarters Staffs of the other organizations aforementioned.
- (c) Order in Council P.C. 44/1555 dated 8th March 1944, sets out the conditions pertaining to the appointment, terms of service, etc., of Auxiliary Services Supervisors and benefits for which they are eligible. It is accordingly proposed that this Order in Council be amended to provide medical treatment and hospitalization for the Headquarters Staff of the Young Women's Christian Association.

2. The Deputy Minister concurs in the foregoing proposal and accordingly recommends that Order in Council P.C. 44/1555 dated 8th March 1944, be amended as aforesaid.

3. Based upon the present number of five Supervisors, the estimated cost of the foregoing proposal for 1945-46 amounts to \$70 of which \$15 is non-recurring. Funds are available in the 'Medical Stores and Services' Allotment of the 1945-46 Annual Army Estimates.

The undersigned concurs in the foregoing recommendations of the Deputy Minister and has the honour to recommend that Your Excellency in Council be pleased to order that:—

Order in Council P.C. 44/1555 dated 8th March 1944, is hereby amended as follows:—

- (i) Para 1 (d)—After 'Salvation Army Canadian War Services' add 'The National Council of the Y.W.C.A.'
- (ii) Para 1 (d)—Add to this paragraph the following: 'The personnel of the Overseas Headquarters Staff of the National Council of the Y.W.C.A. who have been despatched Overseas with the knowledge and concurrence of the Department of National Defence shall be deemed to have proceeded out of Canada under the authority of the Adjutant-General.'
- (iii) Part 111, Para 20—After the words 'or counter-action' add the following 'save that the Overseas Headquarters Staff of the National Council of the Y.W.C.A. shall be entitled to medical care and hospitalization only and not to pensions'."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Compensation to Seamen (War Damage to Effects) Regulations, 1944.

P.C. 148/5045

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 18th July, 1945.

The Board recommend, under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, that the Compensation to Seamen (War Damage to Effects) Regulations, 1944 (P.C. 133/510, 26th January, 1944) as amended, be further amended to provide that personnel of ships of Canadian Registry and Canadian Merchant Seamen ex certified ships of other registry, following their release from enemy prison camps, shall be paid compensation for loss of personal effects having regard to the schedule of maxima amounts payable in effect at the time of such release.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

W.M. No. 39

Eighth Revision

Supplement No. 10

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 6th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Export Permit Amendment—Live Sheep and Lambs**

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 120, effective July 6, 1945, export permit exemption has been cancelled for shipments of live sheep and lambs consigned to the British Empire or the United States.

Collectors will observe that by this amendment live sheep and lambs will require an export permit when shipped from Canada to any destination.

D. SIM,

*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 60

Second Revision

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 6th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Postal Censorship**

The Department has now been advised that by order of the Postmaster General his order of the 20th April, 1943, referred to in WM No. 60 Revised, was rescinded, and the following provision made under subsection (2) of Section 14 of the Defence of Canada Regulations:

No document, pictorial representation, photograph, gramophone record or other article whatsoever recording information, shall be sent or conveyed otherwise than by post out of or into Canada to or from any place which is outside Canada and is not in the United Kingdom, the United States of America or Newfoundland, unless

- (a) such article has been submitted to and approved for export or import by a censor or by an appropriate officer as defined by the said Section 14, or
- (b) the article is in a sealed package carried on behalf of the Government of Canada or of an allied or neutral government by a traveller whose identity and authority to carry the package in question without examination are appropriately certified, or

- (c) the article is carried by a member of the armed services of His Majesty or of a country in alliance with His Majesty travelling as a member of an organized unit, or
- (d) the article is transmitted by express with the approval of the Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise.

Memorandum WM No. 60 Revised is cancelled.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 102
Supplement No. 8
MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DIVISIONS)

OTTAWA, 9th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Imports

The schedule of goods prohibited importation by Order in Council P.C. 5745, 25th July, 1944, published in Memorandum WM No. 102, is amended by deleting therefrom the following item:—

<i>Tariff Item</i>	<i>Description</i>
438a	Automobiles and motor vehicles of all kinds, n.o.p.; electric trackless trolley buses; chassis for all the foregoing.

NOTE: Item 1215 Schedule C of the Customs Tariff is still in effect.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 4724, 3/7/45—Authority War Measures Act.)

W.M. 106
(Revised)
MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 1st June, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise:

National Selective Service Regulations Labour Exit Permits

Section 23 of the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations 1944 has been revoked and accordingly Memorandum W.M. 106 is cancelled. In substitution, the following procedure will take immediate effect.

Customs and Excise Officers engaged in frontier service, dealing with persons departing from Canada, are instructed to examine and question every person who has apparently attained the age of 16 years to determine whether or not he is leaving Canada for the purpose of seeking or entering employment.

If the person is leaving for the purpose of seeking or entering employment, he is required to have in his possession a valid Labour Exit Permit issued by a Selective Service Officer.

If he is not in possession of a Labour Exit Permit, his departure is to be prevented in accordance with Section 405 of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, quoted herein.

If the person is leaving for a purpose other than to seek or enter employment, the Labour Exit Permit is not required, and as far as National Selective Service Civilian Regulations are concerned, he is permitted to leave Canada. The effect of this is to free persons making short visits to the United States from Labour Exit Permit requirements.

The following classes of persons are exempted by Section 400 of the National Selective Service Regulations and do not require Labour Exit Permits:—

- (a) leaving Canada to take employment in the service of the Government of Canada, the Government of a province of Canada, or the Government of any other country,
- (b) not a Canadian national and is proceeding to a country of which he is a national,
- (c) permanently resident in a country other than Canada, and is proceeding to such country or on transit through Canada to some other country,
- (d) a member of a dramatic, artistic, athletic or spectacular organization leaving Canada temporarily for the purpose of giving public performances or exhibitions of an entertaining or instructive character,
- (e) an actor, artist, lecturer, journalist, priest, minister of religion, author, lawyer, physician, professor of a recognized educational institution, accredited representative of an international trade union, commercial traveller or undertaker, leaving Canada for the temporary exercise of his calling or office,
- (f) an officer or seaman proceeding to join a vessel in a United States port pursuant to authorization issued by or on behalf of the Director of Merchant Seamen,
- (g) the wife of a man who is leaving Canada pursuant to a Labour Exit Permit or who is exempt from obtaining a Labour Exit Permit, or
- (h) a farm labourer going to the United States for seasonal work under an arrangement between the Governments of Canada and the United States.

It has been the practice to require students who wish to enter school or university in the United States to be in possession of a Labour Exit Permit, and such persons seeking to leave Canada should be required to satisfy Customs and Excise Officers that they are in possession of such a Permit.

The authority to prevent the departure from Canada of persons required to be in possession of a Labour Exit Permit is contained in Section 405 of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, P.C. 2796, April 24, 1945:

"405. Any person leaving or attempting to leave Canada may be accosted by a peace officer, an immigration, customs or excise officer, or any other person authorized by the Minister to exercise the powers conferred by this section; and if, upon being so accosted such person fails to establish to the satisfaction of the person so accosting him that a Labour Exit Permit has been granted to him to leave Canada at that time or that he is not required by these regulations to have a Labour Exit Permit to leave Canada, any peace officer, any immigration, customs or excise officer, or any other person so authorized by the Minister, is justified in using such force as may be necessary to prevent such person leaving Canada."

Persons who have applied for Labour Exit Permits but who are not required to possess them are given an Exemption Certificate. These Exemption Certificates will not be in the possession of persons who, knowing that they do not require a Labour Exit Permit, have not applied for one.

When a person is departing from Canada the labour exit permit issued by National Selective Service is to be returned to the holder so that he may keep it in his possession while absent from Canada.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

Series D No. 47

T.C. 201

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DIVISIONS)

OTTAWA, 10th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Tariff Change By Order in Council**

During the period 1st July, 1945, to 31st January, 1946, the undermentioned product is accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated and is exempted from the War Exchange Tax:—

Trays of pulp or pulp board imported for use exclusively in the packaging of Apples in their natural state

British Preferential Tariff.....	Free
Intermediate Tariff	7½ p.c.
General Tariff	35 p.c.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 199i).

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 4738, 5/7/45—Authority War Measures Act).

Series D No. 47

T.C. 202

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DIVISIONS)

OTTAWA, 11th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Tariff Change By Order in Council**

During the period 1st July, 1945 to 31st October, 1945, the undermentioned product is accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated and is exempted from the War Exchange Tax:—

Aluminum sheets	
British Preferential Tariff	Free
Intermediate Tariff	Free
General Tariff	30 p.c.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 353b.)

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 4739, 5/7/45—Authority War Measures Act).



PART III
 Wartime Prices and Trade Board
 (Finance)

REPAYMENT OF SUBSIDY NOTICE RS-25

COMMODITY PRICES STABILIZATION CORPORATION LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the rate of subsidy repayment applicable to Rubber Goods as described in Item 25 of Government Notice RS-23, published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations*, 1945, Vol. II, No. 8, on May 28, 1945, is reduced, effective July 1, 1945 to 2.9 cents per pound of rubber content.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of June, 1945.

COMMODITY PRICES STABILIZATION CORPORATION, LTD.
 per H. B. McKinnon, *President*.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement on Import Policy

Referring to the "Statement on Import Policy, effective February 11, 1943", published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* on February 22, 1943, notice is hereby given of the following changes in Schedules "A" and "B" to the said Statement, effective June 15, 1945.

Schedule "A" is amended by inserting therein the following:

<i>"Tariff Item"</i>	<i>Description of Goods</i>
109a	Peanuts, green, in the shell or not further processed than shelled."

Section 1 of Schedule "B" is amended by deleting therefrom Item "109a".

Ottawa, June 15, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 528

Rationed Foods (Butter)

Under powers given to the Board by Order-in-Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Order comes into force on June 30, 1945.
2. Subsection (5) of Section 6 of Board Order No. 465, Rationed Foods (Butter), is amended by adding thereto the following:

"Nos. 90 to 115 inclusive—August 31, 1945."

Made at Ottawa, this 29th day of June, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 529

Restrictions on Residence in Winnipeg Area*Explanatory Note:*

Under the provisions of the Emergency Shelter Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, as amended, a state of emergency in regard to shelter has been declared in the Winnipeg area and the Wartime Prices and Trade Board has appointed an Administrator of Emergency Shelter for such area.

There is an acute shortage of family quarters in the area which shortage cannot be met by immediate new construction because urgent national requirements have caused unavoidable scarcities in building materials and skilled labour.

It is, therefore, necessary to take measures that will prevent further congestion of the area and that will assist essential workers to obtain shelter.

There is not such an acute situation regarding single rooms with no housekeeping privileges and this Order does not apply to such rooms.

Therefore, under powers conferred by the said Regulations, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "Administrator" means the Administrator or Deputy Administrator of Emergency Shelter appointed for the Winnipeg area by the Board;
 - (b) "family quarters" means any place of dwelling except a room in a hotel or any room the occupant of which has no cooking privileges on the premises;
 - (c) "resident" means any person who was living in the Winnipeg area on July 16, 1945, and has continuously lived in such area since that date;
 - (d) "Winnipeg area" means the City of Winnipeg, the City of St. Boniface, the Town of Tuxedo, the Town of Transcona, the Village of Brooklands, and the Municipalities of Charleswood, St. James, Fort Garry, St. Vital, East Kildonan, North Kildonan, Old Kildonan, West Kildonan and Assiniboia.

2. (1) No person who is not a resident of the Winnipeg area shall rent or enter into occupation of family quarters in such area unless he has obtained from the Administrator a permit in writing under this Section.

(2) No landlord shall let any family quarters in the Winnipeg area to any person who he knows or has reason to believe is not a resident unless such person delivers to the landlord a permit issued by the Administrator under this Section.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of Order No. 294 of the Board respecting maximum rentals and termination of leases for housing accommodation and shared accommodation, the Rentals Appraiser shall not accept for filing under that Order any notice to vacate proposed to be given to the tenant of any family quarters in the Winnipeg area unless such notice to vacate has been stamped as approved by the Administrator. The landlord shall furnish such information as the Administrator may require.

3. (1) Every person who makes an application to the Administrator for a permit shall furnish such information as the Administrator may require.

(2) The Administrator shall be the sole judge as to whether a person is entitled to a permit and may grant or decline any permit.

(3) Every permit shall be on a form provided by the Board for that purpose.

4. Every holder of a permit given under this Order shall, upon renting family quarters, complete and detach Part B of such permit and return it to the Administrator and deliver Part A thereof to the landlord.

5. (1) In respect of any provision of this Order, the Administrator may give such special directions, permits or exemptions in such special cases as he deems proper.

(2) The Administrator may delegate to any person in the Emergency Shelter Administration such of his powers and discretions under this Order as he may specify.

6. This Order shall come into force on July 16, 1945.

Made at Ottawa, this 5th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 530

Replacement of Civilian Suits for Demobilized Service Personnel

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

EFFECTIVE DATE.

1. This Order comes into force on July 5, 1945.

DEFINITIONS.

2. For the purposes of this Order

- (a) "certificate" means a priority suit purchase certificate on a form prescribed by the Board and bearing a ship's stamp or an orderly room stamp of a discharge establishment or of a hospital of the Department of Veterans Affairs;
- (b) "manufacturer" means any person who has received from the Board a directive to manufacture men's suits;
- (c) "retailer" means any person, other than a merchant tailor, who sells suits of civilian clothes to a consumer;
- (d) "merchant tailor" means any person other than a manufacturer who cuts suits of civilian clothes on his own premises and sells the same at retail;

(e) "sell" includes offer to sell; and

(f) "veteran" means any serviceman or servicewoman who has been demobilized or discharged from the Army, Navy or Air Force of Canada and who has received a certificate on discharge.

PRIORITY OF DELIVERY.

3. Every retailer who sells suits and every manufacturer who sells made-to-measure suits and every merchant tailor and every fabric wholesaler selling to merchant tailors shall at all times give priority to sales against certificates.

MANUFACTURERS' RESERVE TO MEET CERTIFICATE DEMAND.

4. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), no manufacturer may deliver to any one of his customers more than sixty-five per centum (65%) of the allocation established for such customer in respect of the suits produced by the manufacturer pursuant to directives from the Board for production during the fall of 1945.

(2) Further deliveries to these customers may only be made by the manufacturer against certificates received from the customers.

(3) The provisions of this Section shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Fine Clothing, upon application to him, may grant in any individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstance.

PRIORITY OF REPLACEMENT.

5. In order to entitle a retailer to replacement of a suit sold to a demobilized serviceman or in order to entitle a merchant tailor to replacement of the fabric used in the manufacture of a suit sold to a demobilized serviceman, he must obtain a duly completed certificate from the demobilized serviceman within one month from the date of the said ship's stamp or orderly room stamp appearing on the certificate, and forward the same to his supplier.

PREDEMobilIZATION PURCHASE OF A CIVILIAN SUIT.

6. (1) Any serviceman of the Army, Navy or Air Force of Canada notified of, and awaiting his discharge may in order to purchase a made-to-measure suit before receiving a certificate submit in writing to a retailer or a merchant tailor, a certification as to his pending discharge, name, regimental number and unit, together with an undertaking to surrender a certificate on delivery of the suit, and such certification shall entitle him to the same priority in the purchase of a made-to-measure suit of civilian clothes as would have been provided by a certificate.

(2) If on the sale of a suit against such certification, no certificate is obtained by a retailer from a serviceman and surrendered to the manufacturer of made-to-measure suits who is the supplier thereof, the sale of that suit shall be applied by such manufacturer against the deliveries to that retailer, permitted under the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 4.

(3) No manufacturer of made-to-measure suits shall deliver to any retailer against certifications for which such manufacturer has not received certificates, more than the number of suits which under the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 4, he is permitted to deliver to that retailer.

CERTIFICATES FOR AUTHORIZED USE ONLY.

7. No person shall

(a) obtain, transfer, use, retain or have in his possession or under his control any certificate except as expressly authorized by this Order;

(b) impersonate or falsely represent himself or any other person to be the veteran to whom the certificate was issued or whose name appears on the certificate.

Made at Ottawa, this 5th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 535

Restrictions on Conventions, other Meetings and Organized Travel Groups

The Canadian transportation systems are overburdened, particularly as a result of heavy movements of troops from overseas. Furthermore, hotel accommodation is not available to meet military and other essential demands in certain centres of industry and transport. It is therefore necessary to regulate the use of hotel accommodation in certain areas, and of transportation systems, in regard to conventions, other meetings and organized travel groups.

Therefore, under authority conferred by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 8528 of November 1, 1941, as amended, and The Wartime Leasehold Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 9029 of November 21, 1941, as amended, the Board hereby orders as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order shall come into force on July 20, 1945.

Definitions

2. For the purpose of this Order unless the context otherwise requires,
 - (a) "convention or other meeting" means any organized gathering of persons, regardless of the purpose for which it is organized, other than sessions of federal and provincial legislatures and inter-governmental gatherings of government officials and representatives;
 - (b) "congested hotel area" means an urban area designated from time to time by the Board by notice published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations*;
 - (c) "hotel" includes a ship on board which a convention or other meeting may be held;
 - (d) "hotel operator" includes a steamship company in cases where a convention or other meeting may be held aboard any of its ships;
 - (e) "persons attending" a convention or other meeting includes any persons accompanying them.

All Meetings Limited as to Numbers Using Rail, Bus or Air Transportation

3. (1) A convention or other meeting may not be held if more than fifty persons attending it use railway, bus or air transportation for any part of their journey to it. This restriction does not apply to the use of urban transportation.

- (2) Every hotel operator who receives application for reservations for a convention or other meeting is required to obtain from a responsible official of the organization holding the convention or other meeting a signed statement in duplicate showing the maximum number of persons attending it who will be using rail, bus and air transportation for any part of their journey to it. If the number using such transportation is more than fifty, the hotel operator may not supply any accommodation to persons attending such conventions or other meeting. If such number is less than fifty and reservations are assigned, the hotel operator is required to forward to the Board's Director of Conventions at Ottawa one copy of the above-mentioned statement before supplying the accommodation.

- (3) Every hotel operator who has booked reservations for a convention or other meeting to be held on or after July 20, 1945, is required to obtain the statement in duplicate referred to in subsection (2) before supplying any accommodation to persons attending such convention or other meeting. If the maximum number who will use rail, bus or air transportation to attend it is over fifty, the hotel operator may not supply any accommodation to persons attending the convention or other meeting. If such number is less than fifty, the hotel operator is required to forward to the Director of Conventions a copy of the above-mentioned statement before supplying the accommodation.

Limitation on Accommodation in Congested Hotel Areas

4. (1) In any congested hotel area, a hotel operator may not supply accommodation which would result in the following classes of persons using more than a total of 10 per cent of the hotel's sleeping accommodation:

- (a) persons attending conventions and other meetings;
- (b) members of organized travel groups.

(2) In any congested hotel area, an operator of a hotel which has more than one hundred rooms must by the 10th day of each month make a report to the Director of Conventions specifying the total sleeping accommodation supplied on each night in the preceding calendar month to persons understood to be attending conventions or other meetings or to members of organized travel groups.

Powers of Secretary and Director of Conventions

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in this order, the Board's Secretary or Director of Conventions, when he deems it to be in the public interest and in order more fully to carry out the purpose and intent of this Order, may

- (a) require any hotel operator or other person to furnish any information in any specified form and manner;
- (b) require any hotel operator to furnish accommodation to any specified person or group of persons in such special circumstances as he deems proper;
- (c) require any hotel operator to make available for the use of the public any specified accommodation;
- (d) declare, by notice published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations*, that any area shall cease to be a "congested hotel area";
- (e) issue such special directions in such special cases as he deems proper.

Made at Ottawa, July 13, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Government Notice

Public notice is hereby given that the metropolitan areas of

Halifax, N.S.,
Montreal, Que.,
Ottawa, Ont.,
Toronto, Ont.,
Hamilton, Ont.,
Vancouver, B.C.,

are designated as congested hotel areas to which the provisions of Order No. 535 of the Board, regarding restrictions on conventions, meetings and organized travel groups, shall apply.

Dated at Ottawa, July 13, 1945.

A. F. W. PLUMPTRE,
Secretary.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 536

Controlling the Sale and Distribution of Corn

Under powers given to the Board by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations being Order in Council P.C. 8528, of November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

Effective Date

1. This Order comes into force on July 18, 1945.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "corn" means yellow, white or mixed shelled whole corn or ear corn, excluding, however, seed corn and popcorn;
 - (b) "elevator" means any premises into which grain may be received, or out of which it may be discharged, directly from or into railway cars or vessels and includes any such premises owned or operated by His Majesty, either directly or through any individual, public body or company;
 - (c) "licensed elevator" means an elevator licensed by the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada under the provisions of the Canada Grain Act;
 - (d) "sell" includes an offer to sell.

Restrictions on Sales of Corn

3. (1) On and after July 18, 1945, unless authorized in writing by the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, or by some other duly authorized representative of the Board, no operator of a licensed elevator in Ontario or Quebec shall sell, supply or deliver any corn to any other person.

(2) On and after July 18, 1945, unless authorized in writing by the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, or by some other duly authorized representative of the Board,

- (a) no processor of corn,
- (b) no person who uses corn as a constituent of any product processed or otherwise prepared for sale by him, and
- (c) no operator of an elevator which is not a licensed elevator and is situated in Ontario in the County of Essex, Kent, Elgin, Middlesex or Lambton,

who has in Ontario or Quebec a quantity of corn, in excess of 1,500 bushels, in stock, in transit to him or which is owned by him but not delivered to him, shall sell, supply or deliver any corn to any other person.

(3) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to sales of corn to a farmer for use as feed on his own farm premises.

Reports on Stocks

4. Every person to whom the provisions of Section 3 apply shall, not later than July 24, 1945, file with the Statistics Branch, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, No. 7 Temporary Building, Ottawa, Ontario, a report of the corn which at the close of business on July 17, 1945, he has in Ontario or Quebec in stock, in transit to him and which is owned by him but not delivered to him. This report must be made on a form according to the Schedule to this Order and must be signed by the person reporting or by some other person duly authorized to sign the report on his behalf.

Made at Ottawa this 17th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE TO ORDER No. 536

Return to—Statistics Branch, Research Division,
 Wartime Prices and Trade Board,
 No. 7 Temporary Building, Ottawa, Ont.

Stocks of corn on hand, in transit or owned but not delivered:

Type low, white or mixed)	(yel- white Shelled or mixed)	Ear or Shelled	Moisture Content %	Kiln or Natural dried	Grade (if known)	No. Bushels on hand
						bus.
						bus.
						bus.
						bus.
						bus.

If some or all of these stocks of corn are not held in the same city, town or village as the address of the person reporting, give below the details as to where the stocks are located. Stocks in transit should be considered as at their point of destination.

.....

Name of Firm..... Date.....

Address in full.....

.....

I certify that this is a true and correct statement.

.....
 (Signature)

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES ACT

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1668

Maximum Prices

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

PART I—INTRODUCTION

Application of the Order

1. This Order comes into force on July 16, 1945, and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1161, which is hereby revoked.

Prices Fixed Are Maximum Prices

2. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. Except as otherwise provided in this Order no charge may be made for a container or for packing, handling or any other service which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container, packing, handling and/or service exceeding the maximum price.

Additional Payments and Considerations Are Part of the Price

3. Any consideration, money or money's worth given or paid by the buyer to any person in connection with the purchase of any bananas or received by the seller from any person in connection with the sale of any bananas shall constitute part of the price of such bananas.

Definitions

4. For the purpose of this Order

- (a) "distributing centre" means a city, town or village in which one or more wholesale distributors are carrying on business or a city, town, village, municipality, district or area listed in the Schedule hereto;
- (b) "processed bananas" means fresh bananas that have been unloaded into and actually stored in rooms or buildings in Canada specially equipped for artificially ripening bananas, and there treated by controlled heating, humidification or other means customarily used to ripen bananas artificially;
- (c) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (d) "wholesale distributor" means any person who sells bananas at wholesale and "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail;
- (e) "Zone No. 1" means that part of Canada south of the 47th parallel of north latitude but not including any part of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia or Prince Edward Island;
- (f) "Zone No. 2" means that part of Canada not included in Zone No. 1.

PART II—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Maximum Prices—Sales by Wholesale Distributors

5. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any bananas shall be

- (a) if his place of business is in Zone No. 1,
10c per pound if the bananas are sold on the stem
and 10½c per pound if the bananas are sold in hands, or
- (b) if his place of business is in Zone No. 2,
11c per pound if the bananas are sold on the stem
and 11½c per pound if the bananas are sold in hands,

PLUS $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound if the bananas are processed bananas AND PLUS, if neither his nor the buyer's place of business is situated in a distributing centre listed in the Schedule hereto and he purchased the bananas in less than carload lots from another wholesale distributor whose place of business is in the same zone but not in the same distributing centre, the lesser of

- (a) the actual cost of transporting the bananas from the distributing centre in which his supplier's place of business is situated to the distributing centre in which his place of business is situated; or
- (b) an amount equal to the cost of transporting bananas by railway express to the distributing centre in which his place of business is situated from the distributing centre listed in the Schedule hereto nearest to it.

Free Delivery Areas

6. The maximum prices fixed by Section 5 include delivery to the buyer's place of business when it is in the distributing centre in which the seller has his place of business or is within the seller's customary free delivery area or is in a distributing centre listed in the Schedule hereto. In all other cases such prices are f.o.b. the seller's place of business.

PART III—SALES BY RETAILERS

Maximum Retail Prices—Bananas Purchased from a Wholesale Distributor in Canada

7. The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any bananas purchased by him from a wholesale distributor in Canada shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the lesser of
 - (i) the actual price paid by him for the bananas plus if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the amount, if any, paid by him for the transportation of the bananas from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business; or
 - (ii) the lawful maximum price at which the bananas may be sold to him by a wholesale distributor whose place of business is in the distributing centre listed in the Schedule hereto nearest to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business plus an amount equal to the cost of transporting bananas by railway express from such nearest listed distributing centre to such city, town or village;
- (b) if he purchased the bananas on the stem, a stem allowance of $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound; and
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "F" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

Maximum Retail Prices—Bananas Imported by the Seller

8. The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any bananas imported by him shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) $10\frac{3}{4}$ c per pound if his place of business is in Zone No. 1 or $11\frac{1}{4}$ c per pound if his place of business is in Zone No. 2;
- (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound if the bananas are processed bananas;
- (c) if his retail outlet is not in a distributing centre listed in the Schedule hereto and he took delivery of the bananas at a point in Canada which is not situated within the limits of the city, town or village in which his retail outlet is situated, the lesser of
 - (i) the amount, if any, paid by him for the transportation of the bananas from such receiving point to such city, town or village; or
 - (ii) an amount equal to the cost of transporting bananas by railway express to such city, town or village from the distributing centre listed in the Schedule hereto nearest to it; and
- (d) the markup under the markup symbol "F" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

PART IV—RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

Sales Invoices

9. (1) On every sale of bananas other than a sale at retail the seller shall at the time of delivery of the bananas furnish the buyer with an invoice showing:

- (a) the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer and the date of sale;
- (b) the quantity sold, the price per pound charged and whether the bananas are sold on the stem or in hands;
- (c) the word "processed" or the abbreviation "pro.", if the bananas are processed bananas.

(2) Every seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Records of Purchases

10. (1) Every person who buys any bananas for resale other than the importer thereof, shall at the time of delivery of the bananas to him obtain from his supplier an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 9.

(2) Every person who imports any bananas shall, before selling such bananas, record on the invoice furnished him by his supplier any of the particulars referred to in subsection (1) of Section 9 which are not recorded on that invoice when it is received by him.

(3) Every person who buys any bananas for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the bananas to him, obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the bananas.

Retention and Inspection of Invoices and Transportation Receipts

11. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller of bananas is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys any bananas for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

12. Every person who sells any bananas at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the quantity sold and the price per pound charged.

PART V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sales by Weight Only

13. Bananas shall be priced and sold by weight only.

Deposit Charge for Banana Crates

14. If on a sale by a wholesale distributor any bananas on the stem are shipped by common carrier packed in a banana crate, the seller may, in addition to the maximum price, charge the buyer 50c per crate as a deposit charge refundable upon return of the crate at the buyer's expense in the same condition as when received by the buyer. Such charge must be shown as a separate item on the seller's invoice and must not be included by the buyer in calculating his selling price.

Dated at Ottawa, this 5th day of July, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1668

Special List of Distributing Centres Referred to in Order No. A-1668

1. The City of Victoria and the municipalities of Oak Bay and Esquimalt.
2. The Cities of Vancouver, North Vancouver, and New Westminster, the municipalities of West Vancouver and Burnaby and the District of West Vancouver.
3. The City of Calgary.
4. The City of Edmonton.
5. The City of Regina.
6. The City of Saskatoon.
7. The City of Winnipeg and all territory lying within a radius of six miles of the City Hall of that city.
8. The City of Windsor.
9. The City of London.
10. The City of Hamilton.
11. The City of Toronto.
12. The Cities of Ottawa and Hull.
13. The Island of Montreal.
14. Quebec City.
15. The City of Saint John (N.B.).
16. The City of Halifax and the town of Dartmouth.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1672

Maximum Prices for Logs Cut in the Vancouver Forest District of British Columbia

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Interpretation

1. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "grade" with respect to fir and cedar logs means any of the grades set out for such logs in the schedule to the Forest Act of the Province of British Columbia, being Chapter 102 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, 1936.
 - (b) "No. 1 Peeler Douglas Fir Log" means a Douglas Fir Log which
 - (i) is suitable for rotary cutting; and
 - (ii) is long enough, after trim to cut two 8' 6" peeler blocks and
 - (iii) has a grain slope not exceeding

1 "	per foot in logs of 30" to 35" diameter
1½"	" " " " " 36" " 40" "
2 "	" " " " " 41" " 60" "
2½"	" " " " " 61" and over; and
 - (iv) is, except for length, otherwise a No. 1 grade fir log.
 - (c) "No. 2 Peeler Douglas Fir Log" means a Douglas Fir Log which
 - (i) is suitable for rotary cutting; and
 - (ii) is 30 inches or over in diameter at the small end; and
 - (iii) is long enough, after trim, to cut one 8' 6" peeler block; and
 - (iv) has a grain slope not exceeding

1 "	per foot in logs of 30" to 35" diameter
1½"	" " " " " 36" " 40" "
2½"	" " " " " 41" " 60" "
3 "	" " " " " 61" and over; and
 - (v) is otherwise a No. 2 grade fir log.

- (d) "Vancouver Forest District" means all that part of the Province of British Columbia outlined on a map issued by the Department of Lands of the said Province dated March 31, 1937 (Reprint April, 1942).
- (e) "timber stick" means any fir log over 40 feet in length which is of a quality suitable for producing heavy cutting timber.

Maximum Prices for Logs Cut in the Vancouver Forest District Fixed

2. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell, or at which any person may purchase any of the logs described in the Schedule to this Order which have been cut in the Vancouver Forest District, shall be the price shown for such logs in the said Schedule, which price includes the cost of delivering the logs to the mill or plant where they will normally be sawn or processed; provided that the maximum price at which the operator of such mill or plant may resell or offer to resell any No. 1 or No. 2 Peeler Douglas Fir Logs which come into his possession, or at which any other person who is the operator of a mill or plant may purchase such Peeler Douglas Fir Logs, shall be the price shown in the said Schedule increased by an amount not exceeding the actual cost of delivering the logs from his mill or plant to the purchaser's mill or plant.

(2) No person shall sell any fir log at a price in excess of the price fixed by the said Schedule for Graded Fir Logs, unless the log has been scaled by a Timber scaler appointed by the Timber Administrator or his representative and certified by such scaler to be a No. 1 or No. 2 Peeler Douglas Fir Log.

(3) No person shall sell or offer to sell, and no person shall purchase, except by grade, any fir or cedar logs, which have been cut in the Vancouver Forest District, other than timber sticks.

(4) No person shall sell or offer to sell any timber sticks, which have been cut in the Vancouver Forest District until the price has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

Disposition of Peeler Douglas Fir Logs

3. No person shall ship or deliver any No. 1 or No. 2 Peeler Douglas Fir Logs which have been cut in the Vancouver Forest District, unless the contract for the sale or supply of the logs has been approved by the Timber Administrator or his representative.

Invoices to Show Particulars of Logs Sold

4. Every person selling logs which have been cut in the Vancouver Forest District shall complete in duplicate an invoice covering each such sale made by him stating therein the following information:

- (a) the kind of logs sold; and
- (b) the grade of such logs if they are either fir or cedar; and
- (c) the footage of such logs according to the B.C. log scale; and
- (d) the price per thousand feet charged therefor.

Such vendor shall deliver one copy of the invoice to the purchaser and shall keep on file the other copy which shall be available for inspection by the Timber Administrator or his authorized representative at any time within twelve months of the transaction to which it relates.

Effective Date

5. This Order shall come into force on June 30, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 29th day of June, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

To ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1672

Maximum Prices for Logs Cut in the Vancouver Forest District of British Columbia

No. 1 Peeler Douglas Fir Logs.....	\$37.50 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale
No. 2 Peeler Douglas Fir Logs	31.50 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale

Fir Logs

Grade No. 1.....	\$29.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale
Grade No. 2.....	22.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale
Grade No. 3.....	17.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale

Hemlock Logs and/or Balsam Logs

Camp run logs.....	\$18.50 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale
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For selected logs of lumber quality 20" or more in diameter, when sorted, scaled and rafted separately, and sound, clean and reasonably free from knots, an extra \$2.50 may be charged making a maximum price of \$21 per thousand feet British Columbia log scale.

Cedar Shingle Logs

Grade No. 1.....	\$30.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale
Grade No. 2.....	24.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale
Grade No. 3.....	17.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale

Cedar Logs Selected for Clear Lumber Production, when sorted, scaled and rafted separately

Grade No. 1.....	\$32.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale
Grade No. 2.....	26.00 per thousand feet B.C. Log scale

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1681

Maximum Prices for Leathers

Whereas Board Order No. 292 as amended and Administrator's Orders No. A-13 and No. A-990, amongst other provisions, fix the maximum price at which some leather may be sold at certain levels in the trade for use in the manufacture of footwear, harness and leather garments respectively.

And whereas it is necessary to supplement the provisions of those Orders so that a maximum price will be provided for every leather at the tanner and wholesale levels of the trade.

Now therefore under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Hides and Leather, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Application of Order

1. This Order comes into effect on July 16, 1945.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order

- (a) "garment leather" means the leather used in the making of gloves, mitts, clothing,occasins, caps and helmets, whether made in whole or part of such leather;
- (b) "footwear leather" means the leather used in making footwear;

- (c) "harness leather" means the leather used in making harness or harness parts;
- (d) "manufacturer" means any person using leather in the making of garments, footwear or harness;
- (e) "sell" includes "offer to sell";
- (f) "tanner" means any person who holds a valid licence issued in accordance with the provisions of Order No. 48 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board; and
- (g) "wholesaler" means any person other than a tanner who sells leather other than at retail.

Tanners' Maximum Prices

3. (1) The maximum price at which a tanner may sell any garment leather
 - (a) which is identical in every respect, including trade description, with any garment leather listed in Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-990 shall be the price fixed by that Order for sales by him of that identical leather;
 - (b) which is not identical in every respect, including trade description, with any garment leather listed in Schedule "A" to said Administrator's Order No. A-990, shall be the price fixed by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414, for sales by him of such dissimilar leather.
- (2) The maximum price at which a tanner may sell any footwear leather
 - (a) which is identical in every respect, including trade description, with any footwear leather sold by him during the basic period established by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations (September 15, 1941 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive), shall be the price fixed by Board Order No. 292 as amended, for sales by him of such leather; provided that if Board Order No. 292 does not apply to any such identical leather, his maximum selling price for such leather shall be the maximum price established by him on sales of that leather in the basic period in accordance with all the provisions of Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations;
 - (b) which is not identical in every respect, including trade description, with any footwear leather sold by him during the said basic period, shall be the price fixed by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414 for sales by him of such dissimilar leather.
- (3) The maximum price at which a tanner may sell any harness leather
 - (a) which is identical in every respect, including trade description, with any harness leather sold by him during the said basic period, shall be the price fixed by Administrator's Order No. A-13 for sales by him of such leather;
 - (b) which is not identical in every respect, including trade description, with any harness leather sold by him during the said basic period shall be the price fixed by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414 for sales by him of such dissimilar leather.
- (4) The maximum price at which a tanner may sell any leather, other than garment leather, footwear leather or harness leather,
 - (a) which is identical in every respect, including trade description, with any leather sold by him during the said basic period, shall be the maximum price established by him on sales of that leather in the basic period in accordance with all the provisions of Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations;
 - (b) which is not identical in every respect, including trade description, with any leather sold by him during the said basic period, shall be the price fixed by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414 for sales by him of such dissimilar leather.
- (5) No tanner shall after August 21, 1945, sell, ship or deliver dissimilar leather referred to in subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this Section, unless his maximum selling price for the same has been fixed by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414.

Wholesalers' Maximum Prices

4. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any footwear leather
 - (a) which is identical in every respect, including trade description, with any footwear leather sold by him during the said basic period, shall be the price fixed by Board Order No. 292 as amended, for sales by him of such leather;
 - (b) which is not identical in every respect, including trade description, with any footwear leather sold by him during the said basic period, shall be the price fixed by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414 for sales by him of such dissimilar leather.
- (2) The maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any leather other than footwear leather,
 - (a) which is identical in every respect, including trade description, with any leather sold by him during the said basic period shall be the maximum price established by him on sales of that leather in the basic period in accordance with all the provisions of Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations;
 - (b) which is not identical in every respect, including trade description, with any leather sold by him during the said basic period, shall be the price fixed by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414 for sales by him of such dissimilar leather.
- (3) No wholesaler shall, after August 21, 1945, sell, ship or deliver dissimilar leather referred to in subsections (1) and (2) of this Section unless his maximum selling price for the same has been fixed by the Administrator pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414.

Sales by a Wholesaler of Leather Purchased from Another Wholesaler

5. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any leather purchased by him from another wholesaler, shall be the sum of the following, f.o.b. his place of business:
 - (a) the lawful maximum price at which the leather may be sold to him by his supplier; and
 - (b) if such delivery is not within his supplier's customary free delivery zone, the actual amount paid by him for transporting the leather from his supplier's shipping point to his receiving point, but not in any event exceeding the less than carload freight rate.
- (2) If a wholesaler sells any leather to another wholesaler, the selling wholesaler must show on his invoice to the buying wholesaler the maximum price at which the selling wholesaler, may sell that leather, f.o.b. his place of business.

Reports from Wholesalers

6. Every wholesaler shall on or before August 1, 1945, forward to the Administrator a report on the leather referred to in each of clauses (a) of subsections (1) and (2) of Section 4, giving the following information in respect of such leather, namely:
 - (a) the name and address of his supplier;
 - (b) the laid down cost at his place of business;
 - (c) his lawful maximum selling price;
 - (d) an adequate identification of each leather, stating quality, trade description, grade, and his supplier's number or name for it.

Sales Invoice

7. (1) On every sale (except a sale at retail) of any leather the seller shall within ten days of the date of shipment, furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the following:
 - (a) the date of shipment;
 - (b) his name and address and that of the person to whom the leather is sold;
 - (c) the description of the leather, including the quality and grade and the seller's number or name for each line of leather included in the sale;

- (d) the exact quantity and price per unit of each line sold and the total amount of the invoice;
 - (e) all discounts allowable by him on the said total amount of the invoice; and
 - (f) a declaration which may be printed, written or stamped on the invoice stating the price charged for each line of leather included in the sale is not more than the highest price fixed by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations or by or under authority of the Board on sales by him of that line.
- (2) On every sale of any leather, the seller shall make and keep a duplicate or true copy of every invoice required by this Order to be supplied by him and every person who receives such an invoice shall keep it on file.
- (3) No person shall sell, ship or deliver in pursuance of a sale any leather purchased by him on or after July 16th, 1945, unless he has received an invoice for the leather from his supplier as required by subsection (1).

Retention of Invoices

8. Every person who pursuant to this Order receives or furnishes any invoice, shall retain each such invoice or invoice copy, as the case may be, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within three years after the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Dated at Ottawa, this 12th day of July, 1945.

R. A. STEWART,
Administrator of Hides and Leather

Approved:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1682

Respecting Rotenone

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Effective Date, Definitions and Purposes of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on July 16, 1945, and as of that date revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-857 respecting pyrethrum and rotenone.

(2) Rotenone is a botanical insecticide which is produced principally, if not entirely, outside of Canada. It is an important ingredient in the manufacture of pesticides.

(3) "Rotenone" is the active alkaloid present in derris, cube, timbo and other roots and plants. It includes all such roots and plants, ground and unground. It includes a processed powder consisting wholly or partly of such roots or plants or containing their active principle. It includes also a fluid containing wholly or partly the extract from such roots or plants.

(4) This Order deals with rotenone as a raw material, as herein defined, and prescribes the conditions under which it may be:

- (a) processed or used as an ingredient of manufactured pesticides, or
- (b) bought, sold or otherwise dealt with.

(5) This Order also deals with rotenone which has been used as an ingredient of manufactured pesticides and imposes certain conditions on sellers and buyers of such pesticides. Unless it is otherwise clearly stated, whenever the word rotenone is used the primary or raw material, as herein defined, is referred to.

Prohibitions Against Dealing in Rotenone Except Under Permit

2. Except with the written permission of the Administrator, no person shall process in any manner nor use any rotenone in the manufacture of any commodity.

3. No person shall sell, deliver or dispose of any rotenone to any person, until:—

- (a) he has received from such person a permit in writing issued by the Administrator and in such case the sale or delivery shall be limited to the quantity indicated in such permit, or;
- (b) he has received from the Administrator a direction in writing authorizing or requiring the sale or delivery of a specified quantity to a named person.

4. No person shall acquire in Canada any rotenone until he has obtained from the Administrator permission in writing therefor.

Authorizations and Permits

5. Applications for authorizations and permits shall be made to the Administrator. The applicant shall give such information and assurances and shall enter into such undertakings as the Administrator may from time to time require. The authorizations and permits will be issued, in the discretion of the Administrator and subject to such conditions and directions as he may impose.

6. Authority with respect to written permits and authorizations may be exercised by the Director of Pesticides in the name of the Administrator.

Records

7. Every person who deals in, processes, uses, sells or delivers rotenone, to which this Order applies, shall keep a complete record of the dealings including the quantities used in every such process, use or sale. The record shall, upon request, be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

Exemptions

8. The provisions of this Order are subject to such written exemption as the said Administrator, upon application to him, may grant in any individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of July, 1945.

G. S. PEART,
*Administrator of Fertilizers and
Pesticides.*

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1683

Controlling Sales of and Fixing Maximum Prices for certain Processed and Preserved Berries and Fruits in British Columbia

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on July 16, 1945, and revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-794, as amended.

2. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "fresh fruit" means fresh strawberries, fresh raspberries, fresh loganberries, fresh black currants or fresh apricots;

- (b) "processor" means any person who processes and preserves in British Columbia any fresh fruit in the manner referred to in Section 3 of this Order.

3. Except as otherwise provided in Section 4 of this Order, every person who processes and preserves in British Columbia any fresh fruit in SO₂, or by heat sterilization or by freezing with or without sugar, shall retain all such products in his possession or under his control, until he receives directions in writing from the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables or from some other duly authorized representative of the Board, as to their sale and distribution to persons named in the directions, and shall sell all such products to the persons so named.

4. A processor is not required to retain under Section 3, any quantity of his total pack of any product referred to therein that he quick freezes and packages in consumer packages of one pound or less, and he may use any of the products referred to in Section 3 himself, to manufacture jam or ice cream in British Columbia.

5. Every processor who packs any of the products referred to in Section 3 for sale, shall furnish the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables with a report showing the total quantity (by weight) of each kind of fresh fruit purchased by him for any purpose from the growers in each year and the total price paid by him to the growers for each kind of fresh fruit so purchased by him. The report must be filed not later than ten days following the completion of his total pack in each year of all the products referred to in Section 3 and shall be forwarded to Foods Officer, Marine Bldg., Vancouver, B.C.

6. Every processor who packs any of the products referred to in Section 3 for sale, shall make and keep written records sufficient to disclose full particulars of his total purchases of fresh fruit from growers.

7. (1) The maximum price at which any processor may sell any quantity of any kind of fresh fruit processed and preserved by him in any year in the manner referred to in Section 3, shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) an amount equal to the actual price paid by him for the quantity of fresh fruit contained in the quantity of the product sold provided that such amount shall be calculated at a price per pound equal to the average price per pound paid by him to the growers for the total quantity of that kind of fresh fruit purchased by him for all purposes in that year (to be determined by dividing such total quantity purchased into the total price paid; provided, however, that in the case of fresh apricots the weight used shall be the weight of the apricots after they are pitted);
- (b) an amount equal to 3 cents per pound for each pound of fresh fruit contained in the quantity of the product sold;
- (c) an amount equal to the actual cost to him of the quantity of sugar, if any, contained in the quantity of the product sold; and
- (d) an amount equal to 1½ cents per pound for each pound of sugar, if any, contained in the quantity of the product sold.

(2) The maximum prices fixed in subsection (1) are f.o.b. the seller's plant and in the case of any frozen product include the cost of storing that product for a period of one month. If the seller stores any frozen product for a period of more than one month, he may add his actual cost of such storage to his selling price for that product. No charges shall be made by a seller for storing any product other than a frozen product.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of July, 1945.

F. D. MATHERS,
Administrator of Processed Fruits
and Vegetables.

Approved:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1684

Registration of Vacant Private Dwellings in Winnipeg Area

In order that the Administrator of Emergency Shelter for the Winnipeg area may adequately fulfil his functions, it is necessary that shelter that is available and that is not shared accommodation be registered with the Administrator.

Therefore, under powers conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board pursuant to the Emergency Shelter Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, as amended, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(a) "Winnipeg area" means the City of Winnipeg, the City of St. Boniface, the town of Tuxedo, the Town of Transcona, the Village of Brooklands, and the Municipalities of Charleswood, St. James, Fort Garry, St. Vital, East Kildonan, North Kildonan, Old Kildonan, West Kildonan and Assiniboia.

(b) "private dwelling" means any house, whether detached, semi-detached or attached, or a private section of a duplex, triplex or quadruplex, and includes a summer house, cottage or cabin, but does not include a flat or suite of rooms in a single-family house or an apartment in an apartment block.

2. (1) Every private dwelling in the Winnipeg area that is vacant on July 25, 1945, shall be registered with the Administrator of Emergency Shelter not later than July 31, 1945.

(2) The registration shall be by the owner of the dwelling or by his agent. To register, the owner or his agent shall complete the following form (furnishing all information asked in the form) and deliver or mail it to the Administrator of Emergency Shelter, 300 Main Street, Winnipeg.

EMERGENCY SHELTER ADMINISTRATION

Form for Registration of Vacant Houses or

Vacant Summer Cottages

Name of Owner
Address
Telephone No.
Location of House or Cottage.....

TYPE OF SPACE

House
Cottage

Number of Rooms.....

If Summer cottage, is it adaptable to Winter occupancy? Yes or No.....

Do you intend to occupy this space yourself?

If so, on what date?.....

If not, have you rented the house or Summer cottage?

If so, to whom?

Tenant's Permit Number

On what date does tenant intend to occupy?

Date Signature of Owner or Agent

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of July, 1945.

E. B. COMPLIN,
Administrator of Emergency Shelter
(Winnipeg Area).

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1685

Maximum Prices for Sales of Smoked Winnipeg Goldeyes

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fish and Fish Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Application of Order

1. This Order comes into force on July 23, 1945, and revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1508.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "importer" means a person who imports Winnipeg Goldeyes;
- (b) "processor" means a person who smokes and otherwise processes Winnipeg Goldeyes or who has Winnipeg Goldeyes smoked and otherwise processed for him by any other person;
- (c) "Winnipeg Goldeyes" means fresh water fish of the mooneye or lake herring family, caught or taken from Lake Winnipeg, Lake Winnipegosis or from any other fresh water lake or river in Canada or the United States west of the Great Lakes and smoked and otherwise processed for sale under the trade name of Winnipeg Goldeyes;
- (d) "wholesale distributor" means any person other than a processor or importer, who sells otherwise than at retail;
- (e) "sell" includes an offer to sell.

Maximum Prices for Sales by any Person to Retailers

3. The maximum price at which any person may sell any Winnipeg Goldeyes to a retailer shall be as follows:—

- (a) on a sale f.o.b. Winnipeg, 35 cents per pound;
- (b) on a sale at any point other than Winnipeg, 35 cents per pound PLUS the amount, not exceeding the common carrier freight rate, paid by him for transporting from Winnipeg to such point,
 - (i) the fresh or frozen fish, if he is a processor; or
 - (ii) the Winnipeg Goldeyes, if he is an importer or a wholesale distributor.

Maximum Prices for Sales by Processors or Importers to Wholesale Distributors

4. The maximum price f.o.b. any point at which a processor or an importer may sell any Winnipeg Goldeyes to a wholesale distributor shall be the maximum price fixed by Section 3 for sales of such fish by him to a retailer at that point, less

- (a) the trade discount off his list price for sales of Winnipeg Goldeyes to retailers which he customarily allowed during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, on sales of such fish to wholesale distributors; or
- (b) a trade discount of not less than 3 cents per pound, if he did not sell Winnipeg Goldeyes to wholesale distributors during the said basic period on the basis of a trade discount off his list price for sales of such fish to retailers.

Maximum Prices for Sales at Retail

5. The maximum price at which any person may sell any Winnipeg Goldeyes at retail shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the Winnipeg Goldeyes but not in any event exceeding the maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier;
- (b) actual transportation charges paid by him that are not included in the actual price he paid for the Winnipeg Goldeyes; and
- (c) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of Winnipeg Goldeyes, but not in any event exceeding 12 cents per pound.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices and Include all Charges

6. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. These prices include all charges and no charge may be made for a container or for smoking, processing, packing, labelling or wrapping which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container, smoking, processing, packing, labelling and wrapping exceeding the maximum price.

Sales Invoices

7. (1) On every sale of Winnipeg Goldeyes other than a sale at retail, the seller shall at the time of delivery of the fish furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the name and identifying address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the quantity sold and the price per pound charged.

(2) The seller shall keep a duplicate copy and the buyer the original of each invoice furnished by the seller as required by this Section, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

(3) Every person who sells any Winnipeg Goldeyes at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the name and address of the seller, the date of sale, the quantity sold and the price per pound charged.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th day of July, 1945.

A. N. McLEAN,
Administrator of Fish and Fish Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1686

Maximum Prices for Sales by Wholesale Distributors and Retailers of Fresh Water Fish, Atlantic Cured Fish and Atlantic Fresh and Frozen Shell Fish

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fish and Fish Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1452 is hereby amended by revoking clause (a) of Section 1 thereof and substituting therefor the following:

“(a) fresh, frozen, smoked, cured or otherwise processed fresh water fish except salmon and other fish which only inhabit fresh water temporarily and Winnipeg Goldeyes.”

2. This Order comes into force on July 23, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th day of July, 1945.

A. N. McLEAN,
Administrator of Fish and Fish Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

(Consolidation of Supplements Nos. 11-19 to Order No. P.O. 4B)

Dated July 13, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

SUPPLEMENT No. 11 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Use of Code Numbers for New Products

Any person who proposes to make any product which he is not now making may use the appropriate PCS Code Number and MRO Symbol assigned by Order No. P.O. 4B for purchase orders covering maintenance, repair and operating supplies and minor capital expenditures which he requires before actually beginning production of such product.

Any person who needs jigs, dies, fixtures, special tooling or minor hand tools for the manufacture of a product which he is not presently manufacturing may use the appropriate PCS Code Number and MRO Symbol assigned by Order No. P.O. 4B to the product which he is going to make and may consider these items as MRO.

SUPPLEMENT No. 12 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

P.C.S. 23A, Schedule 1

Subparagraph (iii) in the note added to PCS 23 in Schedule 1 by Order No. P.O. 4B-2 reading "Any product to the production of which a 'Z' symbol has been assigned" is rescinded.

SUPPLEMENT No. 13 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Aluminum Foil

Any person who conducts any business or activity listed in Schedules 2 or 3 or in the note added to PCS 23 in Schedule 1 by Order No. P.O. 4B-2 may use the MRO Symbol and appropriate PCS Code Number on any purchase order for—

"Aluminum foil (plain, printed, embossed, laminated or otherwise processed) for their own use for wrapping purposes"

irrespective of whether or not such material is charged to operating expense under a particular person's accounting practice.

SUPPLEMENT No. 14 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Transportation Equipment, Schedule 2

The item in subsection (1) of Schedule 2 under the above head commencing with the words "Motor vehicles" is amended by adding at the end thereof the words,

"and passenger car repair and replacement parts excluding passenger cars and parts".

SUPPLEMENT No. 15 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Miscellaneous Products, Schedule 2

The item in subsection (1) of Schedule 2 under the above head reading "Refrigerators and parts (domestic)" is amended to read "Refrigerators: repair parts only".

SUPPLEMENT No. 16 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Miscellaneous Products, Schedule 2

Subsection (1) of Schedule 2 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Cordage: Manila, sisal, henequen, jute, and istle; twine, and jute rope yarns."
"Screen cloth; metal, insect".

SUPPLEMENT No. 17 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Transportation Equipment, Schedule 3

Subsection (1) of Schedule 3 is amended by inserting after the item commencing with the word "Wagons" under the above head the words,

"Civilian type aircraft."

"Motor vehicles, bodies, engines, parts and accessories, non-military; passenger cars only".

SUPPLEMENT No. 18 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Miscellaneous Products, Schedule 3

Subsection (1) of Schedule 3 is further amended by adding at the end thereof the words,

"Refrigerators and parts (domestic)".

SUPPLEMENT No. 19 TO ORDER No. P.O. 4B

Institutions and Governmental Agencies, Schedule 3

Subsection (3) of Schedule 3 is amended by adding at the end thereof the words,

"Public recorders—recording of public documents and records".

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

Supplement No. 20 to Order No. P.O. 4B

Dated July 13, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *P.C.S. 24 Amended*

Schedule 1 to the Order of the Priorities Officer No. P.O. 4B dated January 29, 1944, is amended by deleting from P.C.S. 24—All other Equipment and Supplies, the words "maintenance, repair and operating supplies and minor capital expenditures".

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

(Consolidation of Supplements Nos: 17-26 and 16A to Order No. P.O. 5C)

Dated July 13, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

SUPPLEMENT No. 17 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

MRO for Conversion to New Products

Any person who proposes to make any product which he is not now making may use the appropriate United States preference rating and MRO allotment symbol assigned to that product by Order No. P.O. 5C to get maintenance, repair and operating supplies and minor capital expenditures, from the United States, which he requires before actually beginning production of such product.

Any person who needs jigs, dies, fixtures, special tooling or minor hand tools for the manufacture of a product which he is not presently manufacturing may use the appropriate United States preference rating and MRO allotment symbol assigned by Order No. P.O. 5C to the product for which he is going to use such items.

Any purchases made under the provisions of this Supplement must be governed by the provisions of subsection (5) of Section 4 of Order No. P.O. 5C.

SUPPLEMENT No. 18 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Transportation Equipment, Schedule 2 (2)

The item under Subsection (2) of Schedule 2 commencing with the words "Motor vehicles" is amended by adding at the end thereof the following words,

"and passenger car repair and replacement parts but excluding passenger cars and parts".

SUPPLEMENT No. 19 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Miscellaneous Products, Schedule 2 (2)

The item under Subsection (2) of Schedule 2 reading "Refrigerators and parts (domestic)" is amended to read "Refrigerators: repair parts only".

SUPPLEMENT No. 20 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Miscellaneous Products, Schedule 2 (2)

Subsection (2) of Schedule 2 is amended by adding at the end thereof under the above head the following:—

"Cordage: Manila, sisal, henequen, jute, and istle; twine, and jute rope yarns."
"Screen cloth; metal, insect".

SUPPLEMENT No. 21 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Aluminum Foil—Businesses and Activities Listed in Schedules 2, 3 and 8

Any person conducting any business or activity listed in Schedules 2, 3 or 8 to Order No. P.O. 5C may use the appropriate MRO rating and symbol on a purchase order for—

"Aluminum foil (plain, printed, embossed, laminated or otherwise processed) for their own use for wrapping purposes"

irrespective of whether such material is charged to operating expense under a particular person's accounting practice.

SUPPLEMENT No. 22 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Transportation Equipment, Schedule 3 (2)

The following items are added to Subsection (2) of Schedule 3 under the above head:—

"Civilian type aircraft."

"Motor vehicles, bodies, engines, parts and accessories, non-military; passenger cars only".

SUPPLEMENT No. 23 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Miscellaneous Products, Schedule 3 (2)

Subsection (2) of Schedule 3 is amended by adding at the end thereof under the above head the following:—

"Refrigerators and parts (domestic)".

SUPPLEMENT No. 24 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Institutions and Governmental Agencies, Schedule 3 (4)

Subsection (4) of Schedule 3 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:—

"Public recorders—recording of public documents and records".

SUPPLEMENT No. 25 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Sodium, Schedule 7, Item 4

Item 4 of Schedule 7 is amended by adding the word "Metasilicate" after "Hydrosulfite" under the head of "Sodium".

SUPPLEMENT No. 26 TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

"Z" Symbol, Schedule 8 (2)

Subsection (2) of Schedule 8 is amended by deleting therefrom the words "Any product to the production of which a 'Z' symbol has been assigned".

SUPPLEMENT No. 16A TO ORDER No. P.O. 5C

Schedule 5, List B

1. Blowers and Industrial Vacuum Cleaners, Item 10

Item 10 in the List B of Schedule 5 to Order No. P.O. 5C is amended to read:

"Blowers, portable electric hand, and industrial vacuum cleaners."

2. Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems and Parts, Item 60

Notwithstanding the inclusion of item "60 Refrigeration and air conditioning systems and parts" in List B of Schedule 5 AA-1 blanket MRO ratings assigned by Order No. P.O. 5C may be used to get refrigeration and air conditioning systems and parts to be installed and operated in the production area, cafeteria, or restaurant of an industrial plant (excluding offices, recreation rooms, conference rooms, drafting rooms, first aid rooms, change and rest rooms, and dispensaries).

3. Scales, Item 85

Item 85 in the said List B is amended to read:—

"Scales and balances."

4. The said List B is further amended by adding thereto the following items:—

94. Office Machines

95. Typewriters

96. Bicycles

97. Chain, welded coil, sizes 5/16" and under

98. Metal bathtubs.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

Supplement No. 27 to Order No. P.O. 5C

Dated July 13, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Paragraph (3) of Schedule 4 Amended*

Paragraph (3) of Schedule 4 to the Order of the Priorities Officer No. P.O. 5C dated November 17, 1944, is amended by deleting therefrom the words "except mining, quarrying, milling, smelting and refining of non-strategic metals and minerals".

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 3C

(Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee Membership Amended)

Dated July 13, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 3 of January 4, 1944 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Section 3 Amended*

Section 3 of the Rubber Controller Order No. Rubber 3, dated December 17, 1942 as amended, is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

"3. *Membership*

The Committee shall consist of the persons hereinafter named:

- (1) W. R. Walton, Jr., of Toronto, to be Chairman of the Committee;
- (2) M. H. Cryder of New Toronto;
- (3) H. T. Humby of Hamilton;
- (4) C. L. Brittain of Toronto;
- (5) S. Parkes of Toronto;
- (6) H. Wolfhard of Kitchener;
- (7) N. A. Austin of Granby;
- (8) W. H. Eastlake of Montreal;
- (9) O. W. Titus of Leaside;
- (10) W. H. Shaw of New Toronto;
- (11) O. B. Crowell of Toronto;
- (12) F. H. Cressman of Kitchener;
- (13) E. D. Jackson of Welland;
- (14) E. S. Young of Toronto;
- (15) C. C. Thackray of Montreal;
- (16) John Ramsay of Toronto;
- (17) W. R. Blundell of Montreal;
- (18) D. R. Gregory of Toronto;

and such other persons as the Rubber Controller may from time to time appoint as members of the Committee in addition to, or in substitution for, any of the persons above named."

2. Section 5 Amended

Subsections (1) and (2) of Section 5 of the said Order No. Rubber 3 as amended, are rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

"(1) Sub-Committees for the rubber products set out hereunder are hereby established and the members of the Committee designated as Chairman for such Sub-Committees are hereby appointed as such.

Tires and Tire Accessories.....	M. H. Cryder
Automotive Rubber Parts.....	F. H. Cressman
Mechanical Goods.....	C. L. Brittain
Rubber Footwear.....	H. Wolfhard
Insulated Wire and Cable.....	W. H. Eastlake
Drug Sundries and Coated Fabrics.....	W. H. Shaw
Crude Rubber Grade Substitution.....	E. S. Young
Reclaim and Scrap Usage.....	C. C. Thackray
Rubber Soles and Heels.....	W. R. Blundell
Packaging	D. R. Gregory

(2) With the consent of the Chairman of the Committee and the concurrence of the Rubber Controller, the Chairman of each Sub-Committee may appoint such other persons as he may desire to be members of such Sub-Committee."

J. A. MARTIN,
Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 122

OTTAWA, July 11, 1945. /

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:—

1. That Annex No. 1 of Export Permit Branch Order No. 103 of November 22, 1944, be amended, in respect of the inclusive item Paper and Board Manufacturers, by excluding Paperboard Boxes from the exemption specified therein, so that an export permit will be required for Boxes of Paperboard (other than fibre or corrugated), fabricated or semi-fabricated, in any form, when shipped from Canada to any destination, other than to parts of the British Empire.

2. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after July 19, 1945.

D. C. ABBOTT,
Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III, No. 4



JULY 30, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

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PART I
Orders in Council

The Merchant Seamen Compensation Regulations, 1945

P.C. 4755

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 17th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas existing provincial Workmen's Compensation Acts vary considerably in their general provisions and scales of benefits, and do not provide adequate protection for seamen who as a result of accident, suffer injury, disability or death while serving on Canadian ships employed in home-trade and foreign voyages;

And whereas it is deemed desirable to provide such seamen with this protection, the most expeditious and effective method being to establish, as a wartime measure, regulations providing for a scale of benefits for injury, disability, or death suffered by the said seamen in cases not covered by the various provincial Compensation Acts, the said benefits to be paid by their employers and the cost of administering the said regulations to be charged to the employers;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport and under the authority of the War Measures Act (Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927), is pleased to make the attached regulations entitled "The Merchant Seamen Compensation Regulations 1945", and they are hereby made and established accordingly, with effect the first day of August, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

CANADIAN REGULATIONS TO PROVIDE COMPENSATION WHERE
MERCHANT SEAMEN ARE KILLED OR SUFFER INJURIES
WHILE PERFORMING THEIR DUTIES

TITLE

1. These regulations may be cited as *The Merchant Seamen Compensation Regulations 1945*.

DEFINITIONS

2. In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "accident" includes a wilful and an intentional act, not being the act of the seaman, and a fortuitous event occasioned by a physical or natural cause;
- (b) "Board" means the Merchant Seamen Compensation Board;
- (c) "compensation" includes medical and hospital expenses and any other benefits, expenses or allowances authorized by these regulations;
- (d) "dependents" means such of the members of the family of a seaman as were wholly or partly dependent upon his earnings at the time of his death, or who but for the incapacity due to the accident would have been so dependent;
- (e) "employer" includes every person having any seaman in his service under a contract of hiring or apprenticeship, written or oral, express or implied;

- (f) "invalid" means physically or mentally incapable of earning;
- (g) "Minister" means the Minister of Transport;
- (h) "seaman" means every person, except pilots, apprenticed pilots and fishermen, employed or engaged on
 - (i) a ship registered in Canada; or
 - (ii) a ship chartered by demise to a person resident in Canada or having his principal place of business in Canada;
 when such ship is engaged in trading on a foreign voyage or on a home trade voyage as these voyages are defined in the Canada Shipping Act, 1934;
- (i) "ship" means any ship or vessel as defined in the Canada Shipping Act, 1934.

BOARD

3. (1) There shall be a Board to be known as the "Merchant Seamen Compensation Board" consisting of three Members, namely, a Chairman, a Vice-Chairman and a third Member who shall be appointed by the Minister and who shall hold office during pleasure and serve without remuneration.

(2) The Chairman, and in his absence the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at the meetings of the Board.

(3) Two members shall constitute a quorum, and in all proceedings of the Board the votes of the majority of the Members shall govern.

(4) If any of the Members, by reason of any temporary incapacity, is unable at any time to perform the duties of his office, the Minister may appoint a temporary substitute Member.

SCOPE

4. No compensation shall be payable under these Regulations:—

(1) Where a seaman is or his dependents are entitled to claim compensation under Government Employees Compensation Act, or under any provincial Workmen's Compensation Act;

(2) Where a seaman is or his dependents are entitled to claim compensation under Order in Council P.C. 104/3546 of April 30, 1942, or any other Order in Council which provides similar benefits.

5. (1) Where an accident happens in respect of which a seaman is or his dependents are entitled to claim compensation under the law of any foreign country, they shall be bound to elect whether they will claim compensation under such law or under these Regulations, and to give notice of such election, and if such election is not made and notice given it shall be presumed that they have elected not to claim compensation under these Regulations.

(2) Notice of the election under subsection one of this section shall be given to the Board within three months after the happening of the accident or in case it results in death, within three months after the death or within such longer period as either before or after the expiration of such three months the Board may allow.

(3) No compensation shall be payable in respect of any accident mentioned in subsection one of this section unless the seaman or his dependents submit to the Board, in a form approved by the Board, a waiver of all claims for compensation under the foreign law referred to in that subsection.

6. These regulations shall apply to accidents happening within or without Canada.

COMPENSATION

7. (1) The employer of a seaman injured by reason of an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment shall pay compensation in the manner and to the extent provided by these regulations, except where the injury:

- (a) does not disable the seaman for a period of at least seven days from earning full wages at the work at which he was employed; or

(b) is attributable solely to the serious and wilful misconduct of the seaman unless the injury results in death or serious disablement.

(2) Where compensation for disability is payable, it shall be computed and be payable from the date of the disability.

8. Except with the approval of the Board the amount of compensation payable under these regulations shall not be subject to any deduction or abatement by reason or on account or in respect of any matter or thing whatsoever save in respect of any sums of money which have been paid by the employer to the seaman on account of the injury received by the seaman, which sum or sums shall be deducted from the amount of the said compensation.

9. Except with the approval of the Board the amount of compensation payable under these regulations shall not be capable of being assigned, charged or attached and shall not pass to any other person by operation of law nor shall any claim be set off against it.

10. It shall not be competent for a seaman to agree with his employer to waive or to forego any of the benefits to which he or his dependents are or may become entitled under these regulations and every agreement to that end shall be absolutely void.

11. No action shall lie for the recovery of compensation payable under these regulations but all claims for compensation shall be heard and determined by the Board.

12. The right to compensation provided by these regulations shall be in lieu of all rights and rights of action, statutory or otherwise, to which a seaman or his dependents are or may be entitled against the employer of such seaman for or by reason of any accident happening to him while in the employment of such employer, and no action in respect thereof shall lie.

13. Any party to an action may apply to the Board for adjudication and determination of the question of the plaintiff's right to compensation under these regulations, or as to whether the action is one the right to bring which is taken away by these regulations and such adjudication and determination shall be final and conclusive.

14. The Board shall have exclusive jurisdiction to examine into, hear and determine all matters and questions arising under these regulations and as to any matter or thing in respect of which any power, authority or discretion is conferred upon the Board, and the action or decision of the Board thereon shall be final and conclusive and shall not be open to question or review in any court, and no proceedings by or before the Board shall be restrained by injunction, prohibition or other process or proceeding in any court or be removable by *certiorari* or otherwise into any court.

15. Nothing in section fourteen of these regulations shall prevent the Board from reconsidering any matter which has been dealt with by it or from rescinding, altering or amending any decision or order previously made all of which the Board shall have authority to do.

16. In any matter or thing arising under these regulations the Board shall have the power of summoning before it any witnesses, and of requiring them to give evidence on oath, or on solemn affirmation if they are persons entitled to affirm in civil matters, and orally or in writing, and to produce such documents and things as the Board deems requisite and the Board shall have the same power to enforce the attendance of witnesses and to compel them to give evidence as is vested in any court of record in civil cases.

17. The decisions of the Board shall be upon the real merits and justice of the case and it shall not be bound to follow strict legal precedent.

18. The decisions and findings of the Board upon all questions of law or fact shall be final and conclusive.

19. The Board may award such sum as it may deem reasonable to the successful party to a contested claim for compensation or to any other contested matter as compensation for the expenses he has been put to by reason of or incidental to the

contest and an order of the Board for the payment by any employer of any sum so awarded when filed in the manner provided by section twenty of these regulations shall become a judgment of the court in which it is filed and may be enforced accordingly.

20. An order of the Board for the payment of compensation by an employer or any other order of the Board for the payment of money made under the authority of these regulations or a copy of such order certified by the Board to be a true copy, may be filed with the clerk of the county or district court of the county or district in which the employer resides or carries on business or if the employer resides or carries on business in the province of Quebec, with the clerk of the Superior Court of Quebec, and may be enforced as a judgment of that court.

21. (1) Where a seaman is not a resident of Canada and by the law of the place or country in which he resides compensation in respect of accidents is payable, and an accident happens in respect of which he is entitled under these regulations to receive compensation for permanent total disability or permanent partial disability, then notwithstanding anything in these regulations the amount of compensation payable under these regulations shall not exceed the amount of compensation which would be payable had the accident happened in the place or country in which he resides.

(2) Where a dependent of any seaman is not a resident of Canada he shall not be entitled to compensation under these regulations unless by the law of the place or country in which he resides the dependents of a seaman to whom an accident happens in such place or country if resident in Canada would be entitled to compensation and where such dependents would be entitled to compensation under such law the compensation to which the non-resident dependent shall be entitled under these regulations shall not be greater than the compensation payable in the like case under that law.

22. Notwithstanding the provisions of section twenty-one of these regulations such compensation or such sum in lieu of compensation may be awarded to any seaman who is not a resident of Canada or any such non-resident dependent as the Board may deem proper but such compensation or sum in lieu of compensation shall not in any case exceed the amount of compensation provided under these regulations.

23. (1) Where an accident happens to a seaman arising out of and in the course of his employment under such circumstances as entitle him or his dependents to an action against some person other than his co-employees, his employer, the servants or mandatories of his employer, the seaman or his dependents if entitled to compensation under these regulations may claim such compensation or may bring such action.

(2) If an action is brought and less is recovered and collected than the amount of the compensation to which the seaman or his dependents are entitled under these regulations the difference between the amount recovered and collected and the amount of such compensation shall be payable as compensation to such seaman or his dependents.

(3) If the seaman or his dependents elect to claim compensation under these regulations the employer shall be subrogated to the rights of the seaman or his dependents and may maintain an action in his or their names or in the name of the employer against the person against whom the action lies.

(4) Notice of the election shall be given to the employer within three months after the happening of the accident or in case it results in death within three months after the death or within such longer period as either before or after the expiration of such three months the Board may allow.

(5) No seaman entitled to compensation under these regulations or the dependents of such seaman shall have a right of action against any employer who is subject to these regulations.

24. (1) Subject to subsection four of this section, compensation shall not be payable unless notice of the accident is given as soon as practicable after the happening of it and before the seaman has voluntarily left the employment in which he was injured and unless the claim for compensation is made within six months from the happening of the accident or in case of death within six months from the time of death.

(2) The notice shall give the name and address of the seaman and shall be sufficient if it states in ordinary language the case of the injury and where the accident happened.

(3) The notice may be served by delivering it at or sending it by registered post addressed to the place of business or the residence of the employer, or where the employer is a body of persons, corporate or unincorporate, by delivering it at or sending it by registered post, addressed to the employer at the office or if there are more offices than one at any of the offices of such body of persons.

(4) Failure to give the prescribed notice or to make such claim or any defect or inaccuracy in a notice shall not bar the right to compensation if in the opinion of the Board the employer was not prejudiced thereby or it appears that the claim for compensation is a just one and ought to be allowed.

NOTICE OF ACCIDENT

25. (1) Every employer shall, unless relieved by order of the Board, within 60 days after the happening of an accident to a seaman in his employment by which the seaman is disabled from performing his duties or which necessitates medical aid, notify the Board in writing of the:

- (a) Happening of the accident and its nature;
- (b) time of the accident;
- (c) name and address of the seaman;
- (d) place of the accident;
- (e) medical aid received by the seaman following the accident;

and shall furnish such further information respecting any accident or claim to compensation as the Board may require.

(2) The Board may by order relieve any employer from compliance with the provisions of subsection one of this section to the extent provided in such order.

(3) Every person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of subsection one of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

(4) No proceedings shall be taken against any person under this Section without the consent of the Board.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION

26. (1) A seaman who claims compensation, or to whom compensation is payable under these regulations shall if so required by his employer submit himself for examination by a duly qualified medical practitioner provided by the employer and shall if so required by the Board submit himself for examination by a medical referee.

(2) A seaman shall not be required at the request of his employer to submit himself for examination otherwise than in accordance with these regulations.

(3) The cost of any examination made pursuant to subsection one of this section and the cost of any reference under section twenty-seven of these regulations shall be paid by the employer.

27. (1) Where a seaman has upon the request of his employer submitted himself for examination, or has been examined by a duly qualified medical practitioner selected by himself, and a copy of the report of the medical practitioner as to the seaman's condition has been furnished in the former case by the employer to the seaman and in the latter case by the seaman to the employer the Board may, on the application of either of them or of its own motion, refer the matter to a medical referee.

(2) The medical referee to whom a reference is made under subsection one of this section or who has examined the seaman by the direction of the Board under subsection one of section twenty-six shall certify to the Board as to the condition of the seaman and his fitness for employment, specifying where necessary the kind of employment, and if unfit, the cause and degree of such unfitness, and his certificate unless the Board otherwise directs shall be conclusive as to the matters certified.

(3) If a seaman does not submit himself for examination when required to do so as provided by subsection one of section twenty-six or on being required to do so does not submit himself for examination to a medical referee under that subsection or under subsection one of this section, or in any way obstructs any examination, his right to compensation or if he is in receipt of a weekly or other periodical payment, his right to it shall be suspended until such examination has taken place.

(4) The Board may also diminish the compensation to which a seaman is entitled, or suspend payment thereof, whenever the seaman persists in dangerous and unsanitary practices imperilling or retarding his cure and whenever he refuses to submit to such medical treatment as the Board on the advice of the medical referee may deem necessary for his cure.

(5) Subsection four of this section shall not apply in the event of the seaman reasonably refusing to submit to surgical aid.

REVIEW OF COMPENSATION

28. Any weekly or other periodical payment to a seaman may be reviewed at the request of the employer or of the seaman, and on such review the Board may put an end to or diminish or may increase such payment to a sum not beyond the maximum hereinafter prescribed.

INSURANCE

29. Every employer shall cover by insurance or other means satisfactory to the Board, the risks of compensation arising under these regulations.

SCALE OF COMPENSATION

30. (1) Where death of a seaman results from an injury the following amounts of compensation shall be paid:

- (a) the necessary expenses of burial of the seaman not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five dollars;
- (b) in addition to the sum mentioned in clause (a) of this subsection a sum not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five dollars for necessary expenses for transportation and things supplied and services rendered in connection therewith necessitated by the transfer of the body of a seaman from the place of death to the place of interment;
- (c) where the expenses of burial of a seaman are paid by an employer under Part IV of the Canada Shipping Act, following any accident in respect of which compensation is payable under these regulations, the amount of such expenses shall be deducted from the amount payable under clauses (a) and (b) of this subsection;
- (d) where the widow or an invalid husband is the sole dependent, a monthly payment of forty-five dollars;
- (e) where the dependents are a widow or an invalid husband and one or more children, a monthly payment of forty-five dollars with an additional monthly payment of ten dollars to be increased upon the death of the widow or invalid husband to twenty dollars for each child under the age of eighteen years;
- (f) where the dependents are children only, a monthly payment of twenty dollars to each child under the age of eighteen years;
- (g) where the dependents are persons other than those mentioned in clauses (d), (e) and (f) of this subsection, a sum reasonable and proportionate to the pecuniary loss to such dependents occasioned by the death, to be determined by the Board.

(2) Where the seaman leaves no widow or the widow subsequently dies, and it seems desirable to continue the existing household, and an aunt, sister, or other suitable person acts as foster-mother in keeping up such household and maintaining and taking care of the children entitled to compensation in a manner which the Board deems satisfactory, such foster-mother while so doing shall be entitled to receive the same monthly payments of compensation for herself and the children as if she were the

widow of the deceased, and in such case the children's part of such payments shall be in lieu of the monthly payments which they would otherwise have been entitled to receive.

(3) In addition to any other compensation provided for, the widow or, where the seaman leaves no widow, the foster-mother, as described in subsection two of this section, shall be entitled to a lump sum of one hundred dollars.

(4) In the case provided for by clause (g) of subsection one of this section the payments shall continue only so long as, in the opinion of the Board, it might reasonably have been expected had the seaman lived he would have continued to contribute to the support of the dependents, and in any case under the said clause compensation may be made wholly or partly in a lump sum or by such form of payment as the Board in the circumstances deems most suitable.

(5) A dependent to whom the seaman stood in *loco parentis* or a dependent who stood in *loco parentis* to the seaman shall be entitled as the Board may determine, to share in or receive compensation under clause (e), clause (f) or clause (g) of subsection one of this section.

(6) Compensation shall be payable to an invalid child without regard to the age of such child, and payments to such child shall continue so long as in the opinion of the Board it might reasonably have been expected had the seaman lived he would have continued to contribute to the support of such child.

(7) Where there are both total and partial dependents the compensation may be allotted partly to the total and partly to the partial dependents.

(8) Where the Board is of the opinion that for any reason it is considered necessary or desirable that a payment in respect of a child should not be made directly to its parent, the Board may direct that the payment be made to such person or be applied in such manner as the Board may deem most for the advantage of the child.

(9) Exclusive of the expenses of burial of the seaman and the lump sum of one hundred dollars referred to in sub-section three of this section, the compensation payable as provided by subsection one of this section shall not in any case exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of the average earnings of the seaman mentioned in section thirty-three of these regulations and if the compensation payable under that subsection would in any case exceed that percentage it shall be reduced accordingly, and where several persons are entitled to monthly payments the payments shall be reduced proportionately, provided however, that the minimum compensation shall be:

- (a) where the widow or an invalid husband is the sole dependent a monthly payment of forty-five dollars, or if the seaman's average earnings are less than forty-five dollars per month, the amount of such earnings; and
- (b) where the dependents are a widow or an invalid husband and one or more children a monthly payment of fifty-five dollars for the widow or invalid husband and one child irrespective of the amount of the seaman's earnings, with a further monthly payment of ten dollars for each additional child unless the total monthly compensation exceeds the seaman's average earnings in which case the compensation shall be a sum equal to such earnings or fifty-five dollars, whichever is the greater, the share for each child entitled to compensation being reduced proportionately.

31. (1) If a dependent widow marries, the monthly payments to her shall cease, but she shall be entitled in lieu of them to a lump sum equal to the monthly payments for two years.

(2) Subsection one of this section shall not apply to payments to a widow in respect of a child or children.

32. Subject to the provisions of subsection six of section thirty of these regulations, a monthly payment in respect of a child shall cease when the child attains the age of eighteen years or dies before attaining such age.

33. Where permanent total disability results from the injury the amount of the compensation shall be a weekly payment during the life of the seaman equal to sixty-

six and two-thirds per centum of his average weekly earnings during the previous twelve months if he has been so long employed, but if not then for any less period during which he has been in the employment of his employer.

34. (1) Where a permanent partial disability results from the injury the compensation shall be a weekly payment of sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of the difference between the average weekly earnings of the seaman during the twelve months preceding the accident and the average amount which he is earning or is able to earn in some suitable employment or business after the accident and the compensation shall be payable during the lifetime of the seaman.

(2) Where the impairment of the earning capacity of the seaman does not exceed ten per centum of his earning capacity instead of such weekly payment the Board shall, unless the Board is of opinion it would not be to the advantage of the seaman to do so, direct that such lump sum as may be deemed to be the equivalent of it shall be paid to the seaman.

(3) Where the Board deems it just, the impairment of earning capacity may be estimated from the nature of the injury, having always in view the seaman's fitness to continue the employment in which he was injured or to adapt himself to some other suitable occupation.

35. Where temporary total disability results from the injury the compensation shall be the same as that prescribed by section thirty-three of these regulations, but shall be payable only so long as the disability lasts.

36. Where temporary partial disability results from the injury the compensation shall be the same as that prescribed by section thirty-four of these regulations, but shall be payable only so long as the disability lasts and subsection two of that section shall apply.

37. The amount of compensation to which an injured seaman shall be entitled for temporary total or permanent total disability under these regulations shall not be less than twelve dollars and fifty cents per week or, where his average earnings are less than twelve dollars and fifty cents per week, the amount of such earnings, and for temporary partial or permanent partial disability a corresponding amount in proportion to the impairment of earning capacity.

38. (1) Average earnings shall be computed in such a manner as is best calculated to give the rate per week or month at which the seaman was remunerated but not so as in any case to exceed the rate of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum.

(2) Where owing to the shortness of the time during which the seaman was in the employment of his employer or the casual nature of his employment or the terms thereof, it is impracticable to compute the rate of remuneration as of the date of the accident regard may be had to the average weekly or monthly amount which during the twelve months previous to the accident was being earned by a person in the same grade employed at the same work by the same employer, or if there is no person so employed then by a person in the same grade employed in the same class of employment on a ship of the same class.

(3) For the purpose of this section the expression "employment by the same employer" means employment by the same employer in the grade in which the seaman was employed at the time of the accident, uninterrupted by absence from work due to illness or any other unavoidable cause.

(4) Where the employer was accustomed to pay the seaman a sum to cover any special expenses entailed on him by the nature of his employment that sum shall not be reckoned as part of his earnings.

(5) For the purpose of these regulations a War Service Bonus paid to a seaman under Order in Council P.C. 149/2705 of the eighteenth day of April, 1944, shall not be reckoned as part of his earnings.

(6) Where in any case it seems more equitable, the Board may award compensation, having regard to the earnings of the seaman at the time of the accident.

39. (1) In fixing the amount of a weekly or monthly payment regard shall be had to any payment, allowance or benefit which the seaman may receive from his employer during the period of his disability, including any pension, gratuity or other allowance provided wholly at the expense of the employer.

(2) No compensation shall be payable in respect of the period during which the employer is under the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, or otherwise, liable for the payment of wages and to defray the expenses of maintenance of the injured seaman.

(3) Any sum payable by way of compensation by the owner of a ship under these regulations shall be paid in full notwithstanding anything in section six hundred and forty-nine of the Canada Shipping Act, 1934.

40. (1) Wherever the Board deems it advisable the payment of compensation may be made fortnightly or monthly instead of weekly.

(2) Subject to the provisions of section twenty-two of these regulations where a seaman or dependent is not a resident of Canada or ceases to reside therein the periods of payment may be otherwise fixed or the compensation commuted as the Board may deem proper.

41. Where it is found by the Board that the widow to whom compensation has been awarded is a common prostitute or is openly living with any man in the relation of man and wife without being married to him, the compensation to such widow may be discontinued or suspended, or such compensation may be diverted in whole or in part to or for the benefit of any other dependent or dependents of the deceased seaman.

42. Where a seaman is entitled to compensation and it is made to appear to the Board

- (a) that such seaman is not residing in Canada but that his wife or child or children under eighteen years of age are residing therein without adequate means of support and are, or are apt to become a charge upon the municipality where they reside, or upon private charity; or
- (b) that the seaman although residing in Canada is not supporting his wife and children and an order has been made against such seaman by a court of competent jurisdiction for the support or maintenance of such wife or family, or for alimony, the Board may divert such compensation in whole or in part from such seaman for the benefit of the wife or children of the said seaman.

43. Where a seaman or a dependent is a minor under the age of twenty-one years or under any other legal disability the compensation to which he is entitled may be paid to such person or be applied in such manner as the Board may deem most for his advantage.

MEDICAL AID

44. (1) Every seaman entitled to compensation under these regulations shall be entitled to such medical, surgical and dental aid, and hospital and skilled nursing services as may be necessary as a result of the injury, and shall be entitled to such artificial member or members and apparatus and dental appliances and apparatus as may be necessary as a result of the injury and to have the same kept in repair or replaced when deemed necessary.

(2) In these regulations "medical aid" means the medical, surgical and dental aid and hospital and skilled nursing services and the artificial member or members and apparatus and repair mentioned in subsection one of this section.

(3) The medical aid to which a seaman is entitled under subsection one of this section shall be furnished and paid for by his employer.

(4) Any question as to the necessity, character and sufficiency of any medical aid furnished or to be furnished may be referred to the Board for a decision.

(5) The fees or charges for such medical aid shall not be more than would be properly and reasonably charged to the seaman if himself paying the bill, but shall not, in any case where the seaman is furnished with medical aid in Canada, exceed the fees or charges which would be paid in similar circumstances by the Workmen's Compensation Board of the province in which such medical aid was furnished.

(6) Every employer shall at his own expense furnish to any seaman injured in his employment who is in need of it, immediate conveyance and transportation to a hospital, or to a physician, or to the seaman's home within a reasonable limit.

45. Notwithstanding anything in these regulations a seaman entitled to medical aid under Part IV or Part V of the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, or any other Act which provides similar benefits, shall not be entitled to medical aid under these regulations during the period and to the extent that medical aid is furnished under such Act or Acts.

46. Every physician, surgeon or hospital official attending, consulted respecting, or having the care of any seaman shall furnish to the employer from time to time without additional charge such reports as may be required by the employer in respect of such seaman.

RULES AND ORDERS

47. The Board may make such rules, orders and by-laws as it may deem expedient or necessary for regulating its procedure and for carrying any of the purposes or provisions of these regulations into effect.

REPORTS

48. The Board shall report, from time to time, to the Minister, as he may require.

COSTS OF ADMINISTRATION

49. All costs incurred relative to the administration of these Regulations, including salaries, expenses, fees and commissions, shall be chargeable against the various employers, apportioned on a basis to be determined by the Board.

**Order in Council authorizing payment of drawback of 100 per cent
of War Exchange Tax paid after May 14, 1945, on articles
and materials used in the manufacture of machinery
and apparatus supplied to Canadian manu-
facturers in connection with the
production of goods in
Canada etc.**

P.C. 87/5045

*Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved
by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 18th July, 1945.*

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of National Revenue reporting that:—

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 3408, May 10, 1945, and effective on and after May 14, 1945, the War Exchange Tax imposed by Section 88A of the Special War Revenue Act, as amended, has been rescinded in respect of machinery and apparatus, including motive power, and complete parts thereof, to be used by manufacturers or producers in connection with the manufacture or production of goods in Canada, and articles and materials to be used in the manufacture of the foregoing; provided, however, that this exemption shall not include motor vehicles, office or other appliances, or office supplies (Memorandum Series D No. 47, T.C. 191);

And whereas the Department of National Revenue considers it impracticable to administer the Order whereby the referred to "articles and materials to be used in the manufacture of the foregoing" may be exempted from payment of the War Exchange Tax, due to the condition that similar articles and materials are and will be imported for use in manufactures not subject to exemption under the Order;

The undersigned, Minister of National Revenue, believing that any War Exchange Tax paid on the said "articles and materials to be used in the manufacture of the foregoing" could be duly adjusted by means of a drawback provision, respectfully

recommends that, under the power granted by Section 3 of the War Measures Act, authority be given for the payment of a drawback of one hundred (100) per centum of the War Exchange Tax paid, on and after May 14, 1945, on articles and materials used in the manufacture of machinery and apparatus, including motive power, and complete parts thereof (excepting motor vehicles, office or other appliances, or office supplies), when supplied to Canadian manufacturers or producers to be used in connection with the manufacture or production of goods in Canada, subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The whole of the drawback shall be paid to the manufacturer of the goods so supplied;

(2) The quantities of articles and materials used and the amount of the War Exchange Tax paid thereon shall be ascertained;

(3) Satisfactory evidence shall be furnished of the manufacture or production of the goods in respect of which drawback is claimed;

(4) Claims for drawback submitted on and after May 14, 1945, shall be filed with the Collector of Customs and Excise and complete documentary evidence attached thereto and shall not be paid unless the War Exchange Tax involved has been paid on the articles and materials within three years of the date of filing the claim, nor unless the claims as presented at any one time aggregate ten dollars or over;

(5) Claims for drawback shall be made under oath before a Collector, Justice of the Peace or Commissioner for taking Oaths, in such form as the Minister of National Revenue shall prescribe and shall, before payment, be verified to the satisfaction of the Minister, who may require in any case, the production of such further evidence, in addition to the usual averments, as he deems necessary to establish the *bona fides* of the claim. Nothing in these regulations shall be deemed to alter or amend the law, or to affect any discretion vested in the Minister with respect to the payment or non-payment of drawbacks, and the Minister shall be the sole judge as to whether any claim for drawback shall be paid in whole or in part;

(6) Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the Minister that the process of manufacture has resulted in the production of merchantable waste or scrap which, if imported, would be subject to War Exchange Tax, drawback otherwise payable shall be reduced by a sum to be arrived at by applying the rate of War Exchange Tax to the Canadian sales value of the merchantable waste or scrap produced;

(7) The following documents shall be delivered with the claim for drawback, viz:—

(a) A copy of the import entry showing the payment of the War Exchange Tax on the articles and materials in respect of which drawback is claimed. If a copy of the import entry, however, has been furnished with a previous claim for drawback it will be sufficient to "refer" to such copy and indicate the claim to which it was attached, without furnishing a further copy of the entry;

(b) A certificate of importation, sale or transfer, in form prescribed by the Minister, when the claimant entitled to drawback is not the importer of the goods;

(c) A certified true copy of the claimant's invoice to the purchaser, with a certificate thereon, in the following terms from such purchaser, being a manufacturer or producer of goods in Canada acceptable to the Minister and signed by the owner or responsible official of the purchasing company, viz:—

"The herein enumerated goods have been received and are to be used in our plant in the manufacture or production of other goods.

Dated at..... (Name of Company)
this..... day of.....
..... 19..." (Signature)
..... (Title)

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Re-establishment Credit Regulations

P.C. 5046

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 17th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Veterans Affairs, and under authority of The War Service Grants Act, 1944, is pleased to amend the Re-establishment Credit Regulations established by Order in Council of January 18, 1945, P.C. 165, and they are hereby amended by the addition after Regulation 14 of the following:—

14A. In addition to all other purposes for which credit may be available under the Act or these regulations all or any part of the re-establishment credit may be made available to or on behalf of a member in order to reduce or discharge indebtedness under any agreement for sale, mortgage, or other encumbrance on his home: Provided, however, that such credit may be so made available only to the extent of double the amount that the member, himself, simultaneously contributes to such purpose.

In this regulation "home" shall have the meaning assigned to such word for the purposes of section nine of the Act by regulation 4A of these regulations.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council exempting coin collectors or pay telephones from excise tax

P.C. 5047

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 17th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Orders in Council P.C. 3408 dated May 10, 1945, P.C. 3634 dated May 22, 1945, and P.C. 4453 dated June 22, 1945, provide for the reduction and remission of certain excise taxes imposed by the Special War Revenue Act;

And whereas this Act imposes an excise tax of 25 per cent on "coin, disc, or token operated slot machines and vending machines; coin, disc, or token operated games or amusement devices of all kinds", and the said tax has been held to apply to coin collectors used on pay telephones;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that an application has been received from the Northern Electric Company for exemption of the said coin collectors from the said tax on the grounds that they do not seem to come within the spirit of the taxing provision; and

That heretofore the quantity of these goods imported has not been a serious item, but that now it is proposed to import them in considerable numbers to replace or augment the present service.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, being Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order that coin collectors or pay telephones be and they are hereby exempted from the excise tax of twenty-five per cent imposed by the Special War Revenue Act, the said exemption to be effective on and after Tuesday, July 2, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council permitting use of glucose and dextrose as
substitutes for sugar or honey in chocolate
flavoured dairy drink

P.C. 5092

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 19th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Paragraph 18 of Section XII of the regulations under the Food and Drugs Act, made by Order in Council P.C. 9056 dated 6th October, 1942, dealing with milk products sets forth regulations in regard to the beverage therein referred to as Chocolate Flavoured Dairy Drink and, amongst other things, provides that this product shall be a beverage made from milk, skimmed milk, milk powder or skimmed milk powder, to which has been added sugar or honey and prepared chocolate or prepared cocoa made from chocolate or cocoa with harmless stabilizers, salt and flavouring;

And whereas the Minister of National Health and Welfare reports that due to wartime restrictions, resulting from shortage in the supply of sugar and honey, it is not possible to make available the quantities thereof necessary for use as a sweetener in the manufacture of Chocolate Flavoured Dairy Drink; and

That it is, therefore, considered desirable, because of such shortage, to permit glucose or dextrose being used as substitutes in whole or in part for sugar or honey and that the presence of glucose or dextrose so used need not be declared by name upon the label of the beverage;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Health and Welfare, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Notwithstanding the provisions of the regulations under the Food and Drugs Act, and in particular paragraph 18 of Section XII thereof, glucose and dextrose may be used as substitutes in whole or in part for sugar or honey in Chocolate Flavoured Dairy Drink and the presence of glucose or dextrose so used need not be declared by name upon the label of the beverage.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The Defence of Canada Regulations

Whereas by an Order made by the Minister of National Defence dated the 28th day of April, 1942, the Port of Halifax, as described therein, was declared a protected area pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Defence of Canada Regulations;

And whereas by an Order dated the 29th day of January, 1943, pursuant to section 4 (2) of the said Regulations, I did make certain regulations in respect of the said protected area;

And whereas the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police is of opinion that, as a result of cessation of hostilities in Europe, it is no longer necessary for security purposes that the Port of Halifax be a protected area;

And whereas he has requested that the said Order made by me dated the 29th of January, 1943, be revoked;

And whereas the Minister of National Defence has signified his concurrence;

Now therefore I do hereby declare that the Order dated the 29th day of January, 1943, made by me pursuant to section 4 (2) of the Defence of Canada Regulations in respect of an Order dated the 28th day of April, 1942, made by the Minister of National Defence, declaring the Port of Halifax a protected area, is hereby revoked.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th day of July, A.D. 1945.

LOUIS S. ST. LAURENT,
Minister of Justice.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 1

Third Revision

Supplement No. 3

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 12th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Goods of Enemy or Proscribed Origin

Effective on and after the 7th July, 1945, trading may be resumed with persons residing in the following countries:—

Channel Islands,
Czechoslovakia,
Denmark,
Greece,
Luxembourg,
Netherlands,
Norway,
Philippine Islands,
Yugoslavia.

Memorandum WM No. 1, Third Revision, in so far as it relates to the above-mentioned countries, is superseded.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

W.M. No. 39
Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 11
MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 12th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permit Amendment—Live Sheep and Lambs

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 120, effective July 6, 1945, export permit exemption has been cancelled for shipments of live sheep and lambs consigned to the British Empire or the United States.

Collectors will observe that by this amendment live sheep and lambs will require an export permit when shipped from Canada to any destination.

NOTE.—Export Permit Branch Order No. 51, effective since November 5th, 1942, exempted PURE BRED live sheep and lambs from export permit requirements when exported to the British Empire and the United States. This Order is still in effect.

Supplement No. 10, W.M. No. 39, Eighth Revision is hereby cancelled.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

W.M. No. 39
Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 12
MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 13th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Exemption—Agricultural Implements and Machinery

On and after July 16, 1945, Agricultural Implements and Machinery are exempted from the requirement of an export permit when shipped from Canada to any part of the British Empire or to the United States.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 66
Supplement No. 4
MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 16th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export of Cattle

The second paragraph of Memorandum WM No. 66 is further revised to read as follows:—

For the purposes of this Order, "cattle" means all cattle and calves other than (a) dairy cattle and (b) pure-bred cattle expressly sold for breeding purposes.

The Wartime Prices and Trade Board interpretation of dairy cattle means females of dairy breeding which are milking or show evidence of freshening.

It is expected that this amendment will assist very materially in stopping the exportation of cows that are of beef breeds which seem to have been moving out of the country as dairy cows.

Supplement No. 2 to Memorandum WM No. 66 is cancelled.

P. L. YOUNG,
Ass't. Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs.

W.M. No. 109

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, June 22, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Drawback of Duty and War Exchange Tax in respect of Tariff Item No. 442a

The following regulations have been established governing drawback of 100 per centum of the Customs Duty and War Exchange Tax paid on goods, imported or taken out of warehouse on and after April 1, 1945, and used in Canada in the manufacture of, or entering into the cost of articles and materials supplied to the manufacturers of the goods enumerated in tariff items 409h, 409i, 409l, 409m and 409n, or parts thereof, for use as specified in tariff item No. 442a:—

- (1) The whole of the drawback shall be paid to the manufacturer of the goods so supplied;
- (2) The quantities of materials or articles used and the amount of the Customs Duties and/or War Exchange Tax paid thereon shall be ascertained;
- (3) Satisfactory evidence shall be furnished of the manufacture or use of the goods in respect of which drawback is claimed;
- (4) Claims for drawback submitted on and after April 1, 1945, shall be filed with the Collector of Customs and Excise and complete documentary evidence attached thereto and shall not be paid unless the Customs Duties and/or War Exchange Tax involved have been paid on the goods within three years of the date of filing the claim, nor unless the claims as presented at any one time aggregate ten dollars or over;
- (5) Claims for drawback shall be made under oath before a Collector, Justice of the Peace or Commissioner for taking Oaths, in such form as the Minister of National Revenue shall prescribe and shall, before payment, be verified to the satisfaction of the Minister, who may require, in any case, the production of such further evidence, in addition to the usual averments, as he deems necessary to establish the *bona fides* of the claim. Nothing in these regulations shall be deemed to alter or amend the law, or to affect any discretion vested in the Minister with respect to the payment or non-payment of drawbacks, and the Minister shall be the sole judge as to whether any claim for drawback shall be paid in whole or in part;
- (6) Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the Minister that the process of manufacture into which imported goods have entered has resulted in the production of saleable by-products, the drawback otherwise payable in respect of such imported goods shall be reduced by a sum proportionate to the value of such by-products; that is to say, by a percentage equivalent to the percentage value of the by-products in relation to the total value of the goods manufactured or produced, excepting that drawback claims filed in respect of bituminous coal converted into coke shall be paid in respect of the full quantity of coal processed and represented in the coke covered by the drawback claim, without deduction for merchantable by-products or waste; and Whenever it appears that the process of manufacture has resulted in the production of merchantable waste or scrap, drawback otherwise payable shall be reduced by a sum, representing duties and/or taxes, to be arrived at by

applying to the Canadian sales value of the merchantable waste or scrap, the prevailing rates of duties and/or taxes, if any, on merchantable waste or scrap of the same kind, if imported as such; provided the prevailing rates of duties and/or taxes, if any, on the merchantable waste or scrap are not in excess of the rates of duties and/or taxes applicable to the prime imported goods. If the prevailing rates for the merchantable waste or scrap, imported as such, are in excess of the rates applicable to the prime imported goods, the rates of duties and/or taxes applicable to the prime imported goods shall be used;

- (7) The following documents shall be delivered with the claim for drawback, viz:—
- (a) A copy of the import entry showing the payment of the Customs Duties and/or War Exchange Tax on the goods in respect of which drawback is claimed. If a copy of the import entry, however, has been furnished with a previous claim for drawback it will be sufficient to 'refer' to such copy and indicate the claim to which it was attached, without furnishing a further copy of the entry;
 - (b) A certificate of importation, sale or transfer, in form prescribed by the Minister, when the claimant entitled to drawback is not the importer of the goods;*
 - (c) A certified true copy of the claimant's invoice to the purchaser, with a certificate thereon, in the following terms from such purchaser, being a manufacturer of the goods enumerated in tariff items 409*h*, 409*i*, 409*l*, 409*m* and 409*n*, or parts therefor, acceptable to the Minister and signed by a responsible official, viz:—

"The herein enumerated goods have been received and are to be used in our plant exclusively in the manufacture of the articles specified in tariff items 409*h*, 409*i*, 409*l*, 409*m* and 409*n*, or in the manufacture of parts therefor, and not for any other purpose.

.....
(Name of Company)

.....
(Signature)

.....
(Title)

Dated at.....
this.....day of
..... 19...."

INSTRUCTIONS

Claim Forms Nos. K. 38 (Claimant's Oath and statement of claim, modified where necessary) and K. 32A, as approved by the Minister, may be obtained in quantity required from the nearest Collector of Customs and Excise.

Detailed information may be obtained at District Drawback Offices located at Halifax, N.S., Saint John, N.B., Montreal, P.Q., Ottawa, Oshawa, Toronto, Hamilton, London and Windsor, Ont., Winnipeg, Man., and Vancouver, B.C.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 127/4135, 8/6/45—Authority, War Measures Act)

Series D No. 47

T.C. 203

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DIVISIONS)

OTTAWA, 17th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Tariff Change by Order in Council**

Effective the 1st July, 1945, sheet and strip of iron or steel, cold rolled, coated or not, when imported for use exclusively by manufacturers in the manufacture of sheet or strip coated with tin or with non-metallic material (Item 386a), is exempted from the war exchange tax.

P. L. YOUNG,

*Asst. Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs.*

(P.C. 4844, 10/7/45—Authority, War Measures Act.)

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

Revised Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy (1943)

**Notice re Channel Islands, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Greece, Luxembourg,
Netherlands, Norway, Philippine Islands, and Yugoslavia**

The Secretary of State of Canada under and by virtue of the Provisions of the Revised Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy (1943) hereby gives notice that, subject as hereinafter mentioned, trade may be resumed with persons residing in the Channel Islands, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Greece, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Philippine Islands, and Yugoslavia; and this notice shall constitute the permission of the Secretary of State to re-open trade with persons residing in the said territories. Any person who engages in such trade shall not be deemed to be trading with the enemy but such persons are advised that, owing to the shortage of shipping and foreign exchange problems, difficulties may be encountered.

The permission hereby given shall apply only to transactions entered into after the date of this notice; and any property which shall have vested in the Secretary of State acting in his capacity as Custodian under and by virtue of any regulations respecting trading with the enemy shall continue to be so vested, notwithstanding the permission hereby given, and the property shall continue under his control until it is expressly released under the provisions of the Revised Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy (1943).

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of July, 1945.

E. H. COLEMAN,

Under Secretary of State of Canada.

PART III
 Wartime Prices and Trade Board
 (Finance)

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 532

Meatless Days in Public Eating Places

Under powers given to the Board by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations being Order in Council P.C. 8528 of November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on July 13, 1945. Board Order No. 262 as amended is hereby revoked.

2. For the purposes of this Order

- (a) "meat" means any edible product derived from cattle, calves, sheep, lamb, and hogs, whether in a fresh or a processed form, except milk and milk products, edible fats and meat extracts and includes any product except soup, of which such meat is a constituent part or an ingredient;
- (b) "quota user" means a person who being registered as such with the Board uses rationed foods in the preparation and serving of meals or refreshments to the transient or travelling public, or to employees, or as a public or private caterer, or in an institution.

3. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, no person who serves or supplies meals or refreshments for other than his personal or household consumption shall serve or supply any meat as or as part of any meal or refreshment,

- (a) during the twenty-four hour period of Tuesday of each week, and
- (b) during the twenty-four hour period of Friday of each week.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this Section shall not apply to meals or refreshments served or supplied

- (a) in a dining room, cafeteria or other catering place, or vehicle, operated by or on behalf of a railway, ranch, or a lumbering, logging, mining, construction, fishing, manufacturing or other industrial camp or establishment, where employees engaged in manual labour regularly obtain all their meals;
- (b) on board any ship, boat or vessel to the captain, officers and crew thereof;
- (c) in a hospital or in an institution for the infirm to the patients or inmates thereof;
- (d) by the operator of a boarding house who is not a quota user;
- (e) to the armed forces within the limits of a military, naval or airforce camp, barracks, dockyards or other similar establishment, or on a troop train, or in any dining-room, dining car, cafeteria or other catering place where members of the armed forces only are supplied with meals or refreshments.

Made at Ottawa, this 9th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 533

Slaughtering of Live Stock and Stamping of Carcasses

Under powers given to the Board by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations being Order in Council P.C. 8528 of November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

Effective Date and Revocation of Previous Orders

1. This Order comes into force on July 9th, 1945, and replaces Board Order No. 340, as amended, which is hereby revoked. Board Order No. 427 and Section 5 of Board Order No. 370 are hereby revoked.

PART I—SLAUGHTER PERMITS AND STAMPING MEAT

All Slaughtering to be Done Under Permit

2. No person may slaughter cattle, calves, sheep, lambs and hogs, referred to in this Order as live stock, or have such live stock slaughtered for him unless he is the holder of a valid slaughter permit issued under this Order and no person may slaughter live stock for any other person who is not the holder of a valid slaughter permit issued under this Order. A permit issued, however, under Board Order No. 261, 296 or 340 and which has not been cancelled or suspended shall be treated as if it had been issued under this Order. The only exceptions from the rule that all slaughtering must be done under permit are as to certain cases of slaughtering by farmers and others as set out in Sections 9 and 13 of this Order.

Rules Governing Permits

3. (1) Permits for slaughtering live stock are obtainable from the Board through its Administrator of Meat and Meat Products (hereinafter called "the Administrator") who has authority to issue the permits in proper cases.

(2) Applications are to be made on forms secured from the Regional Offices of the Board. The applicant must file his completed application at the Regional Office for his area.

(3) Issue of permits is in the discretion of the Administrator who may approve or reject any application.

(4) A permit for slaughtering is not transferable.

(5) The Administrator may suspend or cancel any permit for slaughtering.

(6) The holder of a permit for slaughtering must keep the permit posted up and displayed in a conspicuous manner at his place of business.

Compliance with Other Orders and Regulations

4. (1) Every permit for slaughtering is subject to the provisions of this and of any other Order of the Board or its Administrators and of any Order concurred in by the Board which relates in any way to the slaughtering of live stock or to the handling, stamping, marking, disposition, sale or use of carcasses of meat, or of any part thereof, by slaughterers.

(2) Every permit for slaughtering of live stock is also subject to any requirements, instructions, directions or restrictions now in force or which may be issued by the Administrator as to the slaughtering of live stock or the handling, stamping, marking, disposition, sale or use of carcasses of meat, or of any part thereof, by slaughterers.

Slaughtering by Employees

5. While it is not necessary for an employee of a slaughterer who holds a permit to have a permit himself to do the slaughtering, he must not slaughter live stock for any person other than his employer.

Closed Season for Slaughtering Young Lambs and Hogs

6. (1) During the months of June, July and August of each year, the slaughtering of lambs weighing less than 60 pounds live weight by a person who holds a permit for

slaughtering live stock is prohibited and a person who owns, operates or is in charge of an abattoir or other slaughtering place must not allow the slaughter of such lambs to take place on those premises.

(2) The slaughtering at any time of hogs weighing less than 100 pounds live weight by any person who holds a permit for slaughtering is prohibited and a person who owns, operates or is in charge of an abattoir or other slaughtering place must not allow the slaughter of such hogs to take place on those premises.

(3) The live weight mentioned in subsections (1) or (2), respectively, of this Section is the weight at the abattoir or other slaughtering place where the lamb or the hog, as the case may be, is slaughtered.

Stamping of Carcasses

7. (1) Every person who holds a permit for slaughtering live stock must comply with and carry out the requirements and rules respecting the stamping of carcasses of meat set out in Slaughtering Circulars No. 5A and No. 7 of the Board issued by the Administrator on January 15, 1944 and April 17, 1944, respectively, or set out in any Slaughtering Circular of the Board amending, supplementing or replacing said Slaughtering Circular No. 5A or No. 7.

(2) The Administrator may issue further or other requirements and rules respecting the stamping of carcasses of meat.

Sales and Purchases of Unstamped Meat Prohibited

8. (1) A person must not buy or sell or have in his possession a carcass of meat unless it is stamped according to the requirements and rules referred to in Section 7.

(2) A person must not buy or sell or have in his possession a side, quarter or wholesale cut of meat unless it is stamped where necessary according to the requirements and rules referred to in Section 7.

(3) The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this Section do not apply

(a) to a sale of meat by a person who does not hold a slaughter permit to a holder of such a permit in cases where such sales are authorized by the Administrator but in such cases the permit holding purchaser must stamp the meat as required by Section 7;

(b) to a sale of meat by a farmer to another farmer or to a slaughter permit holder in accordance with Section 9;

(c) to the possession of meat by the seller referred to in clause (a) or a farmer referred to in clause (b).

(4) In this Section the word "sell" includes an offer to sell and the word "buy" includes an offer to buy.

Exceptions

9. (1) A farmer does not need to hold a slaughter permit to entitle him to slaughter live stock or have it slaughtered for him if the meat obtained from the slaughter is

(a) used and consumed on his own farm premises; or

(b) sold or supplied by him direct to another farmer for use and consumption only on the farm premises of the other farmer.

(2) If a farmer slaughters or has a head of cattle or a hog slaughtered for him for the purposes mentioned in subsection (1) and is unable, in accordance with subsection (1), to effectively dispose of the entire carcass, he may sell the balance to any person who is the holder of a slaughter permit; provided, however, that he may not so sell any beef which is not in the form of a side or quarter of the carcass and he may not so sell any pork which is not in the form of a side of the carcass.

(3) Every holder of a slaughter permit who buys any meat from a farmer who is not the holder of a slaughter permit shall

(a) stamp such meat when it is delivered to him, as required by Section 7;

(b) maintain for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, a record of such purchase showing the date of purchase, the farmer's name and address and the kind and quantity of meat purchased.

(4) In this Section the word "farmer" includes rancher and means a person who derives the major portion of his livelihood from agricultural pursuits carried on by him on a farm or ranch.

PART II—SLAUGHTER QUOTAS

Definitions

10. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "cattle quota" means the total number of cattle that a slaughter permit holder may slaughter and have slaughtered for him during any period for any specified purpose as fixed in writing by the Administrator;
- (b) "hog quota" means the total number of hogs that a slaughter permit holder may slaughter and have slaughtered for him during any period for any specified purpose as fixed in writing by the Administrator.

Slaughtering Quotas

11. (1) The Administrator may

- (a) issue hog quotas and cattle quotas to any slaughter permit holder;
- (b) cancel or vary any slaughter permit holder's hog quota or cattle quota;
- (c) prescribe the number of sheep, lambs or calves that any slaughter permit holder may slaughter or have slaughtered for him during any period.

(2) No person who has been given a hog quota by the Administrator shall slaughter and have hogs slaughtered for him in excess of his hog quota.

(3) No person who has been given a cattle quota by the Administrator shall slaughter and have cattle slaughtered for him in excess of his cattle quota.

(4) No person shall, during any period, slaughter and have sheep, lambs or calves slaughtered for him in excess of the number, if any, prescribed by the Administrator for that period.

PART III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Reports by Permit Holders

12. Every holder of a permit to slaughter live stock shall make such returns and furnish such information in such form as may from time to time be required by the Administrator or by the Board's Director of Slaughter Permits.

General Powers of the Administrator

13. The Administrator may issue authorizations respecting the slaughter of live stock otherwise than as provided for in this Order in the following cases,

- (a) in and for any zone, area or locality where by reason of a deficiency in supply or other special circumstances, special provision is needed, and authorizations in such cases may be general or specific;
- (b) for any person named in the authorization, if the circumstances are exceptional as disclosed by the application for the authorization.

Compliance with Administrative Directions

14. No person shall fail to observe and comply with any Order, authorization, requirement, instructions, directions, rules or regulations issued by the Administrator under the authority of this Order.

Made at Ottawa, this 9th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 538

Maximum Prices for Sales of Carbonated Beverages in Bottles

Whereas due to a recent further reduction in their sugar allotments the bottlers of carbonated beverages have found their operations so curtailed that the continuance of the business of many bottlers is imperilled;

And whereas since the imposition of a special excise tax on soft drinks during 1941, retail dealers handling soft drinks have obtained a margin of profit approximately eight cents (8c) per case greater than that which they formerly enjoyed;

And whereas the Board has reviewed the financial position of the industry and decided that it would be equitable, just and in the public interest that retail dealers handling soft drinks should as a temporary measure, share a part of the burden created by the present sugar shortage and accept a margin of profit slightly lower than that which they obtained prior to 1941;

Now therefore under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order comes into force on August 1, 1945.

Application of Order

2. This Order authorizes bottlers of carbonated beverages to increase their selling prices to distributors by ten cents (10c) per case but does not permit any increase in the price to consumers.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order, "carbonated beverage" means a non-alcoholic drink, containing sugar in addition to a flavouring and impregnated with carbonic acid gas.

Maximum Prices on Sales by Bottlers

4. The lawful maximum price at which any bottler may sell any bottled carbonated beverage is hereby increased by ten cents (10c) per case of twenty-four small bottles (12 fluid ounces or less) and ten cents (10c) per case of twelve large bottles (over 12 fluid ounces).

Maximum Prices on Sales at Wholesale

5. The lawful maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any bottled carbonated beverage to a retailer is hereby increased by ten cents (10c) per case of twenty-four small bottles (12 fluid ounces or less) or twelve large bottles (over 12 fluid ounces).

Sales at Retail

6. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize an increase in the maximum price at which any carbonated beverage may be sold at retail.

Made at Ottawa, this 25th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1687

Maximum Prices of Creamery Butter

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Dairy Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on July 23, 1945.
2. Part IV of Administrator's Order No. A-1563 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"PART IV—SALES BY RETAILERS*Maximum Prices*

11. (1) The maximum price at which any person, other than a manufacturer, may sell any creamery butter at retail shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for that creamery butter but not exceeding the maximum price at which it may be sold to him by his supplier as fixed by this Order;
- (b) if his supplier is not required to deliver free to him, the actual amount paid by him in transporting the butter from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business;
- (c) 1 cent per pound if he sells in prints any creamery butter purchased by him in solids;
- (d) 1 cent per pound if he packages the butter in individual consumer style cartons; and
- (e) a markup not exceeding the markup customarily obtained by him during the basic period on sales of creamery butter not in any event exceeding 3½ cents per pound.

(2) If the actual price paid by a retailer for creamery butter is less than the maximum price at which it may be sold to him by his supplier as fixed by this Order and he stores it for at least one month, he may include as part of his selling price an amount equal to the actual cost of storage, insurance and interest, provided the amount added does not exceed the difference between the actual price paid by him for the creamery butter and his supplier's said maximum price."

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of July, 1945.

K. H. OLIVE,
Administrator of Dairy Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1688

Registration of Vacant Private Dwellings in Vancouver-New Westminster Area

In order that the Administrator of Emergency Shelter for the Vancouver-New Westminster Area may have full knowledge of all vacant houses that are available in the area, it is essential that all vacant private dwellings be registered with the Administrator.

Therefore, under powers conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board pursuant to the Emergency Shelter Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "private dwelling" means any house, whether detached, semi-detached or attached, or a private section of a duplex, triplex or quadruplex, and includes a summer house, cottage or cabin, but does not include a flat or suite of rooms in a single-family house or an apartment in an apartment block;
- (b) "Vancouver-New Westminster Area" means
 - (i) the cities of Vancouver, North Vancouver, New Westminster, Port Moody and Port Coquitlam;
 - (ii) the Districts of North Vancouver, West Vancouver, Richmond, Delta, Surrey, Burnaby and Coquitlam, and any town or village situated in any such District; and
 - (iii) the following lands in unorganized territory of British Columbia, namely: District lot 172 on the West boundary of the City of New Westminster, the University endowment area of British Columbia; that part of Township 39 lying west of the District of Coquitlam and north of Burrard Inlet, and a fractional township known as the Township west of said Township 39, and any town or village situated in such unorganized territory.

2. (1) Every private dwelling in the Vancouver-New Westminster Area that is vacant on July 25, 1945, shall be registered with the Administrator of Emergency Shelter not later than July 31, 1945.

(2) The registration shall be by the owner of the dwelling or by his agent. To register, the owner or his agent shall complete the following form (furnishing all information asked in the form) and deliver or mail it to the Administrator of Emergency Shelter, 6th Floor, 601 Royal Bank Building, Vancouver, B.C.

FORM FOR REGISTRATION OF VACANT HOUSES OR VACANT SUMMER COTTAGES

Name of Owner.....
 Address
 Telephone No.....
 Location of House or Cottage.....

TYPE OF SPACE

House ☐
 Cottage ☐

Number of rooms.....

If Summer Cottage, is it adaptable to Winter occupancy? Yes or No.....

Do you intend to occupy this space yourself?.....

If so, on what date?.....

If not, have you rented the House or Summer Cottage?.....

If so, to whom?.....

Tenant's Permit Number.....

On what date does tenant intend to occupy?.....

Date..... Signature of Owner or Agent.....

Dated at Ottawa, July 20, 1945.

LEIGH F. STEVENSON,
 Administrator of Emergency Shelter
 (Vancouver-New Westminster Area)

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
 Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1689

Maximum Prices of Imported Canned Citrus Fruit Juice

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Imported Grocery Items, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on July 21, 1945.
2. Section 7 of Administrator's Order No. A-1643 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"7. The maximum price at which a first distributor may sell imported canned grapefruit juice, produced elsewhere than in the United States, in 20 Imperial fluid ounce tins,

- (a) f.o.b. his place or places of carlot distribution anywhere in Alberta or Saskatchewan, shall be \$1.40 (Canadian currency) per dozen tins PLUS a handling charge not exceeding 1 cent (Canadian currency) per case;
- (b) f.o.b. his place or places of carlot distribution elsewhere in Canada, shall be \$1.36 (Canadian currency) per dozen tins PLUS a handling charge not exceeding 1 cent (Canadian currency) per case;"

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of July, 1945.

A. S. MAY,
Administrator of Imported Grocery Items.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1690

Maximum Prices on Certain Sales of Coke and Bituminous Coal Imported from the United States

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Coal Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order comes into force on August 1, 1945.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "fuel" means coke or bituminous coal produced or mined in the United States;
 - (b) "ton" means a net ton of 2,000 lbs.;
 - (c) "wholesale dealer" means and includes any importer, commission agent, broker, salesman and any other person engaged in Canada in the business of selling fuel at wholesale.

Application of Order

3. This Order shall apply to all sales of fuel as herein defined except the following:
 - (a) sales by wholesale dealers to other wholesale dealers or to retail dealers of fuel imported into Canada in railway cars only (maximum prices on which sales are fixed by Administrator's Order No. A-1486);

- (b) sales of fuel to a person for consumption in
 - (i) any place of dwelling other than a hotel, or
 - (ii) any public hospital or institution maintained by and in the interests of religious, educational, scientific, philanthropic, labour or fraternal organizations or associations, not organized for profit, none of the net income of which enures to the benefit of any person.

Maximum Prices on Sales by Importers

4. The maximum price per ton at which any person may sell or offer to sell any kind and size of fuel which he imports, on a sale to which this Order applies, shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the gross price (before the deduction of any cash discount) per ton of fuel paid to the Supplier in the United States f.o.b. point of shipment in the United States but not in any event exceeding the maximum price fixed by the Office of Price Administration of the United States on sales of that kind and size of fuel by that supplier f.o.b. point of shipment to that person; and
- (b) the amounts (if any) actually paid by him for transportation charges, freight equalization charges, bank and foreign exchange, customs duty, customs brokerage charges, war and excise charges and any other charges that may be imposed by or concurred in by any governmental authority; and
- (c) a markup in cents per ton not exceeding the markup in cents per ton customarily obtained by him during the basic period, September 15, 1941 to October 11, 1941, both dates inclusive, on sales to the same class of customer and under the same conditions of sale of the same kind and size of fuel imported by him; or
- (d) if during the said basic period he did not import and sell that kind and size of fuel, a markup which shall be fixed in accordance with the provisions of Order No. 414 of the Board before he sells or offers to sell such fuel.

Maximum Prices on Sales by Persons Other than Importers

5. The maximum price per ton at which a person may sell or offer to sell any kind and size of fuel not imported by him, on a sale to which this Order applies, shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the total of the actual price per ton of fuel paid to his supplier but not exceeding that lawful maximum price which may be charged by his supplier under the provisions of Section 4 of this Order if his supplier's maximum selling price is fixed by this Order, or under the provisions of any other Order of the Board or of an Administrator if his supplier's maximum selling price is fixed by such Order of the Board or of an Administrator, and the amounts, if any, actually paid by him for transportation charges; and
- (b) a markup in cents per ton not exceeding the markup in cents per ton customarily obtained by him during the said basic period, on sales to the same class of customer and under the same conditions of sale of the same kind and size of fuel not imported by him; or
- (c) if during the said basic period he did not sell that kind and size of fuel imported by another person, a markup which shall be fixed in accordance with the provisions of Order No. 414 of the Board before he sells or offers to sell such fuel.

Records and Invoices

6. (1) Every person who sells fuel, on a sale to which this Order applies, must keep a complete and accurate record in writing of each of his transactions by way of purchase and sale of fuel showing the particulars in detail of each transaction so that the same may be readily audited.

(2) On every sale of fuel to which this Order applies, the seller must, within 30 days from the date of delivery, furnish the buyer with an invoice and keep a copy of such invoice showing:

- (a) the name and address of the seller and the buyer;
- (b) the kind, size and quantity in tons of fuel sold; and
- (c) the price per ton and the total price charged.

(3) The seller must keep such record and the copy of the invoice retained by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within 24 months after the date of delivery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of July, 1945.

E. J. BRUNNING,
Coal Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV
 Wartime Industries Control Board
 (Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

COAL CONTROLLER

Order No. Coal 18A

**(Order No. Coal 18—Anthracite Importation and Wholesale
 Distribution—amended)**

DATED July 25, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Maximum Lawful Tonnage of Buckwheat No. 1 Reduced to 75 per cent of Base Period Tonnage*

Sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph (h) of Section 2 of the Coal Controller's Order No. Coal 18 dated March 23, 1945 is amended to read as follows:—

“(ii) 75 per cent of the base period tonnage as adjusted of buckwheat No. 1.”

E. J. BRUNNING

Coal Controller.

Approved:

J. GERALD GODSOE

Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

Order No. P.O. 9

(New United States Rating for Materials for Military Uses)

Dated July 16, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Definition*

For the purposes of this Order, “military use” means any use included in P.C.S. 1 to 10 inclusive of Schedule 1 to the Order of the Priorities Officer No. P.O. 4B dated January 29, 1944, and also the uses under the item “Army, Navy and Air Force establishments; camps, posts, bases, stations, airfields and depots” set out in subsection (2) of Schedule 2 to the said Order No. P.O. 4B, which uses are included in P.C.S. 21.

2. *Use of MM Rating for Authorizations*

In conformity with Priorities Regulation 29 of the War Production Board of the United States of America, the rating MM is to be extended to all purchase orders for materials for military use, which are hereafter placed on United States suppliers

pursuant to authorizations heretofore granted, and which call for the delivery of the materials after December 31, 1945. This Rating is in replacement of Ratings and/or CMP allotment numbers authorized for use by the Priorities Officer, the Steel Controller or the Metals Controller.

3. *Re-rating Purchase Orders*

(1) Further in conformity with the said Regulation, as soon as possible after the issuance of this Order and before October 1, 1945, each purchase order for materials for military use which has been placed on a United States supplier and which calls for the delivery of the materials after December 31, 1945 and to which a rating and/or CMP allotment number has been extended, should be rerated MM.

(2) The rerating should be done by notification by letter or telegram to the United States supplier on whom the purchase order has been placed, which letter or telegram must state that the rating is changed in accordance with sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph (g) of Priorities Regulation 29.

(3) In the case of purchase orders for materials for military use, in which materials for other uses are included, the United States supplier must be notified which items of the purchase order are being rerated MM.

(4) Purchase orders, or portions thereof, placed on United States suppliers which call for the delivery of the materials after December 31, 1945 will, if not rerated MM before October 1, 1945, be treated by the supplier as being unrated.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

Order No. S.C. 36A

(Order No. S.C. 36—Limitation on deliveries of Steel by Distributors—
rescinded)

Dated July 18, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1943, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Steel Controller's Order No. S.C. 36 dated February 20, 1945, is rescinded.

M. A. HOEY,
Associate Steel Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

VOLUME III No. 5



AUGUST 6, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793 of
26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
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1945

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PART I
Orders in Council

Order in Council authorizing the Department of Trade and Commerce to purchase cereals and cereal products on behalf of foreign countries, etc.

P.C. 4762

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas for the proper conduct of the business of the Canadian Mutual Aid Board pursuant to The War Appropriation (United Nations Mutual Aid) Act, 1943; the Department of Trade and Commerce was, by Order in Council, P.C. 4761 of July 5th, 1945, for certain purposes, approved the agent of the Board;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that from time to time funds have been allotted to the Canadian Mutual Aid Board, from War Appropriations, for the purpose of purchasing wheat for the Supplies Sub-committee of the Combined Civil Affairs Committee; and

That foreign countries from time to time request the Department of Trade and Commerce to purchase cereals or cereal products on behalf of such foreign countries;

And whereas it is deemed necessary and advisable, for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that the Department of Trade and Commerce be authorized to purchase from Canadian exporters and mills, cereals and cereal products for the aforesaid purposes;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. (1) The Department of Trade and Commerce may authorize the Imported Cereals Divisions of the United Kingdom to purchase on behalf of the Department cereals and cereal products for the United Kingdom.

(2) No cereals or cereal products shall be so purchased without the prior approval of the Canadian Mutual Aid Board.

(3) Such approval may be given on behalf of the Canadian Mutual Aid Board by such person, in such manner and in such circumstances as the Canadian Mutual Aid Board may from time to time determine.

2. Upon receipt from the Canadian Mutual Aid Board of a requisition therefor the Department of Trade and Commerce shall purchase from Canadian grain exporters and mills, cereals and cereal products to meet the mutual aid requirements of any United Nation other than the United Kingdom.

3. The prices to be paid for cereals or cereal products purchased pursuant to section one or section two of this Order shall be as follows:

(a) the prices for wheat shall be the in-store Fort William/Port Arthur prices fixed by the Governor General in Council from time to time for wheat held by the Canadian Wheat Board for the account of His Majesty pursuant to Section 4 of P.C. 1116, dated February 20, 1945, or pursuant to any subsequent Order in Council, plus the f.o.b. seaboard differentials fixed from time to time by the Canadian Wheat Board;

- (b) the prices for flour shall be based on the prices for wheat prescribed in clause (a) of this section to which shall be added the normal differential for milling adjusted from time to time for any changes in the prices received by the mills for mill feeds produced from the milling of wheat;
- (c) the prices for oats, barley and rye shall be the prevailing market prices for these grains, within the domestic price ceilings and exclusive of export equalization fees in the case of oats and barley;
- (d) the prices for products of oats, barley and rye shall be based on the prevailing market prices for these grains prescribed in clause (c) of this section to which shall be added the normal differential for milling adjusted from time to time for any changes in the prices received by the mills for mill feeds produced from the milling of these grains;
- (e) the prices for flaxseed shall be the sale prices for flaxseed as determined by the Canadian Wheat Board under clause (b) of section 38 of the Western Grain Regulations, 1945-46 (Canadian Wheat Board), or under any subsequent regulations relating to the same subject-matter;
- (f) the prices for linseed oil shall be determined by the Oils and Fats Administrator of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board in agreement with the Canadian Wheat Board.

4. Upon receipt of a requisition therefor from the Canadian Mutual Aid Board the Department of Trade and Commerce shall purchase cereals and cereal products from Canadian grain exporters and mills for the account of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.

5. The Department of Trade and Commerce may, if adequate supplies are available, purchase from Canadian grain exporters and mills, cereals and cereal products on behalf of the government of any country upon receipt of a requisition therefor from such country and upon receipt of sufficient funds to pay the cost of such cereals and cereal products.

6. The Department of Trade and Commerce may, upon receipt of a requisition therefor from the Canadian Mutual Aid Board, purchase wheat from Canadian grain exporters and mills for the Combined Civil Affairs Committee (Military Relief).

7. The prices to be paid for cereals or cereal products purchased pursuant to sections four, five or six of this Order shall be as follows:

- (a) the prices for wheat shall be based on the in-store Fort William/Port Arthur prices fixed by the Canadian Wheat Board from day to day under clause (c) of subsection one of section 11 of Order in Council P.C. 7942, dated October 12, 1943, or under any subsequent Order in Council, and shall include the f.o.b. seaboard differentials fixed from time to time by the Canadian Wheat Board;
- (b) the prices for flour shall be based on the prices for wheat prescribed in clause (a) of this section, to which shall be added the normal differential for milling adjusted from time to time for any changes in the prices received by the mills for mill feeds produced from the milling of wheat;
- (c) the prices for oats, barley and rye shall be based on the prevailing market prices for these grains, within the domestic price ceilings and inclusive of export equalization fees in the case of oats and barley;
- (d) the prices for products of oats, barley and rye shall be based upon the prevailing market prices for these grains prescribed in clause (c) of this section, to which shall be added the normal differential for milling adjusted from time to time for any changes in the prices received by the mills for mill feeds produced from the milling of these grains;
- (e) the prices for flaxseed shall be based on the sale prices for flaxseed as determined by the Canadian Wheat Board under clause (b) of section 38 of the Western Grain Regulations, 1945-46 (Canadian Wheat Board) or under any subsequent regulations relating to the same subject matter;
- (f) the prices for linseed oil shall be determined by the Oils and Fats Administration of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board in agreement with the Canadian Wheat Board.

8. (1) Purchases of grain pursuant to sections two, four, five or six of this Order shall be made from such grain exporters or mills as the General Sales Manager of the Canadian Wheat Board may from time to time determine having regard to the availability of grain for export.

(2) Purchases of mill products pursuant to sections two, four, five or six of this Order may be made according to recommendations of the Canadian Flour Export Committee.

9. (1) All invoices for cereals and cereal products purchased pursuant to sections one, two and four of this Order shall be paid by the Department of Trade and Commerce from funds made available to the Department under the terms of section four of Order in Council P.C. 4761, dated July 5th, 1945, upon delivery of the ocean bills of lading.

(2) All invoices for cereals and cereal products purchased pursuant to section five of this Order shall be paid by the Department of Trade and Commerce from the funds deposited with the Department of Trade and Commerce by such government, upon delivery of the ocean bills of lading.

(3) All invoices for cereals and cereal products purchased pursuant to section six of this Order shall be paid by the Department of Trade and Commerce from funds allotted by the Treasury Board from the War Appropriations for Military Relief and advanced by the Canadian Mutual Aid Board to the Department of Trade and Commerce, upon delivery of the ocean bills of lading.

(4) The invoices shall cover the f.o.b. seaboard cost of the products supplied and may include incidental costs such as bags and bagging, demurrage, storage and interest charges, and superintendence and outturn insurance, for buyers' account.

(5) Separate invoices for ocean freight may be paid on supplies carried in vessels of Canadian registry to destinations other than the United Kingdom.

10. The Department of Trade and Commerce shall employ, at remuneration, if any, fixed by the Governor in Council, the firm of Thomson and Earle Limited, Montreal (forwarding agents of the Imported Cereals Division of the United Kingdom Ministry of Food) as the Department's forwarding agents on all cereals and cereal products purchased pursuant to sections two, four, five or six of this Order.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council authorizing supplementary grants to any University
in Canada *re* students registered therein under provisions
of the Post-Discharge Re-establishment Order**

P.C. 215/4940

*Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved
by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 13th July, 1945.*

The Board recommend, under authority of the War Measures Act, that the Department of Veterans Affairs be authorized to pay a supplementary grant to any university in Canada in an amount not exceeding \$150 for each person registered therein, on whose behalf tuition fees are paid under the provisions of The Post-Discharge Re-establishment Order, for a full-time course leading to a diploma or degree, in accordance with the following terms, effective for the period July 1, 1945, to June 30, 1946:

1. Subject to the supplementary grant not exceeding \$150 in respect of any one person for the period July 1, 1945, to June 30, 1946, and subject to conformity with Section Two hereof with respect to the total payment to a university on behalf of any person for the program of an academic year, the amount shall be as follows:—

(a) Where such tuition fees are paid for the whole of any academic year, the sum of \$150; and

(b) Where such tuition fees are paid for part only of an academic year, a sum which bears the same relation to the sum of \$150 as such part bears to the whole academic year.

2. The supplementary grant shall be in addition to all other payments authorized by The Post-Discharge Re-establishment Order to be paid to a university with respect to persons herein mentioned: Provided, however, that in no case shall the total payments made by the Department to a university on behalf of any person for the program of an academic year exceed \$500.

3. Prior to June 30, 1946, the universities receiving supplementary grants shall provide information as to the additional costs incurred on account of the persons mentioned herein, the extent to which such costs are being met by tuition fees and such additional information as may be necessary to determine the amount of supplementary grants required, if any, subsequent to June 30, 1946.

4. The payment of such supplementary grant to any Canadian university shall be reduced or discontinued if the grants received by that university from a province are being reduced as a consequence of such supplementary grant.

5. All expenditures authorized hereunder are to be charged to War Appropriation.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Major-General J. H. MacQueen to the Inspection Board of the United Kingdom and Canada

P.C. 5130

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of National Defence reports that Major-General J. V. Young, formerly Master General of the Ordnance, has recently been retired from the Canadian Army and Major-General J. H. MacQueen has been appointed Master General of the Ordnance effective 1st July, 1945;

That by Order in Council P.C. 9104 dated 30th November, 1943, Major-General J. V. Young was appointed a member of the Inspection Board of the United Kingdom and Canada, and in view of his retirement, that it is no longer possible for Major-General J. V. Young to fulfil his duties as a member of the Inspection Board; and

That it is considered, therefore, that the appointment of Major-General J. V. Young as a member of such Board should be cancelled and that Major-General J. H. MacQueen should be appointed a member of the Board in the place and stead of Major-General Young.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, is pleased hereby to revoke the appointment of Major-General J. V. Young as a member of the Inspection Board of the United Kingdom and Canada as of 30th June, 1945, and is further pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Major-General J. H. MacQueen a member of the said Board representing the Government of Canada, with effect as of and from 1st July, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking the appointment of Mr. Justice MacLean,
Regional Solid Fuel Representative for Saskatchewan Province

P.C. 5165

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 7002 of October 1, 1943, the Honourable Mr. Justice Donald MacLean, of Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, was appointed Regional Solid Fuel Representative for the said Province;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that Mr. Justice MacLean has requested permission to relinquish his appointment and it is desirable to accede to his request;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke the appointment of the Honourable Mr. Justice Donald MacLean, of Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, as a Regional Solid Fuel Representative for the said Province.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council changing schedule of goods under import control

P.C. 5191

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 11452 dated 19th December, 1942, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 3685 dated 24th May, 1945, the importation of the goods enumerated therein is prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Wartime Prices and Trade Board has advised him that in view of changes in bulk-purchasing arrangements it is advisable to amend the schedule of goods subject to the provisions of the aforesaid Order in Council, as provided for hereunder;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 11452, dated 19th December, 1942, as amended, and it is hereby further amended as follows:

1. The following Items are hereby deleted from the schedule of goods enumerated as subject to the provisions thereof:

<i>Tariff Item</i>	<i>Description of Goods</i>
" 99	Bananas, dried or evaporated
ex 152 }	Grapefruit juice
ex 152b }	
ex 535	Jute fibres
ex 549a }	
ex 549b }	Horsehair"

2. The following Item is hereby inserted in the schedule of goods enumerated as subject to the provisions thereof:

<i>Tariff Item</i>	<i>Description of Goods</i>
"ex 152 } ex 152b }	Grapefruit juice and blended orange and grapefruit juice."
	A. D. P. HEENEY, <i>Clerk of the Privy Council.</i>

Order in Council reducing the number of members of the Emergency Coal Production Board

P.C. 5196

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Section 2 of Order in Council P.C. 10674 of November 23, 1942, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 2681 of April 5, 1943, provides that the members of the Emergency Coal Production Board established by the said Order in Council are to be four in number, in addition to the Chairman;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that no more than three persons, in addition to the Chairman, have been appointed as such members and no additional membership is required and it is therefore desirable to amend the said Section accordingly;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and otherwise, is pleased to amend Section 2 of Order in Council P.C. 10674, as amended, and it is hereby further amended by striking out the word "four" and substituting therefor the word "three".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council changing designation of Regional Selective Service Advisory Boards to "Advisory Boards, Labour Department" etc.

P.C. 5209

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas under authority of Order in Council P.C. 6387 of August 10, 1943, provision was made for the establishment of Regional Selective Service Advisory Boards to advise on matters relating to the administration of National Selective Service Regulations and policies, and by Order in Council P.C. 512 of January 28, 1944, and subsequent Orders in Council, appointments were made to the said Boards;

And whereas the work these Boards were created to advise upon its changing in emphasis to reconstruction and re-assignment of war workers and men from the armed services;

And whereas it is deemed advisable to change the designation of the Boards from "Selective Service Advisory Boards" to "Advisory Boards, Labour Department";

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. The Minister of Labour may from time to time make further appointments, either in addition to, or in substitution for the present members of Regional Selective Service Advisory Boards established under the aforesaid Orders in Council and the said Boards shall, in addition to their present duties, act in an advisory capacity to the Minister of Labour for the co-ordination of the work of the various divisions of the Department of Labour.

2. The designation of the said Boards shall be "Advisory Boards, Labour Department".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re Exit Permits for Women and Children

P.C. 5210

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Mines and Resources, is pleased to amend the regulations dealing with women and children under the age of sixteen years, proceeding to countries outside the Western Hemisphere, established by Order in Council P.C. 1841, of the 10th March, 1942, and they are hereby further amended:

1. By revoking paragraph (g) of regulation (4) and substituting therefor the following:

(g) Women, and children under sixteen years of age, proceeding abroad for permanent residence.

2. By adding the words "or officer in charge of any aircraft proceeding from any place in Canada to any place outside the Western Hemisphere" after the word "Hemisphere" in Regulation (1).

3. By adding the words "or aircraft's" after the word "ship's" in Regulations (1), (2) and (3).

4. By adding the words "or to any aircraft proceeding from any place in Canada to any place outside the Western Hemisphere" after the word "Hemisphere" in Regulation (2).

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Airport Zoning Regulations, 1939

P.C. 5211

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 24th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 3867 of 28th November, 1939, amended by Order in Council P.C. 322 of 17th January, 1941, regulations known as "The Airport Zoning Regulations, 1939," were made to provide for the zoning of airports designated for direct or indirect use for military purposes;

And whereas it is now deemed expedient to amend the said regulations further to substitute the Minister of Reconstruction for the Minister of Munitions and Supply named therein, and to give the Minister of Reconstruction power to cancel the designation of any airport designated thereunder;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Reconstruction and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend The Airport Zoning Regulations, 1939, and they are hereby further amended as follows:

1. By striking out the words "Minister of Munitions and Supply" wherever they appear in the said Regulations and substituting therefor the words "Minister of Reconstruction";

2. By adding thereto the following regulation to be numbered 6:

"6. The Minister of Reconstruction may by order published in the *Canada Gazette* cancel the designation of any airport designated for direct or indirect use for military purposes under these Regulations, and thereupon these Regulations shall cease to apply to such airport and the land adjacent to, surrounding or near the same."

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council—The name "Maple Leaf" to be registered under the Unfair Competition Act as the name of the newspaper published by the Department of National Defence for distribution to the armed forces.

P.C. 5229

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 26th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Orders in Council P.C. 69/1385 dated 3rd March, 1944, and P.C. 56/5547 dated 19th July, 1944, authority was granted for the publication of a newspaper called "The Maple Leaf" for distribution to the Canadian Forces serving overseas;

And whereas under the Unfair Competition Act names of newspapers are not registrable and as "The Maple Leaf" is essentially a paper for the troops it is considered that it would be misleading if any one should attempt to take advantage of its tradition and standing among the men and women of the forces for commercial, propagandistic or other self-seeking purposes;

And whereas it is therefore deemed expedient that the use of the name "The Maple Leaf" be reserved so long as this publication is in issue and in circulation to the troops.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the name "The Maple Leaf" be registered under the Unfair Competition Act, being Chapter 38 of the Statutes of Canada, 1932, without payment of the prescribed fees, as the name of the newspaper published by the Department of National Defence for distribution to the members of the armed forces.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending regulations re Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation.

P.C. 5273

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 26th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of powers conferred by the War Measures Act and otherwise, is pleased to amend the regulations respecting Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Limited, made and established by Order in Council P.C. 7475 of the 26th day of August, 1942, as heretofore amended, and they are hereby further amended by deleting therefrom subsections (6) and (7) of Section 3 thereof and substituting therefor the following:—

- "(6) In any case where the corporation finds, whether as a result of any such report or accounting or otherwise, that a person has received any sum of money by way of subsidy which the corporation decides would not have been paid if all relevant facts and circumstances had been known at the time of application therefor, such person shall, within 30 days from the date of demand in writing by the corporation, pay to the corporation such sum of money.
- (7) The following conditions shall apply to every subsidy:—
 - (a) If any goods in respect of which a subsidy has been granted or any goods containing materials in respect of which a subsidy has been granted have been or are sold by any person at a price in excess of the maximum price at which he may lawfully sell the goods, such person shall forthwith pay to the corporation the amount of subsidy involved in such goods.
 - (b) If the maximum price at which a person may lawfully sell any goods in respect of which a subsidy has been granted or any goods containing materials in respect of which a subsidy has been granted is increased by or under authority or with the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, such person shall, to the extent of a demand, if any, made by the corporation in writing, pay to the corporation forthwith after the date of such demand the amount of subsidy involved in each of such goods in his possession or under his control at the time the maximum price therefor was so increased but not exceeding the amount by which such maximum price was so increased.
 - (c) If sales by any person of any goods in respect of which a subsidy has been granted or any goods containing materials in respect of which a subsidy has been granted are exempted by order of the

Governor General in Council or by or under authority of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board from any maximum price, such person shall, to the extent of a demand, if any, made by the corporation in writing, pay to the corporation forthwith after the date of such demand the amount of subsidy involved in each of such goods in his possession or under his control at the time of such exemption.

- (d) In any proceedings in any court, the amount stated on behalf of the corporation to be the amount of subsidy involved in any goods or to be the amount by which a maximum price was increased shall be deemed to be the correct amount unless and until the contrary is proved."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing payments under the War Risk Insurance Act 1942 re war damage suffered by householders and other persons in Halifax area

P.C. 5281

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 26th day of JULY, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas as a result of the explosions which occurred in Halifax on July 18th and 19th, a considerable amount of damage was suffered by householders and other persons in the Halifax area;

And whereas under Section 10 of the War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, no payment may be made under the free compensation provisions of the Act or any contract of insurance issued under the Act unless the total amount of the claim is in excess of \$50.00 in the case of real property or in excess of \$25.00 in the case of chattels;

And whereas it is deemed expedient and advisable by reason of the existence of a state of war that the aforesaid limitations be waived in the case of the damage suffered in the explosions which occurred in Halifax on July 18th and 19th, 1945, and that payments be made under the said Act or under any contract of insurance issued under the Act in respect of war damage amounting to less than \$50.00 in the case of real property and amounting to less than \$25.00 in the case of chattels;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows,—

1. Notwithstanding Section 10 of The War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, payments may be made under the said Act or under any contract of insurance issued under the said Act in respect of war damage to property, notwithstanding that the total amount of the claim otherwise payable is not in excess of \$50.00 in the case of real property or \$25.00 in the case of chattels.
2. Payments authorized by this Order shall be made out of moneys appropriated for war purposes.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending regulations re leave granted officers pending retirement

P.C. 5284

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 26th day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of National Defence represents as follows,—

- (a) Order in Council dated 10th June, 1943, P.C. 4774, establishes regulations providing for the retirement of officers of the Canadian Army upon attaining certain ages and for the granting of leave to such officers pending retirement.
- (b) Paragraph (b) of Regulation (6) of the said Regulations provides that on retirement officers other than officers of the Permanent Active Militia shall be granted one day's leave for each completed period of twelve days' service on active service. At the time these Regulations were made The War Service Grants Act, 1944, had not been passed and no war service gratuities or re-establishment credits were provided for such personnel. Such gratuities and credits are now provided however and it is therefore felt that the granting of retirement leave with pay is no longer justified.
- (c) It is not, however, desired to eliminate retirement leave entirely as certain officers now in the Army who will be due for retirement in the near future may have already completed arrangements for such leave.
- (d) It is therefore proposed, effective 1st August, 1945, to amend the Regulations made by Order in Council dated 10th June, 1943, P.C. 4774, so as to reduce the period of retirement leave for officers from one day's leave for each completed period of twelve days' service on active service to one day's leave for each completed period of sixty days' service on active service and that effective 31st December, 1945, retirement leave for officers other than those of the Permanent Active Militia be entirely discontinued.
- (e) As some confusion exists as to the meaning of the phrase "on active service" as used in the aforementioned Regulations it is proposed to define the said phrase.

Therefore, to give effect to the foregoing, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence is pleased to amend The Regulations made by Order in Council dated 10th June, 1943, P.C. 4774, and they are hereby amended as follows, effective 1st August, 1945:—

- (1) The following new paragraph (f) is added to Regulation (1),—

"(f)—"Active Service" shall include service with active units or formations of the Canadian Army both within and beyond Canada and service performed under the provisions of Order in Council dated 9th July, 1940, P.C. 57/3030 as notified in G.O. 139 of 1940."

- (2) Regulation (6) is deleted and the following new regulation substituted therefor,—

"(6)—An Officer whose retirement is to be effected under the provisions of these Regulations will pending such retirement be entitled to leave of absence with pay as follows:

- (a) Officers of the Permanent Active Militia—one month's leave for each five years of pensionable service in commissioned rank with additional six days for each odd completed year of pensionable service and in respect of pensionable service other than in commissioned rank—two months for ten years or more of such last mentioned service or three weeks if such service be less than ten years.

- (b) Other officers who reach the retirement age prior to 31st December, 1945, (including officers of the Permanent Active Militia who having previously been retired to pension have already received retirement leave in respect of their former service)—one day's leave for each completed period of sixty days' service on active service.
- (c) All other officers—no leave.

The retirement of an officer shall be carried out immediately upon termination of his leave of absence. The period of any such leave of absence shall be excluded from the term of service on which such leave is reckoned. In the event of an officer being reappointed pursuant to these Regulations the period of leave of absence to which he would be entitled under these Regulations less any part of such leave actually enjoyed by him shall be granted to him prior to his final retirement in addition to any further leave earned by him during his additional period of service; provided, however, that with respect to Regulation (6) (b) no additional retirement leave shall be deemed to accrue from and after December 31st, 1945."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing regulation re taxpayer's standard profits

P.C. 148/5311

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 1st August, 1945.

The Board recommend that where, in the opinion of the Minister of National Revenue, a taxpayer's profits in a fiscal period ending in any of the years 1940 to 1943 inclusive are derived from the carrying on of a business substantially different from the class of business carried on by the taxpayer in either,

(i) the standard period, or

(ii) any fiscal period thereafter preceding the year under consideration, the Minister be empowered under the provisions of the War Measures Act, being chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, as amended, to direct that the taxpayer's standard profits be ascertained by the Board of Referees; and the Board shall thereupon ascertain the standard profits in accordance with subsection two or three of section five of the Excess Profits Tax Act as if the taxpayer was not carrying on business prior to the commencement of the first fiscal period ending in the year 1940 or the first subsequent year throughout which the different business was carried on;

Provided, however, that any taxpayer whose standard profits are determined by the Board of Referees as provided herein shall be liable to the taxes provided for in the Excess Profits Tax Act having regard to the standard profits so determined but shall not be entitled to the benefits of the Third Proviso to subsection one of Section three of the said Act.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 13

Second Revision

Supplement No. 14

MEMORANDUM*Customs Division*

OTTAWA, 23rd July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,***Prohibited Publications—Publication Removed from Prohibited List**

Referring to Memorandum WM No. 13 (Second Revision), dated 1st November, 1943, you are advised that the following publication may, from the date of this Notice, be allowed entry into Canada, viz:—

"Detroitter Abend-Post"

Published daily in the German language at
1442 Brush St., Detroit, Michigan.

D. SIMS,

*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 19

Supplement No. 60

MEMORANDUM*Customs Division*

OTTAWA, 17th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Trading with the Enemy****List of Specified Persons, Revision No. 60**

Herewith is furnished for your information and guidance a Proclamation amending the List of Specified Persons published with Memorandum WM No. 19.

P. L. YOUNG,

*Ass't Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs.*

WM No. 39
Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 13

MEMORANDUM
Customs Division

OTTAWA, 19th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits—Game Meat and Game Fowl

The Export Permit Branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce have advised the Department that they have never considered that they had game meat or game fowl under export control for the reason that they have not been specifically mentioned by name in the Export Permit Regulations or in any of the Orders in Council that have been passed in this connection.

Accordingly game meat and game fowl, legally obtained by non-residents, may be regarded as commodities not subject to export control, and eligible for exportation without export permit.

P. L. YOUNG,
Ass't Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs.

WM No. 39
Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 14

MEMORANDUM
Customs Division

OTTAWA, 19th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits—Paperboard Boxes

In accordance with Export Permit Branch Order No. 122, effective on and after this date, the previous exemption on paperboard boxes is modified by the reinstatement of export permit control to cover shipments thereof when consigned to destinations outside the British Empire.

Henceforth paperboard boxes (other than fibre or corrugated), fabricated or semi-fabricated, in any form, are subject to the requirement of an export permit when consigned to destinations outside the British Empire.

P. L. YOUNG,
Ass't Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs.

WM No. 110
MEMORANDUM
Customs and Excise Divisions

OTTAWA, 20th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

With the cessation of hostilities in Europe, Canadian Government owned munitions and supplies of war are being returned from abroad. In view of the volume of these returns, it was deemed inadvisable to require the consignee Government Department or agency to investigate each article for the purpose of ascertaining its qualifications for duty free entry under Tariff Item 709 or 709a and exemption from taxes.

Under Order in Council P.C. 220/4753, passed on July 6, 1945, effective on and after May 8, 1945, it was ordered that all Canadian Government owned munitions and supplies of war, on their return from abroad to a department or agency of the Government, be exempt from Customs and Excise duties and taxes, without establishing whether or not duties and taxes were previously paid thereon.

It should be noted that this Order is not intended to cover goods which are being currently purchased in foreign countries by departments and agencies of the Government, but is to apply only in the case of *bona fide* returns.

P. L. YOUNG,
*Ass't Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs.*

PART III
 Wartime Prices and Trade Board
 (Finance)

BOARD ORDERS

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 534

**Termination of Leases for Housing Accommodation and Shared Accommodation
 when possession is desired for a Discharged Member of the Forces**

Made pursuant to powers given to the Board by the Wartime Leasehold Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9029, dated the 21st day of November, 1941, and amendments thereto,

THIS BOARD ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. Section 4 of Order No. 511 of the Board is amended by adding the word "son-in-law" after the word "daughter".
2. Section 5 of said Order No. 511 is amended by adding the word "son-in-law" after the word "daughter".
3. Clause (c) of Section 6 of said Order No. 511 is amended by adding the word "son-in-law" after the word "daughter".
4. Subsection (2) of Section 7 of said Order No. 511 is amended by adding the word "son-in-law" after the word "daughter".
5. This Order shall come into force on the 16th day of July, 1945.

Made at Ottawa, this 11th day of July, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 537

Termination of Leases for Housing Accommodation

There exists a serious shortage of housing accommodation in Canada, which could not be avoided due to the urgent demands on labour and materials for war purposes. The Government has announced plans to cope with such shortage but such plans necessarily require time for fulfilment.

In the meantime, a great number of notices to vacate have been given by landlords of self-contained dwellings throughout Canada on the ground that the landlord desires the dwelling as a residence for himself or for a member of his family. The majority of these notices have been given to families of men in the Armed Forces, many of whom are still overseas and unable to do anything to protect their families, while others have arrived or will arrive at their homes only to face eviction with no other shelter available for their families. In order to alleviate wide-spread distress, it is now necessary to protect all well-behaved tenants of housing accommodation against dispossession until housing plans are developed and realized.

Therefore, at the request of the Government and under authority conferred by the Wartime Leasehold Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 9029 of November 21, 1941, as amended, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. This Order shall come into force on July 25, 1945.
2. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) the definition of any expression contained in Order No. 294 of the Board shall extend and apply to the same expression wherever used in this Order;
 - (b) "Court" means any judge, judicial officer or barrister appointed as a Court of Rental Appeals for any particular area.
3. Subject to the provisions of Section 4 following, every notice to vacate given before July 25, 1945, under the provisions of Section 15A or Section 15B of said Order No. 294, by the landlord of any housing accommodation to the tenant thereof is hereby suspended and every pending proceeding taken and every order or writ of possession issued to enforce the vacating of the accommodation by the tenant is hereby stayed, if the tenant is still in occupation of the accommodation on July 25, 1945.
4. (1) If the landlord referred to in Section 3 desires a removal of the suspension or stay referred to in such Section, he shall, not later than August 31, 1945, apply to the Court through the Rentals Appraiser for an order removing such suspension or stay.
 - (2) The procedure on the application shall be as follows:
 - (a) the landlord shall file with the Rentals Appraiser a written statement in duplicate setting forth the material facts upon which he relies;
 - (b) the Rentals Appraiser shall ascertain from the Court the date of the hearing of the application and shall forward to the tenant by registered mail a copy of the application and shall forward to both landlord and tenant by registered mail a notice stating the date on which the Court will hear the application;
 - (c) if the tenant desires to oppose the application, he may, at or before the hearing, give to the landlord and file with the Rentals Appraiser or Court a statement in writing setting forth the material facts upon which he relies;
 - (d) the Rentals Appraiser shall forward to the Court all material filed on the application.
 - (3) Both landlord and tenant shall be entitled to be present at the hearing.
 - (4) On the hearing, the Court may require such further information in such manner as it may direct, may adopt such procedure as it deems proper and, according to what it deems reasonable and just in the circumstances as established, having regard to the relative needs of the landlord and tenant for the accommodation and the relative hardship resulting from any order that might be made by it, may make an order removing the suspension or stay, as the case may be, or dismissing the application. No costs shall be awarded to either party and the decision of the Court shall be final and conclusive.
 - (5) If the Court decides to remove the suspension or stay of a notice to vacate, order or writ of possession pursuant to which the tenant is directed to vacate on a date that is past at the time of the hearing or on a date so soon thereafter that, in the opinion of the Court, it would be unjust to remove the suspension or stay forthwith, the Court may postpone that date to such date as it deems just, in which case the term of the tenant's lease shall be deemed to have been extended to and terminated on that date.

5. Sections 15A and 15B of said Order No. 294 shall cease to apply on and after July 25, 1945.

Made at Ottawa, July 24, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1691

**Maximum Prices of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Cast Iron Soil Pipe Fittings
in British Columbia**

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fabricated Metals and Sundry Items, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Application of Order.

1. This Order comes into force on August 1, 1945, and revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1307.

Maximum Prices.

2. No person shall sell, ship or deliver any cast iron soil pipe or cast iron soil pipe fitting in the province of British Columbia unless his maximum selling price therefor is fixed on or after August 1, 1945, by the Administrator of Fabricated Metals and Sundry Items pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of July, 1945.

R. A. H. TAYLOR,
*Administrator of Fabricated Metals
and Sundry Items.*

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1692

Maximum Prices of Peaches, Pears and Plums

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

PART I—INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITIONS*Effective Date and Application of Order*

1. (1) This Order comes into force on August 6, 1945. It fixes maximum prices for all sales of all types of fresh imported and Canadian grown peaches, pears and plums except as provided in this Section.

(2) This Order does not apply

(a) to sales of peaches grown in any part of Canada other than the provinces of Ontario and British Columbia;

(b) to sales of Canadian grown peaches, pears or plums by growers and licensed shippers to any manufacturer or processor for use in manufacturing any food or other product;

(c) to sales of imported peaches, pears or plums made after January 31, 1946.

(3) This Order does not apply to sales made before August 13, 1945

(i) of Canadian grown and imported peaches and Canadian grown plums to any person in the Maritime Provinces

(ii) of Canadian grown pears and imported plums to any person in any part of Canada other than the Maritime Provinces.

(4) This Order does not apply to sales made before August 20, 1945

(i) of Canadian grown pears and imported plums to any person in the Maritime Provinces

(ii) of imported pears to any person in any part of Canada other than the Maritime Provinces.

(5) This Order does not apply to sales made before August 27, 1945 of imported pears to any person in the Maritime Provinces.

(6) Administrator's Order No. A-1666 applies to sales of imported peaches, pears and plums except during the periods when this Order applies to such sales.

(7) In this Section the expression "Maritime Provinces" means the provinces of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices

2. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. No charge may be made for a container or for packing, handling or any other service which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container, packing, handling and/or service exceeding the maximum price.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,

(a) "consumer" means a person who buys for his personal or household consumption;

(b) "count mark" means the number stamped or marked by the original shipper on a container of peaches, pears or plums to designate the number of units of the fruit packed in the container and "count marked" shall have a corresponding meaning;

(c) "licensed shipper" means

(1) any person holding on June 1, 1945, a license issued under the provisions of The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act to buy and sell fresh fruit and vegetables having his principal place of business in an area of production and who sells on his own behalf, peaches, pears or plums purchased or otherwise acquired by him from a grower and assembled, packed or otherwise prepared by him for shipment, but it does not mean any person who

(i) is the agent or employee of any wholesale distributor or retailer, or

(ii) ships more than 25 per cent of his total volume of shipments of peaches or of pears or of plums to any one person; or

(iii) is a grower and markets only fruit of his own production (unless he complies with all the other provisions of this clause); or

(2) any person designated as such by the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables;

(d) "Ontario Trucking Zone" means that part of the province of Ontario composed of the counties of Bruce, Grey, Simcoe, Ontario, Victoria, Peterborough, Hastings, Lennox and Addington and Frontenac and all counties lying to the south and west of those counties;

(e) pears—"Extra Fancy grade", "Fancy grade", "C grade", "No. 1 grade" and "domestic grade" (sometimes known as "No. 2 grade") mean, respectively, pears which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for such grades of pears as defined in the Regulations issued under The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act;

(f) plums—"select grade", "No. 1 grade" and "No. 2 grade" mean respectively, plums and fresh prunes which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for such grades of plums and fresh prunes as defined in the Regulations issued under The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act;

(g) peaches—"select grade", "No. 1 grade", "fancy grade", and "No. 2 grade" mean, respectively, peaches which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for such grades of peaches as defined in the Regulations issued under The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act;

- (h) "plums" include fresh prunes;
- (i) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (j) "trucker" means any person who buys peaches, pears or plums from a grower or licensed shipper taking delivery at the seller's farm or country shipping point and who sells and distributes them from his truck;
- (k) "wholesale distributor" means any person, other than a grower, licensed shipper or trucker, who sells peaches, pears or plums at wholesale and shall include a wholesale distributor's agent and "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail or to a consumer.

PART II—SALES BY GROWERS

4. (1) The maximum price at which a grower may sell to any class of buyer any peaches, pears or plums grown in Canada shall, according to the grade and variety, the class of buyer and the kind and capacity of container in which the fruit is packed and sold, be the price for the same listed in the Schedule hereto.

(2) If the sale is to a buyer in a city, town or village, the nearest limit of which is not more than 15 road miles from the seller's farm or country shipping point, the maximum prices fixed by this Section include free delivery to that buyer. On all other sales such prices are f.o.b. the grower's country shipping point. However, if a grower, by his own means of transportation, transports the fruit to a buyer in a city, town or village, the nearest limit of which is more than 15 road miles from his farm he may charge the buyer an amount equal to the cost of transporting the fruit from his country shipping point to the point of delivery by railway express in less than carload lots.

PART III—SALES BY TRUCKERS

5. The maximum price at which a trucker may sell any peaches, pears or plums grown in Canada shall, according to the grade and variety, the class of buyer and the kind and capacity of container in which the fruit is packed and sold, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which a grower may sell the same to the same class of buyer, f.o.b. the grower's country shipping point PLUS, if delivery is made to the buyer at a place which is more than 15 road miles from the point of production of the fruit, an amount equal to the cost of transporting the fruit by railway express in less than carload lots from the railway shipping point nearest such point of production to the point of delivery; provided, however, that if the sale is to a buyer in the Ontario Trucking Zone, such amount shall not in any event exceed the cost of transporting the fruit by railway express in less than carload lots from Grimsby, Ontario, to the point of delivery.

PART IV—SALES BY LICENSED SHIPPERS

6. (1) The maximum price at which a licensed shipper may sell any peaches, pears or plums grown in Canada to,

- (a) any wholesale distributor, licensed shipper or trucker;
 - (b) any retailer operating a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets who takes delivery of the fruit at such warehouse; or
 - (c) any person who buys the fruit in carload lots;
- shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which a grower may sell the same to such buyer, according to the kind and capacity of the container in which the fruit is packed and sold, PLUS,
- (i) if the fruit was grown in Ontario and the sale is to a buyer whose place of business is in the Ontario Trucking Zone, an amount equal to 7 per cent of such grower's maximum price, or
 - (ii) if paragraph (i) preceding does not apply, an amount equal to 10 per cent of such grower's maximum price.

(2) The maximum price at which a licensed shipper may sell any peaches, pears or plums grown in Canada to any buyer of a class to which subsection (1) of this Section does not apply, shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which a grower may sell such fruit to a buyer of that class, according to the kind and capacity of the container in which the fruit is packed and sold.

PART V—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Maximum Prices of Peaches, Pears and Plums Grown in Canada

7. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any peaches, pears or plums grown in Canada and purchased by him from a grower, a trucker or a licensed shipper shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, that may be charged him by his supplier, exclusive of transportation and pre-cooling and/or protective service charges, if any;
- (b) if his supplier pre-cooled and/or used any protective service and shipped the fruit to him by railway in carload lots, the pre-cooling and/or protective service charges, if any, paid by him;
- (c) if the wholesale distributor is located in any part of Canada other than the Province of British Columbia and those parts of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec lying to the south of the 47th parallel of latitude, an allowance for shrinkage of not more than 2 per cent of the sum of items (a) and (b) preceding;
- (d) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting the fruit from his supplier's farm or country shipping point, as the case may be, to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate; and
- (e) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any peaches, pears or plums grown in Canada and purchased by him from another wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the maximum price at which that fruit may be sold to him by his supplier as fixed by subsection (1) preceding; and
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting the fruit from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate.

(3) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor whose place of business is in the Ontario Trucking Zone may sell any peaches, pears or plums grown in Ontario shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, at which a grower could have sold the fruit to him, f.o.b. the grower's country shipping point;
- (b) an amount equal to the cost of transporting the fruit by railway express in less than carload lots from Grimsby, Ontario, to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business; and
- (c) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

Maximum Prices of Imported Peaches, Pears and Plums

8. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any imported peaches, pears or plums, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) according to the kind and capacity of container in which the fruit is packed and sold, an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, at which a licensed shipper may sell, f.o.b. his shipping point, to a wholesale distributor whose place of business is not in the Ontario Trucking Zone, fruit grown in Canada of the same kind, grade and variety packed in the same kind and capacity of container;
- (b) an amount equal to the cost, including protective services, of transporting the fruit by railway freight in carload lots to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situated, from Kelowna, British Columbia; provided that if he is selling peaches and his place of business is situated in a part of Canada east of the 88th degree of west longitude, transportation and protective services costs from Grimsby, Ontario, shall apply;
- (c) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

Free Delivery Zones of Wholesale Distributors

9. If the sale is to a buyer whose place of business is within the city, town or village in which the wholesale distributor has his place of business or is within the wholesale distributor's customary free delivery zone, the maximum prices fixed by this Part include free delivery to that buyer. On all other sales, such prices are f.o.b. the wholesale distributor's place of business.

PART VI—SALES BY RETAILERS

Maximum Prices of Peaches, Pears and Plums Grown in Canada

10. The maximum price at which any person, other than a grower, licensed shipper or trucker may sell at retail any peaches, pears or plums grown in Canada shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the fruit but not exceeding the maximum price fixed by this Order at which it may be sold to him by his supplier; provided that if he bought the fruit from a grower or a licensed shipper at a price f.o.b. such supplier's country shipping point which is less than the maximum price at which a grower could have sold it f.o.b. his country shipping point to a wholesale distributor, he may treat that maximum price as being the actual price paid by him;
- (b) if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him, the actual cost incurred by him in transporting the fruit from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate;
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order; or
- (d) if he purchased the fruit from a grower or licensed shipper at a price not exceeding the maximum price at which such supplier could have sold that fruit to a wholesale distributor, the markup under the markup symbol "J" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

Maximum Prices of Imported Peaches, Pears and Plums

11. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any imported peaches, pears or plums purchased by him from a wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the fruit but not exceeding the maximum price fixed by this Order at which such fruit may be sold to him by his supplier according to the kind and capacity of the container in which it is packed when received by him;
 - (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him the actual cost of transporting the fruit from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate; and
 - (c) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.
- (2) The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any peaches, pears or plums imported by him shall be the sum of the following:—
- (a) according to the kind and capacity of container in which the fruit is packed and sold, an amount equal to the maximum price at which a licensed shipper may sell, f.o.b. his shipping point, to a wholesale distributor, whose place of business is not in the Ontario Trucking Zone, fruit grown in Canada of the same kind, grade and variety and packed in the same kind and capacity of container;
 - (b) an amount equal to the cost, including protective services, of transporting the fruit by railway freight in carload lots to the point of delivery to him from Kelowna, British Columbia; provided that if he is selling peaches and his

place of business is situated in a part of Canada east of the 88th degree of west longitude, transportation and protective services costs from Grimsby, Ontario, shall apply;

- (c) if he took delivery of the fruit at a point which is not situated within the limits of the city, town or village in which his retail outlet is situated, the amount, if any, paid by him for the transportation of the fruit from such receiving point to such city, town or village;
- (d) the markup under the markup symbol "J" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

SALES AT RETAIL BY WEIGHT AND BY UNIT

12. (1) No person shall sell any peaches, pears or plums by unit or in multiples thereof except when the container in which the fruit was packed when received by him is count marked.

(2) When peaches, pears or plums are priced or sold at retail by unit or in multiples thereof, the number of units as shown by the count mark on the container in which they were packed when received by the retailer shall, for the purpose of determining the maximum price of the fruit in terms of the number of units priced or sold by the retailer, be deemed to be the number of units of the fruit received by the retailer.

(3) Unless otherwise authorized by the Administrator, when any peaches, pears or plums are priced or sold at retail by weight, the net weight of the fruit in the container in which they were packed when received by the retailer shall for the purpose of determining the maximum price of the fruit in terms of the quantity priced or sold be deemed to be,

- (a) if the fruit was grown in Canada, the net weight for the container in which it is packed set forth in the following table:—

TABLE

6 quart leno basket	10½ lbs.
6 quart flat basket	8 lbs.
11 quart flat basket	15 lbs.
Standard peach box	17 lbs.
Standard pear box (wrapped)	45 lbs.
Standard pear box (unwrapped)	42 lbs.
Standard plum and prune lug	15 lbs.
Other containers	Actual weight

- (b) if the fruit was imported, the net weight,
 - (i) stamped or marked on the container in which it was packed when received by him; or
 - (ii) if not so stamped nor marked, but shown on his supplier's invoice, the weight as shown on his supplier's invoice; or
 - (iii) if neither so stamped nor marked nor shown on his supplier's invoice, the actual net weight of the fruit when received by him.

PART VII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Listed Containers

13. (1) Listed containers are those containers listed in the Schedule hereto and conforming with the requirements of The Fruits, Vegetables and Honey Act.

(2) If the covering (leno) of a leno basket is not intact or has been removed following packing of the fruit, the basket of fruit shall for the purposes of this Order be deemed to be an open basket and subject to the maximum price fixed for an open basket of that fruit.

(3) The maximum price fixed by this Order for any fruit in a listed container is fixed on the basis of the container being well and properly filled according to the

provisions of The Fruits, Vegetables and Honey Act. If any listed container is not well and properly filled the container shall be deemed to be an unlisted container and the maximum price shall be determined in accordance with Section 14.

Sales of Unlisted Containers

14. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell to any class of buyer any peaches, pears or plums in an unlisted container shall be determined on the basis of the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales to the same class of buyer of that grade and variety of fruit packed in its base container according to the relationship which the net weight of the fruit in the unlisted container bears to the standard net weight of the fruit in its base container, cost of container included. For the purposes of this Section the base containers for peaches, pears and plums and the standard net weights thereof shall be as follows:—

FOR CANADIAN FRUIT GROWN AND IMPORTED FRUIT SOLD EAST OF THE 88TH DEGREE OF WEST LONGITUDE

<i>Fruit</i>	<i>Base Container</i>	<i>Standard Net Weight</i>
Peaches	6 quart leno basket..	10½ lbs.
Pears	11 quart flat basket...	15 lbs.
Plums	6 quart flat basket...	8 lbs.

FOR CANADIAN FRUIT GROWN AND IMPORTED FRUIT SOLD WEST OF THE 88TH DEGREE OF WEST LONGITUDE

Peaches	Standard Peach Box..	17 lbs.
Pears (unwrapped).....	Standard Pear Box...	42 lbs.
Pears (wrapped).....	Standard Pear Box...	45 lbs.
Plums	Standard Lug.....	15 lbs.

(2) This Section does not apply to sales at retail except when the fruit is sold by the container in the original container in which it was packed when received by the seller. Where a retailer does not sell the fruit in the unbroken original container but in smaller quantities Section 10 or Section 11 shall apply depending on whether the fruit is grown in Canada or imported.

Addition to Maximum Prices for Canadian Grown Storage Pears

15. If any pears, other than Keiffer variety pears, are placed in cold storage and are sold after September 20 in the year in which they are grown and prior to April 1 of the following year the maximum prices fixed by the other provisions of this Order for sales of such pears shall be increased by 5 cents per standard box or 11 quart basket for each month that the pears have actually been in cold storage. However, if the pears have been stored for more than three months the total cold storage charges shall not in any event exceed 15 cents for each such container.

Sales of Imported Fruit Conforming to Canadian Grades

16. Imported peaches, pears or plums which conform to the standards of any grade of Canadian grown fruit referred to in the Schedule hereto, may be priced and sold by the seller as if they had been graded in Canada in accordance with the standards for that grade.

Sales of Fruit Received on Consignment

17. The maximum price at which any person may sell to any buyer any peaches, pears or plums received by him on consignment from any person shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he could have sold that fruit to that buyer if he had purchased it from a grower.

Protective Services and Pre-cooling

18. When it is necessary to protect any shipment of peaches, pears or plums by pre-cooling and/or by the use of any customary protective service, the maximum price at which any grower or licensed shipper may sell such shipment shall be that fixed by the other provisions of this Order PLUS the actual cost, but not exceeding the standard

or customary charge, for such pre-cooling and/or protective service. The provisions of this subsection shall only apply to shipments in carload lots and such charges must be shown as a separate item on the seller's sales invoice.

PART VIII—RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

Sales Invoices

19. (1) On every sale of peaches, pears or plums to which this Order applies, other than a sale at retail, the seller shall at the time of delivery of the fruit furnish the buyer with an invoice showing:—

- (a) the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer and the date of sale;
- (b) the quantity sold and the price per container charged;
- (c) the kind and grade, if sold by grade, of the fruit and in the case of pears, the variety; and
- (d) the kind of container and the capacity of the container if it is a basket.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Records of Purchases

20. (1) Every person other than the importer of imported peaches, pears or plums who buys any peaches, pears or plums for resale shall at the time of delivery of the fruit to him, obtain from his supplier an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 19 covering that transaction.

(2) Every person who imports any peaches, pears or plums shall, before selling such fruit, record on the invoice furnished by his supplier any of the particulars referred to in subsection (1) of Section 19 which are not recorded on that invoice when it is received by him.

(3) Every person who buys any domestic or imported peaches, pears or plums for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the fruit to him, obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the fruit.

Retention and Inspection of Invoices and Transportation Receipts

21. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller of peaches, pears or plums is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys any such fruit obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

22. Every person who sells any peaches, pears or plums at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales invoice showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the quantity sold and the price charged.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of July, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1692

Maximum Prices (in Dollars) for Sales of Peaches, Pears and Plums

By Growers

(1) To licensed shippers, wholesale distributors, truckers, to any retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery at such warehouse and to any person who buys in carload lots, are listed in Column 1;

(2) To any class of buyer other than those referred to in (1) above and (3) below are listed in Column 2; and

(3) To consumers are listed in Column 3.

ALL PRICES INCLUDE FREE DELIVERY TO A BUYER WITHIN 15 ROAD MILE OF SELLER'S FARM OR COUNTRY SHIPPING POINT. IN OTHER CASES THEY ARE F.O.B. HIS COUNTRY SHIPPING POINT

PEACHES (all varieties)

Package	Grade	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3
6 qt. leno bkt.	No. 1 and Select .....	.70	.80	1.07
6 qt. " "	Any other grade or ungraded .....	.55	.63	.84
6 qt. open "	No. 1 .....	.60 ^a	.69	.92
6 qt. " "	Any other grade or ungraded .....	.50	.57	.76
11 qt. flat "	No. 1 and Select	1.02	1.17	1.56
11 qt. leno "	No. 1 and Select	1.17	1.34	1.79
Standard box	No. 1, Select and Fancy	1.17	1.34	1.79
" "	Any other grade or ungraded	1.00	1.14	1.52

PEARS IN BASKETS (all varieties except Kieffers)

Package	Grade	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3
6 qt. leno bkt.	No. 1 .....	.65	.74	.99
6 qt. " "	Any other grade or ungraded .....	.50	.57	.76
6 qt. open "	All grades and ungraded .....	.50	.57	.76
11 qt. flat "	No. 1 .....	.95	1.08	1.44
11 qt. " "	Any other grade or ungraded .....	.70	.80	1.07

PEARS IN BASKETS (Kieffers)

Package	Grade	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3
6 qt. leno bkt.	No. 1 .....	.45	.51	.68
6 qt. " "	Any other grade or ungraded .....	.35	.40	.53
6 qt. open "	All grades and ungraded .....	.35	.40	.53
11 qt. flat "	No. 1 .....	.60	.68	.91
11 qt. " "	Any other grade or ungraded .....	.45	.51	.68

PEARS IN STANDARD BOXES

	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3
<i>Group 1.</i> Bartlett, Anjou, Bosc, Winter Nelis			
Wrapped extra fancy (Anjou only)	2.95	3.37	4.49
" fancy	2.55	2.92	3.89
" any other grade or ungraded	2.14	2.44	3.25
<i>Group 2.</i> Flemish Beauty and all other varieties not in Group 1.			
Wrapped fancy	2.14	2.44	3.25
" any other grade or ungraded	1.84	2.10	2.80
Unwrapped any grade or ungraded.....	1.71	1.95	2.60

PLUMS AND FRESH PRUNES (all varieties)

Package	Grade	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3
6 qt. leno bkt.	Any grade or ungraded .....	.60	.68	.91
6 qt. flat "	Any grade or ungraded .....	.53	.60	.80
6 qt. open "	Any grade or ungraded .....	.50	.57	.76
11 qt. flat "	Any grade or ungraded .....	.90	1.03	1.37
Standard lug	Any grade or ungraded .....	.97	1.11	1.48
Four basket crate	Any grade or ungraded	1.50	1.71	2.28

N.B.—1. The maximum prices in this Schedule include cost of containers.

2. For prices of fruit in containers not listed in this Schedule see Section 14.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

AIRCRAFT CONTROLLER

Order No. A.C. 2B

(Order No. A.C. 2A—Surplus Material—Rescinded)

DATED JULY 23, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5387 of June 25, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Aircraft Controller's Order No. A.C. 2A dated March 31, 1944, is rescinded.
W. A. NEWMAN,
Aircraft Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C. C. 5C

(Order No. C. C. 5—Dyestuffs Advisory Committee—Rescinded)

Dated July 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Orders of the Controller of Chemicals Nos. C.C. 5, dated December 4, 1941, C.C. 5A, dated October 24, 1942, and C.C. 5B, dated November 5, 1943, are rescinded.
E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 10C

(Order No. C.C. 10—Plastics Advisory Committee—Rescinded)

Dated July 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Orders of the Controller of Chemicals Nos. C.C. 10, dated February 28, 1942, and C.C. 10B dated February 11, 1943, are rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 24A

(Order No. C.C. 24—Phenol and Homologues of Phenol—Rescinded)

Dated July 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 24, dated May 19, 1943, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 28A

(Order No. C.C. 28—Vinyl Polymers—Rescinded)

Dated July 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 28, dated June 29, 1943, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 29A

(Order No. C.C. 29—Dyestuffs and Organic Pigments—Rescinded)

DATED July 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 29, dated July 31, 1943, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 33A

(Order No. C.C. 33—Acetylene Black—Rescinded)

DATED July 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 33 dated May 31, 1944, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

COAL CONTROLLER

Order No. Coal 17B

(Order No. Coal 17—Coal Distribution to Domestic Consumers—Eastern Canada—Amended)

DATED JULY 23, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Section 12 Amended*

Section 12 of the Coal Controller's Order No. Coal 17 dated March 15, 1945, is amended by adding thereto the following subsection :

“(3) The invoice or sales slip rendered to the purchaser shall record the quantities, prices and descriptions of *each* class of fuel delivered”.

E. J. BRUNNING,
Coal Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

Order No. M.C. 14B

(Order No. M.C. 14A—Primary Nickel—rescinded)

DATED JULY 23, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 14A, dated March 20, 1944, is rescinded.

NORMAN DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

Order No. M.C. 36C**(Order No. M.C. 36B—Nickel Plating—rescinded)**

DATED JULY 23, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942 and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 36B, dated March 22, 1944, is rescinded.

NORMAN DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

Approved:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 5-D**(Order No. Rubber 5C—Rubber Processing—Amended)**

DATED JULY 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9995 of November 3, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Balata and Gutta Percha Removed from Definition of Rubber.*

Paragraph (b) of Section 1 of the Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 5-C, dated August 9, 1944, is rescinded, and the following substituted therefore:

"(b) 'rubber' means crude natural rubber and synthetic rubber and rubber substitutes in any form, except reclaimed and scrap rubber and that kind of synthetic rubber known as GR-S when in its solid form, and includes guayule and latex of any type but does not include balata or gutta percha."

J. A. MARTIN,
Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 6-E**(Maximum Prices for Rubber)**

Dated July 27, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9995 of November 3, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Definitions*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:—

- (a) "authorized dealer" means a person who holds a permit in writing, issued by the Rubber Controller, authorizing such person to deal in rubber in Canada.
- (b) "Polymer" means Polymer Corporation Limited.

- (c) "processor" means any person in Canada who is engaged in the business of processing, manufacturing or fabricating rubber, either alone or in combination or conjunction with anything else, into any other form, article, commodity, substance, material or thing;
- (d) "rubber" means crude natural rubber and synthetic rubber and rubber substitutes in any form and includes guayule and natural latex but does not include balata or gutta percha.

2. *Existing Orders Rescinded*

The following Orders of the Rubber Controller are rescinded:

Order No. Rubber 6-A dated April 1, 1943;

Order No. Rubber 6-B dated June 14, 1943;

Order No. Rubber 6-C dated August 13, 1943;

and Order No. Rubber 6-D dated June 16, 1944.

3. *Maximum Prices to which Polymer is entitled from Processors*

(1) The maximum price, exclusive of inland freight charges, which Polymer may demand or accept for rubber from a processor shall be the price in respect to each grade or classification of rubber shown in Schedule "A" to this Order and, in addition, (unless such grade or classification of rubber is being stored or held by the processor on behalf of Polymer) the mark-up or increase fixed by Schedule "B" to this Order.

(2) In addition to the prices of rubber chargeable by Polymer under subsection (1) preceding, Polymer shall be entitled to demand and accept from any processor the inland freight charges on such rubber at an equalized rate to be determined by Polymer from time to time, plus freight from the point of storage to the point of destination.

4. *Sales by Polymer to Persons other than Processors*

(1) Polymer may sell rubber to a person, who is not a processor, provided such person has first secured a permit in writing from the Rubber Controller, authorizing the purchase.

(2) The maximum prices which Polymer may demand or accept for rubber from a person other than a processor shall be the prices shown in the said Schedule "A", increased by the mark-up or increase fixed by the said Schedule "B" and an amount per pound to be determined from time to time by the Rubber Controller, which prices shall, as nearly as possible, be the all-inclusive cost of such rubber to Polymer for the grade or classification of rubber sold. Polymer may also demand and accept freight from the point of storage to the point of destination.

5. *Maximum Prices to which Authorized Dealers are entitled*

(1) The maximum price, exclusive of inland freight charges, which an authorized dealer may demand or accept for rubber, shall be the price in respect to each grade or classification of rubber shown in Schedule "A" to this Order, together with the mark-up or increase fixed by Schedule "B" to this Order.

(2) In addition to the prices of rubber chargeable by authorized dealers under this Order, authorized dealers shall be entitled to demand and accept from any purchaser the inland freight charges on such rubber at an equalized rate to be determined by Polymer from time to time, plus the freight from the authorized dealer's warehouse to the point of destination.

J. A. MARTIN,
Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.
CONCURRED IN by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ORDER No. RUBBER 6-E

<i>Grade or Classification</i>	<i>Per Pound</i>
#IX Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in bales	\$00·2498
IX Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in cases	00·2498
1 Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in cases	00·2491
1 Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in bales	00·2491
2 Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in bales	00·2470
3 Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in bales	00·2442
4 Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in bales	00·2414
5 Ribbed Smoked Sheets, in bales	00·2289
#IX Thick Pale Latex Crepe, in cases	00·2588
IX Thick Pale Latex Crepe, in bales	00·2553
1 Thick Pale Latex Crepe, in cases	00·2574
1 Thick Pale Latex Crepe, in bales	00·2539
2 Thick Pale Latex Crepe, in cases	00·2456
2 Thick Pale Latex Crepe, in bales	00·2456
3 Thick Pale Latex Crepe, in cases or bales	00·2428
#IX Thin Pale Latex Crepe, in cases	00·2588
1 Thin Pale Latex Crepe, in cases	00·2574
2 Thin Pale Latex Crepe, in cases	00·2456
2 Thin Pale Latex Crepe, in bales	00·2456
3 Thin Pale Latex Crepe, in cases or bales	00·2428
#IX Thick Brown Crepe, in bales	00·2384
2X Thick Brown Crepe, in bales	00·2338
3X Thick Brown Crepe, in bales	00·2220
#IX Thin Brown Crepe, in cases	00·2384
IX Thin Brown Crepe, in cases	00·2384
2X Thin Brown Crepe, in cases	00·2338
2X Thin Brown Crepe, in bales	00·2338
3X Thin Brown Crepe, in cases	00·2220
3X Thin Brown Crepe, in bales	00·2220
#Thick Remilled Blanket, in bales	00·2384
2 Thick Remilled Blanket, in bales	00·2359
3 Thick Remilled Blanket, in bales	00·2345
4 Thick Remilled Blanket, in bales	00·2288
#1 Thin Brown Remilled Crepe, in bales	00·2359
2 Thin Brown Remilled Crepe, in bales	00·2338
3 Thin Brown Remilled Crepe, in bales	00·2288
4 Thin Brown Remilled Crepe, in bales	00·2220
#1 & #2 Rolled Brown, in bales	00·1991
#1 Smoked Blanket	00·2345
2 Smoked Blanket	00·2331
Claro Brand IXRSS, in cases	00·2489
#IXRSS European Estates Trimmings, in case or bales	00·2442
Sole Crepe Trimmings and/or #IX Thin Pale Crepe Trimmings, in cases or bales	00·2539
R.C.M.A. Wtmkd. Crepe #16, in cases	00·2928
R.C.M.A. Wtmkd. Crepe #17, in cases	00·2872
R.C.M.A. Wtmkd. Crepe #18, in cases	00·2706
Sole Crepe (Harrison and Crosfield and R.C.M.A.) in cases	00·2588
Cut Fine Para—Washed and Dried	00·2498
Islands Fine Para—Washed and Dried	00·2498
Weak Fine Para—Washed and Dried	00·2373
Cameta Para—Washed and Dried	00·2345
Upriver Coarse Para—Washed and Dried	00·2248
Manicoba—Washed and Dried	00·2248
Manicoba Choro (Ceara Scrap)—Washed and Dried	00·1998
Central Scrap—Washed and Dried	00·2165
Ceylon Scrap—Washed and Dried	00·2165
Caucho Ball—Washed and Dried	00·2165

	<i>Per Pound</i>
Panama Slab—Washed and Dried	\$00·1998
Mangabiera—Washed and Dried	00·1998
African—Washed and Dried	00·2306
Guayule	00·1998
Natural Latex (Dry Weight)—38-40%	00·3500
Natural Latex (Dry Weight)—60-62%	00·3700
Natural Latex (Dry Weight)—73-75%	00·4000
GR-S Latex, Types I, II & III in tank cars (dry weight).....	00·20535
GR-S Latex, Types I, II & III in carload drum lots (dry weight)....	00·27195
GR-S Latex, Types I, II & III in less than carload drum lots (dry weight)	00·27750
GR-S Latex, Types I, II & III in less than 1 drum (dry weight).....	00·34410
GR-S Latex, Type III Concentrated, in tank car lots (dry weight).....	00·30470
GR-S Latex Type III Concentrated, in carload drum lots (dry weight)	00·31302
GR-S Latex Type III Concentrated, in less than carload drum lots (dry weight)	00·32412
GR-S Latex Type III Concentrated, in less than 1 drum (dry weight)	00·40182
GR-S (Buna S)	00·2055
GR-I (Butyl)	00·1721

SCHEDULE "B" to ORDER No. RUBBER 6-E

Crude Rubber, GR-S (Buna-S) and GR-I (Butyl) in Bales, Cases, Cartons or Bags.

	<i>Per Pound</i>
On orders for 30 tons or more for one delivery.....	·0030
On orders for 10 tons or more for one delivery	·0060
On orders for 1 ton or more for one delivery.....	·0100
On orders for less than one ton for one delivery.....	·0250
On orders for less than one package for one delivery.....	·1000

Natural Latex

	<i>Per Pound</i>
On orders for 80 drums or more for one delivery.....	·0050 (dry weight)
On orders for 10 to 79 drums for one delivery.....	·0100 (dry weight)
On orders for less than 10 drums for one delivery.....	·0250 (dry weight)
On orders for 5 gallons or more for one delivery.....	·1250 (dry weight)
On orders for less than 5 gallons for one delivery.....	·1750 (dry weight)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

Order No. S.C. 26B

(Order No. S.C. 26—Steel Roofing Sheets—Revoked)

DATED Aug. 2, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Steel Controller's Order No. S.C. 26 dated May 18, 1943, as amended by Order No. S.C. 26A dated January 31, 1944, is revoked.

F. B. KILBOURN,

Steel Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,

Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

VOLUME III, No. 6



AUG. 13, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

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of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

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PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council granting authority for free postage *re* Correspondence of members of British, Dominion and Empire Forces stationed in Canada

P.C. 4157

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 7th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas authority was given by Order in Council P.C. 4129 of 20 December, 1939, for the forwarding and delivery free of postage in Canada of correspondence posted by British, Dominion, Colonial and Allied soldiers on active service abroad and by officers and men serving on His Majesty's ships or Allied warships;

And whereas His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom has granted the concession of conveyance free of postage of letters up to one ounce posted by personnel of His Majesty's Forces, the Royal Navy and the Merchant Navy in all theatres of war and to Empire personnel serving with those Forces, when addressed to their home countries;

And whereas His Majesty's Government has addressed to Canada and other Commonwealth Governments a request that consideration be given to the extension of a similar concession for correspondence posted in their countries;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Postmaster General, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada 1927, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other Act or Regulation, is pleased to grant and doth hereby grant authority to accept and forward free of postage correspondence other than domestic up to one ounce posted by personnel of British, Dominion and Empire Forces stationed in Canada and by officers and men serving on His Majesty's warships or on ships of the Merchant Navy, provided such correspondence is posted at a Canadian military or naval post office.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing Committee on Education Overseas

P.C. 4161

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 7th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Post-Discharge Re-Establishment Order, being Order in Council P.C. 5210 of the 13th July, 1944, contains provisions designed to promote and facilitate the re-establishment in civil life in Canada of persons who have been honourably discharged or retired from or who have honourably ceased to serve on active service in His Majesty's armed forces;

And whereas under such Order the Minister of Veterans Affairs is authorized to make payment of a grant, under conditions therein set forth, to discharged persons who are pursuing educational training which has been approved by the Department of Veterans Affairs as training which will fit them or keep them fit for employment or re-employment or will enable them to obtain better or more suitable employment;

And whereas a grant for educational purposes may, by the terms of the Order, be paid only if such persons are residing in Canada, except in certain cases in which training elsewhere than in Canada is authorized by the Minister;

And whereas it is deemed to be in the public interest to release certain persons from service in the armed forces prior to repatriation to Canada if such persons otherwise qualified under the said Order are desirous of taking advantage as civilians of courses of training offered by such universities or other training institutions outside of Canada and approved by the Minister of Veterans Affairs;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Veterans Affairs and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. (1) There shall be for the purposes of this Order a committee to be called the "Committee on Education Overseas" (hereinafter referred to as "Committee") consisting of the High Commissioner for Canada in the United Kingdom, who shall be chairman; an officer of the Department of Veterans Affairs to be named by the Minister of Veterans Affairs, who shall be vice-chairman; and the Overseas Rehabilitation Officer of such Department, who shall be secretary, and such other persons as may be appointed by the chairman as hereinafter provided.

(2) The Chairman may appoint as members of the Committee not more than three representative educationists.

(3) The chairman may, at any time, request the appropriate naval, military, or air force authority to assign a representative to attend sessions of the Committee in an advisory capacity.

2. Any person appointed to serve on the Committee under paragraph 1 (2) hereof shall be entitled to receive reimbursement of any travelling or living expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Committee: Provided that all expenditures required to be made under this paragraph shall be paid out of war appropriation for the balance of the fiscal year and thereafter out of departmental estimates for the Department of Veterans Affairs.

3. It shall be the duty of the Committee and they shall have power, subject to the provisions of this Order, to receive through the Services concerned, consider and deal with applications by members of the armed forces of Canada and other persons eligible for consideration under The Post-Discharge Re-Establishment Order for the privilege of undertaking courses of training after discharge before repatriation to Canada, under the provisions of The Post-Discharge Re-Establishment Order governing training outside of Canada.

4. The Minister of Veterans Affairs is hereby authorized to pay the actual expenses of repatriation of persons discharged from the forces for the purpose of taking training under this Order, such expenses not to exceed the cost of the class of transportation and accommodation to which such persons would have been entitled if they had remained members of His Majesty's armed forces.

5. (1) No application for training shall be approved by the Committee unless such training is for the purpose of establishing or re-establishing the applicant in civil life and is in accordance with the policy governing post-discharge training outside of Canada, as follows:—

The exceptional cases where training outside of Canada is deemed advisable shall apply to:—

- (a) The resumption of interrupted undergraduate or post-graduate training of persons who were attending universities outside of Canada at the time of their enlistment.
- (b) The commencement of training by residents of Canada who will be fitted to earn a living in Canada on completion of such training, when it is definitely established that there are no suitable facilities in Canada.

(c) The completion of approved training commenced in Canada, where the full training necessary for establishment in the occupation cannot be provided in Canada.

(d) The commencement of training of seriously disabled veterans, whose rehabilitation, in the opinion of the Department, may require training outside of Canada.

(2) No deviation from the policy as hereinbefore set out or as may be hereafter promulgated may be made without the approval of the Minister of Veterans Affairs.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking Order in Council P.C. 4934 of June 27, 1944, authorizing employment of troops called out in aid of the civil power to carry out police, traffic control and patrol duties, etc.

P.C. 5320

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 31st day of July, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of National Defence reports as follows,—

By Order in Council dated 27th June, 1944, P.C. 4934, it is ordered that upon the Minister of Justice notifying the Minister of National Defence that the municipal and provincial police forces and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police available for the purpose are, in the opinion of the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, unable to police, patrol, direct traffic or perform such other duties as may be deemed necessary then if the Minister of National Defence so authorizes, any officer or man of the Active Militia, called out under Section 75 of the Militia Act in aid of the civil power, may be employed individually or in small detachments or in such manner as may be prescribed, to police, patrol, direct traffic or perform such other duties as may be deemed necessary.

The said Order in Council further provides that such officer or man shall take orders and instructions only from his superior officer and the presence of a magistrate shall not be deemed necessary, and that he shall be furnished and shall carry only such arms, ammunition or equipment as his superior officer shall prescribe.

The provisions of the above-mentioned Order in Council involve a radical departure from the well established principles laid down in the Militia Act and the King's Regulations and Orders for the Canadian Militia, 1939, governing the employment of the Active Militia in aid of the civil power. Its general effect is to permit troops which have been called out in aid of the civil power to be employed in substitution of the civil power as opposed to aiding the civil power.

Under the Militia Act and the King's Regulations and Orders for the Canadian Militia, 1939, members of the Active Militia are only to be utilized in aid of the civil power as a military body under the command of their military superior officers and a magistrate must accompany all detachments. The removal of these safeguards places a heavier responsibility upon the individual soldier than is imposed under the Militia Act and the King's Regulations and Orders for the Canadian Militia, 1939, and one which, having regard to his inexperience and lack of training in police work, exposes both the individual and the Service to dangers for which safeguards, to a large extent are provided by the Militia Act and the King's Regulations.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke Order in Council P.C. 4934, dated 27th June, 1944.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending provisions of "The Reinstatement in Civil Employment Act, 1942" to members of the Forces of any of the United Nations

P.C. 5324

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 2nd day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas The Reinstatement in Civil Employment Act, 1942, provides for the reinstatement in Civil employment only of discharged members of His Majesty's forces, merchant seamen including those who serve in the Merchant Marine of countries other than those at war with the United Nations, and members of the Corps of (Civilian) Canadian Fire Fighters for Service in the United Kingdom;

And whereas by reason of the war it is deemed necessary and advisable for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada to provide for the reinstatement in civil employment also of members of the naval, military or air forces of any of the United Nations who were employed in Canada prior to the ninth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that for the purposes of The Reinstatement in Civil Employment Act, 1942, the expression "service in His Majesty's forces" shall be deemed to include service on active service in the present war in the naval, military or air forces of any of the United Nations.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council exempting oranges from customs duty during the period August 1, 1945 to December 31, 1945

P.C. 5371

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 2nd day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports,—

That oranges originating in and imported from the United States or any other non-British Empire country are admitted duty free during the months of January to July, inclusive, and are subject to a customs duty of 35 cents per cubic foot during the months of August to December, inclusive;

That Order in Council P.C. 6083 of July 30, 1943, exempts imports of oranges from the customs duty of 35 cents per cubic foot under the Intermediate and General Tariffs during the period August 1, 1943 to December 31, 1943, and that Order in Council P.C. 5999 of July 31, 1944 exempts imports of oranges from customs duty during the same period in 1944; and

That the Wartime Prices and Trade Board recommends that the customs duty be eliminated on imports of oranges during the period August 1, 1945 to December 31, 1945, in order to maintain the existing ceiling price on oranges.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that oranges originating in and imported from countries the products of which are subject to Intermediate or General Tariff treatment be exempt from the customs duty of 35 cents per cubic foot during the period August 1, 1945 to December 31, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council removing restrictions on importation of
certain kinds of rubber**

P.C. 5375

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 2nd day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 9478 dated 21 December, 1944, the importation of certain unmanufactured rubber including balata and gutta percha was prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Wartime Industries Control Board advises that it is no longer necessary or desirable to require permits for the importation of balata or gutta percha;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 9478 dated 21 December, 1944, and it is hereby amended by deleting the final paragraph thereof, which enumerates the goods to which the Order applies, and substituting therefor the following:—

“Crude natural rubber, and crude synthetic rubber of the Neoprene, Butyl and Buna S types, including unmanufactured guayule and latices not compounded beyond the addition of preservative but not including balata and gutta percha.”

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council providing for representation of Civil Service Commission and The Wartime Prices and Trade Board on the
Advisory Committee on Rehabilitation and Re-establishment**

P.C. 5401

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 7th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, is pleased to amend Order in Council of the 20th June, 1945 (P.C. 4383) which established The Advisory Committee on Rehabilitation and Re-Establishment, and it is hereby amended to provide for representation on the said Committee of the Civil Service Commission and The Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942

P.C. 5438

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 3rd day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas, in view of the termination of hostilities in Europe, the principal reasons for the imposition of the restrictions on supply contained in the Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942, no longer exist, and it is, therefore, desirable to remove these restrictions to the extent that they are operative in the field of jurisdiction normally exercised by the Provinces;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of National Revenue, and under the authority of The War Measures Act, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke the following sections and subsections of the "Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942" (P.C. 11374, of 16th December, 1942), viz.:

2 (b), 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13 (5), 14 (3), reading as follows,—

2 (b) "enter for consumption" has the same meaning as in the Customs Act;

3. No person lawfully engaged in the purchase and resale of spirits in Canada shall accept delivery from Canadian distillers during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war unless otherwise ordered, of spirits in excess of seventy per centum of the quantity in proof gallons of which such person took delivery from such distillers during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two, but nothing herein contained shall restrict any such person to accepting delivery from any one distiller of a quantity in proof gallons equal to seventy per centum of the quantity of which such person accepted delivery from such distiller during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

4. The quantity in gallons of imported proof spirits which any person enters for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war unless otherwise ordered, shall not exceed seventy per centum of the quantity in proof gallons which such person entered for consumption during the twelve months ending the thirty first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty two.

5. The quantity in gallons of wine which any manufacturer thereof in Canada sells, offers to sell, supplies or delivers for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war unless otherwise ordered, shall not exceed eighty per centum of the quantity in gallons which such manufacturer sold, supplied and delivered for such consumption during the twelve months ending the thirty-fist day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

6. The quantity in gallons of imported wine which any person enters for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war unless otherwise ordered, shall not exceed eighty per centum of the quantity in gallons which such person entered for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

9. No person shall sell, offer to sell, supply or deliver any spirits of an alcoholic strength greater than seventy per centum proof spirits (thirty per centum under proof) except spirits which are out of bond or bottled prior to the date on which this Part comes into force.

11. Nothing in this part shall be deemed to affect the importation of any goods, to which this part is applicable under items 157, 157b, 703(b), 706 and 707 of the Customs Tariff, or by any distiller, licensed under the Excise Act, for blending purposes.

13(5) Any spirits, wine or beer, produced, distilled, imported, purchased, sold, supplied or delivered in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order may (in addition to any other penalty which may be imposed on any person or to which any person may be subject with relation to such offence and whether or not any prosecution in relation thereto has been commenced), be seized and detained by such person or persons as the Minister may by writing authorize and shall be liable to forfeiture and may be forfeited at the instance of the Minister.

14(3) Whenever according to the terms of any exemption from any of the provisions of this Order granted by the Minister under this section spirits, wine or beer mentioned in such exemption is authorized to be sold and supplied, the sale and supply thereof in accordance with the terms of the permit shall not be deemed to constitute a breach of any of the provisions of this Order.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Wing Commander L. H. Phinney, Acting Special Commissioner for Defence Projects in Northwest Canada

P.C. 5465

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 7th August, 1945.

The Committee of the Privy Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, advise that, under the authority of the War Measures Act, Wing Commander L. H. Phinney be appointed Acting Special Commissioner for Defence Projects in Northwest Canada with the powers and duties of that office as set out in Order in Council, P.C. 3758 of May 6, 1943, *vice* Major General W. W. Foster, resigned, the said appointment to be effective August 1, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council rescinding prohibition against export of certain Alberta securities

P.C. 5469

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 7th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports,—that the refunding program of the Province of Alberta securities was formally approved by the Legislature of the Province of Alberta on the 26th of July, 1945, and that the offer was publicly announced and made to the holders of the said securities on or about that date;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 3596 dated the 17th day of May, 1945, sales or export on and after the 18th day of May, 1945, of outstanding Alberta securities therein described, by residents of Canada to non-residents of Canada were prohibited;

And whereas, in view of the announcement by the Minister of Finance that the proposed tax of 100% on profits made by any one who purchased the said securities

after January 31, 1945, would not apply to purchasers on and after August 7, 1945, the reason for the prohibition against sales of the said securities outside of Canada no longer exists;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order that the prohibition contained in Order in Council P.C. 3596 of May 17, 1945, against a resident of Canada selling, assigning, transferring or delivering to or for the account of a non-resident of Canada or to a person not physically in Canada any of the Alberta securities therein described be and it is hereby rescinded as of August 7, 1945, and doth hereby further order that on and after August 7, 1945 the prohibition against export of the said securities shall no longer apply.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending definition of "Class I Wheat"

P.C. 5475

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 7th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that, in order to facilitate the forwarding and marketing of wheat held by The Canadian Wheat Board (hereinafter called the "Board"), it is necessary to extend the definition of "Class I wheat" contained in Order in Council P.C. 1917 of the 23rd day of March, 1945;

And whereas, by reason of the state of war now existing, it is deemed necessary for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that the said extension be made;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows,—

1. Order in Council P.C. 1917 of the 23rd day of March, 1945, is hereby amended by replacing clause (a) of paragraph 2 thereof by the following:
“(a) ‘Class I wheat’ means wheat which the Board from time to time holds, or deals with as being held, for the account of His Majesty;”
2. This Order in Council shall be deemed to have come into force and effect on the first day of April, 1944.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 84

Supplement No. 4

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 30th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Prohibited Imports**

It is ordered that bananas, dried or evaporated, ex. item 99, grapefruit juice, ex. items 152 and 152*b*, jute fibres, ex. item 535, and horsehair, ex. items 549*a* and 549*b*, be deleted from the goods enumerated in Memorandum WM No. 84, and that the following goods be prohibited importation except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue:—

<i>Tariff Item</i>	<i>Description of goods</i>
Ex. 152 }	Grapefruit juice and blended orange and grapefruit juice.
Ex. 152 <i>b</i> }	

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 5191, 24/7/45—Authority, War Measures Act).

WM No. 100

Supplement No. 7

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 28th July, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Prohibited Imports**

Effective the 1st August, 1945, General Permit No. G-2400 is no longer valid for the importation of the following fresh fruits:—

Apricots
Peaches
Pears
Plums, including prunes.

Provided that specific permits will not be required for shipments of the above mentioned fresh fruits actually in transit prior to the 1st August, 1945.

Vide Memorandum WM No. 100 Supplement No. 1 for instructions respecting applications for specific permits.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board
(FINANCE)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement of Import Policy

Referring to the "Statement on Import Policy, effective February 11, 1943", published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations*, February 22, 1943, as amended, notice is hereby given of the following change in Schedule "A" to the said Statement.

Schedule "A" is amended effective July 5, 1945, by adding the following:—

<i>Tariff Items</i>	<i>Description of Goods</i>
380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 385a, } 386, 386a, 386b, 386c, 386d, 386e, } 386f, ex442, ex442b, ex442c, } ex663b, ex711, ex791, 807, 815, } et al.	Plates, sheets, hoops, band and strip, of iron or steel, hot or cold rolled, coated or not.

Ottawa, July 5, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement on Import Policy

Referring to the "Statement on Import Policy, effective February 11, 1943", published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* on February 22, 1943, notice is hereby given of the following changes in Schedule "A" of the said Statement effective June 26, 1945.

Schedule "A" is amended by inserting therein the following:

<i>Tariff Item</i>	<i>Description of Goods</i>
ex 445k	Electric fence controllers

Schedule "A" is amended by deleting therefrom Item "274".

Ottawa, June 28, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 539

Maximum Prices of Beef

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 of November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on August 6, 1945.
2. Board Order No. 307 is hereby amended by adding as Section 35 thereof the following:

"35. (1) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Order the blade roast may be sold at retail with the blade bone and back strap removed and such cut shall be deemed to be a secondary cut and shall be named 'blade roast, blade bone and back strap removed'.

(2) The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail during any week a blade roast, blade bone and back strap removed, of any quality shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which during that week he may sell at retail a blade roast of that quality plus 2 cents per pound."

Made at Ottawa, this 1st day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 540

Controlling Distribution of Wheat Flour

Whereas the distribution of flour on the domestic market has been in excess of consumer needs and surpluses have in some areas been used for feeding live stock;

And whereas, to obtain a maximum quantity of flour for the United Nations and the liberated countries of Europe, where flour is urgently needed, it is necessary to control the distribution of first and second patent flour in Canada;

Therefore under powers given to the Board by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations being Order in Council P.C. 8528 of November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. This Order shall come into force on August 11, 1945.
2. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "customer" means, in respect of any miller, any person to whom that miller shipped or ships flour;
 - (b) "first patent flour" means, in respect of any miller, any wheat flour or blend of wheat flours, which that miller sold during 1944 under a brand name or names or otherwise, as first patent or top patent or short patent flour and includes any wheat flour or blend of wheat flours hereafter sold by that miller under the same brand name or names and/or which has an ash content, on a moisture free basis, not greater than the ash content of any wheat flour or blend of wheat flours which that miller sold as first patent or top patent or short patent flour during 1944;
 - (c) "second patent flour" means, in respect of any miller, any wheat flour or blend of wheat flours, which that miller sold during 1944 under a brand name or names or otherwise, as second patent flour and includes any wheat flour or blend of wheat flours hereafter sold by that miller under the same brand name

or names and/or which has an ash content, on a moisture free basis, not greater than the ash content of any wheat flour or blend of wheat flours which that miller sold as second patent flour during 1944 but greater than the ash content, on a moisture free basis, of any first patent or top patent flours which that miller sold during 1944;

- (d) "miller" means a person who makes wheat flour and whose plant has a daily milling capacity of more than 100 barrels of flour;
- (e) "quarterly period" means any of the four periods, each of three successive months, of a calendar year, the first quarterly period being that of the first three months of a calendar year;
- (f) "ship" means to part with physical possession;
- (g) "Zone" means a zone described in subsection (1) of Section 3 or as established in accordance with sub-section (2) of Section 3.

3. (1) For the purposes of this Order, Canada is divided into the following zones, namely,

ZONE 1—composed of the Province of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick and the Magdalen Islands, part of the province of Quebec,

ZONE 2—composed of the Province of Quebec, except the Magdalen Islands,

ZONE 3—composed of that part of the Province of Ontario lying east of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, but including cities, towns, villages and townships the railway stations of which are on that railway.

ZONE 4—composed of that part of the Province of Ontario lying between Zone 3 and the 85th meridian of West Longitude,

ZONE 5—composed of that part of the Province of Ontario lying west of the 85th meridian of West Longitude, the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta and the North West Territories,

ZONE 6—composed of the Province of British Columbia and the Yukon Territory.

(2) The Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, or any person duly authorized by him, may vary the boundaries of the said zones in respect of any particular miller or millers generally.

4. (1) No miller shall in any quarterly period ship to his customers in any zone,

(a) a total quantity of first patent flour which is greater than the lesser of the two following quantities:

(i) 125 per cent of the total quantity of first patent flour that he shipped during the corresponding quarterly period of the year 1942 to all of his customers in that zone; or

(ii) 100 per cent of the total quantity of first patent flour that he shipped during the corresponding quarterly period of the year 1944 to all of his customers in that zone;

(b) a total quantity of second patent flour which is greater than the lesser of the two following quantities:

(i) 140 per cent of the total quantity of second patent flour that he shipped during the corresponding quarterly period of the year 1942 to all of his customers in that zone; or

(ii) 100 per cent of the total quantity of second patent flour that he shipped during the corresponding quarterly period of the year 1944 to all of his customers in that zone.

(2) With the approval in writing of the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, or of any person duly authorized by him, a miller may exclude from the calculation of the quantity of first patent flour or second patent flour, as the case may be, that he is authorized to ship in a quarterly period in accordance with subsection (1) any such flour shipped by him to a customer that is exported out of Canada by such customer.

5. Commencing with the current quarterly period, every miller shall file with the Statistics Branch, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, No. 7 Temporary Building, Ottawa, a report for each quarterly period showing separately his shipments of wheat flours

during that quarterly period. This report must be on a form obtainable from said Statistics Branch and must be filed not later than ten days following the end of each quarterly period. Every miller shall make such other reports as the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, may from time to time require.

Made at Ottawa, this 8th day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

NOTE: The provisions of Section 9 of Board Order No. 414 require each miller to continue to produce flour similar in usefulness, serviceability and intrinsic worth to the flour produced by him in 1941 and in approximately the same price ranges. It also requires each miller to maintain in each price range a volume of production in proportion to his volume of production in that price range in 1941; provided that he may decrease the proportion which the volume of his goods in his higher price ranges bears to the total volume of his goods.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1693

Lamb and Mutton

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on August 6, 1945.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1246 is hereby amended by adding the following to Part I of Schedule "B" thereof:

"Max. Price of Carcass and Side	Relative Maximum Price of							
	Pair of short cut Fronts	Pair of long cut Fronts	Front Quarter boneless and rolled	Pair of short cut Hinds	Pair of long cut Hinds	Pair of Legs	Pair of Loins	Flank
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
27.50	21.25	23.00	33.00	32.50	31.25	33.25	34.25	13.25
27.75	21.50	23.25	33.25	32.75	31.50	33.50	34.50	13.50
28.00	21.75	23.50	33.50	33.00	31.75	33.75	34.75	13.75
28.25	22.00	23.75	33.75	33.25	32.00	34.00	35.00	14.00
28.50	22.25	24.00	34.00	33.50	32.25	34.25	35.25	14.25
28.75	22.50	24.25	34.25	33.75	32.50	34.50	35.50	14.50
29.00	22.75	24.50	34.50	34.00	32.75	34.75	35.75	14.75
29.25	23.00	24.75	34.75	34.25	33.00	35.00	36.00	15.00
29.50	23.25	25.00	35.00	34.50	33.25	35.25	36.25	15.25
29.75	23.50	25.25	35.25	34.75	33.50	35.50	36.50	15.50
30.00	23.75	25.50	35.50	35.00	33.75	35.75	36.75	15.75
30.25	24.00	25.75	35.75	35.25	34.00	36.00	37.00	16.00
30.50	24.25	26.00	36.00	35.50	34.25	36.25	37.25	16.25
30.75	24.50	26.25	36.25	35.75	34.50	36.50	37.50	16.50
31.00	24.75	26.50	36.50	36.00	34.75	36.75	37.75	16.75".

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of August, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,
*Administrator of Meat and
Meat Products.*

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-1694

Respecting Seeds

Under authority given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Seeds Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-920, as amended, is hereby amended as follows:

(a) by striking out the word "Alsike" and the figures "33, 31, 29" opposite such word where they appear in Part III of such Schedule under the following headings:

	Maximum Retail Price		
	Grade No. 1 seed		
Alfalfa, Clovers, Grasses, etc.	1-5 lb. lots a pound	6-30 lbs. lots a pound	31-lb. lots and over a pound

and by substituting the following therefor:

" Alsike	.38	.36	.34 "
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(b) by adding at the end of Part III of such Schedule under the headings set forth in clause (a) preceding, the following:

"White Clover ladino	\$2.10	\$2.05	\$2.00
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(c) by striking out the word "Peas" and the figures ".10, 4.50" opposite such word where they appear in Part V of such Schedule under the following headings:

	Maximum Retail Price	
	Grade No. 1 seed	
Field Beans, Corn, Peas, Soy Beans, etc.	Less than 10 lb. lots a pound	10 lb. lots and over a bushel

and substituting the following therefor:

"Large Peas (such as Sterling and Canadian Beauty)10	4.50
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Medium and Small Peas (such as Arthur, Chancellor, Golden Vine, O.A.C. 181, Dashaway)10	3.75 "
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2. This Order comes into force on August 6, 1945.

DATED at Ottawa, this 3rd day of August, 1945.

NELSON YOUNG,
Seeds Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-1695

Maximum Prices of Retail Sales of Ice for Household Use in the City of Peterborough, Ontario

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Ice, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Application of Order

1. This Order shall come into force on August 8, 1945 and fixes maximum prices and establishes conditions of sale for retail sales of ice (other than crushed ice and ice cubes) in the City of Peterborough, Ontario, delivered to the place of dwelling of the buyer or supplied to him at the place of business of the ice dealer. Sales of ice at wholesale and other sales of ice at retail in the said city and the maximum prices for same are not dealt with or fixed by this Order.

Conditions of Sale

2. Sales of ice to which this Order applies and for which it fixes maximum prices shall be made upon and subject to the following conditions of sale, namely:

(a) every such sale shall be by a unit or units of ice only;

(b) each unit of ice shall consist of one or more pieces of ice having at the time of delivery or supply to the buyer a total weight of at least 25 lbs. If the quantity of ice delivered or supplied at any one time exceeds the minimum

weight for the number of units sold but is less than the minimum weight for the next higher number of units, such excess weight shall be disregarded and no charge for the same shall be made by the seller;

- (c) when ice is sold by ticket, each ticket shall represent a number of units of ice not less than one unit. The maximum price as fixed by this Order for any ticket shall be according to the number of units it represents;
- (d) except where ice is supplied to a buyer at the place of business of an ice dealer, each sale of ice to which this Order applies and for which the maximum price is fixed requires that the seller shall deliver the ice sold to the place of dwelling of the buyer;
- (e) where a buyer desires to buy more than one unit of ice for any one delivery, the seller is required to deliver the number of units so desired and shall not restrict the sale to a lesser number of units;
- (f) notwithstanding the provisions of clause (e) above, the maximum price fixed by this Order for ice sold and supplied to a buyer at the place of business of an ice dealer shall apply only where the quantity sold and supplied at any one time does not exceed four units of ice. If a greater quantity of ice is so sold and supplied, the provisions of this Order do not apply to such sale.

Maximum Prices

3. The maximum prices at which any person may sell ice at retail in the said City of Peterborough delivered to the place of dwelling of the buyer or supplied to him at the place of business of an ice dealer shall be as follows:

(a) Cash or Ticket Sales—Ice delivered to Buyer's Place of Dwelling.

- (i) one unit of ice per delivery..... 18 cents
- (ii) two units of ice per delivery..... 25 cents
- (iii) three or more units of ice per delivery..... 12½ cents per unit

(b) Monthly Contract Sales—Ice delivered to Buyer's Place of Dwelling.

In every case for three separate deliveries per week,

- (i) one unit of ice per delivery..... \$2.30 per month
- (ii) two units of ice per delivery..... 3.25 per month
- (iii) three units of ice per delivery..... 4.00 per month

(c) Cash or Ticket Sales—Ice Supplied at Ice Dealer's Premises.

- (i) one unit of ice at any one time..... 15 cents
- (ii) two units of ice at any one time..... 25 cents
- (iii) three units of ice at any one time..... 38 cents
- (iv) four units of ice at any one time..... 50 cents

DATED at Ottawa, this 4th day of August, 1945.

K. C. McCREA,
Administrator of Ice.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1696

Maximum Prices of Canned Fruits and Vegetables

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

APPLICATION OF ORDER AND DEFINITIONS

1. This Order comes into effect on August 15, 1945, and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1327, as amended, which is hereby revoked. The Order applies to sales by canners of the products listed in Schedule "A" when those products are packed in metal containers of the sizes set forth in that Schedule. It also fixes markups for sales

at wholesale and retail of products listed in Schedule "A" and Schedule "B", canned condensed soups and canned pork and beans when those products are packed in any size of glass or metal container.

Sales by canners of the products listed in Schedule "A" when packed in sizes of metal containers for which maximum prices are not fixed in this Order or when packed in glass containers, and products listed in Schedule "B" continue to be governed by the provisions of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations unless a specific price fixation has been issued or is hereafter issued therefor by or on behalf of the Board.

Sales by canners of canned condensed soups and canned pork and beans continue to be governed by the provisions of Board Order No. 531.

This Order does not apply to sales of tomato juice cocktail and vegetable juices made prior to November 1, 1945.

2. This Order does not apply to any dehydrated or frozen fruit or vegetable or to any jam, jelly or marmalade.

3. All references in this Order to selling or sales include also offerings to sell or offers for sale.

4. For the purposes of this Order and its Schedules, "fancy", "choice" and "standard" mean, respectively, the qualities of the products herein referred to as they are defined in the regulations respecting fruits and vegetables issued under The Meat and Canned Foods Act.

PART I—SALES BY CANNERS

General Provisions

5. "Canner" means a processor, packer or other manufacturer engaged in the business of producing for sale any of the products to which this Order applies, and holding at any time during 1945 a manufacturer's sales tax license issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue.

6. All maximum prices fixed by this Order for sales by canners are exclusive of Dominion sales tax and are f.o.b. the seller's factory or warehouse. At the request of the buyer, a canner may prepay the freight on any shipment, but in that event he must show it as a separate item on his sales invoice to the buyer.

7. Sales by a canner of any product for which a maximum price is fixed by this Order shall, in addition to all other terms and conditions expressed in this Order, be upon the following terms and conditions:

- (i) a discount of $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on sales to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited, if the account is paid within fifteen days of invoice date;
- (ii) the seller's customary cash discount on sales to any other person;
- (iii) net invoice price if the account is paid within thirty days of invoice date;
- (iv) a discount of one-quarter of 1 per cent in lieu of claims for "swells" on sales to the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited;
- (v) the seller's customary allowance for "swells" on sales to any other person.

Sales to Any Person Other than C.P.S.C. Ltd.

8. (1) The maximum price per dozen containers at which a canner may sell to any class of customer other than Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Limited any product listed in Schedule "A" hereto, packed in a metal container of a size listed therein, shall be the price for the same set forth in Schedule "A" according to the quality of the product and the size of the container in which it is packed and, in the case of tomato juice and canned vegetables, according to the province in which the canner's factory or warehouse is situated.

(2) Upon written application being made to him by a canner, the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, may, in his discretion, authorize the canner to sell one brand only of fancy peas, sieve 5 or ungraded, packed in 20-oz. metal containers, of any of the following green strains of peas only, namely, Laxton, Prince of Wales, Stratagem or Alderman, at the maximum price of \$1.40 per dozen containers. When the Administrator authorizes a canner to sell a brand of peas at the maximum price fixed by this subsection, all the provisions of this Order relating to the products listed in Schedule "A" hereto shall also apply to sales of that brand of peas.

(3) On sales by a canner of peas of a substandard grade the maximum price shall be

- (a) 75 cents per dozen containers of 20 ounce size;
- (b) \$3.50 per dozen containers of 105 ounce size.

(4) The maximum price at which a canner may sell tomato juice of a grade lower than choice shall, according to the province in which the seller's factory or warehouse is situated and the size of the container, be 25% less than the maximum price at which he may sell tomato juice of choice grade in the same size of container.

(5) The maximum price at which a canner may sell any canned pears packed in a container which is not labelled as Bartlett, Clapp-Favorite, Anjou or Flemish Beauty, as the case may be, shall, according to the size of the container, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell Kieffer pears.

Sales to C.P.S.C. Ltd.

9. During the period from December 1, 1945, to May 31, 1946, both inclusive, every canner shall be entitled to sell to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Corporation") that portion of his 1945 pack of fancy and choice qualities of peas, corn, string beans, tomatoes and tomato juice, peaches, pears, plums and apricots that receives the approval, as to quality, of inspectors appointed under The Meat and Canned Foods Act; provided that, in the case of tomato juice and any vegetable he must have paid in 1945 prices for the entire quantity of the raw vegetable used by him to produce such product that equal or exceed the prices paid by him for such vegetable in 1941.

10. (1) The maximum price per dozen containers at which a canner, who complies with the provisions of Section 9, may sell a product listed in Schedule "A" to the Corporation shall be the maximum price for the same set forth in Schedule "A" according to the size of container and the province in which the canner's factory or warehouse is situated, plus an amount equal to any subsidy payable by the Corporation on sales to any other buyer of that product in that size of container, less

- (a) twenty-five cents per dozen containers if packed in 105-oz. containers; and
- (b) five cents per dozen containers if packed in any other size container.

(2) A canner shall not be entitled to any subsidy on a sale by him to the Corporation.

11. All sales made by a canner to the Corporation under the provisions of this Order shall also be subject to the following terms and conditions:

- (a) the canner shall provide storage free of cost until May 31, 1946, for all such products sold by him to the Corporation;
- (b) the canner shall, at his own expense, insure, with loss payable to the Corporation, against fire, to their full insurable value the products so stored by him for the Corporation;
- (c) after May 31, 1946, the canner shall (except as provided in Clause (d)) continue to store and insure the products sold by him to the Corporation and thereafter shall be entitled to be reimbursed by the Corporation for such storage and insurance at the rate of 2 cents per case per month;
- (d) if the Corporation refuses to continue to pay the amount for storage and insurance provided in Clause (c), the canner shall not, after notice of such refusal, be required to continue to store and insure the said products for the Corporation except on such terms as may be mutually agreed upon;
- (e) the Corporation may at any time after January 31, 1946, take possession of any products so stored for it by a canner.

12. The Corporation may withhold payment of any moneys payable to a canner under the provisions of this Order until he has furnished the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables with satisfactory evidence that he has fully complied with the provisions of Sections 9 and 11.

13. Every canner shall, when required by the said Administrator or any person authorized by him, exhibit to the said Administrator or to his agent or deputy all such books, accounts, records and documents as may be required to show and make a full record and disclosure of all transactions of the canner relating to the purchasing, packing, preserving, selling, storing and insuring of products sold or to be sold by the canner to the Corporation.

Production of Schedule "A" Items in Glass Containers

14. During 1945 a canner must not pack and preserve in glass containers a greater total quantity (by net weight) of any product listed in Schedule "A" than the total quantity of such product so packed and preserved by him during 1941.

PART II—SALES BY WHOLESALERS

15. "Wholesaler" means any person, other than a canner, who sells otherwise than at retail.

16. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), the maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any product listed in Schedule "A" or Schedule "B" or any canned condensed soup or any canned pork and beans shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by the wholesaler for the product, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by the canner of such product, plus actual transportation charges, at not more than the railway freight rate, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situate, if not included in such price;
- (b) a markup in respect of the product of a particular canner, not greater than the lawful percentage markup normally used by such wholesaler in pricing that product during the basic period from September 15, 1941, to October 11, 1941, both inclusive and, if that product was not sold by him during such basic period, not greater than the lawful percentage markup normally used by him in pricing a similar product during such basic period; provided, however, that in no case shall the markup exceed ten per cent (10%) of the wholesaler's selling price.

(2) The maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any product referred to in subsection (1)

(a) to another wholesaler,

(b) to a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery at such warehouse, or

(c) to any person who buys such products in carload lots

shall be the lawful maximum price that may be charged by the canner of such product on sales of that product to a wholesaler plus actual transportation charges, at not more than the railway freight rate, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situate, if not included in such price.

(3) On and after November 1, 1945 no wholesaler shall sell any tomato juice cocktail or any vegetable juice at a price which is higher than the maximum price at which he could have sold such product if he had purchased it from a canner on or after the said date.

(4) Notwithstanding anything herein contained, on and after December 1, 1945, a wholesaler may increase his prices on sales of any product listed in Schedule "B" by consecutive monthly amounts of one-half cent per dozen containers, beginning in the month of December and ending when the next year's pack of that product is available for distribution.

PART III—SALES BY RETAILERS

Sales of Schedule "A" Products, Canned Condensed Soups and Canned Pork and Beans

17. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the maximum price at which a retailer may sell any product listed in Schedule "A" or any canned condensed soup or any canned pork and beans shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by such retailer for the product, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier plus actual transportation charges, at not more than the railway freight rate, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situate, if not included in such price; and
- (b) the lesser of the two following markups:

- (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by

him during the said basic period on sales of the same product of the same canner purchased by him from a wholesaler or, if such product was not sold by him during the basic period, the markup which under the provisions of the said Order corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on sales during the said basic period of a substantially similar product purchased by him from a wholesaler;

- (ii) the markup calculated according to the provisions of Board Order No. 450 and in Schedule "A" of that Order under the markup symbol "F" in the case of sales of products listed in Schedule "A" and canned pork and beans,

"G" in the case of sales of canned condensed soups; or

- (c) if he purchased the product from a canner at a price not exceeding the lawful maximum price at which such canner could have sold that product to a wholesaler, the lesser of the two following markups:

- (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the basic period on sales of that product when purchased from that canner or, if such product was not sold by him during the said basic period, the markup which under the provisions of said Order corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on sales during the said basic period of a substantially similar product purchased by him from a canner;

- (ii) the markup calculated according to the provisions of Board Order No. 450 and in Schedule "A" of that Order under the markup symbol

"G" in the case of sales of products listed in Schedule "A" and canned pork and beans,

"H" in the case of sales of canned condensed soups.

(2) On and after November 1, 1945, no retailer shall sell any tomato juice cocktail or any vegetable juice at a price which is higher than the maximum price at which he could have sold such product if he had purchased it from his supplier on or after the said date.

Sales of Schedule "B" Products

18. The maximum price at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell any product listed in Schedule "B", packed in glass or metal containers, shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by such retailer for the product, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier, plus actual transportation charges, at not more than the railway freight rate, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situate, if not included in such price; and

- (b) the lesser of the two following markups:

- (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of the same product of the same canner or, if such product was not sold by him during the said basic period, the markup which under the provisions of the said Order corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on sales of a substantially similar product during the said basic period;

- (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sales Invoices

19. (1) Every canner and wholesaler shall on every sale of a product covered by the provisions of this Order, furnish the buyer at the time of delivery to him with an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the kind and quality of product, the size of container, the quantity sold and the price charged.

(2) Every canner and wholesaler shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.¹

Records of Purchases

20. (1) Every person who buys any product covered by this Order for resale shall, at the time of the delivery of such product to him, obtain from his supplier, an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 19 covering that transaction.

(2) Every person who buys any product covered by this Order for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the product to him, obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the product.

Retention and Inspection of Invoices and Transportation Receipts

21. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys any product covered by this Order for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

22. Every person who sells at retail a product covered by this Order shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the kind and quality of product, the size of container and the price charged.

Special Provision for 16-oz. Containers (Vegetables)

23. Where a canner packs any vegetable listed in Schedule "A" in 16-oz. containers, his maximum price to any buyer for such product in that container shall be 15 cents per dozen containers less than the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales to that buyer of that product in 20-oz. containers.

Special Provision for B.C. Coast Canners

24. Any British Columbia Coast Canner who packs and preserves any of the fruits listed in Schedule "A" grown in the Okanagan-Kamloops Districts may apply for and, at the discretion of the said Administrator, may receive permission to increase his maximum price, as fixed by the other provisions of this Order, by an amount not exceeding the cost of shipping similar canned fruits from such districts to his cannery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of August, 1945.

F. D. MATHERS,
*Administrator of Processed
Fruits and Vegetables.*

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1696

MAXIMUM PRICES PER DOZEN CONTAINERS FOR LISTED PRODUCTS F.O.B. CANNER'S FACTORY OR WAREHOUSE, SALES TAX EXTRA

Product	Size of Container	Quality	Price according to Province in which Seller's Factory or Warehouse is situated		
			British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba	Ontario and Quebec	Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island
	ounces		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Tomatoes.....	28	{ Fancy.....	1 13	1 08	1 13
		{ Choice.....	1 08	1 03	1 08
		{ Standard.....	1 03	0 98	1 03
	105	{ Fancy.....	4 08	3 83	4 08
		{ Choice.....	3 83	3 58	3 83
		{ Standard.....	3 58	3 33	3 58
Peas, Ungraded..... Sieve Size: 5..... 4..... 3.....	20	{ Fancy.....	1 30	1 30	1 30
		{ Choice.....	1 15	1 15	1 15
		{ Standard.....	1 07	1 02	1 07
	20	{ Fancy.....	1 25	1 20	1 20
		{ Choice.....	1 12	1 07	1 12
		{ Standard.....	1 07	1 02	1 07
	105	{ Fancy.....	5 70	5 70	5 70
		{ Choice.....	5 15	4 90	5 15
		{ Standard.....	4 90	4 65	4 90
	20	{ Fancy.....	1 30	1 25	1 30
		{ Choice.....	1 17	1 07	1 12
		{ Standard.....	1 12	1 02	1 07
	105	{ Fancy.....	5 89	5 70	5 70
		{ Choice.....	5 65	4 90	5 15
		{ Standard.....	5 39	4 65	4 90
	20	{ Fancy.....	1 35	1 30	1 35
		{ Choice.....	1 22	1 12	1 17
		{ Standard.....	1 17	1 07	1 12
	105	{ Fancy.....	6 50	6 25	6 50
		{ Choice.....	6 14	5 89	6 14
		{ Standard.....	5 89	5 64	5 89
Peas— Sieve Size: 2..... 1.....	20	{ Fancy.....	1 45	1 45	1 45
		{ Choice.....	1 35	1 35	1 35
		{ Standard.....	1 17	1 12	1 17
	105	{ Fancy.....	7 14	6 89	7 14
		{ Choice.....	6 89	6 64	6 89
	20	{ Fancy.....	1 75	1 75	1 75
		{ Choice.....	1 50	1 50	1 50
Corn..... Whole Kernels in Brine..... Whole Kernel Vacuum Pack.....	20	{ Fancy.....	1 20	1 15	1 20
		{ Choice.....	1 15	1 07	1 15
		{ Standard.....	1 10	1 02	1 10
	105	{ Fancy.....	5 39	5 14	5 39
		{ Choice.....	5 14	4 89	5 14
		{ Standard.....	4 89	4 64	4 89
	20	Fancy.....	1 20	1 15	1 20
	14	Fancy.....	1 10	1 10	1 10
Beans.....	20	{ Fancy.....	1 17½	1 17½	1 17½
		{ Choice.....	1 07½	1 07½	1 07½
		{ Standard.....	1 02½	1 02½	1 02½
	105	{ Fancy.....	4 98	4 98	4 98
		{ Choice.....	4 73	4 73	4 73
		{ Standard.....	4 48	4 48	4 48

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1696—Continued

MAXIMUM PRICES PER DOZEN CONTAINERS FOR LISTED PRODUCTS F.O.B. CANNER'S FACTORY OR WAREHOUSE, SALES TAX EXTRA

Product	Size of Container	Quality	Price according to Province in which Seller's Factory or Warehouse is situated		
			British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba	Ontario and Quebec	Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island
	ounces		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Tomato Juice.....	20	{ Fancy.....	0 84½	0 79½	0 84½
		{ Choice.....	0 79½	0 74½	0 79½
	26	{ Fancy.....	0 96	0 91	0 96
		{ Choice.....	0 91	0 86	0 91
	28	{ Fancy.....	0 98½	0 93½	0 98½
		{ Choice.....	0 93½	0 88½	0 93½
	48	{ Fancy.....	1 79	1 69	1 79
		{ Choice.....	1 69	1 59	1 69
	105	{ Fancy.....	3 78	3 53	3 78
		{ Choice.....	3 53	3 28	3 53
Pumpkin.....	28	{ Fancy.....	1 10	1 10	1 10
		{ Choice.....	1 05	1 05	1 05
		{ Standard.....	1 00	1 00	1 00
Tomato Juice Cocktail and Vegetable Juice	20	.....	0 79½	0 74½	0 79½
	26	.....	0 91	0 86	0 91
	28	.....	0 93½	0 88½	0 93½
	48	.....	1 69	1 59	1 69
	105	.....	3 53	3 28	3 53

Product	Quality	Maximum Price—All Provinces—According to size of container			
		16-oz.	20-oz.	25-oz.	105-oz.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Syrup or Solid Pack					
Peaches.....	{ Fancy.....	1 32	1 62	2 15	8 00
	{ Choice.....	1 22	1 52	2 05	7 50
	{ Standard.....	1 17	1 47	2 00	7 00
	{ Solid Pack Pie Grade.....				8 00
Bartlett Pears.....	{ Fancy.....	1 30	1 62½	2 17½	8 25
	{ Choice.....	1 25	1 57½	2 10	8 00
	{ Standard.....	1 15	1 47½	2 00	7 50
	{ Solid Pack Pie Grade.....				8 25
Clapp Favorite, Anjou and Flemish Pears.	{ Fancy or choice.....	1 05	1 40	1 85	7 30
	{ Standard.....	1 00	1 30	1 75	7 25
	{ Solid Pack, Pie Grade.....				7 50
Kieffer Pears.....	{ Fancy or Choice.....	0 90	1 07½	1 40	6 15
	{ Standard.....	0 85	1 02½	1 35	5 85
	{ Solid Pack, Pie Grade.....				6 15
Plums and Fresh Italian Prunes.	{ Fancy or Choice.....	0 80	1 00	1 30	5 00
	{ Standard.....	0 75	0 95	1 25	4 75
Apricots (halves)....	{ Fancy.....	1 32½	1 62½	2 17½	7 50
	{ Choice.....	1 27½	1 57½	2 10	7 25
	{ Standard.....	1 22½	1 52½	2 00	7 00
	{ Solid Pack, Pie Grade.....				7 50

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1696—Continued

Product	Quality	Maximum Price—All Provinces— According to size of container			
		16-oz.	20-oz.	28-oz.	105-oz.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Syrup or Solid Pack</i>					
Cherries, Red Pitted	{Fancy Syrup Pack.....	1 70	2 05	2 75	10 00
	{Choice Syrup Pack.....	1 60	1 95	2 65	9 50
	{Choice Solid Pack.....		2 15		10 65
Cherries, Sweet.....	{Fancy.....	2 05	2 45	3 35	11 00
	{Choice.....	1 95	2 35	3 25	10 50
	{Standard.....	1 80	2 15	3 05	10 00
Crabapples, Heavy Syrup.....	Choice.....				5 75
Raspberries.....	{Fancy.....	2 10	2 50	3 40	12 50
	{Choice.....	2 00	2 40	3 25	12 00
	{Standard.....	1 90	2 30	3 10	11 50
Blueberries.....	{Choice.....		2 40		12 00
	{Standard.....		2 10		11 00
<i>Syrup or Solid Pack</i>					
Rhubarb—					
65% Syrup.....			1 13	1 55	5 35
40% Syrup.....			1 05	1 45	5 00
Solid Pack.....			1 00	1 35	4 75
Apples, Solid Pack...			20 oz.	48 oz.	105 oz.
	{Fancy.....				5 50
	{Choice.....				5 25
	{Standard.....				5 00
Vitamin C Fortified					
Apple Juice.....	Choice.....		1 18	2 40	4 55

SCHEDULE "B" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1696

Asparagus Tips	Tomato Catsup
Asparagus Cuttings	Loganberries
Lima Beans	Strawberries
Peas and Carrots	Grape Juice
Spinach	Chili Sauce
Succotash	Fruits for Salad
Vegetable Macedoine	Fruit Cocktail
Tomato Puree	Lawtonberries
Tomato Paste	Blackberries
Beets	Carrots
Beet Greens	Sauer Kraut

Subsidy Notice, Processed Fruits and Vegetables, 1945 Pack

Subsidies on Cannery Sales of 1945 Pack

The Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited will pay subsidies to canners, holding in 1945 a manufacturer's Sales Tax Licence issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue, on their sales of the undernoted products of the 1945 pack at the following rates per dozen:

	Per Dozen Cans						
	14-oz.	16-oz.	20-oz.	26-oz.	28-oz.	48-oz.	105-oz.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Tomatoes—Fancy, Choice and Standard.....					0 13		0 46
Tomato Juice—Fancy or Choice.....			0 03½	0 04½	0 04½	0 07	0 14
Peas—all sieves and ungraded Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 05	0 05				0 17
Corn—Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 05	0 05				0 19
Corn—Whole Kernel, Vacuum Pack- ed, Fancy.....	0 05						
Green and Wax Beans—Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 15	0 15				0 65
Peaches, Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 15	0 15		0 20		0 85
Peaches, Pears and Apricots, Pie Solid Pack							0 50
Bartlett Pears, Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 20	0 25		0 30		1 25
Clapp Favorite and Flemish Pears, Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 20	0 25		0 30		0 75
Kieffer Pears, Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 20	0 25		0 30		0 75
Plums, Choice or Standard.....		0 10	0 15		0 17		0 25
Prune Plums, Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 20	0 25		0 30		0 75
Apricots (halves), Fancy, Choice or Standard.....		0 15	0 15		0 20		0 85

The foregoing subsidy is not payable on:—

- (a) sales to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd,
- (b) sales to the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof,
- (c) sales to Navy, Army and Air Force Institute.

Subsidies to Processors of Raw Tree Fruits of 1945 Crop

The Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited will pay to those canners, jam manufacturers and processors of raw tree fruits, holding in 1945 a manufacturer's Sales Tax License issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue, domestic subsidies at the rates provided for hereunder on Tree Fruits purchased and used for processing:—

	<i>Subsidy Per Ton</i>
Peaches—	
Ontario	\$42 50
B.C.	32 50
Bartlett Pears—	
No. 1	40 00
No. 2 or "Domestic" Grade	30 00

	<i>Subsidy Per Ton</i>
Clapp-Favorite—	
No. 1	30 00
No. 2 or "Domestic" Grade	23 75
Kieffer Pears—	
No. 1	20 00
No. 2 or "Domestic" Grade	17 50
Plums—	
All Varieties	40 00
Apricots	42 50
Cherries—	
1½c per lb.	30 00

Provided, however, that:—

- (a) the subsidy is payable on the above Tree Fruits notwithstanding that after processing the resulting product is sold to Department of Munitions and Supply, for Export, or for Ships' Stores;
- (b) in respect to purchases of Cherries, only Canadian grown sweet and sour cherries, (i) canned, (ii) used in the manufacture of jam, or (iii) frozen and packed in containers of a net content weight of more than 10 pounds, are eligible for the subsidy;
- (c) fruits grown in a processor's own orchard are eligible for subsidy; purchases from others must have been made by the processors at prices equal to or greater than the sum of the price paid by the processor in the year 1941 for the same kind and grade of fruit plus the corresponding rate of subsidy referred to herein except that in the event no purchases of a specified fruit were made by the processor in 1941 the minimum purchase price in 1945, plus the subsidy, shall be subject to approval by the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables.

Storage Charges on Goods Retained under Board Order No. 517

Canners are hereby notified that on all goods held under Board Order No. 517 or by specific directive of the Administrator countersigned by a Deputy Chairman, they will be allowed a storage and financing charge of three cents per case per month, beginning November 1, 1945. This amount is to be collected by canners in the following manner:

(a) Goods sold to

The Department of Munitions and Supply or agent thereof,
Others for Ships' Stores purposes (sea going),
Canadian Red Cross Society for Prisoners of War,
Department of Pensions and National Health,
N.A.A.F.I.,
Canadian War Services (Overseas),
Department of Transport, and
R.A.F. Transport Command,
U.N.R.R.A.

may be invoiced at a price in excess of the legal maximum price by 3 cents per case per month (or any part thereof) for the period such goods are required to be held after November 1, 1945, to date of shipping instructions received from the Department of Munitions and Supply or any other of the above.

- (b) Goods which are released by Allocation Division to all others, including the regular trade in Canada, are to be invoiced at the lawful maximum price but, in addition to any subsidy that may be payable, the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited will pay the canner 3 cents per case per month (or any part thereof) for the period the goods are required to be held after November 1 to date of release. Application to the Corporation for such payment may be made by the canner on May 31, 1946, in respect of goods released prior to that date. If any canner is required to hold a

part of his stocks after May 31, 1946, he may apply for payment of the storage and financing charge on such stocks when they have all been finally released.

"Date of release" shall be defined as the date on which the Authorization to Release is issued by the Allocation Division. For example, if the Authorization to Release is issued on November 25 and shipment is made on December 2, the canner shall be entitled to charge storage for November but not for December.

Financial responsibility for goods damaged while in the canner's hands rests with the canner.

If, for any reason, a canner is unable to hold the goods required to be retained under Board Order No. 517, it is suggested that he apply to the Allocation Division for release of that portion of the retained goods which he is unable to hold.

NOTE.—The storage and financing charge shall be calculated on the basis of the following number of tins per case:—

Any size up to 28-ounce	— 24 tins per case
48-ounce size	— 12 tins per case
105-ounce size	— 6 tins per case

*Recovery of Subsidies on Processed Fruits and Vegetables Exported
and Sold as Ships' Stores*

In the event that any of the processed fruits or vegetables described above are exported or sold as Ships' Stores, subsidies involved in such goods shall be recovered by the Corporation from the Exporter or Ships' Chandler in accordance with RS-26 attached hereto.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
STEEL CONTROLLER

ORDER No. S.C. 19A

(Order No. S.C. 19—Stainless Steel—revoked)

Dated August 6, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The Steel Controller's Order No. S.C. 19 dated August 21, 1942 is revoked.

A. C. ANDERSON.

Deputy Steel Controller.

Approved:

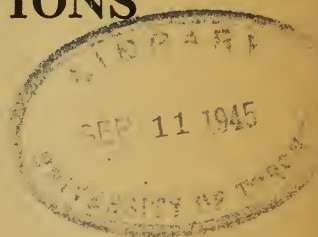
J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

VOLUME III, No. 7



AUG. 20, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945



Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
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1945

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Erratum: C.W.O.R., Volume III, No. 5, page 178, in Administrator's Order No. A-1692, in paragraph (ii) of clause (b) of subsection (3) of Section 12, the words "the weight" should read "the net weight".

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WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD

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PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council permitting use of glycerine as an ingredient of bread

P.C. 5526

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 9th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Section IX of the regulations under the Food and Drugs Act, made by Order in Council P.C. 9056, dated 6 October 1942, and amended by Order in Council P.C. 6725, of 26 August 1943, deals with Grain and Bakery products;

And whereas Paragraph 4 (a) thereof sets forth regulations in regard to bread and, amongst other things, provides that it shall be a product made by baking a yeast-leavened dough prepared with flour, water and salt, and with or without any of the following, amongst other, ingredients, edible fat, edible oil, milk or milk product;

And whereas due to wartime restrictions resulting from shortage in the supply of sugar, fats and certain milk products, it is deemed desirable to permit the use of glycerine as an ingredient of bread;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Health and Welfare, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows,—

Notwithstanding the regulations under the Food and Drugs Act, and in particular paragraph 4(a) of Section IX thereof, glycerine may be used as an ingredient of bread.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing a Controller *re* the American Can Company Ltd., Vancouver

P.C. 5531

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 9th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas a strike of the employees of the American Can Company, Limited, Vancouver, B.C., has been in progress since the forenoon of the 27th day of July, 1945, arising out of the failure of the Company and the trade union representing its employees, Local 2821, United Steelworkers of America, to settle matters presently in dispute between them;

And whereas the provincial authorities having jurisdiction in the matter have made exhaustive efforts to compose the dispute without avail;

And whereas the Government of the Province of British Columbia, through the Acting Minister of Labour for the Province, has advised the Minister of Labour that

all efforts of the Provincial Department of Labour have failed to effect a settlement of the strike and has requested the Government of Canada to undertake appropriate measures under the War Measures Act to provide for the immediate resumption of the operations of the Vancouver plant of the said Company;

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that he is advised by the departments of the Government of Canada responsible for food supplies that the continuance of the aforesaid strike and the consequent curtailment in production of containers for canning purposes will result in a serious loss of seasonal foods produced in British Columbia which are ordinarily preserved by canning process and that in consequence, a continuance of the strike will seriously curtail the amount of such foods available to meet essential civilian needs in Canada and in allied countries and for the Armed Forces of Canada and allied countries and the distressed peoples in Europe;

And whereas, in view of the foregoing, it is deemed necessary for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada and the efficient prosecution of the war that a Controller be appointed to manage and control the operations of the Company and that employees be required to return to work immediately pending settlement of the dispute aforesaid;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, being Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. Gordon Bell, Esquire, of the City of Vancouver, is hereby appointed Controller of the business, undertaking, affairs and operations of the American Can Company Limited, Vancouver, B.C.

2. The said Controller shall have the custody and control of such property and assets of the Company as he, in his uncontrolled discretion and judgment, may deem necessary in order to manage, operate and carry on the operation of the Vancouver plant of the Company and he shall, for such purposes, have and exercise the powers, authorities and rights of the Board of Directors of the Company.

3. The Controller shall exercise the foregoing powers and authorities subject to such instructions and directions, if any, as may from time to time be approved by the Governor in Council.

4. The authority of the Controller shall commence at the first moment of the 10th day of August, 1945, and shall continue until the same is revoked by Order in Council which shall be published in the *Canada Gazette*.

5. The authority of the board of directors and the shareholders in respect of the management, operation and carrying on of the Vancouver plant of the Company is, subject to section nine of this Order in Council, suspended from the last moment of the 9th day of August, 1945, until the powers, authority and rights of the Controller in respect of such management, control and operations shall be revoked.

6. The said Controller and any person acting for or on behalf of or under the authority of the said Controller shall not be or become liable to any person (including the Company, its creditors or shareholders) for anything done or omitted in the exercise or purported exercise of any power or authority from time to time vested in or conferred upon the said Controller.

7. It shall be the duty of every person who was in the employ of the Company immediately before the aforesaid strike to resume work on the tenth day of August, 1945, at the hour he would normally have resumed work on the 28th day of July, 1945, and to perform the duties of his employment until the authority of the Controller is revoked; and every person who fails to resume work and perform his duties as aforesaid as herein required without lawful excuse, the onus of proof of which is upon him, is guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of twenty dollars for each day or part of a day on which he fails so to perform his duties.

8. It is hereby provided that all terms of employment which were in force between the Company and its employees immediately before the aforesaid strike are applicable to employment under this Order.

9. The bargaining representatives of the employees and the Company shall enter into negotiations immediately with a view to the settlement of the matters presently in dispute between them and shall negotiate in good faith with one another and make every reasonable effort to conclude a settlement.

10. Any person who (a) interferes with the exercise by the Controller of any of the powers, authorities, and rights conferred upon him or (b) interferes with any employee or other person seeking to comply with the terms of this order or (c) counsels or procures any person to violate this order shall be liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding in the case of (a) five thousand dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to both such fine and such imprisonment and in the case of (b) or (c) to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

11. In this order "Company" means the American Can Company, Limited, Vancouver, B.C.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

Department of National Revenue

W.M. No. 111

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DIVISIONS)

OTTAWA, July 20, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise and others concerned:*DRAWBACK OF WAR EXCHANGE TAX RESPECTING ARTICLES AND
MATERIALS FOR MACHINERY AND APPARATUS TO BE USED IN
THE MANUFACTURE OR PRODUCTION OF GOODS IN CANADA

The following regulations have been established governing drawback of one hundred (100) per centum of the War Exchange Tax paid, on and after May 14, 1945, on articles and materials used in the manufacture of machinery and apparatus, including motive power, and complete parts thereof (excepting motor vehicles, office or other appliances, or office supplies), when supplied to Canadian manufacturers or producers to be used in connection with the manufacture or production of goods in Canada, subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) The whole of the drawback shall be paid to the manufacturer of the goods so supplied;
- (2) The quantities of articles and materials used and the amount of the War Exchange Tax paid thereon shall be ascertained;
- (3) Satisfactory evidence shall be furnished of the manufacture or production of the goods in respect of which drawback is claimed;
- (4) Claims for drawback submitted on and after May 14, 1945, shall be filed with the Collector of Customs and Excise and complete documentary evidence attached thereto and shall not be paid unless the War Exchange Tax involved has been paid on the articles and materials within three years of the date of filing the claim, nor unless the claims as presented at any one time aggregate ten dollars or over;
- (5) Claims for drawback shall be made under oath before a Collector, Justice of the Peace or Commissioner for taking Oaths, in such form as the Minister of National Revenue shall prescribe and shall, before payment, be verified to the satisfaction of the Minister, who may require in any case, the production of such further evidence, in addition to the usual averments, as he deems necessary to establish the bona fides of the claim. Nothing in these regulations shall be deemed to alter or amend the law, or to affect any discretion vested in the Minister with respect to the payment or non-payment of drawbacks, and the Minister shall be the sole judge as to whether any claim for drawback shall be paid in whole or in part;
- (6) Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the Minister that the process of manufacture has resulted in the production of merchantable waste or scrap which, if imported, would be subject to War Exchange Tax, drawback otherwise payable shall be reduced by a sum to be arrived at by applying the rate of War Exchange Tax to the Canadian sales value of the merchantable waste or scrap produced;
- (7) The following documents shall be delivered with the claim for drawback, viz:—
 - (a) A copy of the import entry showing the payment of the War Exchange Tax on the articles and materials in respect of which drawback is claimed. If a copy of the import entry, however, has been furnished with a previous claim for drawback, it will be sufficient to "refer" to such copy and indicate the claim to which it was attached, without furnishing a further copy of the entry;

- (b) A certificate of importation, sale or transfer, in form prescribed by the Minister, when the claimant entitled to drawback is not the importer of the goods;
- (c) A certified true copy of the claimant's invoice to the purchaser, with a certificate thereon, in the following terms from such purchaser, being a manufacturer or producer of goods in Canada acceptable to the Minister and signed by the owner or responsible official of the purchasing company, viz:—

"The herein enumerated goods have been received and are to be used in our plant in the manufacture or production of other goods.

.....
(Name of Company)

.....
(Signature)

.....
(Title)

Dated at.....
thisday of.....
.....19...."

Claim Forms Nos. K. 39 (Claimant's Oath and statement of claim) and K. 32A, as approved by the Minister, may be obtained in quantity required from the nearest Collector of Customs and Excise.

Detailed information may be obtained at District Drawback Offices located at Halifax, N.S., Saint John, N.B., Montreal, P.Q., Ottawa, Oshawa, Toronto, Hamilton, London and Windsor, Ont., Winnipeg, Man., and Vancouver, B.C.

P. L. YOUNG,
*Assistant Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs,*

(P.C. 87/5045—War Measures Act)

WM No. 112

MEMORANDUM

CUSTOMS DIVISION

Ottawa, 26th July, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Importations

The importation into Canada of automatic firearms, except for the use of, in the course of duty, the naval, military or air forces or any police force or other public authority whether Dominion, provincial or municipal, is prohibited.

"Automatic firearm" means and includes any machine gun, sub-machine gun, automatic rifle, machine carbine or any magazine or belt-fed weapon with or without bipod mount which will fire bullets in rapid succession without manual reloading during one pressure of the trigger even if so designed that upon the adjustment of a lever or other control device it may fire single bullets for each pressure of the trigger, but does not mean and include automatic pistols.

Any automatic firearms imported by or on behalf of a person other than a member of the naval, military or air or police forces, or any other authority acting in the course of duty, shall be detained and the particulars thereof reported immediately to the nearest detachment of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

Collectors upon request may deliver such automatic firearms to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police but must be furnished with an acknowledgment of delivery and an undertaking that the weapons will not be sold nor otherwise disposed of without payment of duty and/or taxes.

P. L. YOUNG,
*Ass't. Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs*

(P.C. 4885, 10/7/45—Authority War Measures Act.)

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board
(Finance)**WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD**

ORDER No. 543

Rationing of Small Arms Ammunition

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. Board Order No. 350, as amended, is revoked.
2. This Order comes into force on August 31, 1945.

Made at Ottawa this 16th day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.



Administrator's Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1697

Maximum Prices of Canned Pineapple Pulp Packed in 105 Ounce

Metal Containers

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Imported Grocery Items, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order shall come into force on August 10, 1945, and revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-848.

Application of Order

2. This Order applies only to canned pineapple pulp packed in metal containers having a capacity of 105 fluid ounces.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "canned pineapple pulp" means crushed pineapple packed in its own juice, with or without sugar, in metal containers;
- (b) "importer" means a person who sells canned pineapple pulp which he has himself imported into Canada;
- (c) "manufacturer" means a person who in making or processing goods for sale uses canned pineapple pulp as an ingredient;
- (d) "purveyor of meals" means a person who uses canned pineapple pulp in the serving of meals or refreshments to the transient or travelling public or to employees or as a public or private caterer or in an institution;
- (e) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (f) "wholesale distributor" means a person who sells, otherwise than at retail, canned pineapple pulp imported into Canada by some person other than himself.

PART I—SALES BY IMPORTERS

Sales by Importers to Wholesale Distributors, Manufacturers and Purveyors of Meals

4. The maximum price, ex dock or ex track or f.o.b. his place of business, at which an importer may sell canned pineapple pulp to a wholesale distributor or to a manufacturer or to a purveyor of meals, shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual laid-down cost (in Canadian funds), including sales tax ex dock or ex track at the point in Canada at which the goods were cleared through Canadian Customs, but not in any event more (in Canadian funds) than \$16 per dozen containers, exclusive of sales tax, or \$17.10 per dozen containers, inclusive of sales tax;
- (b) if he takes actual delivery at his place of business and not ex dock or ex track, the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from the dock or track to such place of business;
- (c) a markup not more than the percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales by him of the same or substantially similar kind and quality of canned pineapple pulp packed in a 105 ounce container to the same buyer or to a buyer of the same class, but in any event not more than
 - (i) 6 per cent of his selling price on a sale to a wholesale distributor; or
 - (ii) 16 per cent of his selling price on a sale to a manufacturer or to a purveyor of meals; provided that on any sale to a manufacturer or a purveyor of meals to whom he customarily sold such goods at the wholesale price the markup shall not exceed 6 per cent of his selling price.

Sales by Importers to Retailers

5. The maximum price ex dock or ex track or f.o.b. his place of business and inclusive of sales tax at which an importer may sell canned pineapple pulp to a retailer shall be the lesser of the following:

- (a) the highest lawful price at which during the said basic period he sold the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of canned pineapple pulp packed in a 105 ounce container to retailers;
- (b) \$13.50 per dozen tins.

Sales by Importers at Retail

6. The maximum price at which an importer may sell at retail canned pineapple pulp shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the maximum price, fixed by Section 5, at which he may sell the same to a retailer, but in any event not more than \$13.50 per dozen tins;
- (b) the actual cost at not more than the common carrier freight rate paid by him for transporting the goods from the dock or track at the point at which they were cleared through Customs to his premises at which he sells the goods at retail;
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:
 - (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales at retail during the said basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of canned pineapple pulp packed in a 105 ounce container;
 - (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "F" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

PART II—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Sales to Other Wholesale Distributors

7. The maximum price, f.o.b. his place of business, at which a wholesale distributor may sell canned pineapple pulp to any other wholesale distributor, shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him to his supplier, but in any event not more than the maximum price, fixed by Section 4, at which an importer may sell to a wholesale distributor;
- (b) sales tax if not included in the actual price paid by him for the goods;
- (c) the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from his supplier's shipping point to his own premises, if not included in the actual price paid by him for the goods.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors to Manufacturers or Purveyors of Meals

8. The maximum price, f.o.b. his place of business, at which a wholesale distributor may sell canned pineapple pulp to a manufacturer or to a purveyor of meals shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him to his supplier, but in any event not more than the maximum price, fixed by Section 4 or 7 at which his supplier may sell to a wholesale distributor, accordingly as his supplier is an importer or another wholesale distributor;
- (b) sales tax if not included in the actual price paid by him for the goods;
- (c) the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from his supplier's shipping point to his own premises, if not included in the actual price paid by him for the goods;
- (d) the lesser of the following two markups:
 - (i) the percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales during the said basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of canned pineapple pulp packed in a 105 ounce container to the same buyer or to a buyer of the same class;
 - (ii) 10 per cent of his selling price.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors to Retailers

9. The maximum price f.o.b. shipping point, sales tax included, at which a wholesale distributor may sell canned pineapple pulp to a retailer shall be the lesser of the two following:

- (a) the highest lawful price at which during the said basic period he sold the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of canned pineapple pulp packed in a 105 ounce container to retailers;
- (b) \$13.50 per dozen tins.

PART III—SALES BY RETAILERS

10. The maximum price at which any person other than an importer may sell at retail canned pineapple pulp shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him to his supplier but not more than the maximum price as fixed by this Order at which his supplier may sell the same to him accordingly as such supplier is an importer or a wholesale distributor, but in any event not more than \$13.50 per dozen tins;
- (b) the actual cost at not more than the common carrier freight rate, paid by him for transporting the goods from his supplier's shipping point to his own premises, if not included in the actual price paid by him for the goods;
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:
 - (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales at retail during the said basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of canned pineapple pulp packed in a 105 ounce container;
 - (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "F" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

PART IV—RECORDS AND INVOICES

11. (1) Every importer shall make and keep written records sufficient to disclose particulars of his purchases of canned pineapple pulp.

(2) On every sale of canned pineapple pulp other than a sale at retail, the seller shall at the time of delivery to the buyer furnish him with an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of seller and buyer, date of sale, quantity sold and the price charged for same. The seller shall make and keep a duplicate copy of each such invoice.

12. Every person who buys, otherwise than at retail, canned pineapple pulp from any other person shall at the time he receives delivery thereof obtain

- (a) from his supplier an invoice covering the transaction completed as specified in Section 11; and
- (b) a receipted bill for any amount paid by him for transportation of the goods.

13. Every record, invoice, receipt or other document, required by this Order to be prepared, furnished or retained, shall be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within 12 months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of August, 1945.

A. S. MAY,
*Administrator of Imported
Grocery Items.*

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1698

Maximum Prices of Dry Whole and Split Peas

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Deputy Co-Ordinator (Primary Products), Foods Administration, it is hereby ordered as follows:

PART I—INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

Application of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on August 15, 1945, and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1274, as amended, which is hereby revoked. It fixes maximum prices of all kinds, varieties and grades of dry whole and split peas.

(2) The provisions of Parts II, III and IV of this Order do not apply to sales of dry whole or split peas which have been packaged by a processor in consumer cartons of 16 ounces net weight capacity or less. The maximum price at which any person may sell any dry whole or split peas packaged by a processor in consumer cartons of 16 ounces net weight capacity or less shall be his basic period maximum price thereof as fixed by Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations or such other maximum price as may from time to time be fixed by or under the authority of the Board.

(3) This Order does not apply to a sale of dry peas when sold for seeding or planting purposes nor to a sale of dry peas by a primary producer of peas to a processor.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices

2. The prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. They do not include Federal Sales Tax where applicable. No charge may be made for a container which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container exceeding the maximum price.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "large whole peas" means any whole peas which are large enough in size to pass over a No. 19 screen when they are screened;
- (b) "medium whole peas" and "small whole peas" mean, respectively, any whole peas which are small enough in size to pass through a No. 19 screen when they are screened;
- (c) "No. 19 screen" means a screen or sieve having round perforations with a diameter of 19/64th of an inch;
- (d) "processor" means a person who processes and/or packs for resale dry whole or split peas imported by him or purchased by him from a primary producer of peas;
- (e) "wholesale distributor" means a person other than a processor or a primary producer, who sells dry whole or split peas at wholesale and to sell at wholesale means to sell otherwise than at retail;
- (f) "sell" includes an offer to sell.

PART II—SALES BY PROCESSORS

Maximum Prices

4. (1) The maximum price per 98 pound bag at which a processor may sell to any person any dry whole or split peas shall, according to the kind and variety, be as follows:

(a) basis f.o.b. Montreal:

KIND OF PEAS	VARIETY OF PEAS	MAXIMUM PRICES PER 98 lb. BAG <i>All prices basis f.o.b. Montreal, sales tax, if any, extra</i>
Large whole peas	All varieties	\$ 7 75
Medium and small whole peas	Blue	7 10
	All other varieties	5 95
Split peas	Green	9 10
	Blue	9 10
	Yellow	7 90

(b) basis f.o.b. any point west of Montreal, the maximum price fixed by clause (a) of this subsection less the actual cost of transporting the peas from that point to Montreal at not more than the less than carload lot freight rate;

(c) basis f.o.b. any point east of Montreal, the maximum price fixed by clause (a) of this subsection plus the actual cost of transporting the peas from Montreal to that point at not more than the less than carload lot freight rate.

(2) An amount not exceeding 10 cents per 98 pound bag to cover brokerage paid by him may be added by the processor to the maximum price fixed by subsection (1) preceding whenever he sells the peas through a broker.

(3) If peas are sold by a processor in other than 98 pound bags, the maximum price shall be on a per pound basis equivalent to the maximum price per pound of such peas when sold by him in 98 pound bags and such maximum price shall include the cost of the containers.

PART III—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Sales by Wholesale Distributors to Other Buyers

5. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any dry whole or split peas shall be the sum of the following:

- the actual price paid by him for the peas but not in any event exceeding the maximum price as fixed by this Order at which those peas may be sold to him by his supplier;
- the actual cost at not more than the less than carload lot freight rate, paid by him for transporting the peas from his supplier's shipping point in Canada, or, if the wholesale distributor imported the peas from their port of entry into Canada, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situate, if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him;
- if he sells the peas in lots of 50 pounds or less an amount equal to one cent per pound for each pound sold;
- a percentage markup not exceeding the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales of dry peas of the same kind and variety but in any event not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

Free Delivery Zones

6. If a sale of dry whole or split peas by a wholesale distributor is to a buyer whose place of business is within the limits of the city, town or village in which the wholesale distributor has his place of business, or is within the wholesale distributor's customary free delivery zone, delivery shall be free to that buyer. All other sales by a wholesale distributor are f.o.b. the seller's place of business.

Combined Markups of Wholesale Distributors

7. If sales of dry whole or split peas are made by and between wholesale distributors, the total amount of the markups of all the wholesale distributors combined must not exceed the amount of the markup which, under the provisions of Section 5, the first wholesale distributor could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor. Every wholesale distributor when selling any dry whole or split peas to another wholesale distributor, shall state on the sale invoice furnished the buyer, the amount of markup taken by him on the sale.

PART IV—SALES AT RETAIL

Maximum Prices

8. The maximum price at which any person, other than a processor, a wholesale distributor or a primary producer of peas, may sell at retail any dry whole or split peas shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the peas, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price as fixed by this Order that may be charged by his supplier or, if he imported the peas, that may be charged by a processor;
- (b) if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him, the actual cost at not more than the less than carload lot freight rate, paid by him for transporting the peas from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business, or, if he imported the peas, the actual cost at not more than the less than carload lot freight rate, paid by him for transporting the peas to such city, town or village from their port of entry into Canada; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:
 - (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of dry peas of the same kind and variety purchased by him from a wholesale distributor;
 - (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "G" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order, PLUS 1 cent per package if he bought the peas in bulk and packaged them in any kind of container prior to or at the time of sale; provided that if the peas are packaged prior to sale, the price is marked on the package or if packaged at the time of sale, the peas are displayed in bulk with a price card showing clearly the price for each quantity which comprises a unit of sale; or
- (d) if he imported the peas or purchased them from a processor at a price not exceeding the maximum price at which a processor could have sold the peas to a wholesale distributor, the lesser of the two following markups:
 - (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of dry peas of the same kind and variety imported or purchased by him from a processor;
 - (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order PLUS 1 cent per package if he bought the peas in bulk and packaged them in any kind of container prior to or at the time of sale; provided that if the peas are packaged prior to sale, the price is marked on the package or, if packaged at the time of sale, the peas are displayed in bulk with a price card showing clearly the price for each quantity which comprises a unit of sale.

PART V—SALES BY PRIMARY PRODUCERS

Sales to Wholesale Distributors

9. The maximum price at which a primary producer may sell any dry whole or split peas to a wholesale distributor, f.o.b. his shipping point shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which a processor may sell those peas f.o.b. that shipping point under the provisions of this Order.

Sales to Buyers other than Processors, Wholesale Distributors and Consumers

10. The maximum price at which a primary producer may sell any dry whole or split peas to any person other than a processor, wholesale distributor or a consumer shall be, f.o.b. his shipping point, an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by Section 9, at which he may sell those peas to a wholesale distributor, PLUS an amount not exceeding $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent of his selling price.

Sales to Consumers

11. The maximum price at which a primary producer may sell any dry whole or split peas to a consumer shall be, an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell those peas to a buyer under the provisions of Section 10 PLUS an amount not exceeding 30 per cent of his selling price.

PART VI—RECORDS AND INVOICES

12. Every importing wholesale distributor shall make and keep written records sufficient to disclose particulars of his purchases of dry whole or split peas.

13. On every sale of dry whole or split peas other than a sale at retail, the seller shall at the time of delivery furnish the buyer with an invoice showing:

- (a) the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer and date of sale;
- (b) the kind of peas sold and the variety if they are not large whole peas, the total quantity sold and the price charged.

The seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each such invoice.

14. Every person other than an importing wholesale distributor who buys dry whole or split peas for resale shall at the time he receives delivery thereof obtain,

- (a) from his supplier an invoice covering the transaction completed as specified in Section 13; and
- (b) a receipted bill for any amount paid by him for the transportation of the goods.

15. Every record and duplicate copy of invoice which a seller of any whole or split peas is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice, transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys such peas for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within 12 months of the transaction to which it relates.

16. Every retailer on a sale of dry whole or split peas shall, if requested by the buyer at the time of sale, furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, name and address of the seller, quantity sold and the price charged.

Dated at Ottawa, this 10th day of August, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,
Deputy Co-ordinator,
(Primary Products).

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1699

Farm Machinery and Equipment and New Construction Machinery and Equipment

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1646, which restricted the manufacture and sale of farm machinery and equipment, is revoked.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1648, which restricted the sale of new construction machinery and equipment, is revoked.

3. This Order comes into force on August 20, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of August, 1945.

R. W. GALLUP,
Administrator of Farm and Construction
Machinery and Municipal Service
Equipment.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1700

Respecting Ceramic Products

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fabricated Metals and Sundry Items, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-355, which imposed certain restrictions on the production, sale and distribution of ceramic products, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on August 20, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of August, 1945.

R. A. H. TAYLOR,
*Administrator of Fabricated Metals and
Sundry Items.*

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1702

Respecting Office and Store Equipment and Supplies

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Wood Products, Office Equipment and Metal Containers, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-691, as amended, which imposed certain restrictions on specified office and store equipment and supplies, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on August 20, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of August, 1945.

ARTHUR MAY,
*Administrator of Wood Products, Office
Equipment and Metal Containers.*

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No A-1703

Maximum Prices for Popping Corn

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Application of Order

1. This Order comes into force on August 20, 1945, and fixes maximum prices for sales by all sellers of popping corn.

2. Every fixation of maximum prices for sales by any seller of popping corn, issued prior to the effective date of this Order by or on behalf of the Board is hereby revoked.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "domestic" means grown in Canada;
- (b) "popping corn" means any corn grown and/or sold as corn for popping;
- (c) "processor" means any person who processes popping corn into popcorn for sale or who in processing goods for sale uses popcorn as an ingredient;
- (d) "shipper" means a primary producer of popping corn or any other person who assembles and ships popping corn in the area of production;
- (e) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (f) "wholesale distributor" in respect of any domestic popping corn, means any person, other than a shipper, who sells such popping corn otherwise than at retail and, in respect of any imported popping corn, means any person who sells imported popping corn otherwise than at retail.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices

4. All prices mentioned in this Order are maximum prices and shall not be exceeded. Such prices include all charges and no charge may be made for a container or package or for any service which results in the sum of the price and the charge exceeding the maximum price.

Sales by Shippers

5. (1) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell any popping corn shall be as follows:

- (a) on sales to a wholesale distributor or to a processor, 10 cents per pound;
- (b) on sales to any person other than a wholesale distributor or a processor, 11½ cents per pound.

(2) The maximum prices fixed by subsection (1) are f.o.b. the seller's shipping point.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors

6. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any popping corn shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the popping corn but not in any event exceeding
 - (i) 10 cents per pound, for imported popping corn imported by him; or
 - (ii) the maximum price that his supplier may charge him, as fixed by this Order for domestic or imported popping corn bought by him from a supplier in Canada;
- (b) the actual cost, not exceeding the less than carload lot freight rate, paid by him for transporting the popping corn from his supplier's shipping point or from the port of entry into Canada, as the case may be, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situate, if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him;
- (c) if he sells the popping corn in lots of less than 50 pounds, an amount equal to one cent per pound for each pound sold;
- (d) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

Free Delivery by Wholesale Distributors in Certain Cases

7. On a sale of popping corn by a wholesale distributor to a buyer whose place of business is in the same city, town or village as that of the seller or is within the seller's customary free delivery zone, delivery shall be free to the buyer. All other sales by a wholesale distributor are f.o.b. the seller's place of business.

Combined Markups of Wholesale Distributors

8. If sales of popping corn are made by and between wholesale distributors, the total amount of the markups of all the wholesale distributors combined must not exceed the amount of the markup which, under the provisions of Section 6, the first wholesale distributor could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor. Every wholesale distributor when selling any popping corn to another wholesale distributor, shall state on the sales invoice furnished the buyer, the amount of markup taken by him on the sale.

Sales at Retail

9. The maximum price at which any person may sell any popping corn at retail shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him to his supplier but not in any event exceeding
 - (i) 10 cents per pound for popping corn imported by him,
 - (ii) 11½ cents per pound for domestic popping corn bought by him from a shipper, or
 - (iii) the maximum price that his supplier may charge him, as fixed by Section 6, for popping corn bought by him from a wholesale distributor;
- (b) the actual cost, not exceeding the less than carload lot freight rate, paid by him for transporting the popping corn from his supplier's shipping point or from the port of entry into Canada, as the case may be, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situate, if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him;
- (c) the markup in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order, under the markup symbol
 - (i) "G" if he bought the popping corn from a wholesale distributor or if he bought domestic popping corn from a shipper, or
 - (ii) "H" if he imported the popping corn himself or bought domestic popping corn from a shipper at a price not exceeding 10 cents per pound,
 PLUS in each case, a packaging allowance of 1 cent per container if he bought the popping corn in bulk and packaged it in any kind of container prior to or at the time of sale; provided that if the popping corn is packaged prior to sale, the price is marked on the package or, if packaged at the time of sale, the popping corn is displayed in bulk with a price card showing the price of each quantity which comprises a unit of sale.

Records and Invoices

10. Every importing wholesale distributor shall make and keep written records sufficient to disclose particulars of his purchases of popping corn.

11. On every sale of popping corn other than a sale at retail, the seller shall at the time of delivery furnish the buyer an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of the seller and buyer, date of sale, total quantity sold and the price charged. The seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each such invoice.

12. Every person other than an importing wholesale distributor who buys popping corn for resale shall at the time he receives delivery thereof obtain

- (a) from his supplier an invoice covering the transaction completed as specified in Section 11; and
- (b) a receipted bill for any amount paid by him for the transportation of the goods.

13. Every record and duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller of popping corn is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice, transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys popping corn for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within 12 months of the transaction to which it relates.

14. Every retailer on a sale of popping corn shall, if requested by the buyer at the time of sale, furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, name and address of the seller, quantity sold and the price charged.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of August, 1945.

K. W. TAYLOR, *Co-ordinator,*
Foods Administration.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON, *Chairman*
Wartime Prices and Trade Board

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO A-1704

Maximum Prices of Labrusca Type Grapes

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

PART I—INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

Effective Date and Application of Order

1. (1) This Order applies only to labrusca type grapes and comes into force on September 1, 1945. It replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1344 as amended which is hereby revoked.

(2) This Order does not apply to sales of grapes grown in any part of Canada other than the provinces of Ontario and British Columbia.

(3) This Order does not apply to sales of grapes by growers and licensed shippers to any manufacturer or processor for use in manufacturing or processing any food or other product.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices

2. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. No charge may be made for a container or for packing, handling or any other service which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container, packing, handling and/or service exceeding the maximum price.

Definitions

3. For the purpose of this Order,

(a) "consumer" means a person who buys grapes for his personal or household consumption;

(b) "licensed shipper" means,

(1) any person holding on June 1, 1945, a license issued under the provisions of The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act to buy and sell fresh fruit and vegetables having his principal place of business in an area of production and who sells on his own behalf, grapes purchased or otherwise acquired by him from a grower and assembled, packed or otherwise prepared by him for shipment, but it does not mean any person

(i) who is the agent or employee of any wholesale distributor or retailer, or

(ii) who ships more than 25 per cent of his total volume of shipments of grapes to any one person, or

(iii) who is a grower and markets only grapes of his own production (unless he qualifies under all the other provisions of this clause); or

(2) any person designated as such by the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables;

(c) "Ontario Trucking Zone" means that part of the province of Ontario composed of the counties of Bruce, Grey, Simcoe, Ontario, Victoria, Peterborough, Hastings, Lennox and Addington and Frontenac and all counties lying to the south and/or west of these counties;

(d) "sell" includes an offer to sell;

(e) "trucker" means any person who buys Canadian grown grapes from a grower or licensed shipper, taking delivery at the seller's farm or country shipping point and who sells and distributes them from his truck;

(f) "wholesale distributor" means any person, other than a grower, licensed shipper or trucker, who sells grapes at wholesale and shall include a wholesale distributor's agent and "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail or to a consumer.

PART II—SALES BY GROWERS

4. (1) The maximum price at which a grower may sell any grapes to any class of buyer shall, according to the variety of grapes, the province in which the grapes are grown, the class of buyer and the kind and capacity of container in which the grapes are packed and sold, be the price for same listed in the Schedule hereto.

(2) If the sale is to a buyer in a city, town or village, the nearest limit of which is not more than 15 road miles from the seller's farm or country shipping point, the maximum prices fixed by this Section include free delivery to that buyer. On all other sales such prices are f.o.b. the grower's country shipping point. However, if a grower, by his own means of transportation, transports the grapes to a buyer in a city, town or village, the nearest limit of which is more than 15 road miles from his farm he may charge the buyer an amount equal to the cost of transporting the grapes from his country shipping point to the point of delivery by railway express in less than carload lots.

PART III—SALES BY TRUCKERS

5. The maximum price at which a trucker may sell any grapes shall, according to the variety of grapes, the province in which the grapes are grown, the class of buyer and the kind and capacity of container in which the grapes are packed and sold, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which a grower may sell the same to the same class of buyer, f.o.b. the grower's country shipping point PLUS, if delivery is made to the buyer at a place which is more than 15 road miles from the point of production of the grapes, an amount equal to the cost of transporting the grapes by railway express in less than carload lots from the railway shipping point nearest such point of production to the point of delivery; provided, however, that if the sale is to a buyer in the Ontario Trucking Zone, such amount shall not in any event exceed the cost of transporting the grapes by railway express in less than carload lots from Grimsby, Ontario, to the point of delivery.

PART IV—SALES BY LICENSED SHIPPERS

6. (1) The maximum price at which a licensed shipper may sell any grapes grown in Canada,

- (a) to any wholesale distributor, licensed shipper or trucker;
- (b) to any retailer operating a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets who takes delivery of the grapes at such warehouse; or
- (c) to any person who buys the grapes in carload lots;

shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which a grower may sell the same to such buyer, according to the kind and capacity of the container in which the grapes are packed and sold PLUS,

- (i) if the grapes were grown in Ontario and the sale is to a buyer whose place of business is in the Ontario Trucking Zone, 2c per 6 quart flat or open basket or, if packed in any other type of container, an amount equal to 7 per cent of such grower's maximum price, or
- (ii) if paragraph (i) preceding does not apply, 3c per 6 quart flat or open basket or, if packed in any other type of container, an amount equal to 10 per cent of such grower's maximum price.

(2) The maximum price at which a licensed shipper may sell any grapes grown in Canada to any buyer of a class to which sub-section (1) of this Section does not apply. shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which a grower may sell such grapes to a buyer of that class, according to the variety of the grapes and the kind and capacity of the container in which they are packed and sold.

PART V—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Maximum Prices of Grapes grown in Canada

7. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any grapes grown in Canada purchased by him from a grower, a trucker or a licensed shipper shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, that may be charged him by his supplier, exclusive of transportation;
 - (b) if his supplier pre-cooled and/or used any protective service and shipped the grapes to him by railway in carload lots, the pre-cooling and/or protective services, if any, paid by him;
 - (c) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting the grapes from his supplier's farm or country shipping point, as the case may be, to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate; and
 - (d) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any grapes grown in Canada purchased by him from another wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following:
- (a) the maximum price at which the grapes may be sold to him by his supplier as fixed by subsection (1) preceding; and
 - (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting the grapes from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate.
- (3) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor whose place of business is in the Ontario Trucking Zone may sell any grapes grown in Ontario of a variety set forth in the Schedule hereto shall be the sum of the following:
- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, at which a grower could have sold the grapes to him, f.o.b. the grower's country shipping point;
 - (b) an amount equal to the cost of transporting the grapes by railway express in less than carload lots from Grimsby, Ontario, to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business; and
 - (c) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

Maximum Prices of Imported Grapes

8. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any imported grapes shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) according to the variety of the grapes and the kind and capacity of container in which they are packed and sold, an amount equal to the maximum price at which a licensed shipper may sell, f.o.b. his shipping point, to a wholesale distributor whose place of business is not in the Ontario Trucking Zone, grapes grown in Ontario of the same variety packed in the same kind and capacity of container;
- (b) an amount equal to the cost, including protective services, of transporting the fruit by freight in carload lots to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situated, from Grimsby, Ontario;
- (c) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

Free Delivery Zones of Wholesale Distributors

9. If the sale is to a buyer whose place of business is within the city, town or village in which the wholesale distributor has his place of business or within the wholesale distributor's customary free delivery zone, the maximum prices fixed by this Part include free delivery to that buyer. On all other sales, such prices are f.o.b. the wholesale distributor's place of business.

PART VI—SALES BY RETAILERS

Maximum Prices of Grapes Grown in Canada

10. The maximum price at which any person, other than a grower, licensed shipper or trucker may sell at retail any grapes grown in Canada shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the grapes but not exceeding the maximum price fixed by this Order at which they may be sold to him by his supplier; provided that if he bought the grapes from a grower or a licensed shipper at a price f.o.b. such supplier's country shipping point which is less than the maximum price at which a grower could have sold them f.o.b. his country shipping point to a wholesale distributor, he may treat that maximum price as being the actual price paid by him;
- (b) if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him, the actual cost incurred by him in transporting the grapes from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate;
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order; or
- (d) if he purchased the grapes from a grower or licensed shipper at a price not exceeding the maximum price at which such supplier could have sold them to a wholesale distributor, the markup under the markup symbol "J" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

Maximum Prices of Imported Grapes

11. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any imported grapes purchased by him from a wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the grapes but not exceeding the maximum price fixed by this Order at which they may be sold to him by his supplier according to the variety of grapes and the kind and capacity of the container in which they are packed when received by him;
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him the actual cost of transporting the grapes from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business but, in any event, at not more than the less than carload lot railway express rate; and
- (c) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

(2) The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any grapes imported by him shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) according to the variety of grapes and the kind and capacity of container in which they are packed and sold, an amount equal to the maximum price at which a licensed shipper may sell, f.o.b. his shipping point, to a wholesale distributor, whose place of business is not in the Ontario Trucking Zone, grapes grown in Ontario of the same variety and packed in the same kind and capacity of container;
- (b) an amount equal to the cost, including protective services, of transporting the grapes by railway freight in carload lots to the point of delivery to him from Grimsby, Ontario;
- (c) if he took delivery of the grapes at a point which is not situated within the limits of the city, town or village in which his retail outlet is situated, the amount, if any, paid by him for transportation of the grapes from such receiving point to such city, town or village; and
- (d) the markup under the markup symbol "J" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

Sales at Retail by Weight

12. If grapes are not priced or sold by a retailer by the container in the original container in which they were packed when received by him, they shall be priced and sold by the retailer by weight. For the purpose of determining the maximum weight of any grapes in terms of the quantity priced by a retailer, the net weight of the grapes in the original container in which they were packed when received by the retailer shall be deemed to be,

- (a) if the grapes were grown in Canada, the net weight for the original container in which they were packed as set forth in the following table

TABLE

6-qt. basket (flat covered)	7 lbs.
6-qt. basket (open packed)	8 lbs.
Other containers	Actual net weight;

- (b) if the grapes were imported, the net weight
- (i) stamped or marked on the container in which they were packed when received by him, or
 - (ii) if not so stamped or marked, but shown on his supplier's invoice, the net weight as shown on his supplier's invoice, or
 - (iii) if neither so stamped or marked, nor shown on his supplier's invoice, the actual net weight of the grapes when received by him.

PART VII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Listed Containers

13. (1) Listed containers are those containers listed in the Schedule hereto and conforming with the requirements of The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.

(2) The maximum price fixed by this Order for any grapes in a listed container is fixed on the basis of the container being well and properly filled according to the provisions of The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act. If any listed container is not well and properly filled, the container shall be deemed to be an unlisted container and the maximum price shall be determined in accordance with Section 14.

Sales of Unlisted Containers

14. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell to any class of buyer any grapes in an unlisted container shall be determined on the basis of the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales to the same class of buyer of that variety of grapes packed in its base container according to the relationship which the net weight of the grapes in the unlisted container bears to the standard net weight of the grapes in its base container, cost of container included. For the purposes of this Section, the base containers for grapes shall be the six quart flat covered basket and the standard net weight thereof shall be deemed to be 7 lbs.

(2) This Section does not apply to sales at retail except when the fruit is sold by the container in the original container in which it was packed when received by the seller. Where a retailer does not sell the grapes in the unbroken original container but in smaller quantities, Section 12 shall apply.

Sales of Fruit Received on Consignment

15. The maximum price at which any person may sell to any buyer any grapes received by him on consignment from any person shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he could have sold those grapes to that buyer if he had purchased them from a grower.

Protective Services and Pre-cooling

16. When it is necessary for any grower or licensed shipper to protect any shipment of grapes by pre-cooling and/or by the use of any customary protective service, the maximum price at which he may sell such shipment shall be that fixed by the other provisions of this Order PLUS the actual cost, but not exceeding the standard or customary charge, for such pre-cooling and/or protective service. The provisions of this Section shall only apply to shipments by railway in carload lots and such charges must be shown as a separate item on the seller's sales invoice.

PART VIII—RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

Sales Invoices

17. (1) On every sale of grapes to which this Order applies, other than a sale at retail, the seller shall at the time of delivery of the grapes furnish the buyer with an invoice showing:

- (a) the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer and the date of sale;
- (b) the quantity sold and the price per container charged;

- (c) the variety of the grapes sold if they are Red, Sheridan or Black Roger varieties, and the kind and capacity of the container if other than a 6-quart flat covered basket.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Records of Purchases

18. (1) Every person other than the importer of imported grapes who buys any grapes for resale shall at the time of delivery of the grapes to him, obtain from his supplier an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 17 covering that transaction.

(2) Every person who imports any grapes shall, before selling such grapes, record on the invoice furnished by his supplier any of the particulars referred to in subsection (1) of Section 17 which are not recorded on that invoice when it is received by him.

(3) Every person who buys any grapes for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the grapes to him, obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the grapes.

Retention and Inspection of Invoices and Transportation Receipts

19. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller of grapes is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys any such fruit obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

20. Every person who sells any grapes at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales invoice showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the kind and capacity of container, the quantity and the price of the grapes sold.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of August, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
*Administrator of Fresh Fruit
and Vegetables.*

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1704

Maximum Prices for Sales of *Labrusca* Type Grapes

BY GROWERS

- (1) To licensed shippers, wholesale distributors, and truckers, to any retailer operating a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets who takes delivery at such warehouse, and to any person who buys in carload lots, are listed in Column 1;
- (2) To any class of buyer other than those referred to in (1) above, and (3) below are listed in Column 2; and
- (3) To consumers are listed in Column 3.

NOTE:—All prices include free delivery to a buyer within 15 road miles of seller's farm or country shipping point. In other cases they are F.O.B. his country shopping point.

All closed (covered) packages must be well and properly filled, according to the provisions of The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.

The open (uncovered) 6 quart basket must contain at least 8 pounds of grapes, net weight.

GRAPES GROWN IN ONTARIO	Package	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
		(cents per package)		
Sheridan and Black Roger Varieties (when package is so marked) and All Red Varieties.	{ 6-qt. flat covered or 6-qt. open }	39	45	60
All Other Varieties.....	{ 6qt. flat covered or 6-qt. open }	36	41	55
GRAPES GROWN IN BRITISH COLUMBIA		(cents per package)		
Sheridan and Black Roger Varieties (when package is so marked) and All Red Varieties.	{ 6-qt. flat covered or 6-qt. open }	46	53	71
All Other Varieties.....	{ 6-qt. flat covered or 6-qt. open }	43	49	65

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1705

Wooden Ladders

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Wood Products, Office Equipment and Metal Containers, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1236, which restricted the purchase and sale of new wooden ladders, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on August 20, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of August, 1945.

ARTHUR MAY,
*Administrator of Wood Products, Office
Equipment and Metal Containers.*

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1706

Cork

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Building Paper and Wallboard, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1212, which restricted the use of Cork in the manufacture of linoleum, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on August 20, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of August, 1945.

C. H. BROWNE,
*Administrator of Building Paper
and Wallboard.*

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1707

Maximum Prices of Cheddar Cheese

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Dairy Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on August 20, 1945.

2. Section 5 of Administrator's Order No. A-1591 is hereby amended by adding as paragraph (iii) thereof the following:

"(iii) If the cheese is of one of the following sizes, the following amount per pound according to the size of the cheese:

<i>Size of Cheese</i>	<i>Amount Per Pound</i>
40 to 45 lbs.	1/8c
20 to 30 lbs.	1/4c
10 to 12 lbs.	3/8c
5 to 6 lbs.	1/2c "

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of August, 1945.

J. PETER NADEAU,
Deputy Administrator of Dairy Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1708

Maximum Prices of Peaches, Pears and Plums

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Section 1 of Administrator's Order No. A-1692 is hereby amended by revoking subsections (3), (4) and (5) thereof and substituting therefor the following:

"(3) This Order does not apply to sales of peaches, pears and plums made before the dates in 1945 set forth in the following table, according to the part of Canada in which the buyer resides or has his place of business, the kind of fruit and whether it was grown in Canada or imported:

Part of Canada in which buyer resides or has his place of business	PEACHES		PEARS		PLUMS	
	Can.		Can.		Can.	
	Grown	Imported	Grown	Imported	Grown	Imported
1. Maritime Provinces ...	Aug. 13	Aug. 13	Aug. 20	Sept. 10	Aug. 13	Sept. 3
2. Quebec and Ontario east of 88th degree of west longitude	Aug. 6	Aug. 6	Aug. 13	Aug. 27	Aug. 6	Aug. 13"
3. Remainder of Canada	Aug. 6	Aug. 6	Aug. 13	Aug. 20	Aug. 6	Aug. 13

2. Section 1 of said Order No. A-1692 is hereby further amended by re-numbering subsections (6) and (7) thereof as subsections (4) and (5) thereof, respectively.

3. This Order comes into force on August 13, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of August, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 27

(New Motor Vehicles—Passenger Cars)

DATED August 13, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121 of February 13, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Definitions*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,

- (a) "motor vehicle" means any vehicle, the motive power for which is furnished by an internal combustion engine, but shall not include a motorcycle, trailer, any self tracklaying vehicle, tractor, railway rolling stock or any implement or machine designed for sowing or cultivating agricultural land or harvesting crops grown thereon;
- (b) "passenger car" means any motor vehicle designed for the carriage of people and with a seating capacity for ten persons or less;
- (c) "dealer" means any person (other than a manufacturer) who, in the ordinary course of business, sells or otherwise deals in new passenger cars.

2. Except under and in accordance with a permit in writing issued by the Controller, no dealer shall use a new passenger car or sell or deliver a new passenger car to any other person.

E. R. BIRCHARD,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

PART V

Export Permit Branch
(Trade and Commerce)

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 123

OTTAWA, August 9, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That Group One of the Schedule of Commodities under export permit control be amended by exempting Fresh Tomatoes from the requirement of an export permit when shipped to the United States through the Customs Ports of Windsor and Sarnia.

2. That this Order shall be considered to have come into force on August 7, and have effect up to and including August 18, 1945.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III No. 8



AUGUST 27, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793 of
26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1945



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PART I
Orders in Council

Order in Council re chloramination of the water supply of
Prince Rupert, B.C.

P.C. 5567

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 11162 of the 8th December 1942, the Department of Pensions and National Health was, subject to certain conditions, authorized to reimburse the Municipal Corporation of Prince Rupert in the Province of British Columbia the amount of the cost of purchase of supplies, machinery or equipment and installation thereof necessary for the chloramination of the water supply of the said Corporation;

And whereas the Department of Pensions and National Health was unable to come to an agreement with the said Municipal Corporation for the completion of the project;

And whereas to protect the health of Army personnel stationed at Prince Rupert the Department of National Defence thereupon requested the Department of Pensions and National Health to contribute the sum of \$10,000 for the construction of a chloramination building and a transmission line to provide electric power at Prince Rupert for the installation there of chloraminating equipment belonging to the Department of National Defence;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 4578 of June 15, 1944, the Department of Pensions and National Health was, subject to certain conditions, so authorized;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8219 of October 24, 1944, the Municipal Corporation of Prince Rupert was instructed to permit the installation of chloramination equipment;

And whereas the Minister of National Health and Welfare reports that since the installation of the above equipment it has become apparent that secondary chloramination is necessary for, amongst others, the following reasons:

(1) Wood stave take-off pipes from the present 18 inch main and 8 inch water lines are susceptible to contamination from ground water infected with septic tank drainage, so that under certain conditions of flow and heavy draught in the pipes, pollution may be drawn into the mains;

(2) There is a known cross-connection in the Canadian Fish and Cold Storage Plant at Prince Rupert between the domestic fresh water supply and highly contaminated harbour water used for fish glazing purposes, which forms a hazard to the R.C.A.F. Station, Prince Rupert;

That with a view to protecting the health of R.C.A.F. personnel stationed at Prince Rupert the Department of National Defence for Air have asked for permission to install and operate equipment to provide such secondary chloramination, the cost of such installation and operation to be borne by that Department; and

That the Public Health and Engineering Division of the Department of National Health and Welfare concur in the above request;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Health and Welfare and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the Department of National Health and Welfare to issue such instructions as may be necessary to the Municipal Corporation of Prince Rupert in the Province of British Columbia that the installation and operation by the Department of National Defence for Air of equipment required to provide secondary chloramination be permitted.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* Commission appointed to inquire into cases in which revocation of naturalization may be considered

P.C. 5585

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 16 August, 1945.

The Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report dated August 8, 1945, from the Secretary of State representing,—

1. That by Section 9 of the Naturalization Act, Chapter 138 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, it is provided that the Secretary of State of Canada may, under certain circumstances therein set out, recommend that certificates of naturalization granted under the said Act, or under any Naturalization Act heretofore in force in Canada, be revoked, and that the Governor General in Council may revoke the same accordingly; that it is further provided in the said Act that the Secretary of State may if he thinks fit, before making a recommendation under the said section, refer any case coming within the provisions of the said section of the said Act for inquiry; that an inquiry under the said section shall be held by a commission constituted for the purpose by the Governor in Council upon the recommendation of the Secretary of State of Canada, presided over by a person who holds or has held high judicial office, and shall be conducted in such manner as the Governor in Council shall direct;

2. That by Order in Council of April 1st, 1942, P.C. 2606, the Honourable Hugh Amos Robson, then Judge of the Court of Appeal of the Province of Manitoba, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; H. Aldous Aylen, Esq., K.C., of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; and Lee A. Kelley, Esq., K.C., of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, were appointed a Commission under the provisions of the Naturalization Act, Chapter 138, R.S.C. 1927, and of Part I of the Inquiries Act, Chapter 99, R.S.C. 1927, to inquire into and report upon all cases from time to time referred to the said Commission by the Secretary of State of Canada in which may be considered the revocation of naturalization certificates; and

3. That the Honourable Hugh Amos Robson, who was appointed Chairman of the said Commission, has died and it is necessary to appoint a person who holds or has held high judicial office as a member of the Commission and to preside over it.

The Committee, therefore, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State advise,—

1. That His Honour René A. Danis, Judge of the District Court for the Provisional Judicial District of Cochrane in the Province of Ontario, of the Town of Cochrane, in the Province of Ontario; H. Aldous Aylen, Esq., K.C., of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; and Lee A. Kelley, Esq., K.C. be hereby appointed a Commission under the provisions of the Naturalization Act, Chapter 138, R.S.C. 1927, and of Part 1 of the Inquiries Act, Chapter 99, R.S.C. 1927, to inquire into and report upon all cases from time to time referred to the said Commission by the Secretary of State of Canada in which may be considered the revocation of naturalization certificates;

2. That the said His Honour Judge René A. Danis be Chairman and Presiding Officer of the said Commission;

3. That under the authority of the said Naturalization Act, the said Inquiries Act, and the War Measures Act, R.S.C. 1927, Chapter 206, all cases which have hitherto been referred to the former Commission consisting of the late Hugh Amos Robson, H. Aldous Aylen, Esq., K.C., and Lee A. Kelley, Esq., K.C., be deemed to have been referred to the Commission hereby constituted, consisting of His Honour Judge René A. Danis, H. Aldous Aylen, Esq., K.C., and Lee A. Kelley, Esq., K.C., and that the said Commission hereby constituted be given full power to hear and determine the matters referred to the former Commission and to advise the Secretary of State of Canada in respect to all such matters referred to the former Commission.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking the appointment of J. H. Lamprey as a Deputy Timber Controller

P.C. 5611

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 4807, dated July 10, 1945, the appointment of Mr. J. H. Lamprey as a Deputy Timber Controller was revoked, effective July 15, 1945;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that it is desirable to extend the date of the revocation of such appointment to August 11, 1945 and to amend the said Order in Council accordingly;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to amend paragraph 1 of Order in Council P.C. 4807, dated July 10, 1945, and it is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Effective August 11, 1945, the appointment of J. H. Lamprey as a Deputy Timber Controller is revoked."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking certain of the Defence of Canada Regulations

P.C. 5637

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Justice reports that, with the termination of hostilities, it appears to be desirable without delay to revoke certain of the Defence of Canada Regulations which impose restrictions on liberties normally enjoyed by individuals in peace time;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke the following Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation), 1942, namely:

Regulations thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, twenty-one, twenty-two, thirty-nine, thirty-nine A, thirty-nine B, thirty-nine C, sixty-three A.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is further pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 946 of the 5th day of February, 1943, and it is hereby amended by adding immediately after Regulation three thereof the following:—

"3A. (1) All persons of the Japanese race who were detained pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 21 of the *Défence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation)* 1942, prior to the fifteenth day of August, nineteen hundred and forty-five, and were so detained on the said fifteenth day of August shall continue to be detained and such persons while so detained shall be deemed to be in legal custody.

(2) The Minister of Justice may by order direct the release of any such person upon such conditions, if any, as he may consider advisable and necessary."

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Order No. 80

The Dairy Products Board Hereby Orders:

That Order No. 54 of the Board with respect to the minimum prices at which the Dairy Products Board will buy Creamery Butter to support the market be rescinded.

Made at Ottawa this 8th day of August, 1945.

J. F. SINGLETON,
Chairman.

Order No. 81

The Dairy Products Board hereby orders that:

1. (a) First Grade Pasteurized Creamery Butter may be tendered to the Dairy Products Board by manufacturers of butter, by wholesale dealers in butter or by brokers;
- (b) Butter shall be solid packed in clean new boxes complying with specifications provided by regulation under the Dairy Industry Act, and boxes shall be doubly lined with parchment paper of good quality, and butter shall contain not more than two (2) per cent of salt;
- (c) Butter shall be tendered to the Dairy Products Board during the period of validity of the certificate of original grading, and in any event not more than eight weeks from the date of manufacture;
- (d) Payment for First Grade Creamery butter tendered to the Dairy Products Board in accordance with the foregoing conditions shall be on a basis of delivery to the Board, as may be directed in accordance with the following schedule of monthly prices and province of delivery:

Month Tendered	Basis delivery in British Columbia Ontario and Quebec	Basis delivery in Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia and New Brunswick
	c per lb.	c per lb.
May.....	32	33
June.....	32 $\frac{3}{8}$	33 $\frac{1}{8}$
July.....	32 $\frac{1}{4}$	33 $\frac{1}{4}$
August.....	33 $\frac{1}{8}$	34 $\frac{1}{8}$
Sept.....	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	34 $\frac{1}{2}$
Oct.....	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	34 $\frac{1}{2}$
Nov.....	34 $\frac{1}{4}$	35 $\frac{1}{4}$
Dec. to April.....	34 $\frac{5}{8}$	35 $\frac{5}{8}$

2. Tenders shall be addressed to the Dairy Products Board, Room 302, Shaughnessy Building, 407 McGill Street, Centre No. 1, Montreal, Quebec. Butter tendered to and purchased by the Board will be paid for at the price specified in section 1(d) above for the month during which the tender is received by the Board.

3. Tenders of butter in accordance with the foregoing conditions will be accepted by the Board.

4. This order shall be effective on and after the first day of September, 1945.

Made at Ottawa this 8th day of August, 1945.

J. F. SINGLETON,
Chairman.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 13
Second Revision
Supplement No. 15
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 2nd August, 1945

To Collectors of Customs and Excise:

Prohibited Publications—Publications Removed From Prohibited List

Referring to Memorandum WM No. 13 (Second Revision), the following publications may, from the date of this Notice, be allowed entry, viz:—

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>“Radnicka Borba”
(Workers’ Struggle)</p> | <p>A newspaper in the Croatian language, published weekly by the South Slavonian S.L.P. Federation, 3413 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland 14, Ohio.</p> |
| <p>“Rabotnicheska Prosveta”
(Labor Education)</p> | <p>A newspaper in the Bulgarian language, published weekly by the Bulgarian Socialist Labor Federation, P.O. Box 368, Granite City, Ill.</p> |

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 25
Third Revision
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 1st August, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,
and others concerned:*

Previous instructions relating to exit permits to enable women and children to embark on vessels travelling through the European war zone are superseded.

By Order in Council P.C. 1841 passed on the 10th day of March, 1942, as amended by P.C. 305, of 16th January, 1945, and P.C. 5210 of 24th July, 1945, it is provided that Collectors and other officers of Customs and Excise shall not grant a clearance to any vessel sailing from any port in Canada to any port of a country outside the Western Hemisphere or to any aircraft proceeding from any place in Canada to any place outside the Western Hemisphere which has on board any woman, or any child under the age of sixteen years (other than regular members of the ship's or aircraft's crew, nursing sisters serving in the Armed Forces of Canada, members of the Canadian Women's Army Corps, members of Voluntary Aid Detachments serving with the Canadian Army and members of the Armed Forces of Allied Countries), who is not in possession of a valid Exit Permit signed by the Director of Immigration, or by the Commissioner of Immigration, of the Department of Mines and Resources.

Collectors of Customs and Excise will not honour any permit other than a valid Exit Permit as described in the preceding paragraph. These permits will be in printed form, will be valid for a period of three months and will be numbered consecutively. Collectors or officers concerned must take up these permits and must forward them immediately by mail to the Commissioner of Immigration, Immigration Branch, Department of Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 48
Seventh Revision
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 9th August, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,
and others concerned:*

Prohibited Imports

The importation into Canada of the goods enumerated hereunder is prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of National Revenue:

"Crude natural rubber, and crude synthetic rubber of the Neoprene, Butyl and Buna S types, including unmanufactured guayule and latices not compound beyond the addition of preservative but not including balata and gutta percha."

In order that requests for permits for the importation of the above mentioned products may be dealt with as expeditiously as possible, applications, IN DUPLICATE, must be made on the prescribed form, which, together with all correspondence relating thereto, SHOULD BE SENT DIRECT TO THE RUBBER CONTROLLER, DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY, OTTAWA. The form to be used is the Department of National Revenue form, "Application for Permit to Import War Materials and Other Goods", and supplies thereof may be obtained from Collectors of Customs and Excise, or from the Department of National Revenue, Ottawa. It should be stated on the application whether the quantity for which permit is requested will be imported in one or more than one shipment.

Memorandum W.M. No. 48, Sixth Revision, is hereby superseded.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 5375, 2/8/45—Authority, War Measures Act.)

WM No. 83
(Second Revision)
Supplement No. 3
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS AND EXCISE

OTTAWA, August 6th, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Under authority of Order in Council P.C. 5438 dated August 3rd, 1945, the following sections and subsections of the "Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942" (P.C. 11374) are revoked.

Sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11 of Part 1 of this Order.

Sub section (b) of Section 2.

Sub section (5) of Section 13.

Sub section (3) of Section 14.

You will note that by revoking of the above numbered sections, all sections incorporated in Part 1 of the original Order are now cancelled.

Monthly returns requested under File Nos. 12846 and 12848 will not be required in the future.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

Series D No. 47

T.C. 131

(Second Revision)

MEMORANDUM

CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 2nd August, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Tariff Change by Order in Council**

Oranges originating in and imported from countries the products of which are subject to Intermediate or General Tariff treatment are exempt from the duty of Customs of 35 cents per cubic foot during the period 1st August, 1945, to 31st December, 1945.

D. SIM,

*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 5371, 2/8/45—Authority, War Measures Act.)

Series D No. 47

T.C. 204

MEMORANDUM

CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 30th August, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Tariff Change by Order in Council**

Effective the 1st September, 1945, imports of gas for heating, cooking or illuminating, imported by pipeline, are exempted from the war exchange tax.

D. SIM,

*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 1764, 16/3/45—Authority, War Measures Act.)

PART III
Wartime Prices and Trade Board
(Finance)

BOARD ORDERS

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 542

Priority Sales of Evaporated Milk

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Order comes into force on August 9, 1945.

2. The Schedule to Board Order No. 401 is amended by deleting from Section A thereof the following:

"and that part of the county of Hull including the Village of Wakefield and all the territory lying to the south of a line drawn through the said Village of Wakefield at right angles to the eastern boundary of the said county of Hull; and that part of the County of Champlain which lies to the South, South and East or South and West of the Town of La Tuque"

and by substituting therefor the following:

"and

- (i) all that part of the County of Gatineau lying South of the dividing lines between the Second and Third Ranges of the Townships of Masham and Wakefield together with any city, town or village situated in such part,
- (ii) the City of Hull and all that part of the County of Hull lying South of the Northern boundary of the Township of Templeton together with any city, town or village situated within such part, and
- (iii) all that part of the County of Champlain lying to the South, South and East, and South and West of the Town of La Tuque together with any city, town or village situated within such part".

Made at Ottawa, this 8th day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 544

Respecting Wool

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on August 31, 1945.

2. Order No. 117 of the Board is hereby amended by deleting from Section 2 the following words "During the present war and one wool clip thereafter," and substituting therefor the following words "Prior to December 31, 1946," so that Section 2 of said Order will read as follows:

"2. Prior to December 31, 1946, no ungraded fleece wool or ungraded pulled wool shall be sold or offered for sale except to

- (a) a registered warehouse, either by direct shipment or delivery to such warehouse or through a licensed agent, dealer, country collector, fieldman, association or other operator acting in conjunction with such warehouse; or
- (b) any other person licensed by and acting on behalf of Canadian Wool Board, Ltd.;

and no person other than such warehouse or licensee shall buy or procure any ungraded fleece wool or ungraded pulled wool."

Made at Ottawa, this 18th day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1709

Prices of Bituminous Coal Produced in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick

Following the report of an Industrial Disputes Inquiry Commission appointed to investigate and report on terms of employment of miners as affecting the production of coal in District No. 26, United Mine Workers of America and in order to encourage greater production of coal in the national interest, it has been proposed that there shall be set aside 33c on every ton of shaft mined coal sold and shipped up to February 1, 1947, to be divided amongst the workers in such proportion as may be decided upon between the employees and their employers. As it has been demonstrated that the collieries would be unable to set aside such sums and maintain existing price ceilings, the Wartime Prices and Trade Board has been directed by the Government to increase the lawful maximum prices for the sale of all bituminous coal produced in the Maritime Provinces by the aforementioned amount of 33c per ton with effect from August 15, 1945.

Therefore, under authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board on the Coal Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. For the purpose of this Order:—

(a) "Coal" means bituminous coal produced or mined in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

(b) "Ton" means a net ton of 2,000 lbs.

2. Operators of coal mines in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick may charge an amount not exceeding 33c per ton for such coal as they may supply to any person on and after August 15, 1945, in addition to the prices not exceeding the highest lawful prices in effect on August 14, 1945, stipulated in any contract existing on that date between the parties concerned, or if there be no contract, then in addition to the highest lawful price at which the vendor was entitled to sell such coal on August 14, 1945.

3. Any dealer or other distributor selling coal may charge for all coal supplied by him to any buyer on and after August 15, 1945, so much of the increase authorized by Section 2 as is actually charged to him for that coal. The increase in price herein authorized shall be in addition to the prices, not exceeding the highest lawful prices in effect on August 14, 1945, stipulated in any contract existing on that date between the parties concerned, or if there be no contract, then in addition to the highest lawful price at which the vendor was entitled to sell such coal on August 14, 1945. In no event shall any markup be added by any person in respect of the 33c per ton increase herein authorized.

4. Every seller of coal affected by this Order shall forthwith post and maintain in a conspicuous place in each office and sales depot, open to his customers, a notice of the price increases now or hereafter authorized under this Order.

5. All contracts made prior to August 15, 1945, for the sale of coal which is affected by this Order, which contracts provide for delivery of coal on or after August 15, 1945, shall be deemed to be amended insofar as is necessary to give effect to the provisions of this Order.

6. Any person who uses coal in the manufacture of coke, the price of which coal has been increased under this Order, may make application to the Coal Administrator for an increase in the price of such coke.

7. This Order shall come into effect on August 15, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of August, 1945.

F. G. NEATE,
Deputy Coal Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1710

Ethylene Glycol Anti-Freeze

Under powers granted to the Administrator of Chemicals by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on August 24, 1945.

2. The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell Ethylene Glycol Anti-Freeze to a consumer shall be \$3.75 per imperial gallon f.o.b. the place of business of the retail dealer engaged in the business of buying Ethylene Glycol Anti-Freeze for resale, which is nearest to the point of delivery requested by the buyer.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th day of August, 1945.

E. T. STERNE,
Administrator of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1711

Repair of Civilian Footwear

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Hides and Leather, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1248, which restricted the use of full leather soles in the repair of civilian footwear, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on August 21, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of August, 1945.

R. A. STEWART,
Administrator of Hides and Leather.

Approved:

D. GORDON, *Chairman,*
Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

Fuelwood Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD**FUELWOOD ORDER No. 109****Maximum Prices for Charcoal in the District of Montreal**

Under powers given by the Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order comes into force on August 23, 1945.

Application

2. This Order fixes maximum prices of retort charcoal and kiln charcoal on sales to retailers and by retailers in the district of Montreal.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "bones" or "brands" means wood which is carbonized less than fifty per cent (50%);
 - (b) "district of Montreal" means and includes the Island of Montreal, Isle Jesus, the Municipalities of Longueuil and St. Lambert and the Town of Montreal South, all in the Province of Quebec;
 - (c) "domestic charcoal" means standard kiln charcoal or standard retort charcoal of a size not more than six inches through in any direction which has been passed over a screen or sieve the mesh or perforations of which are not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch;
 - (d) "kiln charcoal" means standard charcoal produced by the charring of wood through the use of a kiln;
 - (e) "retort charcoal" means standard charcoal produced by the chemical distillation of wood;
 - (f) "regular bag" means:
 - (i) a paper bag measuring $29\frac{1}{2} \times 11\frac{3}{4} \times 4$ inches with a $\frac{1}{4}$ inch black line 6 inches from the top and the words and figures "Retort Charcoal—W.P.T.B. retail ceiling price—23 cents" or "Charbon de Bois de Cornue—Prix Plafond de détail de la C.P.C.T.G.—23 cents" printed plainly thereon: the words shall be printed in letters not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in height and the figures shall be not less than 1 inch in height;
 - (ii) a paper bag measuring $29\frac{1}{2} \times 11 \times 3\frac{3}{4}$ inches with a $\frac{1}{4}$ inch black line 6 inches from the top and the words and figures "Kiln Charcoal—W.P.T.B. retail ceiling price—24 cents" or "Charbon de Bois Four—Prix plafond de détail de la C.P.C.T.G.—24 cents" printed plainly thereon: the words shall be printed in letters not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in height and the figures shall be not less than 1 inch in height;
 - (g) "standard charcoal" means charcoal having a moisture content of not more than five per cent (5%) and a carbon content of not less than seventy per cent (70%) free from bones or brands.

Sales in Regular Bags

4. (1) Except where otherwise authorized by the Timber Administrator, no person shall sell or deliver to a retailer and no retailer shall purchase or accept delivery of any charcoal in the district of Montreal except in regular bags filled at the time of delivery to within six inches of the top, to a line marked for that purpose, with domestic retort charcoal or domestic kiln charcoal.

(2) No person who sells charcoal shall fill a regular bag marked "retort charcoal" or "Charbon de Bois de Cornue" with anything but domestic retort charcoal or a regular bag marked "kiln charcoal" or "Charbon de Bois de Four" with anything but domestic kiln charcoal.

(3) The provisions of this Section shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Timber Administrator, upon written application to him, may grant in any individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

Maximum Prices to a Retailer of Domestic Retort Charcoal

5. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell to a retailer or at which a retailer may purchase in the district of Montreal, domestic retort charcoal packaged in regular bags and delivered at the retailer's premises, shall be \$2.16 per dozen bags.

(2) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell to a retailer or at which a retailer may purchase in the district of Montreal, domestic retort charcoal packaged in regular bags and delivered at the seller's premises, shall be \$2.06 per dozen bags.

Maximum Prices to a Retailer of Domestic Kiln Charcoal

6. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell to a retailer or at which a retailer may purchase in the district of Montreal, domestic kiln charcoal packaged in regular bags and delivered at the retailer's premises, shall be \$2.28 per dozen bags.

(2) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell to a retailer or at which a retailer may purchase in the district of Montreal, domestic kiln charcoal, packaged in regular bags and delivered at the seller's premises, shall be \$2.18 per dozen bags.

Maximum Prices at Retail

7. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell at retail or at which any person may purchase at retail in the district of Montreal, domestic retort charcoal packaged in regular bags, shall be 23 cents per bag.

(2) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell at retail or at which any person may purchase at retail in the district of Montreal, domestic kiln charcoal packaged in regular bags, shall be 24 cents per bag.

Invoices

8. Every person selling charcoal to retailers shall complete an invoice in duplicate covering each sale made by him and stating therein the names and identifying addresses of the seller and purchaser, the date of the sale and delivery, the quantity and kind or kinds of charcoal sold and the price charged and shall keep on file one copy of the invoice and shall deliver the other copy to the purchaser. The purchaser shall receipt the seller's copy and shall keep the copy delivered to him on file.

Retention of Records and Invoices

9. Every copy of an invoice which a seller or purchaser is required to keep shall be kept available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board for three years from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of August, 1945.

BERNARD E. HARRISON,
Deputy Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

FUELWOOD ORDER No. 110

Producers' and Shippers' Maximum Prices for Charcoal in the Province of Quebec

Under powers granted by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order comes into force on August 23, 1945.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "bones" or "brands" means wood which is carbonized less than fifty per cent (50%);
 - (b) "charcoal" means coal made by charring wood through the use of a kiln;
 - (c) "domestic charcoal" means standard charcoal of a size not more than six inches through in any direction which has been passed over a screen or sieve the mesh or perforations of which are not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch;
 - (d) "producer" means a person who produces charcoal for sale;
 - (e) "shipper" means a person designated as such by the Timber Administrator;
 - (f) "screening" means the sifting of charcoal over and/or through a screen or sieve to sort it into different sizes and/or to separate the ash and the foreign matter from the charcoal;
 - (g) "screenings" means the refuse matter left after sifting charcoal over a screen or sieve which has a mesh or perforations $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch in size;
 - (h) "standard charcoal" means charcoal having a moisture content of not more than five per cent (5%) and a carbon content of not less than seventy per cent (70%) free from bones or brands.

Application

3. This Order fixes
 - (a) maximum prices at which standard charcoal may be sold by a producer and purchased by a shipper;
 - (b) maximum prices at which domestic charcoal may be sold or purchased, loaded on railway cars or trucks at railway loading point; and
 - (c) maximum price of screenings on sales by a producer;
 in the Province of Quebec.

Moisture and Carbon Content

4. No producer or shipper shall produce, sell or purchase any charcoal having a moisture content of more than five per cent (5%) or a carbon content of less than seventy per cent (70%), or which contains any bones or brands.

Screening Charcoal-Method

5. No person shall screen standard charcoal unless he complies with the following rules:

RULE 1: He shall use at least one of the three undermentioned types of screens or sieves in the manner set out immediately following the description of that screen or sieve:

- (a) a flat stationary screen or sieve which shall be not less than 4 feet in length nor 2 feet 6 inches in width and which, when being used, shall not be tilted at an angle greater than 45 degrees from the horizontal;
- (b) a flat vibrating shaker screen or sieve which shall be not less than 5 feet in length nor 20 inches in width and which, when being used, shall not be tilted at an angle greater than 20 degrees from the horizontal;

- (c) a rotary or drum screen or sieve which shall be not less than 6 feet in length nor 3 feet in diameter and which, when in use, shall be operated at a speed not exceeding 60 revolutions per minute. When being operated the axis of the drum sieve shall not be tilted at an angle exceeding 15 degrees from the horizontal.

RULE 2: He shall so place the charcoal that it will pass over the whole length of the screens or sieves being used.

RULE 3: Each screen described in Rule 1 preceding used by him shall have the proper size of mesh or perforations for sorting the charcoal.

Maximum Price of Standard Charcoal Delivered to a Shipper's Warehouse

6. The maximum price per ton at which a producer may sell or offer to sell to a shipper or at which a shipper may buy from a producer, standard charcoal delivered to the shipper's warehouse shall, according as the standard charcoal is screened by the producer or the shipper or is unscreened, be as follows:

<i>Standard Charcoal</i>	<i>Price per ton</i>
1. Screened by the producer over a screen or sieve with $\frac{1}{4}$ inch mesh or perforations.....	\$28.50
2. Screened by the shipper over a screen or sieve with $\frac{1}{4}$ inch mesh or perforations.....	\$28.00
3. Unscreened	\$28.05

Maximum Price for Standard Charcoal Delivered at a Point Other than Shipper's Warehouse

7. The maximum price per ton at which a producer may sell or offer to sell to a shipper or at which a shipper may buy from a producer standard charcoal delivered at a point other than the shipper's warehouse shall be the price set out in the Table below according as such standard charcoal is screened by the producer or the shipper, or is unscreened and according to the distance of the shipper's warehouse from the point at which the said standard charcoal is delivered:

TABLE

<i>Standard Charcoal</i>	<i>Distance of Shipper's warehouse from the point at which charcoal is delivered</i>		
	<i>Under 5 miles</i>	<i>5 miles to 10 miles</i>	<i>More than 10 miles</i>
	<i>Price per ton</i>		
1. Screened by the producer over a screen or sieve with $\frac{1}{4}$ inch mesh or perforations	\$26.90	\$26.50	\$26.10
2. Screened by the shipper over a screen or sieve with $\frac{1}{4}$ inch mesh or perforations	26.40	26.00	25.60
3. Unscreened	26.45	26.05	25.65

Maximum Price of Screenings

8. The maximum price at which a producer may sell or offer to sell to a shipper or at which a shipper may buy from a producer, screenings, shall be at the rate of five cents per hundred pounds or One Dollar (\$1.00) per ton.

Maximum Price of Domestic Charcoal in Bulk

9. The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell or at which any person may buy domestic charcoal in bulk loaded on railway cars or trucks at a railway loading point shall be \$30.00 per ton.

Maximum Price for Screening Charcoal

10. The maximum charge which any person may make for the service of screening charcoal shall be at the rate of 50 cents per ton, provided however that a shipper who purchases charcoal or screenings from a producer under the provisions of Section 6, 7 or 8 of this Order shall make no charge for screening such charcoal.

Other Sales Prohibited

11. Except as provided in Sections 6, 7 and 8 of this Order, no person shall sell or offer to sell any charcoal, other than domestic charcoal, or screenings unless he has first applied for and obtained from the Timber Administrator a written fixation of the maximum price at which he may sell such charcoal.

Receipts to a Producer

12. (1) Every shipper who receives delivery of any charcoal or screenings from a producer shall on delivery to him or on screening such charcoal give to the producer a receipt for such charcoal showing the following particulars:

- (i) the names and addresses of the producer and the shipper;
- (ii) the date of delivery or of the screening of the charcoal;
- (iii) the gross weight of charcoal delivered;
- (iv) if the shipper screens the charcoal, the net weight of screened standard charcoal and the net weight of the screenings;
- (v) the price paid for the charcoal.

(2) The shipper shall keep a copy of such receipt.

Invoices

13. (1) Every person who sells charcoal loaded on trucks or railway cars shall furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the kind and size and the quantity of charcoal sold in tons or fractions of tons and the price charged per ton.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him.

Retention of Invoices and Receipts

14. Every copy of a receipt or invoice which a shipper or seller is required by this Order to keep, shall be kept available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times within three years from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of August, 1945.

BERNARD E. HARRISON,
Deputy Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV
 Wartime Industries Control Board
 (Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 35A

(Order No. C.C. 35—Hydrogen Peroxide—Rescinded)

DATED August 21, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

It is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 35 dated March 29, 1945 is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

Order No. M.C. 12F

(Order No. M.C. 12E—Zinc—Rescinded)

DATED August 22, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 12E, dated June 7, 1945, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 13A

(Order No. M.V.C. 13—Manufacture of Passenger Cars—rescinded)

Dated August 17, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121, dated February 13, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller No. M.V.C. 13, dated February 2, 1942, is rescinded.

E. R. BIRCHARD,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 16B

(Order No. M.V.C. 16—Manufacture of Trucks—rescinded)

Dated August 17, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121, dated February 13, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller No. M.V.C. 16, dated March 9, 1942, as amended by Order No. M.V.C. 16A, dated June 14, 1945, is rescinded.

E. R. BIRCHARD,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 28

(New Motor Vehicles—Trucks)

Dated August 22, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121 of February 13, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,

- (a) "motor vehicle" means any vehicle, the motive power for which is furnished by an internal combustion engine, but shall not include a motorcycle, trailer,

any self tracklaying vehicle, tractor, railway rolling stock or any implement or machine designed for sowing or cultivating agricultural land or harvesting crops grown thereon;

- (b) "truck" means any motor vehicle except,
 - (i) a motor vehicle designed for the carriage of people and with a seating capacity for ten persons or less; and
 - (ii) an integral type transit bus.
- (c) "make" means the brand name applied by a manufacturer to a truck produced or assembled by him;
- (d) "model" means the type or kind of truck, as for example:
 - (i) chassis and cab; or
 - (ii) chassis only; or
 - (iii) in the case of trucks produced by manufacturers who designate the model by letter, figure or other symbols, such symbols;
- (e) "tonnage rating" means the weight by which the size of a truck is commonly designated, as for example: 1 ton or 2 ton, or, in the case of trucks produced by manufacturers who designate the size of their trucks by the gross vehicle weight rating, that rating;
- (f) "wheelbase" means the distance between the centre of the front axle and the centre of the rear driving axle of a truck;
- (g) "manufacturer" means any person who manufactures or assembles a truck;
- (h) "dealer" means any person (other than a manufacturer) who, in the ordinary course of business, sells or otherwise deals in trucks;
- (i) "eligible consumer" means any person who carries on any of the businesses or activities listed in Schedule "A" to this Order;
- (j) "Priority Certificate" means
 - (i) a Priority Certificate issued by a Tire Rationing Officer authorizing the purchase of a new truck;
 - (ii) a permit issued by the Motor Vehicle Controller authorizing the purchase of a new truck.

2. ORDER NO. M.V.C. 24 RESCINDED

The Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller No. M.V.C. 24 dated December 21, 1942, is rescinded.

3. DISTRIBUTION OF NEW TRUCKS BY MANUFACTURERS

A manufacturer must not sell or dispose of any new truck except in accordance with the written instructions of the Motor Vehicle Controller.

4. APPLICATION BY ELIGIBLE CONSUMERS FOR PRIORITY CERTIFICATE

(1) Any eligible consumer who requires a new truck may apply to a Tire Rationing Officer, on the form provided, for a Priority Certificate and shall furnish the Tire Rationing Officer with any information he requires. An application for a Priority Certificate must be made to the Tire Rationing Officer having jurisdiction over the area where the new truck is to be stationed, but in cases of emergency or other special circumstances, application may be made to any other Tire Rationing Officer.

(2) An eligible consumer will be entitled to a Priority Certificate (which will be issued in duplicate) only if he establishes to the satisfaction of the Tire Rationing Officer his need for the truck for the purposes of his profession, business, trade or calling and that he has not disposed of a serviceable truck in order to qualify for a new one.

5. PERMITS TO PURCHASE ISSUED BY CONTROLLER

Any person to whom a Priority Certificate has been issued, who considers that he has not been given the priority of delivery by a dealer as required by this Order may apply to the Controller for a permit to purchase and shall, with such application, forward his copy of the Priority Certificate to the Controller and furnish the Controller with all relevant information.

(NOTE: The Motor Vehicle Controller does not intend to deal with applications for Priority Certificates except as noted in this Section 5. All applications should be made to the Tire Rationing Officers as prescribed in Section 4 of this Order.)

6. PURCHASE ORDERS ON DEALERS BY HOLDERS OF PRIORITY CERTIFICATES

(1) *Placing of Order by Eligible Consumer*

Any eligible consumer to whom a Priority Certificate has been issued may place a purchase order with any dealer for the new truck he desires to buy, and shall, when placing the order, give both copies of the Priority Certificate to the dealer.

(2) *Duties of Dealer on Receiving Purchase Order*

Each dealer shall, at the time he accepts a purchase order from a consumer with a Priority Certificate,

- (a) fill in on both copies of the Certificate the particulars of the new truck ordered, as follows: the tonnage rating must be stated with, if desired, an alternative, and if the consumer requires a particular make or model of truck, or a truck with a particular wheelbase, that make, model and wheelbase must be set out;
- (b) fill in on both copies of the Certificate the date on which the purchase order was placed and the dealer's address, sign both copies of the Certificate, return one copy to the consumer and retain the other on his files.

(NOTE: A dealer should exercise particular care in setting out the details of his customer's purchase order on the Priority Certificate. The time within which the consumer obtains delivery may be directly affected by the degree to which he asks for a particular model or specifications. The customer's purchase order, as entered on the Priority Certificate cannot afterwards be changed.)

7. ORDER OF PRIORITY OF PURCHASE ORDERS FOR NEW TRUCKS

(1) *Order of Priority between Classes of Consumers*

Consumers' purchase orders for trucks shall take the following order of priority:

First (highest)—The purchase order of the holder of a permit to purchase issued by the Motor Vehicle Controller;

Second—The purchase order of an eligible consumer, who holds a Class "A" Priority Certificate.

Third—The purchase order of an eligible consumer who holds a Class "B" Priority Certificate.

Fourth (lowest)—The purchase order of a consumer who holds no Priority Certificate.

(2) *Date of Placing Purchase Order to Govern as between Consumers Equal in Priority*

As between consumers' purchase orders equal in priority, and coming within the First, Second or Third order of priority, the purchase order first placed with the dealer shall be filled first.

8. PRIORITY AND PROCEDURE FOR DELIVERIES OF NEW TRUCKS

(1) As soon as a dealer has a new truck available for delivery, he must notify the eligible consumer having the highest priority (as set out in Section 7 of this Order) who has placed a purchase order with the dealer and whose requirements (as set out in his priority certificate) will be satisfied by the delivery of that truck, and delivery must be tendered to that consumer. The notification and tender of delivery must be in writing.

(2) If the eligible consumer having the highest priority does not take delivery of his new truck within ten days of the dealer's notification to him that it is available for delivery, or if he advises the dealer in writing within that period that he does not intend to take delivery, he forfeits his right to the delivery and his Priority Certificate shall be treated by the dealer as cancelled. The dealer must then notify and tender delivery to the eligible consumer next in priority whose requirements (as set out in his Priority Certificate) will be satisfied by the delivery of that truck.

(3) Nothing in this Section shall require any dealer to give priority on delivery to any consumer who refuses to comply with the ordinary, reasonable and lawful terms of sale of the dealer.

(4) Each consumer holding a Priority Certificate shall, upon taking delivery of a new truck, surrender his copy of his Priority Certificate to the dealer.

(5) Each dealer shall, immediately upon receiving the consumer's copy of a Priority Certificate, endorse on each copy the particulars of the truck delivered and the date of delivery and forward the copy surrendered by the consumer to the Motor Vehicle Controller, Ottawa, retaining the other copy on his files.

9. EXPIRY AND EXTENSION OF PRIORITY CERTIFICATES

(1) A Priority Certificate will expire on the date stated on the Certificate for the expiration thereof, unless it has been extended on application to the Tire Rationing Officer by whom it was issued, in which event the extended expiry date will be endorsed on the Priority Certificate by the Tire Rationing Officer.

(2) An eligible consumer who does not place his order with a dealer within ten days from the date of his Priority Certificate forfeits his right to an extension of the time for its expiration.

(3) Any eligible consumer, to whom a Priority Certificate has been issued and who has placed his purchase order on a dealer within ten days from the date of the issuance of the Certificate, may apply to a Tire Rationing Officer for an extension of the time for the expiration of the Certificate, if the consumer is unable to obtain delivery of the new truck ordered before the date stated on the Certificate for the expiration thereof.

10. RESALE OF TRUCKS OBTAINED THROUGH USE OF PRIORITY CERTIFICATES

A person who has acquired a new truck through use of a Priority Certificate must not sell or otherwise dispose of such truck within a period of six months from the date of acquisition except under permit from the Motor Vehicle Controller.

11. GENERAL PROHIBITIONS APPLICABLE TO DEALERS

(1) A dealer must not deliver or transfer the possession or the right to possession of any new truck to any consumer, except that consumer to whom the dealer is required by Section 8 of this Order to deliver the truck.

(2) A dealer must not take an order for a new truck against a Priority Certificate which shows any indication of having been altered or tampered with.

(3) A dealer must not take an order for a new truck against a Priority Certificate from any person, except the person named in the Certificate as the person to whom it was granted.

(4) A dealer must not take an order for a new truck against a Priority Certificate after the date stated on the Certificate for the expiration thereof.

(5) A dealer must not deliver a new truck to the holder of a Priority Certificate without the surrender by that holder of his copy of the Certificate.

(6) A dealer must not sell or agree to sell a new truck against a purchase order endorsed on a Priority Certificate, to any person, except the person named in the Certificate.

(7) A dealer must not deliver a new truck against a Priority Certificate after the date stated on the certificate for the expiration thereof or, if the time has been extended by a Tire Rationing Officer, after the date stated for the expiration of the extension.

(8) A dealer must not deliver any new truck to a consumer, to whom a Priority Certificate has been issued, except a truck which corresponds to the description thereof on the copy of the Priority Certificate filed with the dealer.

12. GENERAL PROHIBITIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL PERSONS

(1) No person shall obtain, transfer, use, retain or have in his possession or under his control any Priority Certificate, except as authorized by this Order.

(2) No person shall alter any Priority Certificate, except as authorized by this Order.

(3) No person shall impersonate or falsely represent himself or any other person to be the person whose name appears on a Priority Certificate.

(4) No person shall obtain, transfer, use, retain or have in his possession or under his control a counterfeit Priority Certificate or other document that is not a Priority Certificate but which resembles a Priority Certificate.

(5) No person shall, without lawful authority or excuse, make, begin to make, use or knowingly have in his possession any die, plate, photographic film or other thing used or designed to be used or capable of being used for making anything purporting to be or apparently intended to resemble a Priority Certificate.

13. DEALERS' RECORDS

Each dealer shall keep a record in writing showing with respect to each new truck received by him:

- (a) the dates when received and disposed of; and
- (b) the make, model and serial number of the motor vehicle; and
- (c) the name and address of the person from whom it was received and to whom it was delivered; and
- (d) the price at which the truck was sold.

14. REPORTS BY DEALERS

On or before the 10th day of each month, commencing with the calendar month following the effective date of this Order, each dealer shall file with the Motor Vehicle Controller, reports on forms prescribed by the Controller, setting out all the information required by the said forms.

15. AUDIT OF BOOKS AND RECORDS

Each dealer's books and records and all Priority Certificates in his files shall be subject to inspection and audit by the Controller or his representative.

16. EFFECTIVE DATES

This Order shall be effective on and from September 1, 1945, but no dealer shall, before September 10, 1945, deliver a new truck to any person who is not the holder of a Priority Certificate issued by the Controller or a Tire Rationing Officer, or a permit issued by the Controller.

E. R. BIRCHARD,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ORDER No. M.V.C. 28 OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

ELIGIBLE CONSUMERS

FOR CLASS "A" PRIORITY CERTIFICATES

Civilian Welfare

- Ambulances and Hearses.
- Fire Fighting Services.
- Lumbering Industry.
- Mail, Express and Freight Services.
- Public Garbage Disposal and other public sanitation services.
- Public Police Services.
- Transportation of Materials and Supplies in the construction of houses.
- Trucking Services (Licensed Public Service Vehicles).
- Wholesale and Retail delivery of fuel and ice.
- Wholesale delivery of Dairy, Food and Petroleum Products.

Governments

Dominion, Provincial and Municipal Governments.

Munitions and Supplies

Manufacturing or furnishing any kind of munitions or supplies to any branch of the Armed Services subject in each case to written certification by the Government Official having jurisdiction over such production or supply.

Public Utilities

Light, Heat, Power, Telephone, Telegraph, Street Railway and other public transportation services.

FOR CLASS "B" PRIORITY CERTIFICATES

Petroleum Products

Delivery of petroleum products to consumers engaged in food or lumber production.

Primary Products

Production or transportation of primary products of Farm, Forest, Fishery and Mine, except retail deliveries.

Prospecting for base metals, oil and natural gas subject to written certification by an officer of the Department of the Dominion or Provincial Government having jurisdiction.

Rehabilitation

A discharged member of the Armed Services who owned and operated a truck prior to his enlistment and sold same on enlistment and who requires a truck to rehabilitate himself in his former business.

Repair Services

Automotive (Tow trucks and service trucks)
Building Repairs
Electrical
Plumbing and Heating
Refrigeration

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY**TRANSIT CONTROLLER****Order No. Transit 8A**

(Order No. Transit 8—Buses, Taxis and other Public Passenger Motor Vehicles—Rescinded)

DATED August 16, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6131 of August 12, 1941, and any other Order in Council or statute,

It is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The Order of the Transit Controller No. Transit 8, dated July 15, 1944, is rescinded.

GEO. D. GRAY,
Transit Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

PART V
Export Permit Branch
(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Branch Order No. 124

Ottawa, August 14, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That commodities listed in Part One of the attached Annex be exempted from the requirement of an export permit for shipments of any value when consigned to any part of the British Empire or to the United States.

2. That commodities listed in Parts One, Two, Three, Four, Five, Six and Nine of the attached Annex be also exempted from the requirement of an export permit for shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon.

3. That commodities listed in Parts Two, Four and Nine of the attached Annex be further exempted from the requirement of an export permit for shipments of any value when consigned to Newfoundland.

4. That commodities listed in Parts Two and Nine of the attached Annex be similarly exempted from the requirement of an export permit for shipments of any value when consigned to the British West Indies.

5. That commodities listed in Parts One, Two, Three, Four, Five, Seven and Ten of the attached Annex be exempted from the requirement of an export permit for shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to destinations within the Western Hemisphere, except as otherwise provided.

6. That commodities listed in Parts Two, Four, Five and Seven of the attached Annex be exempted from the requirement of an export permit for shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to any part of the British Empire, except as otherwise provided.

7. That commodities listed in Part Eight of the attached Annex be exempted from the requirement of an export permit when consigned to the destinations specified therein.

8. That commodities listed in Part Nine of the attached Annex be exempted from the requirement of an export permit for shipments valued at \$100.00 or less when consigned to parts of the British Empire or to destinations within the Western Hemisphere, except as otherwise provided.

9. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after August 21, 1945.

J. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

ANNEX

PART ONE

Commodities Exempted from the Requirement of an Export Permit:

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to any part of the British Empire, the United States, or to St. Pierre and Miquelon.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to other destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

Group 2—Animals and Animal Products

Cattle, ox and calf tail hair, including switches.

Hog, cattle and horse hair, n.o.p.; other animal hair, n.o.p.

Group 4—Wood, Wood Products and Paper

Cork, corkwood or bark, in a natural, ground, milled, processed or semi-processed state.

Cork products (of which cork constitutes fifty per cent or more by volume, or of which cork is the single component material of chief value), including bottle tops, or crowns lined with cork.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (Including Alloy Steel) and their Products

Ingots.

Rails.

Steels, alloy, except stainless.

All other rolling-mill products, except structurals, tie plates and track material, tin mill black plate, tin plate and terne plate.

Axes.

Dairy equipment and parts.

Electrical machinery, apparatus and parts, except the following domestic appliances: Electric ranges over 25 amps, irons, radios, refrigerators, toasters, vacuum cleaners, washing machines.

Engines, steam.

Hacksaw blades, hand and power.

Group 6—Non-Ferrous Metals and their Products

Beryllium—Beryllium ores and concentrates (except gem varieties) metal and alloys, scrap, salts and compounds.

Cobalt—Cobalt ores and concentrates, residues, metal and alloys, (including stellite), salts and compounds.

Platinum Metals Group—Iridium, Osmium, Osmiridium, Palladium, Rhodium, Ruthenium, except Platinum and platinum concentrates and residues, metals, alloys, manufactures, scrap, salts and compounds.

Tantalum—Tantalum ores and concentrates, metal and alloys, (including ferro-tantalum) salts and compounds.

Titanium—Titanium ores and concentrates, metal and alloys, (including ferro-titanium) pigments, salts and compounds.

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and their Products

Abrasives—Abrasive wheels of emery and garnet; artificial abrasives, crude and in grains; grindstones of natural and of artificial abrasives; sandpaper and other abrasive paper and cloth; other natural and artificial abrasives; hones and whetstones.

Magnesia refractories—Magnesia, including crude or calcined rock, excepting dolomite, containing magnesia in excess of 20 per cent in semi-fabricated or fabricated form.

Mica—Mica blocks, sheets and splittings, scrap and waste, and manufactures.

Quartz crystals—Piezelectric and optical.

Group 8—Chemical and Allied Products

Amyl alcohol or fusel oil.

Butyl alcohol.

Butyl acetate.

Cementing preparations for repairing, n.o.p.

Chlorine.

Collodion.

Ethyl acetate.

Lacquer solvents, n.o.p.

Ink, shoemakers', printing, rotogravure and writing.

Refrigerants, gaseous (other than ammonia) n.o.p.

Sulphuric acid, all kinds.

Group 9—Miscellaneous

Musical instruments: phonographs, record players.

PART TWO

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT:

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon, Newfoundland or the British West Indies.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to other parts of the British Empire or to destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and Their Products

Iron and steel—

Scrap iron or steel of all kinds.

Castings and forgings.

Rolling-mill products—

Bands.

Bars.

Hoop.

Piling.

Plates, coated or not.

Rods.

Steels, alloy, stainless.

Structurals.

Tie plates and track material.

Automobiles, passenger, chassis and engines therefor.

Replacement parts and accessories for passenger automobiles, chassis and engines.

Ball and roller bearings and parts for machines.

Bicycles.

Bottle closures.

Chains.

Cutlery.

Domestic electrical appliances: Electric ranges over 25 amps, irons, radios, refrigerators, toasters, vacuum cleaners, washing machines.

Equipment for the production of tetraethyl lead, aviation gasoline and aviation lubricating oil.

Fasteners, dome, snap, zipper, or other.

Hand tools and agricultural tools.

Household machinery and parts.

Lamps and lanterns.

Lawn mowers.

Motorcycles.

Motorcycle parts and accessories.

Motor trucks and buses, chassis and engines therefor.

Replacement parts and accessories for motor trucks and buses, chassis and engines.

Needles.

Office machinery and appliances and parts therefor.

Railway rolling stock, railway equipment and parts, complete or unassembled.

Safes and vaults, and equipment and parts therefor.

Skates.

Springs, furniture, including mattress springs.

Steel wool.

Storage tanks.

Structural iron or steel, fabricated.

Welding rods and welding wire.

Wheelbarrows.

Wire cloth and wire manufactures, n.o.p.

Group 8—Chemical and Allied Products

Acetone.

Acids and acid anhydrides, n.o.p.

Alcohols and glycols, n.o.p.

Ammonium sulphate.

Aniline.

Aniline and coal tar dyes and intermediates, and other chemical preparations for dyeing or tanning, n.o.p.
 Aniline oil, aniline salts, alizarin and artificial alizarin.
 Argols and cream of tartar.
 Arsenic salts and compounds, n.o.p. including arsenical medicinals.
 Arsenic acid and arsenious acid; products containing arsenic acid and arsenious acid.
 Arsenious oxide.
 Ascorbic acid.
 Atropine.
 Baking powder.
 Barium chemicals.
 Benzyl chloride.
 Beta naphthol.
 Bisulphate of soda or nitre cake (Sodium acid sulphate).
 Blood albumen.
 Blueing, laundry.
 Borates.
 Borax, fused, and borax glass.
 Boric acid.
 Bromides, crude.
 Bromine.
 Butadiene.
 Butylene.
 Butyric alcohol (primary, secondary, tertiary).
 Caesium (cesium) salts and compounds.
 Caffein, caffein salts and compounds.
 Calcium arsenate and products containing calcium arsenate.
 Calcium cyanamide and products containing calcium cyanamide.
 Calcium hypochlorite and products containing calcium hypochlorite.
 Calcium salts and compounds, n.o.p.
 Calomel and products containing calomel.
 Carbon bisulphide and products containing carbon bisulphide.
 Carbon tetrachloride and products containing carbon tetrachloride.
 Casein, casein glue and other casein products.
 Casings, synthetic, for meats.
 Cellulose, regenerated (cellophane) in sheets or otherwise.
 Cements for sealing cans.
 Chlorinated hydrocarbons, n.o.p.
 Chlorinated phenols, n.o.p.
 Chlorobenzenes, n.o.p.
 Chlorotoluenes, n.o.p.
 Chlorpicrin, ethylene oxide, methyl bromide, methyl formate, cyanides, or mixtures containing any of these.
 Chromium tanning mixtures.
 Citric acid.
 Copper carbonate, and products containing copper carbonate.
 Copper Sulphate, all grades, including blue vitriol or bluestone.
 Corrosive sublimate and products containing corrosive sublimate.
 Cresylic acid and cresols.
 Cyanogen bromide.
 Dibutyl phthalate.
 Dichlorethyl ether.
 Dichlor-diphenyl-trichlorethane.
 Diethyl phthalate.
 Diethylene glycol.
 Dimethylaniline.
 Dimethyl sulphate.
 Dipentene.
 Diphenylamine.

Dipropylphthalate.

Drugs, herbs and leaves, roots—

Camphor, natural and synthetic.

Cascara bark.

Derris root, powder and extract.

Menthol, natural and synthetic.

Pyrethrum or insect flowers, powder and extract.

Quinine barks, cinchona or other barks from which quinine may be extracted.

Red squill.

Drugs, such as barks, flowers, roots, beans, berries, bulbs, fruits, insects, grains, herbs, leaves, nuts, fruit, and stem seed, n.o.p.

Egg substitutes.

Elixirs tinctures, fluid extracts, ampoules, and similar liquid solutions, n.o.p.

Ergot.

Ethyl alcohol.

Ethyl chloride.

Ethyl ether.

Ethyl lactate.

Ethylene.

Ethylene alcohol (Ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol).

Ethylene dibromide.

Ethylene dichloride and products containing ethylene dichloride.

Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether.

Fertilizers of every kind and analysis other than ammonium sulphate.

Formic acid.

Formaldehyde and products containing formaldehyde.

Gases, n.o.p. (liquefied, solidified, compressed).

Glue, n.o.p.

Guanidine.

Guanidine nitrate.

Hexachlorbenzene.

Hexachlorethane.

Homatropine.

Hydrofluosilicic acid.

Iodine, iodine salts and compounds.

Iron blues (Prussian blues, etc.).

Isopropyl acetate.

Isopropyl alcohol (Isopropanol).

Lead arsenate and products containing lead arsenate.

Liquid gum inhibitors for treating petroleum distillates.

Liquorice extract and mass.

Metalddehyde.

Methyl alcohol (Methanol) and derivatives.

Methylamine.

Methyl chloride.

Methylene chloride.

Methyl ethyl ketone.

Methyl methacrylate fabricated products.

Molasses and syrups produced from cane or beet, not intended for human consumption.

Monohydrate copper sulphate and products containing monohydrate copper sulphate.

Naphthaline and products containing naphthaline.

Nicotinic acid.

Nicotine sulphate and products containing nicotine sulphate.

Nitrates.

Nitrocellulose, having nitrogen content of less than 12 per cent.

Nitroderivatives of benzene, toluene, xylene, naphthalene and phenols.

Nitroguanidine.

Nitrous ether, sweet spirits of nitre.

Non-edible seeds, beans, nuts, berries, plants, weeds, barks, and woods, and extracts and preparations thereof for dyeing or tanning.

Nylon and nylon products.

Oil of citronella.

Organic mercurials and products containing organic mercurials.

Organotherapeutical preparations, enzymes, ferments, etc., prepared from animal glands.

Oxalic acid.

Paints, varnishes, pigments and inks—

Paints, bituminous, liquid and plastic.

Paints, other, liquid.

Paints, kalsomine or cold-water, dry.

Pigments of all kinds, including pigments ground in oil.

Varnishes.

Lacquers.

Japans.

Oil finish.

Wood fillers.

Driers, metallic, liquid or not.

Putty.

Thinners for nitrocellulose lacquers or paints.

Gums, varnish, natural or synthetic.

Paradichlorobenzene and products containing paradichlorobenzene.

Paraformaldehyde.

Paris green, dry (Copper acetoarsenite).

Pentachlorethane.

Perchloroethylene.

Peroxides of hydrogen.

Phenol.

Phenothiazine.

Phosphoric acids.

Phosphorus, ferro-phosphorus and compounds.

Phthalic anhydride.

Pine pitch, burgundy pitch, and pine tar.

Plasmochin.

Polishes, automobile, metal and shoe.

Polishes, wax, floor, wood and furniture.

Polymers and copolymers of butadiene, acrylonitrile, butylene, chloroprene, styrene, vinylidene chloride and synthetic rubberlike compounds, fabricated or unfabricated.

Potassium salts and compounds.

Propylene dichloride.

Propylene glycol. (Methylethylene glycol).

Pyroxylin plastics, cellulose acetate, cellulose ester plastics, including moulding compositions thereof, other synthetic plastic materials, n.o.p. and articles partially or fully fabricated therefrom.

Quinine, quinine salts and compounds, including proprietary and non-proprietary preparations containing quinine.

Resins, synthetic, of all kinds, including synthetic resin moulding compositions made therefrom, and articles partially or fully fabricated therefrom.

Riboflavin.

Rochelle salts (Potassium sodium tartrate).

Roots, medicinal, viz: alkanet, crude, crushed or ground; calumba, folia, digitalis, gentian, jalap, ipecacuanha, iris, orrisroot, liquorice, sarsaparilla, squills, taraxacum, rhubarb and valerian.

Salt (Sodium chloride).

Santonin.

Scopolomine.

Soap, all kinds.

Sodium arsenite and products containing sodium arsenite.

Soda lime.

Sodium acetate.

Sodium bromide.

Sodium chlorate and products containing sodium chlorate.

Sodium hydroxide (Caustic soda or lye).
 Sodium hypochlorite and products containing sodium hypochlorite.
 Sodium silicofluoride and products containing sodium silicofluoride.
 Sodium salts and compounds, n.o.p.
 Specialty cleaning and washing compounds.
 Stains and dressings, n.o.p. for wood, leather, etc.
 Stains, coal-tar colours.
 Strychnine, strychnine salts, and products containing strychnine.
 Styrene.
 Sulfacetamide.
 Sulfadiazine.
 Sulfaguanidine.
 Sulfanilamide.
 Sulfapyridine.
 Sulfathiazole.
 Sulphate of iron (Copperas).
 Sulphide of arsenic.
 Sulphur.
 Sulphur chlorides.
 Sulphuric ether; chloroform, n.o.p.; preparations of vinyl ether.
 Sulphuryl chlorides.
 Tannic acid.
 Tar acids and products containing tar acids.
 Tartaric acid.
 Tetrachlorethane.
 Tetrachlorethylene.
 Tetraethyl lead, pure tetraethyl lead, ethyl fluid or any mixture containing more than 3 c.c. of tetraethyl lead per gallon.
 Tetraethyl lead, compounds of, in which tetraethyl lead is the preponderant constituent by weight (Ethyl fluid).
 Thallium.
 Theobromine and salts thereof.
 Theophylline and salts thereof.
 Thiocyanates for insecticide purposes.
 Thiodiglycol.
 Thorium and mesothorium salts and compounds.
 Toluol and light oil resulting from the distillation of coal tar.
 Trichlorethylene.
 Tricresyl phosphate.
 Triethanolamine.
 Triphenyl phosphate.
 Turpentine.
 Urea.
 Vanillin.
 Vinylidene chloride.
 Water softeners, purifiers, boiler and feed water treatment compounds.
 Xanthates.
 Xylol (Xylene).
All Chemicals not Enumerated Elsewhere.

GROUP 9—MISCELLANEOUS

Buttons and parts of metal.

PART THREE

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT:

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to destinations within the Western Hemisphere, except as otherwise provided.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and Their Products

Agricultural implements and machinery.

Bicycle parts and accessories.

Parts for engines, diesel and semi-diesel: Marine, stationary and portable.

Parts for engines, internal combustion, n.o.p.

Excavating and power shovel parts.

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products

Earths, diatomaceous, infusorial and Fuller's.

Fluorspar.

Ganister.

Pumice, calcareous tufa, pumice stone and lava.

Talc, steatite, soapstone and pyrophyllite, crude and ground.

Group 8—Chemical and Allied Products

Acetic acid and acetic anhydride.

Acetic aldehyde.

Activated carbon.

Acrylonitrile.

Ammonia and ammonium compounds other than ammonium sulphate.

Arsenic trichloride.

Calcium carbide.

Calcium cyanide, including crude cyanide.

Calcium silicide.

Carbon black, including gas black.

Chloroacetyl chloride.

Chloroprene.

Coconut shell char in any form.

Creosote or dead oil.

Dicyanodiamide.

Ethylene Chlorhydrine.

Methyl methacrylate.

Monochloroacetic acid.

Omega chloroacetophenone.

Pentaerythrite.

Ginseng.

Sodium cyanide.

Sodium sulphate (saltcake).

PART FOUR

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT:

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon or Newfoundland.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to other parts of the British Empire or to destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and Their Products

Sheets, coated or not.

Strips.

Nails and staples.

Wire, coated or not, plain or stranded, including wire rope or wire fencing, and wire, n.o.p.

Tin mill black plate.

Tinplate and terne plate.

PART FIVE

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT:

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to any part of the British Empire or to destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and Their Products

Enamelware of iron or steel.

Engines, diesel and semi-diesel: Marine, stationary and portable.

Engines, internal combustion, n.o.p.

Excavating and power shovels.

Furniture of metal.

Hollowware, flatware, utensils and containers, of iron or steel, coated or not

Lavatories, sinks and other plumbing fixtures.

Metal drums and similar containers, unfilled, new or used.

Motorgraders.

Office and store furniture, fixtures and parts.

Stoves and heating apparatus of all kinds.

Tinplate containers, finished or unfinished.

Tractors, including equipment.

Valves and parts.

PART SIX

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT WHEN SHIPPED TO
ST. PIERRE AND MIQUELON

Group 5—Iron and Steel (Including Alloy Steel) and Their Products

Agricultural implements and machinery parts, over \$25 in value.

Hardware, builders', furniture and cabinet makers'.

Hardware, saddlery and harness.

Shingles, laths and corrugated roofing, metallic.

PART SEVEN

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT FOR SHIPMENTS
VALUED AT \$25 OR LESS WHEN CONSIGNED TO ANY PART OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE OR
TO DESTINATIONS WITHIN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE, EXCEPT AS
OTHERWISE PROVIDED

Group 6—Non-Ferrous Metals and Their Products

Bismuth—Bismuth matte, slimes and residues, metal and alloys, salts and compounds.

Brass.

Bronze.

Carbide.

Chromium—Chromium ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferro-chrome) pigments, salts and compounds.

Chromite refractories containing chromium in excess of 10 per cent in semi-fabricated or fabricated form.

Copper—Copper ores and concentrates, matte, blister, scrap, salts and compounds, refined metal and alloys (including brass and bronze) semi-fabricated and fabricated.

Lead—Lead ores and concentrates, refined metal and alloys (including Babbit and Type metal) semi-fabricated and fabricated, castings, pigments, scrap, salts and compounds.

Manganese—Manganese ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferro-manganese, spiegeleisen, silico-spiegel and silico-manganese) salts and compounds.

Molybdenum—Molybdenum ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferro-molybdenum) semi-fabricated, salts and compounds.

Nickel—Nickel ores and concentrates, matte, metal and alloys (including Monel metal) semi-fabricated and fabricated, scrap, salts and compounds.

Platinum—Platinum concentrates and residues, metals, alloys, manufactures, scrap, salts and compounds.

Spiegeleisen.

Tungsten—Tungsten ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferro-tungsten and tungsten carbide) semi-fabricated and fabricated, salts and compounds.

Vanadium—Vanadium ores and concentrates, metal, alloys (including ferro-vanadium) salts and compounds; petroleum ashes, soot and residues, containing vanadium.

Zinc—Zinc ores and concentrates, metal and alloys, semi-fabricated, manufactures containing 20 per cent or more of zinc, including addressograph blanks and photo engraving sheets and plates, pigments, dust, scrap, dross, ashes, salts and compounds.

Scrap—All other metal scrap.

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products

Abrasive wheels of corundum.

Asbestos—Asbestos in primary forms, refuse, sand and waste; asbestos brake lining, clutch facings, gaskets, packing and all other manufactures.

Chromite refractories.

Diamonds—industrial, including dust and bort.

Graphite—Amorphous, flake and crystalline, crucibles, retorts and stoppers; graphite electrodes.

Jewels and jewel bearings, industrial.

Petroleum products—

(a) Aviation motor fuel, i.e., high octane gasolines, hydro-carbons and hydro-carbon mixtures (including crude oils) boiling between 75 degrees and 350 degrees F. which, with the addition of tetraethyl lead up to a total content of 3 c.c. per gallon, will exceed 80 octane number by the A.S.T.M. Knock Test Method; or any material from which by commercial distillation there can be separated more than 3 per cent of such gasoline, hydrocarbons or hydro-carbon mixtures.

(b) Other motor fuels and gasoline.

(c) Lubricating oils.

(d) Crude oils.

(e) Blending agents of petroleum origin, all kinds, including iso-octanes, alkylates, and hydrocodimers.

(f) Naphtha, mineral spirits, solvents and other light products.

(g) Kerosene (including all burning oils).

(h) Gas oil, distillate fuel and residual fuel oil.

(i) Paraffin wax, refined and unrefined.

(j) Petroleum asphalt (including road oil).

(k) Paraffin wax manufactures (including candles).

Porcelain insulators.

Pottery and chinaware of Canadian manufacture.

Precious, semi-precious and synthetic stones.

Tableware and kitchenware of china, porcelain, semi-porcelain, white granite or earthenware, n.o.p.

Group 9—Miscellaneous

Jewellery.

PART EIGHT

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT WHEN SHIPPED TO THE DESTINATIONS INDICATED HEREUNDER

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products

Glass, lamp and lantern chimneys over \$50.00 in value. (St. Pierre and Miquelon; Newfoundland.)

Group 8—Chemical and Allied Products

Rotenone. (St. Pierre and Miquelon; Newfoundland; British West Indies.)

PART NINE

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT

(a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon, Newfoundland, or the British West Indies.

- (b) For shipments valued at \$100.00 when consigned to any part of the British Empire or to destinations within the Western Hemisphere.
Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel and their products)
 Scales, balances and weights.

PART TEN

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT FOR SHIPMENTS VALUED AT \$25.00 WHEN CONSIGNED TO DESTINATIONS WITHIN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products

Diamond saws.
 Graphite products, n.o.p.
 Lavatories, sinks and other plumbing fixtures.
 Lubricating greases.
 Liquefied petroleum gases.
 Petrolatum and petroleum jelly.

Export Permit Branch Order No. 125

OTTAWA, August 18, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That Export Permit Branch Order No. 123 of August 9, 1945, be amended by extension of the period of exemption specified therein, so that Fresh Tomatoes will continue to be exempt from the requirement of an export permit, for a further period of one week, when shipped to the United States through the Ports of Windsor and Sarnia, Ontario.

2. That this Order shall come into force on August 19, and have effect up to and including August 25, 1945.

J. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 126

OTTAWA, August 22, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That Annex No. 2 to Export Permit Branch Order No. 103 of November 22, 1944, be amended by cancelling the exemptions specified in Group 8 thereof for the commodities indicated hereunder, so that an export permit will be required for shipments thereof valued at over \$5.00 when consigned to any destination:

Fatty acids produced from vegetable oils under export control.
 Fatty acids and oils, sulphated and sulphonated.

2. That Part 2 of the Annex to Export Permit Branch Order No. 106 of December 13, 1944, be also amended by cancelling the exemption specified therein for the following commodities in Group 8, so that an export permit will be required for shipments thereof valued at over \$5.00 when consigned to any destination:

Nicotine, salts of nicotine, n.o.p., and preparations containing nicotine in a free or combined state, n.o.p.

Preparations or chemicals for disinfecting, dipping, spraying or fumigating, n.o.p.

Vitamins and viosterols (include food hormones, concentrates A.B.C.D,E.F,G,P and X, synthetics such as ascorbic acid, thiamin ehloride, medicinal fish oil, yeast concentrate, wheat germ, etc.).

3. That Part 2 of the Annex to the aforementioned Export Permit Branch Order No. 106 be further amended by cancelling the exemption specified therein for Rotenone and products containing Rotenone, so that an export permit will be required for shipments of this commodity valued at over \$5.00 when consigned to any destination other than St. Pierre and Miquelon, Newfoundland and the British West Indies.

4. That Part Two, Section (b) of the Annex to Export Permit Branch Order No. 124 of August 14, 1945, be amended by cancelling the exemption specified therein for the following commodities in Group 8 destined for the British West Indies so that an export permit will be required for shipments of these items valued at over \$25.00 when consigned to the latter destination:

- Paints, bituminous, liquid and plastic.
- Paints, other liquid.
- Pigments of all kinds, including pigments ground in oil.
- Varnishes.
- Japans.
- Oil finish.
- Putty
- Gums, varnish, natural or synthetic.

5. That Part Two, Section (b) of the Annex to the aforementioned Export Permit Branch Order No. 124 be further amended by cancelling the exemption specified therein for Soap, all kinds, destined for St. Pierre and Miquelon, Newfoundland or the British West Indies, so that an export permit will be required for shipments of Soap valued at over \$25.00 when consigned to any destination.

6. That Part Two, Sections (a) and (b) of the Annex to the said Export Permit Branch Order No. 124 be amended also by cancelling the exemptions specified therein for the following commodities in Group 8, so that an export permit will be required for shipments thereof valued at over \$5.00 when consigned to any destination:

- Nicotine sulphate and products containing nicotine sulphate.
- Pyrethrum or insect flowers, powder and extract.

7. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after August 23, 1945.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III, No. 9



SEPT. 3, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

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STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
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1945

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PART I
Orders in Council

Order in Council authorizing the return to the donor of articles or equipment donated for the prosecution of the war or as comforts for the Armed Forces, etc.

P.C. 5244

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas from time to time during the course of the war individuals and organizations have donated, or sold for a nominal consideration, articles or equipment required for the prosecution of the war and the comforts of the Armed Forces and such articles or equipment thereupon became Crown property and subject to the provisions of The Surplus Crown Assets Act when no longer necessary to satisfy the requirements of Government Departments receiving the same;

And whereas the Crown Assets Allocation Committee has recommended that all Government Departments be authorized to return any such equipment to the donor or vendor thereof upon the same terms as it was made available to the Government;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Reconstruction and under and pursuant to the powers conferred by The Surplus Crown Assets Act, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize all Government Departments to return any such equipment to the donor or vendor thereof upon the same terms as it was made available to the Government; subject to the proviso, however, that such return shall have been approved by the Minister or Deputy Minister of the Government Department concerned and that all such articles or equipment so returned are reported as surplus to the Crown Assets Allocation Committee in accordance with established procedure.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending policies issued under War Risk Insurance Act.

P.C. 5561

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 23rd day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas under the War Risk Insurance Act 1942 provision is made *inter alia* for the laying down of regulations by the Governor in Council to determine the rate or rates of premiums to be charged for insurance under the said Act;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8344 dated September 14, 1942, regulations were made providing for the rates of premiums to be charged on various types of policies to be issued under the said Act;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 11038 dated December 3, 1942, provision was made whereby the aforesaid rates were altered by providing for a refund of a portion of the net premium contribution by the persons insured under the said Act, in the event of there being a net surplus in the said Act at the end of the war;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 7407 dated September 21, 1943, the rates of premiums of policies other than transit policies were reduced by 20 per cent, such reduction being effective with respect to all policies or renewals of policies issued on and after the 17th day of August, 1943, and transit rates were simultaneously reduced from three to two and one-half cents;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 6469 dated August 16th, 1944, the rates of premiums of policies in force on August 17, 1944, other than trip transit policies, were further reduced by an extension of each of such policies for a period of twelve months from its date of expiry;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that, in view of the desirability of the public of Canada maintaining coverage against war damage, particularly damage from an explosion of a concentration of munitions, for a further period of three months notwithstanding the cessation of hostilities, it is considered advisable to provide an additional reduction in premiums on all policies other than trip transit policies issued under the War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, which were in force on August 17, 1945, such reduction to take the form of an extension of insurance for a period of three months from the respective expiry dates of each of such policies;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, and the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. The rates of premiums of policies under the War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, in force on August 17, 1945, other than trip transit policies, as laid down by Order in Council P.C. 8344 dated September 14, 1942, and amended by Orders in Council P.C. 11038 dated December 3, 1942, P.C. 7407 dated September 21, 1943, and P.C. 6469 dated August 16, 1944, are hereby further reduced, such reduction to take the form of an extension of each of such policies for a period of three months from its date of expiry.

2. No charge by way of fee shall be payable by the insured with respect to such renewals, and no endorsement or other notation on such policies shall be required.

3. No agent's policy fee or remuneration to insurance companies shall be payable under the War Risk Insurance Act for any services performed in connection with such renewals.

4. New or additional insurance on property shall continue to be sold at the rates of premiums as laid down by Order in Council P.C. 8344 dated September 14, 1942, and amended by Orders in Council P.C. 11038 dated December 3, 1942, and P.C. 7407 dated September 21, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council reducing proportion of Dominion grant required,
under agreements with the Provinces, to be used for
vocational training equipment.**

P.C. 5564

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY the 21st day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 1648 of March 8th, 1945, authorizes the Minister of Labour to enter into an agreement with any province under the provisions of The Vocational Training Co-ordination Act, 1942, to provide for financial assistance for

the development and carrying on after the present war of vocational training on a level equivalent to secondary school level subject to the conditions set out in the said Order in Council;

And whereas provision was made therein for a grant to any province entering into such agreement for capital expenditures to be made by the province between April 1, 1945 and March 31, 1948, for buildings, alterations or additions to buildings and equipment to provide additional vocational training facilities in the province equal to an amount subscribed by the province for similar purposes but not exceeding an amount that is that proportion of \$10,000,000, which the number of people in the province of the ages of fifteen to nineteen years inclusive as shown in the last Dominion decennial census bears to the number of people in all nine provinces of the said ages as shown in the said census but provided that not less than one-half of such grant shall be used for vocational training equipment;

And whereas it has been represented to the Minister of Labour by the provinces that the condition requiring that not less than one-half of the aforesaid grant be used for vocational training equipment would involve in the establishment of new vocational training projects the expenditure of a considerably higher percentage of funds for vocational training equipment in relation to the amount expended for building than is normally required and that in order to facilitate the establishment of additional vocational training facilities, the minimum percentage of the grant made for this purpose which is to be devoted for the purchase of vocational training equipment should be reduced to not more than twenty-five per cent;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under the authority of The Vocational Training Co-ordination Act, 1942, and the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 1648 of March 8th, 1945, and it is hereby amended by striking out from paragraph (e) thereof the following words:

"(not less than one-half of the grant to be used for vocational training equipment)",

and substituting in place thereof the following:

"(not less than twenty-five per cent of the combined amount of the Dominion grant and the amount subscribed by the province for a similar purpose to be used for vocational training equipment)".

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council removing certain items from "import control".

P.C. 5631

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY the 21st day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 9481 dated December 21, 1944, the importation of the goods enumerated therein is prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Wartime Industries Control Board advises that it is no longer necessary to require permits for the importation of the goods specified hereunder;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Measures

Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 9481, dated December 21, 1944, and it is hereby amended by deleting from the list of goods enumerated therein the following items:

Acetone,
Amyl Acetate,
Amyl Alcohol,
Ascorbic or cevitamic acid (Vitamin C) and isoascorbic acid not including compounded medicinal preparations containing these materials,
Paint, varnish and lacquer thinners and solvents (Customs Tariff Items ex 220a and ex 711).

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Gerard Picard to Wartime Labour Relations Board.

P.C. 5660

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY the 21st day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. Gerard Picard of Quebec, P.Q., General Secretary of La Confédération des Travailleurs Catholiques du Canada, Inc., to be a member of the Wartime Labour Relations Board *vice* Mr. René Harmegnies, of St. Joseph d'Alma, Quebec, whose resignation as a member of the said Board is hereby accepted.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing B. F. Morrice to Ontario Regional War Labour Board.

P.C. 5662

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 21st day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 661 of February 3, 1944, Mr. E. N. Davis, of St. Catharines, Ontario, was appointed a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Ontario as a representative of employers;

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that the said Mr. E. N. Davis has now tendered his resignation as a member of the said Board, to be effective as of August 9, 1945.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to accept the resignation of the said Mr. E. N. Davis as a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Ontario, effective August 9, 1945.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation, is further pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. Bruce F. Morrice, of the McKinnon Industries Limited, St. Catharines, Ontario, to be a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Ontario, representing employers, in the place of the said Mr. E. N. Davis, the appointment of Mr. Morrice to be effective August 9, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Foreign Exchange Control Order.

P.C. 5679

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 21st day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas it is deemed necessary for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that the Foreign Exchange Control Order as made by Order in Council P.C. 7378 dated December 13, 1940, and amended by Orders in Council P.C. 1672 dated March 7, 1941; P.C. 2786 dated April 22, 1941; P.C. 3081 dated May 1, 1941; P.C. 7667 dated October 1, 1941; P.C. 10064 dated December 24, 1941; P.C. 55 dated May 31, 1943; and P.C. 1763 dated March 16, 1945, be further amended in the manner hereinafter provided;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act (Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada 1927) and otherwise, is pleased to amend the said Foreign Exchange Control Order and it is hereby further amended as follows, such amendments to become effective on September 1, 1945:

1. By revoking paragraph (f) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 and substituting therefor the following:

(f) "Canadian domestic securities" means any securities which are payable or the principal amount of which is expressed or any interest or dividends on which are payable or paid solely in Canadian currency.

2. By revoking paragraph (g) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 and substituting therefor the following:

(g) "Canadian foreign securities" means any Canadian securities which are payable or the principal amount of which is expressed or any interest or dividends on which are payable or paid solely or at the option of the holder in foreign currency, but excluding sterling securities.

3. By revoking paragraph (l) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 and substituting therefor the following:

(l) "Foreign securities" means securities issued by or on behalf of any government, municipal or other public authority of a country other than Canada and Newfoundland or by any society, syndicate, company or corporation incorporated in a country other than Canada and Newfoundland or, if unincorporated, whose head office is in a country other than Canada and Newfoundland, but excluding sterling securities.

4. By adding to sub-section (1) of Section 2 immediately following paragraph (x) the following as paragraph (xx):

(xx) "Sterling securities" means securities which are payable or the principal amount of which is expressed, or any interest or dividends on which are payable or paid solely in sterling.

5. By adding at the end of Section 8 the following:

Upon publication of any such instructions in the *Canada Gazette* or *Canadian War Orders and Regulations*, every person shall be deemed to have had notice thereof.

6. By revoking Section 17 and substituting therefor the following:

17. (1) No resident shall, either in Canada or outside Canada, sell, assign, transfer or deliver any securities or any right, title or interest in or to any securities to or to the account of a non-resident without a permit from the Board.

(2) No non-resident shall, without a permit from the Board, purchase any securities in Canada; provided, however, that where a permit has been issued under sub-section (1) hereof for the sale of securities by a resident to a non-resident, no further permit shall be required by the non-resident for the purchase of such securities.

(3) A resident agent, broker or dealer effecting a purchase of securities in Canada on behalf of a non-resident shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to be the resident selling such securities to the non-resident notwithstanding that such agent, broker or dealer is acting as agent and not as principal in the transaction.

7. By revoking sub-section (1) of Section 19.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Merchant Seamen War Service Bonus Order, 1944.

P.C. 342/5720

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 24th August, 1945.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Transport reporting:—

"That The Merchant Seamen War Service Bonus Order, 1944, as made by Order in Council, P.C. 149/2705, of April 18, 1944, made under the War Measures Act, authorizes the payment, upon the conditions mentioned, of a War Service Bonus as a special inducement for experienced officers and seamen of all ranks and ratings to sign agreements with Merchant Seamen's Manning Pools in Canada to engage for sea service for the duration of the war or for two years, whichever is the lesser period;

That, while this Order provides that payment of the War Service Bonus may be made to a seaman whose agreement shall be terminated for medical or other satisfactory reasons, there is no provision to pay to the legal representative of a deceased seaman any amount of War Service Bonus which may have accumulated to the seaman's credit at the time of his death.

The undersigned, therefore, on the advice of the Director of Merchant Seamen, concurred in by the Acting Deputy Minister of Transport, recommends that the Merchant Seamen War Service Bonus Order, 1944, be amended by adding thereto a paragraph, to be numbered 12, reading as follows:—

12. In the case of death of a seaman to whom these Regulations apply, the War Service Bonus which otherwise would have been payable to the seaman shall be paid to his legal personal representative or, in case no such representative has been appointed, shall be disposed of as the Minister may determine."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking P.C. 2222, March 30, 1944, which required every applicant for Unemployment Insurance benefits to produce satisfactory evidence of compliance with N.S.S. Mobilization Regulations.

P.C. 5758

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 2222 of March 30, 1944, male persons making application for benefit under the Unemployment Insurance Act were required to produce satisfactory evidence of compliance with the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations;

And whereas by reason of the end of hostilities it is not considered necessary to continue this requirement;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke Order in Council P.C. 2222 of March 30, 1944.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing payment of drawback to flour millers for the crop year 1945-46.

P.C. 5768

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas under Order in Council P.C. 8528 known as The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations, flour millers and other manufacturers of wheat products are required to sell flour and other human foods containing wheat in Canada at prices not in excess of the maximum prices charged by them during the period September fifteenth to October eleventh, 1941;

And whereas since the first day of August, 1942, the market price of western wheat has been higher than during the period from the fifteenth day of September to the eleventh day of October, 1941;

And whereas in order to maintain the supply of flour and other human foods containing wheat, provision has been made under Order in Council P.C. 9457, dated October 16, 1942, Order in Council P.C. 6602, dated August 19, 1943, and Order in Council P.C. 7319, dated September 19, 1944, for payment to the manufacturers of such products according to the quantity of western wheat estimated to have been used in the manufacture of such products sold in Canada during the crop years 1942-43, 1943-44 and 1944-45 respectively, at a rate equal to the difference between the monthly average price estimated to have been paid by such manufacturers for Number One Northern Wheat or Number One CW Amber Durum Wheat in store Fort William/Fort Arthur and 77- $\frac{3}{4}$ cents per bushel;

And whereas the said Order in Council P.C. 6602 as amended by Order in Council P.C. 7323, dated September 20, 1943, and Order in Council P.C. 7319, dated September 19, 1944, provide that no flour miller shall be entitled to retain payments made by the Canadian Wheat Board in respect of any fiscal year which would contribute to income for such fiscal year in excess of 116- $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent of his standard profits;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that it is desirable to continue such payments during the crop year 1945-46, subject to the same conditions as to payment as are set out in Order in Council P.C. 7319, dated September 19, 1944;

That before any such payment may be made to any flour miller he must have executed and delivered to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. an undertaking whereby he agrees to refund to the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. for account of the Canadian Wheat Board, the amount by which his income (inclusive of such payments) in any fiscal year exceeds 116- $\frac{2}{3}$ per cent of standard profits or the amount of such payments, whichever is the lesser;

That Chapter 43, Fifth Session 8 George VI, being an Act to amend the Income War Tax Act provides, *inter alia*,

- (1) that losses sustained in 1944 and fiscal periods ending therein and all subsequent periods by any person carrying on a business may be deducted from profits derived from the business either in the year immediately preceding or in the three years immediately succeeding the taxation year, and
- (2) that one-half of expenditures on maintenance and repairs incurred by any taxpayer carrying on a business (or an underground development, in the case of a taxpayer operating a mine), in a period to be fixed by Order in Council be regarded as deferred maintenance and repairs and be deductible as an expense, at the option of the taxpayer, either in the year or fiscal periods when incurred or in years of fiscal periods ending subsequent to December 31, 1942;

That revision of income occasioned by such losses or arising out of such deferred maintenance and repairs will of necessity affect adjustments which may have been made or may be made with Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., pursuant to such undertakings; and

That Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. will renegotiate any adjustment necessitated by a flour miller taking advantage of the amendments to the said Act and will advise the Canadian Wheat Board the amount if any due to such flour miller;

Now, therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order, and unless the context otherwise requires,—
 - (a) "flour millers" shall include manufacturers of human foods containing wheat other than flour;
 - (b) "western wheat" means wheat grown in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, in that part of the Province of Ontario lying west of Fort William/Port Arthur and in that part of British Columbia known as the Peace River District, the Creston and Wynndel areas and in such other parts of British Columbia as the Canadian Wheat Board may from time to time designate under paragraph one of Part One of the regulations contained in Order in Council P.C. 1802, dated March 9, 1942;
 - (c) "the monthly average price for hard red spring wheat" means the price for Number One Northern wheat in store Fort William/Port Arthur which is determined by the Canadian Wheat Board each month beginning with and including August, 1945, as being most nearly approximate to the arithmetic average price paid for that grade of wheat in that position by flour millers during that month, provided, however, that if during any month the price of Number One Northern rises to a premium of more than four cents per bushel over Number Two Northern, the "monthly average price" for hard red spring wheat may be determined by the Canadian Wheat Board by adding four cents per bushel to the price which is determined by the said Board to be most nearly approximate to the arithmetic average price paid for Number Two Northern Wheat in store Fort William/Port Arthur by flour millers during that month;
 - (d) "the monthly average price for Durum wheat" means the price for Number One CW Amber Durum wheat in store Fort William/Port Arthur which is

determined by the Canadian Wheat Board each month beginning with and including August, 1945, as being most nearly approximate to the arithmetic average price paid for that grade of wheat in that position by flour millers during that month, reduced by the amount of any abnormal premium for Number One CW Amber Durum wheat over Number Two CW Amber Durum Wheat;

- (e) "standard profits" shall mean the standard profits of the recipient determined under and in accordance with the Excess Profits Tax Act;
- (f) "income" shall, in respect of any fiscal year, mean, in the case of—
 - (a) a corporation or joint stock company, its net profit or gain subject to tax under the provisions of the Income War Tax Act;
 - (b) an individual or sole proprietorship, his or its net profit or gain subject to tax under the provisions of the Income War Tax Act, less such amount as may be allowable by way of salary under sub-section 2 (b) of Section 6 of the Excess Profits Tax Act; and
 - (c) a partnership, its net profit or gain calculated under Section 3 of the Income War Tax Act as though the income of the partnership, as such, were taxable under that Act, less such amount as may be allowable by way of salaries under subsection 2 (b) of Section 6 of the Excess Profits Tax Act.

2. Payments to flour millers are hereby authorized in respect of flour or other human foods containing wheat for consumption in Canada sold prior to or between the first day of August, 1945, and the thirty-first day of July, 1946, both inclusive, and delivered between the first day of August, 1945, and the thirty-first day of July, 1946, both inclusive, which shall be equal to the quantity of western wheat estimated to have been used in the manufacture of flour or such other human foods multiplied by the difference between the "monthly average price for hard red spring wheat" for the month in which the flour or such other human foods were delivered and seventy-seven and three-eighths cents per bushel, subject to the following terms and conditions:

- (a) For the purposes of making payments under this Order, the Canadian Wheat Board shall have the power to determine the quantity of western wheat used in the manufacture of any given quantity of flour or other human food containing wheat, but unless otherwise ordered by the Canadian Wheat Board one barrel (196 pounds) of flour shall be considered as equivalent to four and one-half bushels of wheat with the exception that one barrel (196 pounds) of whole-wheat flour of any variety or standard shall be considered equivalent to three and one-third bushels of wheat;
- (b) No flour miller shall be entitled to payment hereunder unless and until he has completed an undertaking that if in respect of any fiscal year of the flour miller his income, inclusive of all sums received by him at any time from the Canadian Wheat Board by way of payment hereunder in respect of deliveries of flour or other human foods during such fiscal year, exceeds $116\frac{2}{3}$ per cent of his standard profits, he will, as soon as possible after the end of such fiscal year, and not later than the date on which the recipient is required under the Income War Tax Act to file income tax returns in respect of such fiscal year, refund to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. for account of the Canadian Wheat Board the amount of such excess, provided, however, that the flour miller shall be under no obligation to pay to the said Corporation for account of the Canadian Wheat Board any amount in excess of the total sums so received by him from the said Board by way of payments hereunder; provided that
 - (i) if requested by any flour miller, the Corporation may, when calculating refund of payments, recognize reserves for depreciation in inventory set up by such flour miller under the provisions of Section 6 (1) (b) or Section 6 (2) (c) of the Excess Profits Tax Act, as the case may be;

- (ii) if requested by any flour miller, the Corporation may apply the foregoing principles of limitation on payments to such flour miller on a "milling department" basis; and
 - (iii) in any case or class of cases where in the opinion of Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., application of the above principles of calculation of refund of payments would be inequitable, Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. may require an undertaking providing for calculation of refund of payments on such other basis or by such other method as the Minister of Finance may approve;
- (c) Payments hereunder shall be made in respect of flour and other human food sold prior to or between the first day of August, 1945, and the thirty-first day of July, 1946, both inclusive, and delivered between the first day of August, 1945 and the thirty-first day of July, 1946, both inclusive;
- (d) No payments hereunder shall be made in respect of flour or wheat products exported from Canada;
- (e) Payments hereunder in respect of human foods containing Durum wheat shall be at a rate equal to the difference between the "monthly average price for Durum wheat" and seventy seven and three-eighths cents per bushel.

3. (a) The Canadian Wheat Board is hereby charged with the duty of determining and paying to flour millers the sums of money payable under this Order, and is hereby authorized and empowered to make such orders and regulations as may be necessary or advisable for carrying out the provisions of this Order.

(b) The Canadian Wheat Board is hereby authorized to pay to any flour miller such sums as Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. certifies as being due to him by reason of renegotiation of any adjustment which has been or may be made with Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., pursuant to any undertaking executed and delivered by such flour miller to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., in accordance with the said Orders in Council P.C. 6602 and P.C. 7319 or with Section 2 (b) hereof.

(c) Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. is hereby charged with the sole duty of determining and collecting the sums of money payable to the said Corporation for account of the Canadian Wheat Board under and by virtue of this Order and of remitting such sums collected to the said Board, and the Canadian Wheat Board is in no way responsible for the manner in which the said duty is performed by the said Corporation.

4. (a) Every person other than a flour miller shall, before he exports flour or wheat products from Canada, repay to the Canadian Wheat Board an amount equal to the payment received by the miller in relation to the flour or wheat products to be exported, as determined by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

(b) Any amount payable to the Canadian Wheat Board under this section shall be recoverable as a debt due the Crown and without prejudice to any other remedy may be recovered by the Canadian Wheat Board as a civil debt.

5. Expenditures hereunder, including expenses incurred by the Canadian Wheat Board in administering the provisions hereof, shall be charged against moneys to be allotted from the War Appropriation for this purpose or out of moneys appropriated by Parliament for this purpose.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing payment under the Government Employees Compensation Act in respect of industrial diseases, including pulmonary tuberculosis, in the Province of British Columbia.

P.C. 5772

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Transport reports:

That under the Government Employees Compensation Act provision is made for compensating employees who are caused personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of their employment;

That it is doubtful whether certain diseases ordinarily called industrial or occupational diseases which are compensable under the various provincial Workmen's Compensation Acts could be recognized as a cause of injury by accident unless they could be shown to have been occasioned by accident arising out of and in the course of the employment;

That claims for compensation under the provisions of the Government Employees Compensation Act have been made by employees engaged in defence plants who have been disabled by reason of an industrial disease, and some of such claims have been accepted and compensation paid, as these employees would, under similar circumstances, have been entitled to compensation had these plants been assessed for compensation purposes by the provincial Workmen's Compensation Boards;

That, effective April 11, 1943, the Workmen's Compensation Act of British Columbia includes pulmonary tuberculosis as an industrial disease in any employment in hospitals or sanatoria under the Act engaged in by employees who were free from evidence of tuberculosis prior to engaging in such employment;

That in connection with the welfare of persons of the Japanese race evacuated from the protected areas of British Columbia as a war measure, the Department of Labour is operating a tuberculosis hospital for the treatment of Japanese at New Denver, B.C., and the Department of Mines and Resources operates the Coqualeetze Indian Hospital at Sardis, B.C., and both of these departments are finding it very difficult to obtain and retain nursing staffs for such hospitals as no provision is made for compensation in case they develop pulmonary tuberculosis; and

That, in the circumstances, it is deemed advisable to extend the application of the Government Employees Compensation Act so as to provide for the payment of compensation to employees of the Government of Canada in respect of industrial diseases, including pulmonary tuberculosis in the Province of British Columbia.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport and under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Effective January 1, 1940, any industrial disease in respect of which compensation is provided under the provisions of a provincial Workmen's Compensation Act, shall be deemed to be an accident within the meaning and for the purpose of the Government Employees Compensation Act, and shall include pulmonary tuberculosis in the province of British Columbia as and from April 11, 1943, in accordance with the regulations of the Workmen's Compensation Board of British Columbia.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking certain regulations re speed of motor vehicles.

P.C. 5779

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Regulations Respecting the Speed of Motor Vehicles were established by Order in Council P.C. 2800 of April 10, 1942, and amended by Orders in Council P.C. 3590 of April 30, 1942 and P.C. 6037 of July 13, 1942;

And whereas the said Regulations were established as a war measure primarily for the purpose of conserving gasoline;

And whereas, having regard to the discontinuance of gasoline rationing, it is desirable that the said Regulations be revoked;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and by the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to revoke the said Regulations respecting the Speed of Motor Vehicles and they are hereby revoked accordingly.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council exempting materials and articles re manufacture of cream separators from sales tax.

P.C. 109/5781

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 29th August, 1945.

The Board recommend that, under the provisions of the War Measures Act, authority be granted for the exemption from sales tax of articles and materials which enter into the cost of the manufacture of cream separators and parts therefor, effective from June 27, 1944.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL BOARD

AMENDMENTS TO REGULATIONS

Certified extract from the minutes of a meeting of the Foreign Exchange Control Board held in Ottawa on July 20, 1945.

On motion duly made and seconded, it was resolved that the Regulations of the Board be amended as follows, such amendments to become effective on September 1, 1945:—

1. That item (i) of paragraph (a) of Regulation 1 be revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

“1. (a) (i) Permit (Form K) to sell, assign, transfer or deliver securities to a non-resident and/or to export securities.”

2. That Regulation 1 be amended by adding thereto the following as paragraph (e):—

“(e) The following shall be agents of the Board (designated as ‘Appointed Security Dealers’) to issue licences and permits in connection with transactions in securities in such circumstances and conditions as may be prescribed in instructions of the Board:—

Bank of Canada;

Branches in Canada of banks to which the provisions of the Bank Act apply;

The Montreal City & District Savings Bank;

La Banque d'Economie de Quebec;

The Province of Ontario Savings Office;

Trust companies registered with the Board;

Offices in Canada of firms which are active members of the Montreal Stock Exchange, Montreal Curb Market, Toronto Stock Exchange, Winnipeg Stock Exchange, Calgary Stock Exchange, Vancouver Stock Exchange or Investment Dealers' Association of Canada.”

3. That item (ii) of paragraph (d) of Regulation 13 be revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

“(ii) United States dollars in the form of postal notes, money orders, cheques or other items of a similar nature where the total value of such United States dollars and of all other United States dollars in any form purchased directly or indirectly by such resident from the same or other Authorized Dealers, post offices or other special agents of the Board in the same month does not exceed the equivalent of \$100 in United States currency; provided, however, that no Authorized Dealer, post office or other special agent of the Board shall sell United States dollars under the provisions of this paragraph except in cases and for purposes which come within the authority of such Authorized Dealer, post office or other special agent of the Board.”

4. That item (ii) of paragraph (b) of Regulation 16 be revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

“(ii) to or to the account of a non-resident who is not a resident of the sterling area where the total amount of such transfer, together with all other transfers by such resident to the same or other non-residents who are not residents of the sterling area in the same month does not exceed \$100; provided, however, that this exemption shall not apply to any payment made or to be made in connection with a purchase of securities from a non-resident who is not a resident of the sterling area or from any person acting for such a non-resident.”

5. That item (xi) of paragraph (b) of Regulation 20 be revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

“(xi) Gifts up to a value not exceeding \$100 per shipment.”

6. That Regulation 25 be revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

“25. (a) Unless otherwise provided by the Board, every application for a permit to export securities shall be made on Form K and submitted for approval to an Appointed Security Dealer if the export is to be made by such Appointed Security Dealer and otherwise to an Authorized Dealer or to the Board.

(b) Unless specifically required by the Board, no permit shall be required to import securities provided that this exemption shall not authorize the acquisition of securities by residents or the sale of securities in Canada by or on behalf of non-residents or any other dealing in or with securities except as permitted in these Regulations or by the Board.”

7. That paragraphs (a) and (b) of Regulation 26 be revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

“26. (a) Except as provided with respect to travel abroad by Canadian residents in Regulation 18, every application for a licence to export property other than goods and securities shall be made on Form K and submitted to the Board or an Authorized Dealer.

(b) No licence shall be necessary to export cheques (other than travellers' cheques not already negotiated), bank drafts, money orders, letters of credit, bills of exchange, insurance policies, charge slips of service stations, real estate title deeds, mortgages and other similar documents exclusive of securities.”

8. That Regulation 35 be revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

“35. (a) Unless otherwise provided by the Board, every application by a resident pursuant to Section 17 of the Order to sell, assign, transfer or deliver securities to a non-resident shall be made on Form K and submitted for approval to an Appointed Security Dealer if such Appointed Security Dealer is effecting the transaction and otherwise to an Authorized Dealer or to the Board.

(b) Unless otherwise provided by the Board, every application for a permit pursuant to Section 18 of the Order for the sale of securities in Canada by or on behalf of a non-resident shall be made on Form S and submitted for approval to an Appointed Security Dealer if such Appointed Security Dealer is effecting the sale and otherwise to the Board.”

Certified to be a true copy and in accordance with the minutes of the Board.

L. RASMINSKY,
Chairman (Alternate).

FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL BOARD

OTTAWA, Canada, August 15, 1945.

NOTICE AND INSTRUCTIONS TO APPOINTED SECURITY DEALERS

(Effective September 1, 1945)

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NOTICE AND INSTRUCTIONS TO APPOINTED SECURITY DEALERS

This Notice outlines a revised procedure for the control of securities transactions under the Foreign Exchange Control Order. The principal changes involved in the new procedure, which becomes effective on September 1, 1945, are as follows:

1. The security dealers referred to in Section I are appointed agents of the Board (designated as "Appointed Security Dealers") and are authorized to approve on behalf of the Board the necessary permits for certain transactions undertaken by themselves as principals or agents. *Persons or firms which are not Appointed Security Dealers and which wish to undertake themselves transactions for which permits are required should continue to apply to a chartered bank or to the Board on the appropriate forms.*

2. A permit is henceforth required for every sale, transfer, assignment or delivery of securities, both domestic and foreign, from a resident to a non-resident whether the transaction takes place in Canada or outside Canada and whether or not an export of securities is involved. A permit continues to be required for every export of securities.

3. With the exception referred to in Section V, permits must in future be produced to transfer agents and registrars in Canada in support of requests to transfer securities from residents to non-residents.

4. No permit is henceforth required for importations of securities.

I. APPOINTED SECURITY DEALERS

The following are appointed agents of the Foreign Exchange Control Board to approve permits for security transactions, subject to the terms and conditions described in this Notice:

- (1) Bank of Canada.
- (2) Chartered banks.
- (3) Quebec Savings Banks and Province of Ontario Savings Office.
- (4) Trust companies registered with the Board.
- (5) Offices in Canada of firms which are active members of Toronto Stock Exchange, Montreal Stock Exchange, Montreal Curb Market, Winnipeg Stock Exchange, Calgary Stock Exchange, Vancouver Stock Exchange and Investment Dealers' Association of Canada.

II. SECURITY TRANSACTIONS FOR WHICH PERMITS ARE REQUIRED

1. A permit (Form K) approved by or on behalf of the Foreign Exchange Control Board is required for every sale, assignment, transfer or delivery of securities by a resident of Canada to a non-resident. This applies to transactions in both domestic and foreign securities whether the transactions are effected in Canada or outside Canada and whether or not an export or import of securities is involved. A resident broker or dealer who is effecting a purchase of securities in Canada for a non-resident or a sale of securities outside Canada for a resident is regarded as the resident selling such securities to a non-resident even though the broker or dealer is acting as agent and not as principal in the transaction; a permit is, therefore, required by the broker or dealer for such transactions.

2. A permit (Form K) approved by or on behalf of the Board is required for every export of securities from Canada. (A permit is not, however, required for the export of Canadian War Savings Certificates.)

3. A permit (Form S) approved by or on behalf of the Board is required for every sale of securities in Canada by or on behalf of a non-resident.

No permit is required for the importation of securities. This does not, however, authorize the acquisition of securities by a resident or the sale of securities in Canada by or on behalf of a non-resident otherwise than as permitted under this Notice or by the Board.

III. SALES, ASSIGNMENTS, TRANSFERS OR DELIVERIES OF SECURITIES TO NON-RESIDENTS AND EXPORTS OF SECURITIES

1. *Sales and Transfers of Securities to Non-Residents which Appointed Security Dealers May Approve*

(1) *Outright Sales to Non-Residents of Canadian Domestic Securities*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the sale (and transfer) of Canadian domestic securities to a non-resident, other than a resident of the sterling area, provided payment of the fair value of the securities is received immediately by the Appointed Security Dealer from the non-resident:

- (a) in the United States dollars which are sold to the Board through an Authorized dealer or are reinvested in accordance with Section III. 1(4) below; or
- (b) in Canadian dollars.

(2) *Sales to Non-Residents of Canadian Domestic Securities in Margin Accounts*

An appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the sale to a non-resident, other than a resident of the sterling area, of Canadian domestic securities for their fair value against a debit balance in the name of the non-resident with the Appointed Security Dealer.

(3) *Outright Sales to Non-Residents of Foreign or Canadian Foreign Securities*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the sale (and transfer) of foreign or Canadian foreign securities to a non-resident, other than a resident of the sterling area, provided payment of the fair value of the securities is received immediately by the Appointed Security Dealer from the non-resident in United States dollars and sold to the Board through an Authorized Dealer or are reinvested in accordance with Section III. 1(4) below. NOTE: An Appointed Security Dealer must not, however, approve the sale to a non-resident at less than par in United States dollars of foreign or Canadian foreign securities maturing or having their earliest call date within two years.

(4) *Exchanges of Securities in the United States by Residents*

(a) An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the sale (and transfer) in the United States by a resident of:

- (i) Any foreign or Canadian foreign or Canadian domestic securities and the purchase of any foreign securities (but not Canadian foreign securities); or
- (ii) Any Canadian foreign or Canadian domestic securities and the purchase of any Canadian foreign securities provided that the securities sold do not mature or have their earliest call date within five years or, if less than five years, that the maturity or earliest call date of the securities purchased is as short as or shorter than that of the securities sold.

(b) In connection with all exchanges of securities under 4(a) above:—

- (i) Both the purchase and sale must be effected through the Appointed Security Dealer approving the transaction.
- (ii) The value of the securities sold must be equal to or greater than the cost of the securities purchased.
- (iii) The securities purchased must be readily marketable securities payable either solely or optionally in United States currency.
- (iv) The whole or any part of the proceeds in United States funds of a sale of securities under this paragraph may be held temporarily uninvested by an Appointed Security Dealer. Such funds may be reinvested subsequently in eligible securities but the Board reserves the right to require their sale to it through an Authorized Dealer at any time.
- (v) Appointed Security Dealers holding United States funds temporarily uninvested in accordance with paragraph (iv) above must furnish the Board with a monthly report on F.E.C.B. Form 129.

(5) *Exchanges of Securities in Canada by Non-Residents*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the sale (and transfer) to a non-resident of Canadian domestic securities purchased by such non-resident in connection with an exchange of securities in Canada effected in the manner and subject to the conditions stated in Section IV. 1(3).

2. *Exports of Securities which Appointed Security Dealers May Approve*

(1) *Exports of Securities Sold or to be Sold to Non-Residents*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the export to the United States (but not to other countries) by the Appointed Security Dealer of:—

(a) Securities sold or to be sold to a non-resident, where the Appointed Security Dealer has approved a permit on Form K covering the sale and transfer of the securities in accordance with the authority contained in Section III. 1. (If the export is made within 30 days of the approval of the Form K covering the sale and transfer, the same Form K may be used as the permit for the export—see procedure in Section III. 4(1); otherwise a separate permit on Form K is required).

(b) Securities sold to a non-resident subsequent to September 15, 1939, but prior to the date of this Notice under circumstances such as would entitle the Appointed Security Dealer to approve a permit on Form K covering such sale to the non-resident under the authority contained in Section III. 1, if such sale had taken place after the effective date of this Notice.

(2) *Export of Securities for Redemption*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the export by the Appointed Security Dealer of securities for redemption in foreign currency provided that such foreign currency, if United States dollars (or a currency freely convertible into United States dollars) is received immediately by the Appointed Security Dealer and sold to the Board through an Authorized Dealer or is invested in accordance with Section III. 1(4) above.

(3) *Exports of Securities in Connection with Reorganizations, Refinancings, etc.*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the export by the Appointed Security Dealer of foreign or Canadian foreign securities issued and offered for public subscription when such export is necessary in connection with a reorganization, refinancing, liquidation or receivership provided that the same securities or securities issued in replacement or substitution therefor are to be returned to the Appointed Security Dealer and provided further that, in the case of securities owned by a resident, any United States dollars payable will be received by the Appointed Security Dealer and sold to the Board through an Authorized Dealer or, in the case of principal payments, are reinvested in accordance with Section III. 1(4) above.

(4) *Exports of Securities for Transfer and Return*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the export by the Appointed Security Dealer of securities which are required to be shipped abroad for the purpose of effecting a change of registration involving a transfer:—

- (i) From a resident of Canada to another resident of Canada; or
- (ii) From a resident of the sterling area to another resident of the sterling area or to a resident of Canada; or
- (iii) From a non-resident other than a resident of the sterling area to any other person;

provided that the securities or securities issued in replacement or substitution therefor are to be returned by the transfer agent or registrar outside Canada direct to the Appointed Security Dealer, immediately the transfer has been effected.

(5) *Exports of Securities for Splitting Certificates, etc. and Return*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the export by the Appointed Security Dealer of securities which are required to be shipped abroad for the purpose of:—

- (i) Splitting stock certificates;

- (ii) Obtaining the validation of mutilated bonds or coupons;
 - (iii) Obtaining the signature or guarantee of the signature of the registered holder;
 - (iv) Exchanging bonds for certificates of deposit or vice versa, or interim certificates for definitive certificates or bonds;
 - (v) Registering and de-registering bonds;
 - (vi) Obtaining endorsement of an interest or dividend payment;
- provided that the same securities or securities issued in replacement or substitution therefor are to be returned immediately direct to the Appointed Security Dealer.

(6) *Exports of Securities Received for Transfer in Canada*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the export by the Appointed Security Dealer of securities which have been sent to the Appointed Security Dealer from outside Canada for the purpose of effecting a change in registration involving a transfer from a non-resident other than a resident of the sterling area to another non-resident, or of securities issued in replacement or substitution therefor.

(7) *Exports of Securities Received for Splitting Certificates, etc. in Canada*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form K for the export by the Appointed Security Dealer of securities owned by a non-resident which have been sent to the Appointed Security Dealer from outside Canada for any of the purposes referred to in Section III. 2(5) above, or of securities issued in replacement or substitution therefor.

3. *Sales, Assignments, etc., and Exports of Securities which Appointed Security Dealers Must Not Approve*

(1) Sales, transfers, assignments or deliveries of securities from residents to non-residents and exports of securities which are not specifically within the authority of Appointed Security Dealers to approve under Section III. 1 and 2 above must not be approved without the specific permission of the Board.

(2) Except for deliveries incidental to transactions which Appointed Security Dealers have authority to approve under Section III. 1 and 2 above, no securities or cash held for a resident of Canada may be released outside Canada by an Appointed Security Dealer without the specific approval of the Board.

(3) Residents are not permitted to sell securities short outside Canada.

(4) Under the Regulations of the United Kingdom Control residents of Canada require a licence from that Control in order to sell sterling securities in the United Kingdom. By arrangement with the United Kingdom authorities an application for such a licence will be considered only if it is accompanied by a permit issued by the Board. Permits for the sale of sterling securities are granted by the Board only where real need exists. Applications for permits for the sale of sterling securities should be made to the Board by letter accompanied by an application on Form K. If a permit is granted for the sale of sterling bearer securities which are in Canada, a declaration of ownership on a form which will be supplied by the Board upon application must be completed and forwarded with the securities to the United Kingdom.

4. *Procedure*

(1) *Use of Form K*

(a) In connection with transactions which an Appointed Security Dealer has authority to approve under Section III. 1 and 2 above, Form K is to be completed in triplicate where an export of securities is involved and in duplicate in other cases. The name of the Appointed Security Dealer will be inserted as applicant and the Appointed Security Dealer will approve the permit on the Board's behalf.

Permits on Form K approved by each Appointed Security Dealer are to be numbered serially, 1, 2, 3, etc. commencing with a new series at the beginning of each calendar or financial year. (In the case of banks, such serial numbers are to be preceded by the bank and branch transit numbers). All copies of each permit are to be given the same number.

The copies of the form are to be dealt with as follows:—

- (i) One copy is to be forwarded by the Appointed Security Dealer to the Board at Ottawa upon completion by the Appointed Security Dealer of the certificate on the form (where applicable) as to the receipt of payment or other value.
- (ii) One copy is to be kept by the Appointed Security Dealer for its records.
- (iii) Where the securities are being exported, a third copy is required and is to be surrendered to the Post Office at the time of mailing. (The envelope containing the securities should be presented for mailing unsealed in order that the contents may be checked with the description of the securities on the relative Form K. The Postmaster will stamp the Form K to indicate that the securities have been exported and will forward it direct to the Board at Ottawa).

(b) Where a transaction requiring a permit on Form K is not within the authority of an Appointed Security Dealer to approve, Form K in triplicate where an export of securities is involved and in duplicate in other cases will be completed and submitted to the Board for consideration. If the permit is granted, the Board will return the forms to the Appointed Security Dealer duly approved. The Appointed Security Dealer will then deal with such forms in the manner described in paragraph (a) above.

(2) *Sale of United States Dollar Proceeds of Security Transactions*

When an Appointed Security Dealer is selling to an Authorized Dealer the United States dollar or other foreign currency proceeds of security transactions as required under Section III. 1 and 2 above it will complete a declaration on Form C in triplicate for submission to the Authorized Dealer at the time of sale of the United States dollars. The source of the funds should be shown on the Form C as "Proceeds of sale (redemption, etc.) of (description of securities) authorized by Form K No.". After approval of the form by the Authorized Dealer one copy will be returned to the Appointed Security Dealer and should be retained for its records.

(3) *Registration of Subsequent Sale of Outright Purchases of Canadian Domestic Securities in Canada by Non-Residents*

(a) Except as indicated in paragraph (b) below, when a non-resident purchases Canadian domestic securities in Canada outright through an Appointed Security Dealer and pays for such securities out of funds held by a non-resident at the time of purchase in the form of a deposit with a bank, trust company or loan company or in the form of a free credit balance with an Appointed Security Dealer, such purchase may be registered with the Board on F.E.C.B. Form 106. As stated in Section IV. 1(1) below, a permit on Form S may be granted for the subsequent sale in Canada of securities so purchased and registered.

(b) Where under any permit, ruling or instruction of the Board, a non-resident has been or is required to invest funds in Canadian domestic securities, such securities are not eligible for registration under paragraph (a) above.

(c) Form 106 is to be completed in duplicate at the time of the purchase by the Appointed Security Dealer through which the purchase is made. Both copies of the form are to be sent by the Appointed Security Dealer to the Board at Ottawa. If the registration is approved, one copy will be returned to the Appointed Security Dealer to be retained by or on behalf of the non-resident purchaser.

IV. SALES OF SECURITIES IN CANADA BY OR ON BEHALF OF NON-RESIDENTS

1. *Transactions which Appointed Security Dealers May Approve*

(1) *Sales of Securities Purchased Outright since January 8, 1940*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve a permit on Form S for the sale of securities in Canada by or on behalf of a non-resident where:—

(a) The securities were purchased outright by the non-resident subsequent to January 8, 1940, through a Canadian stockbroker or investment dealer and paid for out of funds held by a non-resident at the time of purchase in the form of a deposit with a bank, trust company or loan company or in the form of a free credit balance with a Canadian stockbroker or investment dealer; and

(b) Such purchase was registered with the Board on F.E.C.B. Form 106 and the purchaser's copy of such form is surrendered to the Appointed Security Dealer for attachment to the relative Form S which is sent to the Board (see Section III. 4(3) above).

NOTE: A permit for the sale of securities under this paragraph may be approved only where the non-resident in whose name registration of the purchase of the securities was made with the Board has been continuously the owner of the securities since the date of purchase.

(2) *Sales to Reduce Debit Balance*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve Form S on behalf of the Board for the sale of securities in Canada by a non-resident where the proceeds are being applied to reduce a debit balance in the name of the non-resident with the Appointed Security Dealer but such sale must not put the account into a credit balance.

(3) *Exchanges of Securities by Non-Residents*

An Appointed Security Dealer may approve the sale of securities (other than sterling securities) in Canada by or on behalf of a non-resident (other than a resident of the sterling area) where the sale is effected for the purpose of exchanging such securities for other securities in the following manner and subject to the following conditions:—

(a) Both the sale and purchase must be effected through the same Appointed Security Dealer.

(b) The proceeds of the sale must be reinvested in Canadian domestic securities which have been issued and offered for public subscription, the purchase whereof takes place before the sale of the securities being sold.

(c) The amount reinvested must not be less than the proceeds of the sale by more than 10 per cent of such proceeds or \$1,000 whichever is smaller.

(d) The securities purchased must not have a term to maturity or earliest call date of less than three years from the date of purchase except that where the securities sold mature or have their earliest call date within three years, the securities purchased may have a term to maturity or earliest call date not less than that of the securities sold.

(e) Bonds and debentures of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada or any Province may not be purchased with the proceeds of sales of preferred and common stocks.

(f) Form S need not be completed for such a transaction but a permit on Form K must be approved by or on behalf of the Board with respect to the sale by the resident of the securities purchased by the non-resident describing both the securities purchased and sold. (See Section III. 1(5)).

2. *Sales of Securities in Canada by Non-Residents which Appointed Security Dealers Must Not Approve*

Sales and exchanges of securities in Canada by or on behalf of non-residents which are not specifically within the authority of an Appointed Security Dealer to approve as stated in Section IV. 1 above, must not be approved without the specific permission of the Board.

3. *Procedure*

(1) *Use of Form S*

(a) Where an Appointed Security Dealer has authority to approve Form S, the form is to be completed in duplicate. The name of the Appointed Security Dealer will be inserted as applicant and the Appointed Security Dealer will approve the permit on the Board's behalf. Permits on Form S approved by each Appointed Security Dealer are to be numbered serially 1, 2, 3, etc. commencing with a new series at the beginning of each calendar or financial year. (In the case of banks such serial numbers are to be preceded by the bank and branch transit numbers.) All copies of each permit are to be given the same number. One copy of the form is to be forwarded by the Appointed Security Dealer to the Board at Ottawa and the other copy retained by the Appointed Security Dealer for its records.

(b) Where a transaction requiring a permit on Form S is not within the authority of an Appointed Security Dealer to approve, Form S in duplicate will be prepared and submitted to the Board for consideration. If the permit is granted, one copy of the form duly approved will be returned to the Appointed Security Dealer as its authority to effect the transaction. The other copy will be retained by the Board.

(2) *Payment to Non-Residents of Proceeds of Sales of Securities*

In addition to a permit on Form S, if it is desired to pay to a non-resident (other than a resident of the sterling area) or credit to a bank account in the name of a non-resident (other than a resident of the sterling area) the proceeds of a sale of securities in Canada, a permit to transfer Canadian dollars to or to the account of a non-resident is required. Application for such permit is to be made to an Authorized Dealer on Form G in triplicate showing the purpose of the payment as "Proceeds of sale of securities by non-resident authorized by Form S. No. (or in the case of the permitted balance of a non-resident switch transaction by Form K No.)". Authorized Dealers may approve without reference to the Board such applications on Form G when submitted by an Appointed Security Dealer. The relative cheque in favour of the non-resident must be submitted to the Authorized Dealer with the application in order that it may be stamped by the Authorized Dealer to indicate that the necessary permit on Form G has been granted. One copy of the approved Form G will be returned to the Appointed Security Dealer submitting the application and should be retained for its records.

Authorized Dealers have no authority to sell United States dollars for the payment to non-residents of the proceeds of security sales in Canada.

V. TRANSFERS OF SECURITIES BY TRANSFER AGENTS AND REGISTRARS

1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 below, registrars and transfer agents (including companies which effect their own transfers) are permitted to transfer securities from the names of residents of Canada to the names of non-residents only upon presentation of a permit on Form K approved by or on behalf of the Board authorizing the transfers in question.

2. Registrars and transfer agents may record a transfer of securities from the name of a resident to the name of a non-resident without the production of an approved permit on Form K:

(a) Where the securities are received for transfer by the registrar or transfer agent through the mail from a point outside Canada;

(b) Where the securities are presented for transfer by an Appointed Security Dealer. (Appointed Security Dealers must not present to a transfer agent or registrar securities for transfer from the name of a resident to that of a non-resident unless they hold a permit on Form K approved by or on behalf of the Board authorizing such transfer or unless the securities were received by the Appointed Security Dealer through the mail from a point outside Canada for the purpose of arranging the transfer).

VI. DEFINITIONS

The following terms are defined in the Foreign Exchange Control Order and have the same meaning where used in this Notice:

(1) "*Resident*" means "any person ordinarily resident in Canada". "Person" include firms, corporations, associations, etc. The Board has full power to determine whether any person is a resident or a non-resident. Any person who was a resident on September 15, 1939, or at any subsequent time shall be deemed to be a resident unless the Board has ruled otherwise.

Appointed Security Dealers should make sufficient enquiries to enable them to determine the proper residential status to be accorded to their customers for foreign exchange control purposes. The fact that a person gives a Canadian address does not necessarily establish that he should be regarded as a resident. A temporary visitor from the United States may, for example, give a Canadian address but should nevertheless be regarded as a resident of the United States. With the exception mentioned in the next paragraph, any corporation incorporated in Canada should be regarded as a

resident unless the Board gives a ruling to the contrary. Any firm or corporation maintaining an office in Canada is a resident in respect of its Canadian office and business but a foreign branch or agency of such a firm or company is a non-resident. In any case where there is doubt as to the proper residential status to be accorded to a person for foreign exchange control purposes, a ruling should be obtained from the Board.

Non-resident-owned investment corporations within the meaning of the Income War Tax Act are deemed to be non-residents unless the Board makes a specific ruling to the contrary.

(2) "*Non-resident*" means "any person other than a resident".

(3) "*Foreign securities*" means "securities issued by or on behalf of any government, municipal or other public authority of a country other than Canada and Newfoundland or by any society, syndicate, company or corporation incorporated in a country other than Canada and Newfoundland or, if unincorporated, whose head office is in a country other than Canada and Newfoundland, but excluding sterling securities".

(4) "*Canadian securities*" means "securities issued by any Canadian or Newfoundland government or municipal or other public authority or by any society, syndicate, company or corporation incorporated in Canada or Newfoundland, or, if unincorporated, whose head office is in Canada or Newfoundland".

(5) "*Canadian domestic securities*" means "any Canadian securities which are payable, or the principal amount of which is expressed, or any interest or dividends on which are payable or paid, solely in Canadian currency".

(6) "*Canadian foreign securities*" means "any Canadian securities which are payable, or the principal amount of which is expressed, or any interest or dividends on which are payable or paid, solely or at the option of the holder in foreign currency, but excluding sterling securities".

(7) "*Sterling securities*" means "securities which are payable or the principal amount of which is expressed, or any interest or dividends on which are payable or paid, solely in sterling or the local currency of a country in the sterling area".

(8) "*Sterling area*" means and includes "territories under the sovereignty, protection suzerainty or mandate of His Majesty (except Canada and Newfoundland) and also includes Egypt, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Iceland, Faroe Islands and Iraq".

(9) "*Authorized Dealer*" means a branch in Canada of a chartered bank.

VII. FORMS AND REPORTS

The following permit and other F.E.C.B. forms are required in connection with security transactions:

Form K—Application to Sell, Assign, Transfer or Deliver Securities to a Non-Resident and/or to Export Securities.

Form S—Application to Sell Securities in Canada by or for a Non-Resident.

Form 106—Application to Register Canadian Domestic Securities Purchased by a Non-Resident.

Form 129—Monthly Report by Appointed Security Dealers of Sales and Purchases of Securities in the United States and of United States Funds Held by them for Reinvestment for the Account of Residents.

Form G—Application to Transfer Canadian Dollars to or to the Account of a Non-Resident.

Form C—Declaration of Foreign Exchange Offered for Sale.

Specimens of revised Forms K and S are attached. Supplies of the above forms may be obtained by branch banks through their head offices and by other Appointed Security Dealers by writing to the Board at Ottawa specifying the quantity required.

Any supplies on hand of previous printings of Forms K and S may be used by adapting the forms to show the information called for on the revised forms.

Monthly reports to the Board of certain switch transactions other than those shown on Form 129 are no longer required.

VIII. CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY

Nothing in this Notice authorizes any transaction which is contrary to the Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy or any Regulations or Instructions of the Custodian of Enemy Property. Any requirements of the Custodian are additional to those of the Board.

IX. NEWFOUNDLAND

For the purpose of this Notice residents of Newfoundland are regarded as residents of Canada.. No permit is required for the export of securities to Newfoundland.

X. EXPORTS OF BOND COUPONS

A permit (Form K) approved by or on behalf of the Board is required for every export from Canada (except to Newfoundland) of coupons detached from bonds or bearer share warrants. Appointed Security Dealers have no authority to approve such applications and must apply to the Board on Form K for a permit to make such exports.

XI. RESPONSIBILITY OF APPOINTED SECURITY DEALERS

In designating security dealers as Appointed Security Dealers with authority to approve certain transactions on its behalf, the Board places reliance on them to observe carefully the provisions of this Notice. It is a condition of the appointment of an Appointed Security Dealer that the Board's representatives may examine its books and records from time to time for the purpose of ensuring that the authority contained in this Notice is exercised properly. Failure to observe the terms and conditions of this Notice may lead to cancellation of a dealer's authority as an Appointed Security Dealer and is an offence under the Foreign Exchange Control Order.

APPOINTED SECURITY DEALERS

Banks and Savings Banks

Bank of Canada	Barclays Bank (Canada)
Bank of Montreal	Canadian Bank of Commerce, The
Bank of Nova Scotia, The	Dominion Bank, The
Bank of Toronto, The	Imperial Bank of Canada
Banque Canadienne Nationale, La	Montreal City & District Savings Bank,
Banque d'Economie de Quebec, La	The
Banque Provinciale du Canada, La	Province of Ontario Savings Office, The
	Royal Bank of Canada, The

Trust Companies

Barelays Trust Company of Canada	London & Western Trust Company
British Mortgage & Trust Corporation of Ontario, The	Limited, The
Brockville Trust & Savings Company, The	Montreal Trust Company
Canada Permanent Trust Company, The	National Trust Company Limited
Canada Trust Company, The	Northern Trusts Company, The
Capital Trust Corporation Limited	Nova Scotia Trust Company, The
Central Trust Company of Canada, The	Osler & Nanton Trust Company
Chartered Trust & Executor Company	Premier Trust Company; The
Crown Trust Company	Prudential Trust Company Limited
Custodian Trust Company Limited	Royal Trust Company, The
Eastern Trust Company, The	Sherbrooke Trust Company
General Trust of Canada	Societe d'Administration et de Fiducie
Grey & Bruce Trust & Savings Company, The	Sterling Trusts Corporation, The
Guaranty Trust Company of Canada	Sun Trust Limited, The
Industrial Mortgage & Trust Company, The	Toronto General Trusts Corporation, The
Lambton Trust Company Limited, The	Trusts & Guarantee Company Limited, The
	Victoria Trust & Savings Company, The
	Waterloo Trust & Savings Company, The
	Western Trust Company, The

Members of Stock Exchanges and Investment Dealers' Association of Canada

Adam & Co. Ltd.
Ames, A. E. & Co. Ltd.
Amos, Christie & Co.
Anderson & Company
Angus & Co.

Bain, Newling & Co.
Bankers Bond Co. Limited
Barrett, Seguin & Co.
Barry & McManamy
Bartlett, Cayley & Company Limited
Beatty, Webster & Company Limited
Beaubien & Co., L. G.
Bell, Gouinlock & Co. Limited
Bell, T. M. & Company Limited
Bellinger, H. D. & Company Limited
Biggar & Crawford
Blaikie, Geo. W. & Co.
Bongard & Co.
Boulet, J. C. Limitee
Brault & Chaput
Brawley, Cathers & Company
Breckenridge, McDonald & Co.
Brennan, F. J. & Company Limited
Bricker, W. R. & Co.
Brooks & Co., S. J.
Bryson, R. N. & Company
Buchanan, Seagram & Co.
Burgess, Charles H. & Company
Burnett & Co.
Burns Bros. & Denton Limited

Cameron, A. G. B.
Canadian Alliance Corporation Limited
Canadian General Securities Limited
Cannon, J. P. & Co.
Carlile & McCarthy Limited
Cassels, Son & Co.
Castledine, Poulin & Co. Ltd.
Chisholm, Hector M. & Co.
Cleave, Jas. Agencies Ltd.
Clement, Guimont, Inc.
Cochran, Murray & Co. Limited
Collier, Norris & Quinlan
Colling & Colling
Cornell, Macgillivray Limited
Crabtree & Company Ltd.
Craig, Ballantyne & Co.
Crang, J. H. & Co.
Crawford, F. J. & Co.
Credit Anglo-Francais Limitee
Cross, Clifton C. & Co. (Man.) Ltd.
Crutchlow, Dean & Co.
Curry, P. D. & Company Limited

Daly, R. A. Co. Limited
Davidson & Co. Ltd.
Davidson & Robertson
Deaton, F. H. & Co.
Dickson, Jolliffe & Co.
Dobie, Draper & Co.

Doherty Roadhouse & Co.
Dominion Securities Corporation Ltd.,
The
Drewry, C. E.
Duggan, D. M. Investments Ltd.

Easson, Green & Co.
Eastern Securities Company Ltd.
Easton, Fisher & Co.
Enderton, C. H. & Company
Erickson, Hevenor & Co.
Evans, H. M. E. & Co. Ltd.
Evans, Jenkin

Fairbanks, Kirby & Co.
Ferguson, G. Tower & Co.
Fields, C. C. & Co.
Flemming & Company
Flett, A. B. & Company
Flood & Co.
Forget & Co., L. J.
Forget & Forget
Fortier & Co.
Fox, E. D. & Co. Limited
Frame, John & Co.
Francis, Jay L. & Co.
Fraser, Dingman & Co.
Fraser Stock & Bond Co. Ltd.
Fry & Company
Fuller, E. H.

Gairdner & Company Limited
Gardiner, Wardrop, McBride Limited
Garipey, Gaston
Gelletly, R. & Co. Ltd.
Genser, Wm.
Geoffrion & Robert
Gillett & Strachan
Goad, J. L. & Co.
Gonthier, Paul & Company Limited
Goodwin, Harris & Co.
Goulding, Rose & Company Limited
Graham, J. L. & Co. Limited
Graham, John & Company
Grant, Johnston & Co.
Grasett, J. E. & Co.
Greenshields & Co.
Grills, T. O. & Co.
Guildhall Securities Limited
Gunn, C. S. & Company Limited

Hall Securities Ltd.
Harcourt, R. M. & Co.
Harris, W. C. & Co. Limited
Harrison & Company Limited
Hickey, Donaldson & Co.
Hicks, L. W. & Company
Hickson & Yuile
Hickson, Leonard
Higginson & Ross
Hodgson & Co., C. J.

- Hogg, W. F. & Co.
 Holland & Lamprey Ltd.
 Housser, H. B. & Co.
 Houston, Willoughby & Company Limited
 Hughson Bros. & Co.
 Isard, Robertson & Co. Limited
 Jennings, Petrie & Co. Limited
 Jones Heward & Co.
 Jones, J. W. P.
 Jukes, A. E. & Co. Limited
 Kaufmann & Co., J. C.
 Kerr, F. W. & Co.
 Kerrigan, MacTier & Co. Limited
 Kidder & Co., A. M.
 Kingstone & Mackenzie
 Kippen & Company Incorporated
 Labouliere, J. A.
 Laidlaw & Co.
 Lauder Mercer & Company Ltd.
 Leclerc, Rene-T., Incorporee
 Leggat, Cassils & Co.
 Lennard, S. H. & Co. Ltd.
 Leslie, Frank S. & Co.
 Leslie & Co., G. E.
 Lightcap Securities Limited
 Loughlin & MacKenzie Limited
 Lynch, E. T. & Co.
 Macdonald, W. M. & Co.
 MacDougall & MacDougall
 Mack, H. M.
 Mackay & Co., Hugh
 Mackellar, S. R. & Co.
 Mackenzie & Kingman
 MacKenzie, D. F. Ltd.
 Mackintosh, J. C. & Co. Limited
 Macleod, Riddell & Co.
 Market Securities Ltd.
 Marler & Co., J. L.
 Matthews & Company
 McCuaig Bros. & Co.
 McDougald, D. J. & Co.
 McDougall & Cowans
 McKie, George J. & Son
 McLeod, Young, Weir & Company
 Limited
 McMahon and Burns Limited
 McMillan, Guest & Co.
 McTaggart, Hannaford, Birks & Gordon
 Ltd.
 Mead & Co. Limited
 Meggeson, J. R. & Co. Limited
 Melady, Sellers & Company Limited
 Midland Securities Limited
 Mills, Spence & Co. Limited
 Milner, Ross & Co.
 Mitchell, W. G. & Co.
 Moat & Co., R.
 Molson, Lawson & Co.
 Monk, Gamble, Froats & Company
 Mooney, J. R. & Co.
 Moss, Lawson & Co.
 Mueller, Walter C.
 Nanson, Rothwell & Co. Ltd.
 Nay & James Limited
 Nelson & Company Ltd.
 Nesbitt, Thomson & Company Limited
 Nicholson, G. W. & Co.
 Norris Grain Company Limited
 Northern Trusts Company
 O'Brien & Williams
 Oldfield, Kirby & Gardner Ltd.
 Oliver, C. M. & Company Limited
 Osler, A. E. & Co.
 Osler & Hammond
 Osler, Hammond & Nanton
 Oswald & Drinkwater
 Pardoe, Avern & Co.
 Paterson & Co., Alex
 Peaker, Trent & Bunting
 Pemberton & Son Ltd.
 Pemberton & Son Vancouver Limited
 Phillips, Leonard
 Pitfield, W. C. & Company Limited
 Playfair & Co.
 Pooler, E. H. & Co.
 Purdy, S. H.
 Pyper, J. R.
 Ramsay, A. M. & Co.
 Reeve & Co. Ltd., F. F.
 Reid, Wm. E. Company Limited
 Rennie, G. H. & Co.
 Richardson & Co., T. A.
 Richardson & Sons, James
 Rittenhouse & Co.
 Robertson, Malone & Co.
 Rochon, Fernand
 Ross, Whittall Ltd.
 Rothschild & Co., L. F.
 Royal Securities Corporation Ltd.
 Savard & Hart
 Savard, Hodgson & Co. Inc.
 Shearson, Hammill & Co.
 Skaith & Co. Limited
 Smith, Hart & Company Limited
 Smith, Thompson & Co.
 Snowden, J. and Company
 Societe de Placements Incorporee
 Societe Generale de Finance Inc.
 Speer, J. W.
 Stanbury & Co. Limited
 Stanton, Hatch & McCarthy
 Steers, R. D. and Company
 Stevens & Kilgour Limited
 Stewart, J. F. M. & Co. Limited

Stewart, McNair & Co.
 Stratton, J. R. & Co.
 Streit, J. Bradley
 Sydie, Sutherland & Driscoll Limited

Tanner & Co.
 Thomson & Co.
 Thomson & McKinnon
 Timmins, J. R. & Co.
 Toole Peet Inv. Ltd.

Waghorn Gwynn & Co. Ltd.
 Watson, T. R. & Co.
 Watt & Watt
 West, Louis J. & Co.

Western City Company Limited, The
 White & Haldenby
 White, J. B. & Co.
 Wiley, Low & Company Ltd.
 Williams, G. C. & Co.
 Wills, Bickle & Co.
 Wilson & Co.
 Winnipeg Security & Grain Corp. Ltd.
 Wittichen's Ltd.
 Wolverton & Co. Ltd.
 Wood, Gundy & Company Limited

Yorkshire & Pacific Securities Ltd., The
 Yuile, J. W.

See Instructions on back

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO SELL, ASSIGN, TRANSFER OR DELIVER SECURITIES TO A NON-RESIDENT AND/OR TO EXPORT SECURITIES

FOREIGN
 EXCHANGE
 CONTROL
 FORM

K

REFERENCE No.

(To be Inserted when Form Approved)

A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT

B. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER OF SECURITIES.
 (If owner is applicant, insert "Same as applicant.")

C. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON TO WHOM SECURITIES TO BE SOLD, ASSIGNED, TRANSFERRED, DELIVERED AND/OR EXPORTED

D. DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Par value of bonds or number of shares	DESCRIPTION (To include certificate numbers where counter value in money or other securities not being obtained)	*Price per Unit	*Value

E. PURPOSE OF TRANSACTION (check appropriate square and insert required information at right)

- (1) ☐ Outright sale to non-resident. State amount and currency of payment and date of receipt.
- (2) ☐ Sale to non-resident against debit balance. State amount and total debit balance after sale.
- (3) ☐ Resident exchange of securities in United States. Describe securities acquired in exchange and state cost thereof.
- (4) ☐ Non-resident exchange of securities in Canada. Describe securities sold in exchange and state price thereof. Give amount and Form G reference number of any permitted balance paid to, or to bank account in name of, non-resident.
- (5) ☐ Other. Give full details.

F. I/WE hereby declare the foregoing statements to be true and correct and that no other application has been approved and/or submitted by me/us or on my/our behalf in connection with the transaction described herein.

Date	Signature of Applicant
G. CERTIFICATE OF APPOINTED SECURITY DEALER. We certify receipt of: \$..... U.S. sold to Authorized Dealer on Form C No. \$..... U.S. held pending reinvestment \$..... Can. from non-resident purchaser \$..... market value of securities as described in E (3) above	H. Approved on Behalf of F.E.C.B. for Completion within One Month from Date. Date..... Name, Address and Signature of Appointed Security Dealer..... J. Special Authorization from F.E.C.B. Date..... Reference.....
Stamp and Signature of Appointed Security Dealer	

*Give price and value in currency of payment, if no payment, give market or estimated value in Canadian dollars.

FORM K—INSTRUCTIONS

(The following instructions are varied in certain respects in the case of transactions by Authorized Dealers and trust companies registered with the Board. Authorized Dealers and trust companies should refer for particulars to the Instructions issued to them by the Board).

When Permit Required

1. A permit on Form K approved by or on behalf of the Foreign Exchange Control Board is required:

(a) For every sale, assignment, transfer or delivery of securities by a resident of Canada to a non-resident. (This applies to transactions in both domestic and foreign securities whether the transactions are effected in Canada or outside Canada and whether or not an export or import of securities is involved. A resident broker or dealer who is effecting a purchase of securities in Canada for a non-resident is regarded as the resident selling such securities to the non-resident even though the broker or dealer is acting as agent and not as principal in the transaction).

(b) For every export of securities from Canada. (A permit on Form K authorizing a sale, assignment, etc., to a non-resident may also be used as a permit to export the securities in question if the export is made within 30 days; otherwise a separate permit is required for the export of the securities).

Transactions by Appointed Security Dealers

2. Chartered banks, certain trust companies and offices in Canada of firms which are active members of Canadian stock exchanges or the Investment Dealers' Association of Canada are designated as Appointed Security Dealers and are authorized to approve on behalf of the Board permits on Form K for certain transactions undertaken by themselves as principals or agents in accordance with the provisions of the Board's Notice and Instructions to Security Dealers.

3. (a) In connection with transactions which an Appointed Security Dealer has authority to approve, Form K is to be completed in triplicate when an export of securities is involved and in duplicate in other cases. Permits approved by each Appointed Security Dealer are to be numbered serially 1, 2, 3, etc., commencing with a new series at the beginning of each year. (In the case of banks, such serial numbers are to be preceded by the bank and branch transit numbers). All copies of each permit are to be given the same number. The copies of the form are to be dealt with as follows:

See Instructions on back

**APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO SELL
SECURITIES IN CANADA BY OR FOR A
NON RESIDENT**

FOREIGN
EXCHANGE
CONTROL
BOARD
FORM

S

REFERENCE No.

(To be Inserted when Form Approved)

**A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPOINTED
SECURITY DEALER OR OTHER APPLICANT**

**B. NAME AND ADDRESS OF NON-RESIDENT OWNER
OF SECURITIES**

C. DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Par value of bonds or number of shares	DESCRIPTION	Price per unit	VALUE in Canadian funds
		TOTAL	

D. REASONS FOR SALE (Check appropriate square and insert required information at right).

- (1) ☐ Sale of securities purchased outright by or for non-resident since January 8, 1940, and registered with Board. Give number of relative Form 106 and attach Form hereto.
- (2) ☐ Sale in reduction of debit balance. Give amount of debit balance prior to sale.
- (3) ☐ Other. Give full details.

E. Where proceeds of sale or any part thereof are paid to, or credited to a bank account in the name of, a non-resident (other than a resident of the sterling area) state amount and reference number of relative permit on Form G.

F. I/WE hereby declare the foregoing statements to be true and correct and that no other application has been approved or submitted by me/us or on my/our behalf in connection with the transaction described herein.

Date

Signature of Applicant

**G. Special Authorization from
F.E.C.B.**

Date.....

**H. Approved on Behalf of the Foreign Exchange
Control Board for Completion Within One
Month From Date.**

Date

Name, Address and Signature of Appointed
Security Dealer

REFERENCE.....

FORM S—INSTRUCTIONS

When Permit Required

1. A permit on Form S approved by or on behalf of the Foreign Exchange Control Board is required for every sale of securities in Canada by or on behalf of a non-resident.

Transactions by Appointed Security Dealers

2. Chartered banks, certain trust companies and offices in Canada of firms which are active members of Canadian stock exchanges or the Investment Dealers' Association of Canada are designated as Appointed Security Dealers and are authorized to approve on behalf of the Board the necessary permits on this form for certain transactions undertaken by themselves as principals or agents in accordance with the provisions of the Board's Notice and Instructions to Security Dealers.

3. (a) In connection with transactions which an Appointed Security Dealer has authority to approve, Form S is to be completed in duplicate. Permits on Form S approved by each Appointed Security Dealer are to be numbered serially 1, 2, 3, etc., commencing with a new series at the beginning of each year. (In the case of banks, such serial numbers are to be preceded by the bank and branch transit numbers.) All copies of each permit are to be given the same number. One copy of the form is to be forwarded by the Appointed Security Dealer to the Board at Ottawa and the other copy retained by the Appointed Security Dealer for its records.

(b) Where a transaction requiring a permit on Form S is not within the authority of an Appointed Security Dealer to approve, Form S in duplicate will be prepared and submitted to the Board for consideration. If the permit is granted, one copy of the form duly approved will be returned to the Appointed Security Dealer as its authority to effect the transaction. The other copy will be retained by the Board.

Other Transactions

4. In connection with transactions requiring a permit on this form which are not being effected by an Appointed Security Dealer, the applicant will submit Form S in duplicate to a chartered bank or direct to the Board for consideration. If the permit is granted, one copy will be returned to the applicant as his authority to complete the transaction.

Payments to Non-Residents

5. In addition to a permit on Form S if it is desired to pay to a non-resident (other than a resident of the sterling area) or to a bank account in the name of a non-resident (other than a resident of the sterling area) the proceeds of a sale of securities in Canada, a permit on Form G to transfer Canadian dollars to or to the account of a non-resident is required. Application for such permit is to be made in triplicate to a chartered bank or to the Board. Payments may be made to residents of the sterling area in Canadian dollars or sterling for any purpose and no permit is required for such payments.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL BOARD

OTTAWA, Canada, August 15, 1945.

NOTICE TO REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER AGENTS

(Effective September 1, 1945)

Under the Foreign Exchange Control Order, a permit approved by or on behalf of the Foreign Exchange Control Board is required for every sale, assignment, transfer or delivery of securities by a resident of Canada to a non-resident. For the purpose of enforcing this provision, the Board may prohibit or impose conditions on the transfer or the registration of any transfer of any Canadian securities or upon the recording of any change of address of the owner of any Canadian securities and no person shall transfer or register any transfer of or record any change of address of the owner of any Canadian securities contrary to the terms of any such prohibition or condition.

This Notice states the circumstances under which registrars and transfer agents (including companies which act as their own registrars and transfer agents) may record transfers of securities and changes of address pursuant to the above provisions.

I. TRANSFERS OF SECURITIES

1. *From Non-Resident Names*

A registrar or transfer agent may record a transfer of securities:

(a) From the name of a resident of the sterling area to the name of another resident of the sterling area or of a resident of Canada; or

(b) From the name of a non-resident (other than a resident of the sterling area) to any other person.

In other cases the permission of the Board must be obtained before a transfer from the name of a non-resident is recorded.

2. *From Resident Names*

A registrar or transfer agent may record a transfer:

(a) From the name of a resident of Canada to the name of another resident of Canada; or

(b) From the name of a resident of Canada to the name of a non-resident provided that:

(i) The securities are government, municipal or publicly issued corporate securities and were received by the registrar or transfer agent for such purpose through the mail from a point outside Canada; or

(ii) The securities are presented to the registrar or transfer agent for such purpose by an Appointed Security Dealer. (For a list of Appointed Security Dealers see the Board's Notice to Appointed Security Dealers, dated August 15, 1945); or

(iii) A permit on Form K (Application to Sell, Assign, Transfer or Deliver Securities to a Non-Resident) approved by the Board or by an Appointed Security Dealer authorizing the transfer is exhibited to the registrar or transfer agent.

The registrar or transfer agent will record on the back of Form K that a transfer of the securities has been recorded from (name and address of resident) to (name and address of non-resident) stating the number of shares or par value of bonds covered by the new certificate, together with the certificate or bond serial number and return the Form K to the person presenting it.

II. CHANGE OF ADDRESS

3. A registrar or transfer agent may record a change of address on a bond or share register including a change of address for the purpose of forwarding interest and dividend cheques:

(a) From an address in Canada to another address in Canada; or

(b) From an address in the sterling area to another address in the sterling area or to an address in Canada; or

(c) From an address outside Canada and the sterling area to any other address.

In all other cases the permission of the Board must be obtained before a change of address is recorded.

III. DISCHARGES AND BOOK STOCK

4. Registrars and transfer agents having occasion to deal with discharges from a Canadian to a foreign share register or vice versa or transfers, discharges or changes of address of book stock should apply to the Board for instructions as to the manner in which such transactions may be effected and the procedure to be followed.

IV. NEWFOUNDLAND

5. For the purposes of this Notice, a resident of Newfoundland is deemed to be a resident of Canada and an address in Newfoundland as an address in Canada.

V. CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY

6. Nothing in this Notice authorizes any transaction which is contrary to the Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy or any Regulations or Instructions of the Custodian of Enemy Property. Any requirements of the Custodian are additional to those of the Board.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

ORDER

By authority of Paragraph (g) of Section 505 of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, the Minister of Labour hereby makes the following Order:—

Order No. 27

All persons who were compulsorily transferred from their former employment to their present employment under authority of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations are hereby excluded from the provisions of Section 202A of the said Regulations, effective the third day of September, 1945.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MACNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of August, 1945.

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

ORDER

By authority of Paragraph (c) of Subsection (1) of Section 202A, the Director of National Selective Service, hereby makes the following Order:

Order No. 28

All establishments are hereby excepted from the provisions of Section 202A of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations.

This Order shall take effect on the seventeenth day of September, 1945.

A. MACNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

APPROVED:

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of August, 1945.



PART III
 Wartime Prices and Trade Board
 (Finance)

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 541

Meatless Days in Public Eating Places

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Order comes into force on the 13th day of August, 1945.
2. Section 3 of Board Order No. 532 is amended by deleting clauses (a) and (b) from subsection (1) thereof and by substituting therefor the following:—
 - “(a) during the twenty-four hour period, commencing immediately after four o'clock in the morning of Tuesday of each week, or
 - (b) during the twenty-four hour period, commencing immediately after four o'clock in the morning of Friday of each week”.

Made at Ottawa, this 8th day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 546

Sale or Exchange of Leather, Imitation Leather and Certain Other Materials

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

Effective Date.

1. This Order comes into force on August 27, 1945.

Sale or Exchange of Raw Materials by Certain Manufacturers Prohibited.

2. No person who wholly or partly manufactures in Canada any footwear, handbag, luggage or small leather goods may sell or exchange any leather, imitation leather or other materials from which such footwear, handbag, luggage or small leather goods may be made, unless he first secures the written permission of the Administrator of the Board having jurisdiction over his manufactured products.

Made at Ottawa this 25th day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1712

Maximum Prices of Apples

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

PART I—APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

Application of the Order

1. (1) This Order becomes effective on September 1, 1945. It replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1398 as amended, which is hereby revoked.

(2) This Order applies to sales of both Canadian grown and imported apples of all varieties, grades and qualities, except sales of

- (a) crabapples;
- (b) apples grown in Alberta, Saskatchewan or Manitoba; and
- (c) apples to consumers by any organization or group of persons to raise funds for charitable, patriotic, philanthropic or religious purposes.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices

2. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded. No charge may be made for a container or for packing, handling or any other service which results in the sum of the price and the charge for the container, packing, handling and/or service exceeding the maximum price.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) (1) "Extra fancy grade", "Fancy grade", "C grade", "Combination Fancy and 'C' grade", "Household grade", "No. 1 grade" and "Domestic grade" mean respectively, apples which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for those grades of apples as defined and described in the Regulations issued under the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.
- (2) "Combination No. 1 and Domestic grade" means apples grown and sold in Ontario which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for that grade defined and described in the regulations issued under the Farm Products Grades and Sales Act (Ontario);
- (b) "distributing centre" means a city, town or village in which one or more wholesale distributors are carrying on business;
- (c) "Maritimes" means the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island;
- (d) "shipper" means a primary producer of apples, or any other person who assembles and ships apples at the point of production;
- (e) "Southern Ontario" means that part of the province of Ontario lying to the south of the 45th parallel of north latitude;
- (f) "protective services" means the heating, refrigerating or insulating of a railway freight car in which apples are shipped;
- (g) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (h) "varieties" of apples are grouped as follows:
 - (i) Group No. 1 includes the following varieties: Crimson Gravenstein, Delicious, Fameuse (Snow), Golden Russett, Lawfam, Newton, Sandow, Stay-

man Winesap, Winesap, the McIntosh family (Cortland, Early McIntosh, Hume, Joyce, Kendall, Lobo, Macoun, McIntosh, Melba) and Northern Spy Apples grown elsewhere than in British Columbia, and

- (ii) Group No. 2 includes all varieties not included in Group No. 1 and Northern Spy apples grown in British Columbia;
- (i) "wholesale distributor" means any person, other than a shipper, who sells apples at wholesale, and "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail or to a consumer. "Consumer" means a person who buys apples for his personal or household consumption;
- (j) "windfalls" means apples which are not picked by hand from the tree but which although ungraded as to quality and standard may lawfully be sold.

PART II—SALES BY SHIPPERS

(including primary producers)

Sales by Shippers to Wholesale Distributors and Certain Other Buyers

4. (1) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell apples grown in Ontario or Quebec of a variety and grade, and packed in a kind of container set forth in Part I of the Schedule hereto to a wholesale distributor, an operator of a dehydrating plant, a commercial processor of apples, a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery of the apples at such warehouse, and to any person who buys the apples in carload lots, delivered

- (a) at any point in Southern Ontario shall be the price for the same set forth in Part I of the said Schedule;
- (b) at any point in any part of Canada other than Southern Ontario, shall be the maximum price for the same as set forth in clause (a) preceding, PLUS the amount by which the cost of transporting apples at the lowest carload lot commodity freight rate on apples from Toronto to such point is more than 25 cents per 100 pounds.

(2) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell apples grown in the Maritimes of a variety and grade and packed in a kind of container set forth in Part II of the said Schedule to any class of buyer named in subsection (1) preceding, delivered,

- (a) at Kentville, Nova Scotia, shall be the maximum price for the same set forth in Part II of the said Schedule;
- (b) at any other point in any part of Canada shall be the maximum price for the same at Kentville as set forth in clause (a) preceding, PLUS an amount equal to the cost of transporting apples at the lowest carload lot commodity freight rate on apples from Kentville to such other point.

(3) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell to any class of buyer named in subsection (1) preceding, apples grown in British Columbia of a variety and grade set forth in Part III of the said Schedule and packed in a kind of container set forth in the said Part III or shipped in carload lots in bulk, delivered,

- (a) at Kelowna, British Columbia, shall be the maximum price for the same set forth in Part III of the said Schedule;
- (b) at any other point in any part of Canada shall be the maximum price for the same at Kelowna as set forth in clause (a) preceding, PLUS an amount equal to the cost of transporting apples at the lowest carload lot commodity freight rate on apples from Kelowna to such other point.

Sales by Shippers to Buyers not Covered by Sections 4 and 6.

5. The maximum price at which a shipper may sell apples grown in Canada of a variety and grade and packed in a kind of container set forth in the said Schedule to any person other than

- (a) a wholesale distributor;
- (b) the operator of a dehydrating plant;
- (c) a commercial processor of apples;
- (d) a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery of the apples at such warehouse;

- (e) any person who buys the apples in carload lots; or
 (f) a consumer

delivered at any point in any part of Canada shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price as fixed by this Order at which he may sell those apples to a wholesale distributor delivered to such point; and
 (b) if such point is not within a distributing centre, an amount equal to the cost of transporting apples at the lowest less than carload lot commodity freight rate on apples to the buyer's receiving point from the distributing centre nearest to it; and
 (c) a markup not exceeding $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent of his selling price.

Sales by Shippers to Consumers.

6. The maximum price at which a shipper may sell apples grown in Canada of a variety and grade and packed in a kind of container set forth in the said Schedule to a consumer delivered at any point in any part of Canada shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) an amount equal to the maximum price fixed by Section 5 at which he may sell those apples delivered to such point to a buyer under the provisions of that Section; and
 (b) a markup not exceeding,
 (i) 20 per cent of his selling price, if the apples are packed and sold in containers having a capacity of 35 pounds or more; or
 (ii) 25 per cent of his selling price if the apples are sold in quantities of less than 35 pounds or are packed and sold in containers having a capacity of less than 35 pounds.

Periodic Increases in Shipper's Maximum Prices and Special Prices for Group No. 2 Apples from July 1 to September 15 Inclusive.

7. (1) The maximum prices fixed by Sections 4, 5 and 6 apply to sales of apples of the McIntosh family and Fameuse (Snow) varieties during the months of September and October in any year, to sales of all other varieties of Group 1 variety apples during the months of September, October and November in any year, and to Group 2 apples during the period September 16 to November 30, inclusive, in any year. Except as provided in subsection (2) of this Section, the maximum price at which a shipper may sell any variety and grade of apples to any buyer during any period set forth in the following table shall, according to the kind of container, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell those apples to that buyer, under the provisions of Sections 4, 5 or 6, as the case may be, PLUS the additional amount according to the kind of container and the variety of the apples, set out for that period in the table.

TABLE TO SECTION 7

Period	Increase in Maximum Prices		
	Standard Box, Crate, Bushel Hamper	Standard Barrel	Other Containers
	(per container)	(per barrel)	(per pound of fruit)
McIntosh and Fameuse Varieties—			
November.....	0.07	0.20	1/6c.
December.....	0.17	0.50	2/5c.
January.....	0.27	0.80	3/5c.
February.....	0.37	1.10	4/5c.
March to August inclusive.....	0.47	1.40	1.1/6c.
All Other Varieties—			
December.....	0.07	0.20	1/6c.
January.....	0.17	0.50	2/5c.
February.....	0.27	0.80	3/5c.
March.....	0.37	1.10	4/5c.
April to August inclusive.....	0.47	1.40	1.1/6c.

(2) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell any grade of Group 2 variety apples to any buyer during the period from July 1 to August 31, inclusive, or from September 1 to September 15, inclusive, in any year, shall, according to the kind of container, be an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by subsection (1) preceding at which he may sell the same grade of Group No. 1 variety apples to that class of buyer during that period.

Sales of Ungraded Apples

8. Except as provided in Section 9 (which deals with sales of loose-packed apples) the maximum price at which a shipper may sell to any buyer during any period any apples which are not graded, packed and marked in accordance with a grade defined in Section 3 shall be according to the kind of container,

- (a) if the apples are packed in a standard box, an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell to that buyer during that period "C" grade apples of the same variety packed in a standard box less 15 cts. per box, or
- (b) if the apples are packed in a barrel, crate or bushel hamper, an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell to that buyer during that period domestic grade apples of the same variety packed in that kind of container less 45 cts. per barrel or 15 cts. per crate or bushel hamper.

Sales of Loose-Packed Apples

9. The maximum price at which a shipper may sell to any buyer during any period any apples which are loose-packed in accordance with the Regulations of the province in which they are grown and sold but which conform in all other respects with a grade defined in Section 3 shall, according to the kind of container, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell to that buyer during that period apples of the same variety which conform in all respects to that grade LESS 45 cts. per barrel or 15 cts. per box, crate or bushel hamper.

Sales of Windfalls

10. In provinces where the sale of windfalls is allowed, the maximum price at which a shipper may sell windfalls of any variety to any class of buyer shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell domestic grade apples of the same variety to that class of buyer LESS 60 cents per barrel or 20 cents per crate or bushel hamper.

Protective Services

11. Where it is necessary for a shipper to use any customary protective service for the protection of any shipment of apples while in transit by railway to any buyer, the maximum price at which he may sell those apples shall be an amount equal to the maximum price fixed by the other provisions of this Order on sales by him of those apples to that buyer PLUS the actual cost of that protective service but not exceeding the standard or customary charge for same.

PART III—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

12. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell during any period any apples grown in Canada delivered to a buyer at any point shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) (i) an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order at which during that period, a shipper could have sold those apples to the wholesale distributor exclusive of protective service charges, delivered to the distributing centre nearest to that point (if the point is not a distributing centre) together with an amount equal to the cost of transporting the apples to that point from such distributing centre at the lowest less than carload lot commodity freight rate on apples; or
- (ii) if that point is a distributing centre or if the apples are shipped directly in carload lots by railway to that point from the shipping point of the original shipper, an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order at which during that period a shipper could have sold those apples to the wholesale distributor delivered at that point, exclusive of protective service charges;

- (b) subject to any directions of the Administrator given by notice published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations*, if his supplier shipped the apples to him by railway and used any protective service, the protective service charges, if any, paid by him;
 - (c) if he purchased British Columbia grown apples in bulk in carload lots, an amount equal to
 - (i), 1 cent per pound of apples, if he sells the apples in less than carload lots, or
 - (ii) $\frac{1}{4}$ cent per pound of apples, if he sells the apples in carload lots; and
 - (d) a markup not exceeding $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent of his selling price.
- (2) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any grade and variety of imported apples during any period delivered
- (a) at any point in that part of Canada west of the 88th degree of west longitude shall, according to the kind and capacity of container, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell apples of the same variety group and grade grown in British Columbia delivered in the same kind and capacity of container to that point during that period;
 - (b) at any point in Ontario east of the 88th degree of west longitude, or in Quebec shall, according to the kind and capacity of container, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell apples of the same variety group and grade grown in Ontario or Quebec delivered in the same kind and capacity of container to that point during that period; or
 - (c) at any point in the Maritimes shall, according to the kind and capacity of container, be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell apples of the same variety group and grade grown in the Maritimes delivered in the same kind and capacity of container to that point during that period.

PART IV—SALES BY RETAILERS

13. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) the maximum price at which a person other than a shipper may sell at retail any apples grown in Canada or any imported apples purchased by him from a wholesale distributor shall be the sum of the following:
- (a) his actual delivered cost of the apples but not exceeding the maximum price at which during the period in which he purchased the apples a wholesale distributor could have sold those apples to him delivered to the city, town or village in which he has his place of business; and
 - (b) $\frac{3}{4}$ cents per pound of apples if the apples were grown in British Columbia and were purchased by him in bulk in carload lots from a wholesale distributor; and
 - (c) the amount, if any, by which the maximum price at which a shipper could have sold those apples to a wholesale distributor during the period in which they are sold by the retailer, exceeds the maximum price at which a shipper could have sold those apples to a wholesale distributor during the period in which they were purchased by the retailer; and
 - (d) when the apples are packed and sold in containers having a capacity of 35 pounds or more, a markup not exceeding the markup under the markup symbol "F" in the said Schedule of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order; or
 - (e) when the apples are sold in quantities of less than 35 pounds, or are packed and sold in containers having a capacity of less than 35 pounds, a markup not exceeding the markup under the markup symbol "H" in the said Schedule of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

(2) The maximum price at which any person, other than a shipper, may sell at retail at any point any apples purchased by him during any period from a shipper at a price not exceeding the maximum price at which, during that period, the shipper could have sold those apples to a wholesale distributor delivered at that point, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the apples, provided that if he bought at less than such shipper's maximum price to a wholesale distributor, he may treat that maximum price as being the actual price paid by him; and
 - (b) one cent per pound of apples if the apples were grown in British Columbia and were purchased by him in bulk in carload lots from the shipper; and
 - (c) the amount, if any, by which the maximum price at which a shipper could have sold those apples to a wholesale distributor during the period in which they are sold by the retailer, exceeds the maximum price at which a shipper could have sold those apples to a wholesale distributor during the period in which they were purchased by the retailer; and
 - (d) when the apples are packed and sold in containers having a capacity of 35 pounds or more, a markup not exceeding the markup under the markup symbol "G" in the said Schedule of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that order; or
 - (e) when the apples are sold in quantities of less than 35 pounds or are packed and sold in containers having a capacity of less than 35 pounds, a markup not exceeding the markup under the markup symbol "J" in the said Schedule of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.
- (3) The maximum price at which any person may, during any period sell at retail at any point in Canada any grade and variety of apples imported by him, shall, according to the kind of container, be the sum of the following:—
- (a) the amount to which under the provisions of Section 12 he could add his markup if he were a wholesale distributor selling those apples at that point; and
 - (b) a markup according to the provisions of clause (d) or (e) as the case may be, of subsection (2) of this Section.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this Section, if apples are not priced and sold by a retailer by the container in the original container in which they were packed when received by him, they shall be priced and sold by him by weight. Except as otherwise authorized by the Administrator in writing, for the purpose of determining the maximum price of any such apples in terms of the quantity priced by a retailer, the net weight of the apples in the original container in which they were packed when received by the retailer shall be deemed to be the net weight for such container set forth in the following table:—

TABLE

Quebec crate	42 pounds
Standard Apple Box or Bushel carton (wrapped)	41 pounds
Standard Apple Box or Bushel carton (unwrapped)	38 pounds
Bushel Hamper	41 pounds
Barrel	130 pounds

Other containers listed in Schedule—actual net weight.

(5) A retailer may price and sell apples by unit or in multiples thereof if the number of apples in the original container in which they were packed when received by him is stamped or marked on such container and, for the purpose of determining the maximum price of the apples in terms of the number of units priced by the retailer, the number so stamped or marked on the original container shall be deemed to be the number of units in such original container when received by him.

PART V—GENERAL

Unlisted Containers

14. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell to any class of buyer any apples in a container not listed in the said Schedule shall be determined on the basis of the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales to the same class of buyer of that grade and variety of apples packed in its base container according to the relationship which the net weight of the apples in such unlisted container bears to

the standard net weight of the apples in its base container, cost of container included. For the purposes of this Section the base containers for apples and the standard net weights thereof shall be deemed to be as follows:

TABLE OF BASE CONTAINERS

<i>Area of Production</i>	<i>Base Container</i>	<i>Standard Net Weight</i>
Ontario and Quebec (Part I)	Bushel Hamper	41 pounds
Maritimes (Part II)	Standard Barrel	130 pounds
British Columbia (Part III)	Standard Box (wrapped)	41 pounds

(2) This Section does not apply to sales at retail of apples in unlisted containers except when the apples are sold by the container in the original container in which they were packed when received by the seller. If the apples are not sold in the unbroken original container but in smaller quantities Section 13 shall apply.

Sales of Apples Received on Consignment

15. The maximum price at which any person may sell to any class of buyer any apples received by him on consignment from any person shall be an amount equal to the maximum price at which he may sell to the same class of buyer apples of the same kind, grade and variety and packed in the same kind and capacity of container purchased by him from such person.

Sales Invoices

16. (1) On every sale of apples other than a sale at retail every seller shall at the time of delivery of the apples furnish the buyer with an invoice showing,

- (a) the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer and the date of sale;
- (b) the grade of the apples if other than Number 1;
- (c) the province in which the apples were grown if other than the province in which the sale is made provided that if any apples not grown in British Columbia are sold in Alberta, Saskatchewan or Manitoba the province in which they were grown must be shown on the invoice;
- (d) the variety of the apples and the kind of container and if the apples are packed in a box or carton and are unwrapped, the abbreviation "unwrp."; and
- (e) the quantity sold and the price charged.

The abbreviations listed in the Schedule hereto may be used on the invoices for designating grades. The following abbreviations may be used on the invoice to describe the container:

<i>Container</i>	<i>Abbreviations</i>
Barrel	Bbl.
Bushel Hamper	Hpr.
$\frac{1}{2}$ Bushel Hamper	$\frac{1}{2}$ Hpr.
Crate	Crt.
$\frac{1}{2}$ Crate	$\frac{1}{2}$ Crt.
Standard Box	Box
Carton	Ctn.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Records of Purchases

17. Every person who buys any apples for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the apples to him,

- (a) obtain from his supplier an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 16 covering that transaction, and

- (b) obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the apples.

Retention and Inspection of Invoices and Transportation Receipts

18. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller of apples is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys apples for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

19. Every person who sells apples at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the grade, variety, quantity and price of the apples sold.

Dated at Ottawa, this 22nd day of August, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1712

Maximum Prices of Canadian grown apples when sold by shippers to wholesale distributors, to operators of dehydrating plants, to commercial processors of apples, to any retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery of the apples at such warehouse and to any person who buys the apples in carload lots.

NOTES:

1. The maximum prices in this Schedule include the cost of the containers.
2. All containers listed in this Schedule are standard containers conforming with the Regulations under The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.
3. For maximum prices of apples in containers not listed in the Schedule see Section 14.
4. The maximum prices in the Schedule are for apples properly packed according to the said Regulations. For maximum prices of "loose-packed" apples see Section 9.
5. Ungraded apples and windfalls must be priced according to Sections 8 and 10 respectively.

6. The following grade abbreviations are used in this Schedule:

Extra Fancy Grade ...	E.F.	No. 1 Grade	No. 1
Fancy Grade	Fcy.	Domestic Grade	Dom.
"C" Grade	"C"	Household Grade	H.H.
Combination Fancy and	{ Comb.	Combination No. 1 and	
"C" Grade	{ Fcy-C	Domestic Grade	Comb.

PART I

Maximum Prices of apples grown in Ontario or Quebec when sold for delivery at any point in Southern Ontario by shippers to the above named classes of buyers.

Kind of Container	Varieties in Group No. 1 Grades			Varieties in Group No. 2 Grades					
	No. 1	Comb.	Dom.	No. 1	Comb.	Dom.			
Barrel.....	\$7.35	\$6.90	\$6.45	\$6.35	\$6.05	\$5.75			
Crate.....	2.55	2.40	2.25	2.20	2.10	2.00			
Half Crate.....	1.53	1.44	1.35	1.32	1.26	1.20			
Bushel Hamper.....	2.45	2.30	2.15	2.10	2.00	1.90			
Half Bushel Hamper.....	1.47	1.38	1.29	1.26	1.20	1.14			
11-qt. Basket.....	.90	.84	.78	.78	.74	.70			
6-qt. Basket.....	.54	.51	.47	.47	.44	.42			
Kind of Container	Varieties in Group No. 1 Grades				Varieties in Group No. 2 Grades				
	E.F.	Comb.		Fey.	Comb.		Fey.	Fey-C	"C"
		Fey.	Fey-C		"C"				
Box (wrapped).....	\$2.95	\$2.70	\$2.58	\$2.45	\$2.35	\$2.25	\$2.15		
Bushel Carton (wrapped or divid- ed).....	2.95	2.70	2.58	2.45	2.35	2.25	2.15		
Bushel Carton (unwrapped).....	2.80	2.55	2.43	2.30	2.20	2.10	2.00		
Half Bushel Carton (wrapped or divided).....	1.77	1.62	1.55	1.47	1.41	1.35	1.29		
Half Bushel Carton (unwrapped).....	1.68	1.53	1.46	1.38	1.32	1.26	1.20		
Peck Carton.....	1.05	.95	.90	.85	.83	.80	.75		

PART II

Maximum prices of apples grown in the Maritimes when sold by shippers to the above named classes of buyers. All prices are f.o.b. Kentville, Nova Scotia.

Kind of Container	Varieties in Group No. 1 Grades		Varieties in Group No. 2 Grades	
	No. 1	Dom.	No. 1	Dom.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Barrel.....	6.60	5.70	5.60	5.00
Bushel Hamper or Bushel Carton....	2.20	1.90	1.87	1.67
Half Bushel Hamper or Carton....	1.32	1.14	1.12	1.00
Crate.....	2.30	2.00	1.97	1.77
Half-Crate.....	1.38	1.20	1.18	1.06
11-qt. Basket.....	.81	.70	.70	.63
6-qt. Basket.....	.49	.42	.42	.38

Kind of Container	Varieties in Group No. 1 Grades				Varieties in Group No. 2 Grades		
	E.F.	Fey.	Comb. Fey-C	"C"	Fey.	Comb. Fey-C	"C"
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Box (wrapped) or Bushel Carton (wrapped or divided).....	2.75	2.50	2.38	2.25	2.15	2.05	1.95
Box (unwrapped) or Bushel Carton (unwrapped).....	2.60	2.35	2.23	2.10	2.00	1.90	1.80
Half Bushel Carton (wrapped or divided).....	1.65	1.50	1.43	1.35	1.29	1.23	1.17
Half Bushel Carton (unwrapped)....	1.56	1.41	1.34	1.26	1.20	1.14	1.08

PART III

Maximum Prices of apples grown in British Columbia when sold by shippers to the above named classes of buyers. All prices are f.o.b. Kelowna, British Columbia.

Kind of Container	Varieties in Group No. 1 Grades					Varieties in Group No. 2 Grades			
	E.F.	Fey.	Comb. Fey-C	"C"	H.H.	Fey.	Comb. Fey-C	"C"	H.H.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Box (wrapped).....	2.35	2.10	1.90	1.75	.....	1.85	1.75	1.65	.....
Box (unwrapped)....	.....	.....	1.75	1.60	1.70	.....	1.60	1.50	1.55
Bulk Apples in Car- load Lots.....	Varieties in Group No. 1 Ungraded					Varieties in Group No. 2 Ungraded			
	2½ cts. per pound					2½ cts. per pound			

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1713

Respecting Preferential Rating of Motor Vehicle Repairs

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Motor Vehicles and Parts, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-621, as amended, which established priorities for the repairing of civilian motor vehicles, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on August 24, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 23rd day of August, 1945.

E. R. BIRCHARD,

Administrator of Motor Vehicles and Parts.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,

Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1714

**Respecting the Conversion of Real Property Known as 10 Clarendon Avenue,
in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario**

Whereas in the City of Toronto there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient housing accommodation available by ordinary means for the shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation and it is desirable, in the public interest to encourage and, where necessary, to authorize the maximum and best possible use of available real property by the conversion of existing dwelling houses into multiple dwelling houses, notwithstanding the provisions of by-laws, building restrictions or covenants in leases and conveyances which prohibit or limit such conversions;

And whereas application has been made by the owner of real property in the City of Toronto known in the year 1945 as No. 10 Clarendon Avenue, for permission to convert the same into a two-family dwelling house;

And whereas the Special Committee on Residence Conversions appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto has approved such conversion of the aforesaid real property subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any law, by-law, conveyance, deed or agreement which in any way prohibits or restricts the conversion of real property known in the year 1945 as 10 Clarendon Avenue, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario, into and the use thereof as a multiple family dwelling house, the owner of such single family dwelling house is hereby permitted to convert into and use the same as a two-family dwelling house, subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) no dwelling unit therein shall have a floor area less than five hundred square feet;
- (b) all exterior alteration to the said dwelling house shall be approved by the Commissioner of Buildings for the City of Toronto and all structural alterations thereto shall be in accordance with the provisions of Building By-law No. 9868 of the Corporation of the City of Toronto;
- (c) the said dwelling house shall not be enlarged except as may be required or permitted by the said Commissioner of Buildings under the provisions of said By-law No. 9868.

2. This Order shall come into force on the 27th day of August, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 23rd day of August, 1945.

O. LOBLEY,
Rentals Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1715

Revocation of Administrator's Order No. A-1190

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Rayon Administrator, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

- 1. This Order comes into force on August-24, 1945.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1190 respecting the use of Nylon Yarns is hereby revoked.

Dated at Ottawa this 24th day of August, 1945.

S. G. DIXON,
Rayon Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1716

Maximum Prices of Matzoh Products

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Deputy Co-ordinator (Manufactured Foods), it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order shall come into force on September 1, 1945, and revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1030 as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-1114.

PART I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

2. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "basic period" means the month of March, 1942;
- (b) "matzoh product" means and includes any plain matzoh, egg matzoh, whole wheat or hygienic matzoh, matzoh meal, matzoh cake meal, or matzoh Farfel or Passover cereal;
- (c) "sale at wholesale" means a sale otherwise than at retail and "sell at wholesale" has a corresponding meaning;
- (d) "sell" includes an offer to sell.

3. All prices mentioned in this Order are maximum prices and shall not be exceeded. Such prices include all charges and no charge may be made for a container or package or for any service which results in the sum of the price and the charge exceeding the maximum price.

4. Any consideration, money or money's worth given or paid by the buyer to any person in connection with the purchase of a matzoh product or received by the seller from any person in connection with the sale of a matzoh product shall constitute part of its price.

5. (1) On a sale of a matzoh product by a manufacturer or by a wholesaler to a buyer whose place of business is in the same city, town or village as that of the seller or is within the seller's customary free delivery zone, delivery shall be free to the buyer. All other sales by the manufacturer or by a wholesaler shall be f.o.b. the seller's place of business.

(2) Where by any provision of this Order the cost of transportation may lawfully be included in a maximum price as part of the cost of a matzoh product, the cost of transportation so included shall be calculated at not more than common carrier freight rate.

PART II—MATZOH PRODUCTS MADE IN CANADA

Sales by Manufacturers

6. The maximum price, including sales tax, at which a manufacturer may sell any matzoh product made by him in Canada shall be as follows:

- (a) on a sale to a wholesaler, the price set forth below for that matzoh product:

<i>Kind Sold</i>	<i>Per Package of Following Net Weight Content</i>		
	12 to 14 ounces	16 ounce	2½ lbs.
(i) Plain matzoh, matzoh meal, matzoh cake meal, matzoh Farfel or Passover Cereal...	18c	19c	45c
(ii) Wholewheat or hygienic matzoh	22c	23c	56c
(iii) Egg matzoh	31c	..	..

- (b) on a sale to a retailer, the prices fixed by clause (a) of this Section PLUS a markup of 18 per cent of the manufacturer's selling price;
- (c) on a sale at retail, the price fixed by clause (a) of this Section PLUS a markup of 25 per cent of the manufacturer's selling price.

Sales by Wholesalers

7. The maximum price, including sales tax, at which a wholesaler may sell at wholesale any matzoh product made in Canada shall be as follows:—

- (a) on a sale to another wholesaler, the maximum price fixed by clause (a) of Section 6 PLUS the actual cost paid by the selling wholesaler for transportation of the goods from his supplier's premises to the city, town or village in which his own premises are situate, if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him;
- (b) on a sale to a retailer, the sum of the following:—
- the actual price paid by him to his supplier, but not more than the maximum price at which his supplier may sell the goods to him as fixed by clause (a) of Section 6, if the supplier was the manufacturer, or as fixed by clause (a) of this Section, if the supplier was a wholesaler;
 - the actual cost paid by the wholesaler for transporting the goods from his supplier's premises to the city, town or village in which his own premises are situate, if his supplier is not required by this order to deliver free to him; and
 - a markup not more than the percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales to retailers during the basic period, of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of matzoh product made in Canada or imported into Canada; but the markup shall not in any event be more than 18 per cent of his selling price.

Sales by Retailers

8. The maximum price at which a retailer may sell any matzoh product made in Canada shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him to his supplier, but not more than the maximum price at which his supplier may sell the goods to him as fixed by clause (b) of Section 6, if the supplier was a manufacturer, or as fixed by clause (b) of Section 7, if the supplier was a wholesaler;
- (b) the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from his supplier's premises to the city, town or village in which his own premises are situate, if his supplier is not required by this order to deliver free to him; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:—
- the markup, which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him or his sales during the basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of matzoh product made in Canada or imported into Canada;
 - the markup under the markup Symbol "G" as in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order; or

- (d) if the matzoh product was bought by the retailer from the manufacturer at a price not greater than the manufacturer's maximum price on sales to a wholesaler, fixed by clause (a) of Section 6, the lesser of the two following markups:
- (i) the markup, which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales during the basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of matzoh product made in Canada or imported into Canada when bought by him from the manufacturer or the importer at a price not greater than the price at which such supplier during the basic period sold to a wholesaler;
 - (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

PART III—IMPORTED MATZOH PRODUCTS

9. The maximum price, including sales tax, at which a wholesaler may sell at wholesale any matzoh product imported by him into Canada, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the lawful maximum price, f.o.b. U.S. shipping point fixed by the Maximum Price Regulations of the Office of Price Administration of the United States Government at which the United States manufacturer could, on June 27, 1945, have sold the matzoh product to a wholesaler, PLUS, if bought through a broker, brokerage charges as authorized by the said O.P.A. regulations;
- (b) the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from the United States manufacturer's shipping point to the city, town or village in which the importing wholesaler's premises are situate;
- (c) bank and foreign exchange and insurance charges, customs duty, excise tax, sales tax, and war exchange tax borne by him and not included in the price paid for the goods; and
- (d) a markup not more than the percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales to a retailer during the basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of matzoh product imported by him into Canada; but the markup shall not in any event be more than 18 per cent of his selling price.

Sales by Non-Importing Wholesalers

10. The maximum price, including sales tax, at which a wholesaler may sell at wholesale any imported matzoh product not imported by him, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him to his supplier, but not more than the maximum price, fixed by Section 9, at which the importing wholesaler may sell the same at wholesale;
- (b) the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from his supplier's premises to the city, town or village in which his own premises are situate, if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him;
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:—
 - (i) the percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales during the basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of imported matzoh product not imported by him;
 - (ii) the difference, if any, by which the actual price he paid for the goods is less than the maximum price, fixed by Section 9, at which the importing wholesaler may sell the same at wholesale.

Sales by Non-Importing Retailers

11. The maximum price at which a retailer may sell any imported matzoh product not imported by him, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him to his supplier, but not more than the maximum price at which his supplier may sell the goods to him as fixed by Section 9, if the supplier imported the goods, or as fixed by Section 10, if the supplier did not import the goods;
- (b) the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from his supplier's premises to the city, town or village in which his own premises are situate, if his supplier is not required by this Order to deliver free to him;
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:—
 - (i) the markup, which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales during the basic period of the same or substantially similar kind and quality of imported matzoh product, not imported by him;
 - (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "G" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

Sales of Importing Retailers

12. The maximum price, including sales tax, at which a retailer may sell any matzoh product imported by him, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the lawful maximum price, f.o.b. U.S. shipping point fixed by the maximum price regulations of the Office of Price Administration of the United States Government at which the United States manufacturer could, on June 27, 1945, have sold the matzoh product to a wholesaler PLUS, if bought through a broker, brokerage charges as authorized by the said O.P.A. regulations;
- (b) the actual cost paid by him for transporting the goods from the U.S. manufacturer's shipping point to the city, town or village in which the importing retailer's own premises are situate;
- (c) bank and foreign exchange and insurance charges, customs duty, excise tax, sales tax and war exchange tax borne by him and not included in the price paid for the goods; and
- (d) the lesser of the two following markups:—
 - (i) the markup, which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on his sales during the basic period of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of matzoh product imported by him;
 - (ii) the markup under the markup symbol "H" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450, calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

PART IV—RECORDS AND INVOICES

13. Every importer shall make and keep written records sufficient to disclose particulars of his purchases of matzoh products.

14. On every sale of a matzoh product other than a sale at retail, the seller shall at the time of delivery furnish the buyer an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of seller and buyer, date of sale, kind sold, net weight content of package, total quantity sold and the price charged. The seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each such invoice.

15. Every person other than an importer who buys matzoh products for resale shall at the time he receives delivery thereof, obtain

- (a) from his supplier an invoice covering the transaction completed as specified in Section 14, and

(b) a receipted bill for any amount paid by him for the transportation of the goods.

16. Every record, invoice, bill or other document referred to in Sections 13, 14 and 15 shall be retained by the person required to make, furnish or obtain the same and be available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within 12 months of the transaction to which it relates.

17. Every retailer on a sale of a matzoh product shall, if requested by the buyer at the time of sale, furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, name and address of the seller, the kind sold, net weight content of package, quantity sold and the price charged.

Dated at Ottawa, this 25th day of August, 1945.

F. T. W. SAUNDERS,
Deputy Co-ordinator (Manufactured Foods).

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1717

Lamb and Mutton

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on August 25, 1945.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1246 as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-1679 is hereby further amended by revoking Section 33 thereof and substituting the following:—

"33. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Order, lamb obtained from a carcass of a sheep, born since January 1, 1945 and slaughtered on or before August 31, 1945, may be sold

(a) at wholesale during the period July 16 to August 31, 1945 both inclusive, at prices not exceeding the maximum prices fixed by this Order for sales of spring lamb at wholesale during the period May 1 to May 15, 1945;

(b) at retail during the period July 16 to September 1, 1945, both inclusive, at prices not exceeding the maximum prices fixed by this Order for sales of spring lamb at retail during the period May 1 to July 15, 1945."

Dated at Ottawa this 25th day of August, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,
Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1718

The Extension of Soap

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Oils and Fats, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on August 29, 1945.
2. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "anhydrous soap content" means the water-free part of soap resulting from and interaction of fatty oils, fats and/or fatty acids with alkalis;
 - (b) "builder" means any water soluble alkaline compound other than sodium or potassium hydroxide used in the manufacture of soap;
 - (c) "heavy duty packaged soap" means any soap in flake, chip, powdered, granulated or similar form, in packages of less than 25 pounds net weight and the anhydrous soap content of which is not less than 50 per cent and not more than 85 per cent by weight.

3. (1) On and after September 8, 1945, no manufacturer shall manufacture any brand or type of heavy duty packaged soap the anhydrous soap content of which exceeds 90 per cent of the anhydrous soap content of the same brand or type of heavy duty packaged soap manufactured by him during the month of July, 1945.

(2) The amount by which the anhydrous soap content of any heavy duty packaged soap is reduced pursuant to subsection (1) of this Section shall in every case be replaced by the same weight of builder.

4. Each manufacturer of heavy duty packaged soap shall in each month maintain his production of each brand or type of heavy duty packaged soap made by him in July, 1945, in the same ratio to his total production of all brands and types of heavy duty packaged soap as his average monthly production of that brand or type of heavy duty packaged soap in 1944 bore to his average monthly production of all brands and types of heavy duty packaged soap in 1944.

5. (1) The total amount of fats and oils or their derivatives saved by reason of the reduction in the amount of anhydrous soap content in heavy duty packaged soap as required by subsection (1) of Section 3 hereof shall be used by the manufacturer to produce bar laundry and bar household soap whose overall anhydrous soap content does not exceed 60 per cent.

(2) (a) Any manufacturer who did not produce heavy duty packaged soap during the month of July 1945, and

(b) any manufacturer who produces heavy duty packaged soap and who does not manufacture bar laundry or bar household soap of the kind described in subsection (1) of this Section,

shall apply to the Administrator for directions.

6. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator upon application to him may authorize in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of August, 1945.

F. H. LEHBERG,
Administrator of Fats and Oils.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV
 Wartime Industries Control Board
 (Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
 CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

ORDER No. C.C. 2C-3

(Order No. C.C. 2C-1—Ethylene Glycol Antifreeze—Rescinded)

Dated August 24, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 2C-1 dated May 1, 1944, as amended by Order No. C.C. 2C-2 dated September 19, 1944, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

CONCURRED IN BY THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD.

D. GORDON, *Chairman.*

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
 CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

ORDER No. C.C. 25A

(Order No. C.C. 25—Anti-Freeze—Rescinded)

Dated August 24, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 25 dated June 1, 1943, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 11F

(Order No. M.C. 11E—Lead—Rescinded)

Dated August 27, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 11E, dated June 23, 1945, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 16A

(Order No. M.C. 16—Primary Cadmium—Rescinded)

Dated August 25, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 16, dated May 30, 1942, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 34A

(Order No. M.C. 34—Nickel Mill Products—Rescinded)

Dated August 25, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 34, dated November 16, 1942, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 37C

(Order No. M.C. 37B—Platinum—Rescinded)

Dated August 27, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 37B, dated June 1, 1945, is rescinded.

F. M. CONNELL,
Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 39A

(Order No. M.C. 39—Cadmium Plating—Rescinded)

Dated August 25, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 39, dated December 23, 1942, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 49C

(Order No. M.C. 49B—Magnesium—Rescinded)

Dated August 25, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 49B, dated October 19, 1944, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 53C

• (Order No. M.C. 53B—Antimony—Rescinded)

Dated August 28, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 53B, dated March 24, 1945, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

PART V

Export Permit Branch
(Trade and Commerce)**Export Permit Branch Order No. 127**

OTTAWA, August 24, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:—

1. That Pig Iron be deleted from Annex No. 1 to Export Permit Branch Order No. 103 of November 22, 1944, so that an export permit will be required for shipments of Pig Iron to any destination.
2. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after August 28, 1945.

JAS. A. MACKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III No. 10



SEPTEMBER 10, 1945

**CANADIAN WAR ORDERS
AND REGULATIONS
1945**

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793 of
26th November, 1942

**STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
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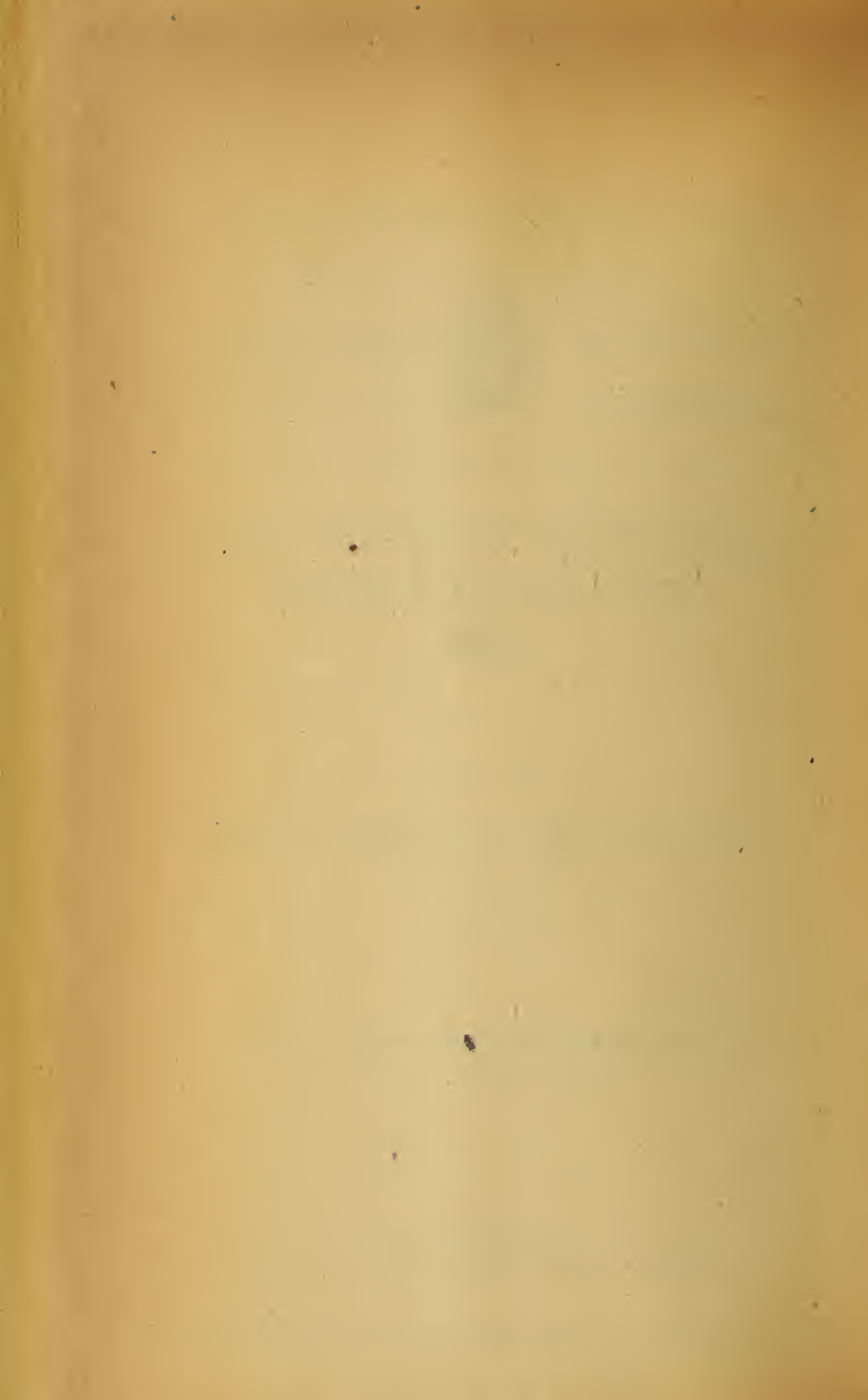


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PART I
Orders in Council

Order in Council amending The National Housing Act, 1944

P.C. 5794

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 30th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports:

That a serious shortage of housing accommodation of all kinds exists in Canada at the present time;

That the shortage of low-rental housing accommodation is most acute and there is little evidence of the existence of a substantial volume of private building which is designed to meet this particular shortage;

That it is imperative if all classes are to be sheltered that a substantial portion of the new housing accommodation to be provided in Canada should be of a rental character, limited to the low-rental field; and

That such low-rental housing accommodation should be made available with the least possible delay and should be offered as soon as available to discharged members of the Armed Forces and their families;

And whereas it is deemed advisable, by reason of the existence of war, and for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that The National Housing Act, 1944, be amended as hereinafter set out, to enable life insurance companies doing business in Canada to co-operate in a joint rental housing enterprise and, with the assistance of loans secured by first mortgage from the Minister of Finance under Section 9 of the said Act, to purchase land and construct thereon low-rental housing projects in various cities in Canada where an acute shortage of rental housing accommodation exists;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend the National Housing Act, 1944, and it is hereby amended as follows:—

1. Subsection (24) of Section 2 of the said Act, is amended by adding thereto the following:—

“and includes

- (i) an institutional housing corporation incorporated to construct, hold and manage a low-rental housing project and the dividends payable by which are limited by the terms of its charter or instrument of incorporation to five per centum per annum or less, and
- (ii) an institutional holding company incorporated for the purpose of holding only the shares of one or more such institutional housing corporations.”

2. Subsection (25) of Section 2 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following:—

“or to such other persons as the Minister under agreement with the owner, may designate having regard to the existence of a condition of shortage, overcrowding or congestion of housing.”

3. Section 2 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following subsections:—

- “(35) ‘institutional holding company’ means a corporation with share capital
- (i) incorporated for the purpose of holding only the shares of one or more institutional housing corporations;
 - (ii) which has power to issue debentures bearing interest at a rate not in excess of five per centum per annum; and
 - (iii) the shares of which are, with the exception of directors’ qualifying shares, wholly owned by one or more life insurance companies or by one or more approved lending institutions designated by the Governor in Council under subsection (5) of Section 11 of this Act.
- (36) ‘institutional housing corporation’ means a corporation with share capital
- (i) empowered to borrow money and to purchase land and construct thereon a low cost or moderate cost rental housing project, including such buildings or such accommodation for retail stores, shops, offices, and other community services, but not including hotels, as the company may deem proper and suitable for the convenience of the tenants of such rental housing project, and thereafter to hold, maintain, repair, alter, demolish, reconstruct, manage, collect, or receive income from, sell or convey, in whole or in part, land so acquired and the improvements thereon; and
 - (ii) the shares of which are, with the exception of directors’ qualifying shares, wholly owned by one or more life insurance companies or by one or more approved lending institutions designated by the Governor in Council under subsection (5) of Section 11 of this Act or by an institutional holding company.”

4. Section 9 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto immediately after subsection (4), the following subsection as subsection (5):—

“(5) A contract with a limited-dividend housing corporation entered into under this section may also provide

- (a) that the Minister shall have the right to designate persons other than families of low incomes to whom housing accommodation provided by the project may be leased; and
- (b) for such other measures to be taken by the Minister and the corporation as the Minister may deem necessary or desirable to give effect to the purposes or provisions of this Act.”

5. Section 11 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto immediately after subsection (1), the following subsection as subsection (1A):—

“(1A) Notwithstanding any restrictions or limitations on its powers contained in any other statute or law, any life insurance company subject to the jurisdiction of Parliament may cause to be formed:

- (a) an institutional holding company, or
- (b) an institutional housing corporation

and may invest its funds in shares or debentures of the said company or in shares of the said corporation to an aggregate amount which, when added to the aggregate amount invested by the said life insurance company under subsection (1) of this section does not exceed five per centum of its total assets in Canada allowed by the Superintendent of Insurance under Section 73 of the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932.”

6. (1) Subsection (2) of Section 11 of the said Act is amended by striking out the words “The conditions under which an investment referred to in the next preceding subsection may be made shall be as follows” and substituting therefor “The conditions under which an investment referred to in subsection (1) of this section may be made shall be as follows”.

(2) Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of Section 11 of the said Act is amended to read "(a) the project *shall in the discretion of the Minister* be constructed in accordance with or in harmony with an official community plan satisfactory to him".

7. Section 11 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto immediately after subsection (2), the following subsection as subsection (2A):—

"(2A) No investment under subsection (1A) of this section shall be made unless

- (i) the project of the institutional housing corporation in the shares of which the investment is to be made, or each project of the institutional housing corporations the shares of which are held by the institutional holding company in the shares and debentures of which the investment is to be made, comply with paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of this section,
- (ii) an application has been submitted to the Minister in the form prescribed by him accompanied by the information in respect of the said project or each of the said projects required by paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of this Section, and
- (iii) the investment is approved by the Minister."

8. Section 11 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto immediately after subsection (3), the following subsections as subsections (3A) and (3B):—

"(3A) Where an institutional housing corporation is formed and such corporation agrees with the Minister

- (a) to maintain separate books and records relating to the rental housing project in which the corporation invests under this section satisfactory to the Minister and open to his inspection at any time;
- (b) to establish a reserve on account of such project comprising all net earnings, including any net profit realized on the sale of the project or any part thereof, in any year after its completion in excess of six per centum per annum on the cost of the project; and
- (c) to repay out of the said reserve any advances made by the Minister under the guarantee hereinafter mentioned,

the Minister shall guarantee to the corporation as long as the corporation does not voluntarily convey the ownership of any part of the project but not longer than the estimated useful life of the project and in any case not longer than fifty years, a net return in any year after the completion of the project of two and one-half per centum per annum of that portion of the cost of the project which was provided from funds subscribed by shareholders; and the Minister in his discretion may guarantee the principal of the debentures of an institutional holding company and interest thereon at a rate of not more than two and one-half per centum per annum if he is satisfied that such a company holds at the time the guarantee is given all the shares, except directors' qualifying shares, of one or more institutional housing corporations which have been guaranteed by him under this subsection.

(3B) For the purpose of this section "net return in any year" means an amount equal to annual net earnings derived from the project computed by deducting from the total annual revenues therefrom all expenses of the year in respect thereof including provision for taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, interest and an amount sufficient to amortize the cost of construction of the project, including the cost of the land, over the estimated useful life of the project."

9. Subsection (4) of Section 11 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following:—

"or in causing to be formed an institutional holding company or an institutional housing corporation under subsection (1A) of this section."

10. Subsection (5) of Section 11 of the said Act is amended by deleting the word "four" where it appears therein and substituting therefor the word "eight".

11. Section 11 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following subsection as subsection (7):—

“(7) The Minister may in consideration of the giving of any guarantee under this section enter into a contract with the institutional housing corporation or the institutional holding company to or in respect of which the guarantee is given on such terms and conditions as he deems advisable to give effect to the purposes and provisions of this Act and to safeguard the interests of His Majesty.”

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing that exports of linseed oil may be made only after repayment to the Canadian Wheat Board of benefit received by the exporter

P.C. 5795

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 30th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Western Grain Regulations 1945-46 (Canadian Wheat Board) empower The Canadian Wheat Board to purchase flaxseed from producers on the basis of two dollars and seventy-five cents per bushel for the grade Number One Canada Western Flaxseed, basis in store at Fort William/Port Arthur or Vancouver, and the grade Number One Canada Eastern Flaxseed, basis in store Montreal; and to sell flaxseed to domestic crushers, feed, breakfast or cereal food manufacturers, and manufacturers of pharmaceutical products on the basis of one dollar and sixty-four cents per bushel for Number One Canada Western Flaxseed, basis in store at Fort William/Port Arthur, and for Number One Canada Eastern Flaxseed, basis in store Montreal;

And Whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that linseed oil is being exported from Canada under the direction and control of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board and it is deemed necessary that the price of such exports should be based on a cost for Number One Canada Western Flaxseed in store Fort William/Port Arthur, of two dollars and seventy-five cents per bushel plus a carrying charge not to exceed three cents per bushel; and

That in order to recover such cost in respect of flaxseed sold to domestic crushers for use in the production of linseed oil for export, it is deemed necessary to provide that such exports may be made only after repayment to The Canadian Wheat Board of the benefit the exporter received;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the following regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly,—

REGULATIONS

1. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:—

- (a) “benefit” means the amount by which the sum paid by The Canadian Wheat Board for flaxseed, plus a carrying charge not to exceed three cents per bushel, exceeds the sum for which the flaxseed is sold.
- (b) “Linseed oil” means linseed oil, processed or unprocessed, manufactured from flaxseed purchased from The Canadian Wheat Board.

2. (1) Every person shall, before he exports linseed oil from Canada, repay the benefit involved by paying to The Canadian Wheat Board an amount which is

determined by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to be equal thereto; and no person shall export any linseed oil from Canada until such amount has been paid to the Canadian Wheat Board.

(2) Every amount payable under this section shall be determined by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, either by specific determination or by specifying the method of calculation, and every such determination shall be conclusive for all purposes of these regulations.

(3) In any court a copy of any determination under these regulations purporting to be certified by any officer or employee of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board shall be received as prima facie evidence of such determination without proof of the signature or of the official character of the person or persons appearing to have signed the same, and without further proof thereof.

3. Any amount payable under section two of these regulations shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Crown and, without prejudice to any other remedy, may be recovered by The Canadian Wheat Board as a civil debt.

4. The Canadian Wheat Board shall deposit all amounts paid to it pursuant to section two of these regulations to the credit of the flaxseed account.

5. The Canadian Wheat Board may, by regulation—

(a) require any person to make reports or returns to The Canadian Wheat Board furnishing such information relating to the sale or purchase or storage of linseed oil by him either on his own behalf or on behalf of some other person as The Canadian Wheat Board deems advisable;

(b) prescribe such forms as it deems necessary for the administration of these regulations or any regulation made pursuant to these regulations;

(c) require any person to keep such records of sales of linseed oil as The Canadian Wheat Board deems advisable and prescribe the form thereof.

6. Every person who contravenes or omits to comply with any of these regulations or with any regulation made by The Canadian Wheat Board under these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

7. The Wartime Prices and Trade Board may, by Order, declare any linseed oil, exported under the terms of any contract, to be exempt from the operations of these regulations and upon such Order being made, such linseed oil shall be exempt from the operation of these regulations.

8. These regulations shall be deemed to have come into force and to be of full force and effect on and after the first day of August, 1945, and shall expire on the 31st July, 1946, subject to section nineteen of the Interpretation Act which is hereby made applicable hereto as if said regulations were revoked on said latter date.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council Amending the Re-establishment Credit Regulations

P.C. 5802

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 30th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas section 9 (a) of the War Service Grants Act, 1944, permits the availability to or for a member of the forces of a re-establishment credit for "the acquisition of a home", and section 9 (b) permits the availability of such credit to or for such member for "the repair or modernization of his home, if owned by him";

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1221 of the 6th of March, 1945, the Re-establishment Credit Regulations made pursuant to the above Act were amended by adding thereto regulation 4A in order to provide that the word "home" in section 9 of such Act should be construed to include a home owned by a member and his or her spouse as joint tenants and that the expression "of his home, if owned by him" in paragraph (b) of said section should include a home owned by the member and his or her spouse as joint tenants;

And whereas the Minister of Veterans Affairs reports that applications are being received for the use of re-establishment credit in cases where the home is not owned either by the member or by the member and his or her spouse as joint tenants, but is owned by the spouse of the member alone or by the member and his or her spouse as tenants in common, and is being used by the member as his or her dwelling and that in the opinion of the officers of the Department of Veterans Affairs, it is advisable in the public interest that the re-establishment credit be made available to or for the member in such cases, subject to the other provisions of the above-mentioned Act;

And whereas Section 9 (f) of the said Act makes the said credit available to or for the member of the forces eligible therefor "for the purchase of a business by him in an amount not exceeding two-thirds of the equity fund required for such purpose";

And whereas the Minister further reports that applications are being received for the payment of re-establishment credit for the purpose of

(a) the purchase of an interest in an existing partnership;

(b) entering into a partnership,

and that in the opinion of the officers of the Department of Veterans Affairs it is advisable in the public interest that re-establishment credit be made available to or for the member in such cases, subject to the application therefor being first referred to a Re-establishment Credit Advisory Committee as described in regulation 19 of the Re-establishment Credit Regulations;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Veterans Affairs and under and by virtue of The War Service Grants Act, 1944, and the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend the Re-establishment Credit Regulations made and established by Order in Council P.C. 165 of the 18th of January, 1945, and they are hereby further amended:

1. by revoking Regulation 4A and substituting therefor the following:

4A. For the purposes of section 9 of the Act and notwithstanding the expression "if owned by him" in paragraph (b) thereof, "home" shall include a home owned by the member and his spouse or solely by the spouse of the member.

2. by adding thereto as Regulation 6A the following:

6A. For the purposes of paragraph (f) of Section 9 of the Act "the purchase of a business" shall include the purchase by the member of an interest in an existing partnership as well as the capital investment of the member in entering into a new partnership, provided the member intends to participate actively and as his main occupation in the business of the partnership, and the provisions of regulation 19 hereunder shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to "the purchase of a business" as described in this regulation.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

The War Crimes Regulations (Canada)

P.C. 5831

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 30th day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas, by reason of the War it is deemed necessary for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada,—

1. That provision be made for the trial and punishment of violations of the laws and usages of war committed during the war commencing on the tenth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, in which Canada has been engaged;

2. That regulations be made to govern the custody, trial and punishment of persons charged with violations of the laws and usages of war aforesaid; and

3. That provision be made to prevent review of any proceeding or decision under regulations so made and to protect persons acting in good faith under regulations so made from legal proceedings;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State for External Affairs, concurred in by the Minister of Justice and the Minister of National Defence, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the "War Crimes Regulations (Canada)", hereto appended, to govern the custody, trial and punishment of persons charged with violations of the laws and usages of war committed during any war in which Canada has been engaged at any time after the tenth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and they are hereby made and established accordingly.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation, with the concurrence aforesaid and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is further pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows,—

1. No proceeding before, and no finding or sentence of, a tribunal created under the regulations hereby made is subject to review, by any court of law or otherwise, except as provided in the said regulations.

2. No action, process or other proceeding, civil or criminal, lies against any person for any action taken or omitted in good faith with the intention of carrying out the provisions of the regulations hereby made.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

REGULATIONS

1. These Regulations may be cited as the War Crimes Regulations (Canada).¹

2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires and subject to any express provision to the contrary:

- (a) "accused" means a person charged with or suspected of the commission of a war crime;
- (b) "Army Act" means the Army Act of the United Kingdom as made applicable from time to time to members of the Canadian military forces;
- (c) "convening officer" means an officer authorized to convene a military court under these Regulations;
- (d) "military court" means a military court constituted and held under these Regulations;
- (e) "Rules of Procedure" means the Rules of Procedure made pursuant to the Army Act, as made applicable from time to time to members of the Canadian military forces;
- (f) "war crime" means a violation of the laws or usages of war committed during any war in which Canada has been or may be engaged at any time after the ninth day of September, 1939;
- (g) other expressions bear the same meaning as they have in the Army Act or Rules of Procedure.

3. The custody, trial and punishment of persons charged with or suspected of war crimes shall, on and after the date hereof, be governed by these Regulations.

4. (1) Any Canadian flag, general or air officer commanding any Canadian forces, wherever such forces may be serving, whether in the field or in occupation of enemy territory or otherwise, and any officer acting for such officer commanding in his absence, and any officer not below the rank of colonel, or its relative rank, whom such officer commanding, or officer acting for him in his absence, may authorize in writing in

that behalf, shall have power to convene military courts for the trial of persons charged with having committed war crimes and to confirm the findings and sentences of such courts: Provided that no military court shall be convened for the trial of any person for a war crime unless the case has been certified by the Judge Advocate General, or any representative of his appointed by him for that purpose, as approved for trial.

(2) Any authority to convene military courts conferred by an officer commanding or an officer acting for him in his absence under (1) of this Regulation may be addressed to an officer by name or designation of an office and may be made subject to such restrictions, reservations, exceptions and conditions, compatible with these Regulations, as may seem meet to the officer conferring the authority.

(3) An officer having authority to confirm the finding and sentence of a military court may reserve confirmation of the finding and sentence, or of the sentence alone, to any authority superior in rank or appointment to him who is competent to confirm the findings and sentences of the like kind of military court convened under these Regulations.

5. Except as herein otherwise provided expressly or by implication, the provisions of the Army Act and the Rules of Procedure, so far as they relate to field general courts-martial and to any matters preliminary or incidental thereto or consequential thereon, shall apply so far as applicable or practicable to military courts and to any matters preliminary or incidental thereto or consequential thereon in like manner as if military courts were field general courts-martial and the accused were persons subject to military law charged with having committed offences on active service; Provided that

(a) Sections 49, 51, 54(I) (d) and (7) and 57(2) and (4) and 57A of the Army Act, and Rules of Procedure 3, 34, 35(D), 56, 110, 118(A) and (B), 119(B) and 120(C), (D) and (E) made pursuant thereto shall not apply;

(b) No departure from any procedural rule or other provision contained in the Army Act or the Rules of Procedure shall affect the jurisdiction of, or the validity of any proceedings by or before, any military court, or of any proceedings preliminary or incidental thereto or consequential thereon, unless in the opinion of the court, or of the confirming authority, substantial injustice has thereby been done to the accused.

6. (1) If it appears to a convening officer that a person then within the limits of his command or otherwise under his control has at any place committed a war crime he may direct that such person if not already in custody shall be taken into and kept in custody pending trial in such manner and in such charge as he may direct.

(2) The commanding officer of any body of naval, military or air forces having charge of an accused shall be deemed to be the commanding officer of the accused for the purposes of all matters preliminary and relating to trial and punishments: Provided that such commanding officer shall have no power to dismiss the charge or deal with the accused summarily for a war crime. He shall without any such preliminary hearing as is referred to in Rule of Procedure 3 either cause a summary of evidence to be taken in accordance with Rule of Procedure 4 or an abstract of evidence to be prepared as the convening officer may direct.

(3) The accused shall not have the right of having a summary taken or of demanding that the evidence at the summary shall be taken on oath or that any witness shall attend for cross-examination at the taking of the summary.

7. (1) A military court shall consist of not less than two or more than six officers in addition to the president, all of whom shall be appointed by name, but no officer, whether sitting as president or as a member, need have held his commission for any special length of time.

(2) If the accused is an officer of the naval, military or air forces of an enemy or ex-enemy power the convening officer should, so far as practicable, but shall be under no obligation to do so, appoint or detail as many officers as possible of equal or superior relative rank to the accused.

(3) If the accused belongs to the naval, military or air forces of an enemy or ex-enemy power, or if Canadian naval, military or air force personnel are in any way

affected by the alleged war crime, the convening officer should appoint or detail, if available, at least one naval, military or air force officer as a member of the court, as the case may be.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in these Regulations, where any war crime appears to affect the interest of any Allied power, including any member of the British Commonwealth of Nations, a convening officer may:

- (a) invite one or more officers of the naval, military or air forces of such Allied power to become a member or members of the military court convened to try the person or persons charged with having committed the offence, in which case any officer so invited may sit as a member of the military court;
- (b) appoint as a member of the court one or more officers of an Allied force serving under his command:

Provided that in no case shall the number of such Allied officers on a military court comprise more than half the members of the military court excluding the president.

(5) Any Allied officer sitting as a member of a military court pursuant to (4) (a) or (b) of this Regulation shall be vested with the same rights, duties and powers as an officer of the Canadian forces duly appointed to serve as a member of such a court.

(6) A convening officer may, with the consent of the appropriate naval, military or air force authority, appoint as president or member of a military court an officer not under his command.

(7) The convening officer shall normally appoint at least one officer having one of the legal qualifications mentioned in Rule of Procedure 93(B) as president or as a member of the court. If no such officer is appointed, and in default of a person deputed to act as judge advocate by the Judge Advocate General, or any representative of his appointed by him for that purpose, the convening officer shall by order appoint a person having one of the said legal qualifications to act as judge advocate at the trial.

8. The accused shall not be entitled to object to the president or any member of the court or the judge advocate or to offer any special plea to the jurisdiction of the court.

9. Counsel may appear on behalf of the prosecutor and accused in like manner as if the military court were a general court-martial, and Rules of Procedure 88 to 93, both inclusive, shall in such cases apply accordingly. In addition to the persons deemed to be properly qualified as counsel under Rule of Procedure 93 any person qualified to appear before the courts of the country of the accused and any person approved by the convening officer shall be deemed to be properly qualified as counsel for the defence.

10. (1) At any hearing before a military court convened under these Regulations the court may take into consideration any oral statement or any document appearing on the face of it to be authentic, provided the statement or document appears to the court to be of assistance in proving or disproving the charge, notwithstanding that such statement or document would not be admissible as evidence in proceedings before a field general court-martial, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, in particular:

- (a) if any witness is dead or is unable to attend or to give evidence or it is, in the opinion of the court, not practicable for him to do so, the court may receive secondary evidence of statements made by or attributable to such witness;
- (b) any document purporting to have been signed or issued officially by any member of any Allied (including British Commonwealth) or enemy force or by any Allied (including British Commonwealth), neutral or enemy government, shall be admissible as evidence without proof of the issue or signature thereof;
- (c) the court may receive as evidence of the facts therein stated any report of the "Comité International de la Croix Rouge" or by any representative thereof, by any member of the medical profession or of any medical service, by any person acting as a "man of confidence" (homme de confiance), or by any other person whom the court may consider was acting in the course of his duty when making the report;

- (d) the court may receive as evidence of the facts therein stated any depositions or any record or report of any military court or military court of inquiry or of any examination made by any officer detailed for the purpose by any military authority;
- (e) the court may receive as evidence of the facts therein stated any diary, letter or other document appearing to contain information relating to the charge;
- (f) if any original document cannot be produced or, in the opinion of the court, cannot be produced without undue delay, a copy of such document or other secondary evidence of its contents may be received in evidence;
- (g) any statement made prior to trial by an accused or by any witness at such trial, whether or not such statement was made on oath, and whether made before or after or without the giving of any caution, shall be admissible in evidence for all purposes.

(2) It shall be the duty of the court to judge of the weight to be attached to any evidence given in pursuance of this Regulation which would not otherwise be admissible.

(3) Where there is evidence that a war crime has been the result of concerted action upon the part of a formation, unit, body, or group of persons, evidence given upon any charge relating to that crime against any member of such a formation, unit, body, or group may be received as *prima facie* evidence of the responsibility of each member of that formation, unit, body, or group for that crime; in any such case all or any members of any such formation, unit, body, or group may be charged and tried jointly in respect of any such war crime and no application by any of them to be tried separately shall be allowed by the court.

(4) Where there is evidence that more than one war crime has been committed by members of a formation, unit, body, or group while under the command of a single commander, the court may receive that evidence as *prima facie* evidence of the responsibility of the commander for those crimes.

(5) Where there is evidence that a war crime has been committed by members of a formation, unit, body, or group and that an officer or non-commissioned officer was present at or immediately before the time when such offence was committed, the court may receive that evidence as *prima facie* evidence of the responsibility of such officer or non-commissioned officer, and of the commander of such formation, unit, body, or group, for that crime.

(6) The court shall take judicial notice of the laws and usages of war.

(7) Unless the convening officer otherwise directs, a finding of guilty and the sentence shall be announced in open court by the president, who shall at the same time state that such finding and sentence are subject to confirmation. If such announcement is not made in open court the president shall notify the accused of the finding and sentence under sealed cover at the termination of the proceedings and record in the proceedings that this has been done. A finding of acquittal, whether on all or some of the offences with which the accused is charged, shall not require confirmation or be subject to be revised and shall be pronounced at once in open court, but the court shall not thereupon release the accused, unless otherwise entitled to be released.

(8) The sittings of military courts will ordinarily be open to the public so far as accommodation permits. Nevertheless the court may, on the ground that it is expedient to do so in the national interest or in the interests of justice, or for the effective prosecution of war crimes generally, or otherwise, by order prohibit the publication of any evidence given or to be given or of any statement made or to be made, or of the names, descriptions or photographs of any witnesses heard or to be heard, in the course of the proceedings before it, or direct that all or any portion of the public shall be excluded during any part of such proceedings as normally take place in open court, except during the announcement of the finding and sentence pursuant to paragraph (6) above.

(9) A record shall be made of the proceedings of every military court.

11. (1) A person found guilty by a military court of a war crime may be sentenced to and shall be liable to suffer any one or more of the following punishments, namely:

- (a) Death (either by hanging or by shooting);
- (b) Imprisonment for life or for any less term;
- (c) Confiscation;
- (d) A fine.

(2) In a case where the war crime consists wholly or partly of the taking, distribution or destruction of money or other property the court may as part of the sentence order the restitution of such money or other property and in default of complete restitution award a penalty equal in value to that which has been so taken, distributed or destroyed or not restored.

(3) Sentence of death shall not be passed on any person by a military court without the concurrence of all those serving on the court if the court consists of not more than three members, including the president, or without the concurrence of at least two-thirds of those serving on the court if the court consists of more than three members, including the president.

12. The accused may within 14 days of the termination of the proceedings in court submit a petition to the confirming officer against the finding or sentence or both if he gives notice to the confirming officer within 48 hours of such termination of his intention to submit such a petition. The accused shall have no right to submit any petition otherwise than as aforesaid: Provided that, if such petition is against the finding, it shall be referred by the confirming officer, together with the proceedings of the trial, to the Judge Advocate General, or to any representative of his appointed by him for that purpose, for advice and report thereon.

13. (1) The finding and any sentence which the court had jurisdiction to pass may be confirmed and, if confirmed, shall be valid, notwithstanding any deviation from these Regulations, or the Army Act or the Rules of Procedure or any technical or other defect or objection.

14. When a sentence passed by a military court has been confirmed, the senior combatant officer of the Canadian forces in the theatre in which the trial took place not below the rank of major general or its relative rank, or any officer not below the rank of brigadier, or its relative rank, authorized by him, shall have power to mitigate or remit the punishment thereby awarded or to commute such punishment for any less punishment or punishments to which the offender might have been sentenced by the said court: Provided that this power shall not be exercised by an officer holding a command or rank inferior to that of the officer who confirmed the sentence.

15. The fact that an accused acted pursuant to the order of a superior or of his government shall not constitute an absolute defence to any charge under these Regulations; it may, however, be considered either as a defence or in mitigation of punishment if the military court before which the charge is tried determines that justice so requires.

16. Any sentence passed by a military court shall, so far as practicable, be carried out as if the person so sentenced were a member of the Canadian military forces on whom a like sentence had been passed by court-martial.

17. In any case not provided for in these Regulations such course will be adopted as appears best calculated to do justice.

Order in Council Amending The Export Credits Insurance Act

P.C. 5845

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 31st day of August, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas The Export Credits Insurance Act (Chapter 39, Statutes of 1944-45) was enacted to establish a Corporation to insure exporters against loss in connection with the export of Canadian-produced goods by reason of insolvency, delay in collection and difficulties in the transfer of currency;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that further investigation into the nature of the export trade of Canada and into the nature of the risks of loss in such trade shows that it is desirable to clarify the powers of the said Corporation to permit it to insure exporters against all risks which cannot be and normally are not insured with commercial insurers and further to empower the Corporation to insure exporters against loss by reason of the export of goods other than Canadian-produced goods, and which normally form a minor but integrated part of the export trade of Canada;

And whereas it is deemed advisable by reason of the state of war now existing for the peace, order and welfare of Canada to make immediate provision for the matters aforesaid;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend The Export Credits Insurance Act, Chapter 39, Statutes of 1944-45 and it is hereby amended as follows:

1. Paragraph (i) of Section 2 of the said Act is hereby amended to read as follows,—

“(i) “exporter” means a person who exports or agrees to export goods;”

2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 12 of the said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(e) the types of contracts for the sale of goods which may be included in the risk insured and the types of service or supplementary work to be done in connection with the erection, installation or testing of goods, which may be included in such contracts;”

3. Section 13 of the said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

“13. (1) The Corporation may

(a) for the purpose of facilitating and developing trade between Canada and any other country, enter into a contract of insurance with an exporter to insure him against any risk of loss in connection with the Export or an agreement for the export of goods from Canada by reason of the failure of the exporter to receive the purchase price of the goods for any cause not within his control;

(b) at the request of the Minister of Finance, act as his agent in respect of any matter arising under Part II of this Act;

(c) do all such things as may be incidental to or consequential upon the exercise of its powers.

(2) The Board may, subject to the provisions of this Act or of any by-law, determine the terms and conditions upon which the Corporation will enter into any contract of insurance.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section the Corporation shall not have power to insure an exporter against any risk of loss which can be and normally is insured with commercial insurers.”

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 2

(4th Revision)

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 1st September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise and others concerned:***FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL BOARD****Instructions to Collectors under the Foreign Exchange Control Order and Regulations of the Foreign Exchange Control Board
General**

1. It should be clearly borne in mind that these Instructions refer only to the Foreign Exchange Control Order and the Board's Regulations and DO NOT AFFECT IN ANY MANNER the export and import requirements of the Customs Act or Customs Tariff or other prohibition or regulation of exports and imports by any competent authority.

2. The word "Collector" or the words "Collector of Customs and Excise" in the Foreign Exchange Control Order or in any Regulations or Instructions issued thereunder shall be deemed to include "Sub-Collector" or "Sub-Collector of Customs and Excise". Any officer of Customs and Excise may be authorized by the Collector or Sub-Collector in charge of the port or outport to perform any act or duty required of the Collector under the Order or any Regulations or Instructions issued thereunder, and may sign any licence or other document required thereunder for or on behalf of the Collector or Sub-Collector.

3. Attention is drawn to Regulation 2 (f) of the Board regarding powers of attorney. This section reads:—

"Any applicant may authorize an agent or attorney to sign applications under the Order and Regulations on his behalf; and where a power of attorney has been or is hereafter lodged with a Collector of Customs and Excise by any person authorizing a customs broker named therein to act as the agent or attorney of such person in connection with matters which include the exportation or importation of goods, such power of attorney shall be deemed to include authority to the customs broker therein named to act as agent and attorney of the said person in making application for export and import licences and related matters and to give any undertakings required in connection therewith, unless the said person gives written notice to the contrary to the Collector of Customs and Excise."

4. For the purposes of the Foreign Exchange Control Order, the terms "foreign currency" and "foreign exchange" include sterling.

Powers of Collectors

5. Section 30 of the Foreign Exchange Control Order provides that every Collector shall act as agent of the Board in connection with the issuing of licences to export or import, and Sections 30, 31, 34, 38 and 43 of the Order specify the control which he shall exercise over exports and imports and over persons. The Sections referred to read as follows:—

"30. (1) Every Collector of Customs and Excise and every Postmaster shall, if so required by the Board, act as agent for the Board with relation to the issuing of export and import licences and the control of exports and imports, and shall have such authority in that behalf as the Board may prescribe.

(2) No Collector of Customs and Excise shall permit the export or import of any property through any port or place over which he has jurisdiction unless he, or an officer acting for him, is satisfied that no licence is required for such export or import or that the appropriate licence has been obtained.

31. Every person on arrival in Canada, and every person who is about to leave Canada (hereinafter in each case called 'the traveller') shall report to a Customs officer or Immigration officer or a person acting under the instructions of a Customs officer or Immigration officer, and truly answer all questions as to whether he has brought or is taking with him any goods, securities, Canadian currency, foreign exchange or other property, and shall produce all such property if required, and the officer or person acting under his instructions may search the traveller and examine or search any such property and may seize any such property unless the import or export of the same, as the case may be, is permitted by or under the authority of this Order; any property so seized may be held by the officer until the release thereof is ordered by the Board or until the determination of any proceedings commenced in accordance with subsection (2) of Section 42 of this Order, or subsection (8) of Section 43 thereof.

34. (1) At the request of the Board or any Inspector appointed by the Board or of any duly authorized representative of the Board, officers and employees of and Post Office, the Department of National Revenue, the Department of Mines and Resources, the Department of National War Services, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and the Department of Justice shall take such action by way of detention or search of persons or property, or disclosure of information in their possession, as the Board, its Inspector or authorized representative may deem necessary for preventing violations of the provisions of this Order or ascertaining whether any violation has taken place, or is likely to take place or for ensuring the arrest and conviction of any person who may have violated or be violating any provision of this Order, or for obtaining evidence of or relating to any past, present or future violation or suspected or attempted violation of any provision of this Order; and all such officers and employees shall have full authority to take any such action upon such request.

(2) Every provincial and municipal law enforcement officer, in addition to any other authority which he may possess for the enforcement of the provisions of this Order, shall have the same power and authority as is conferred upon officers and employees of the Dominion Government in subsection (1) of this section.

38. Any constable and any officer or person having the powers of a Customs officer or Immigration officer may arrest, without warrant, any person whom he has reasonable ground for suspecting of having committed an offence under this Order.

43. (1) Any currency which any person exports or attempts to export from Canada or imports or attempts to import into Canada contrary to this Order, or which any person buys or sells or in any way deals with or attempts to buy or sell or in any way deal with contrary to this Order, or which any person fails to declare as required by this Order, shall, if the amount thereof does not exceed \$100 in Canadian funds or the equivalent thereof in foreign exchange, be forfeited and may be seized by any Inspector of the Board or (if so authorized by the Board or by an Inspector of the Board) by any officer or employee referred to in Section 34 hereof.

(2) Whenever any currency has been seized as forfeited under the provisions of subsection (1) hereof the person seizing the same shall forthwith report the circumstances of the case to the Board.

(3) The Board may thereupon notify the owner or claimant of the currency seized, or his agent, or the person alleged to have incurred the forfeiture, or his agent, of the reasons for the seizure and forfeiture, and call upon him to

furnish, within thirty days from the date of the notice, such evidence in the matter as he desires to furnish; such evidence may be by affidavit or affirmation, made before any justice of the peace, Collector of Customs, commissioner for taking affidavits in any court, or notary public.

(4) After the expiration of the said thirty days or sooner if the person so called upon to furnish evidence so desires, the Board may consider and weigh the circumstances of the case and may thereupon give its decision in the matter respecting the forfeiture, provided that the Board may authorize the Chairman or Secretary of the Board to exercise the powers conferred in this subsection on the Board.

(5) If the owner or claimant of the currency seized does not within thirty days after being notified of the Board's decision give it notice in writing that such decision will not be accepted, the decision shall be final.

(6) If the owner or claimant of the currency seized, within thirty days after being notified of the Board's decision, gives it notice in writing that such decision will not be accepted, the Board may cause the matter to be referred to the court in the manner provided in subsection (8) of this section.

(7) The service of notice to produce evidence and of the Board's decision shall be sufficient if it is effected by sending such notice by mail in a registered letter addressed to the owner or claimant at his address as stated in the report of the seizure; and the thirty days allowed in respect of either of such notices shall, in case of such service by mail, be computed from the date of the mailing of such notification.

(8) (a) On any reference of any such matter to the court a summary information in writing may at the request of the Board be exhibited in the name of the person making the seizure or in the name of any other person authorized thereto by the Board, before two justices of the peace, charging the currency seized as forfeited under this section, and praying condemnation thereof; and the justices shall thereupon issue a general notice for all persons claiming interest in the seizure to appear at a certain time and place to claim the currency seized and answer the information, and stating that otherwise such currency will be condemned.

(b) A copy of the notice shall, at least eight days before the time of appearance, be served upon the person from whose possession the currency was taken, either personally or by sending such notice by mail in a registered letter, to such person at his address as stated in the report of the seizure.

(c) If any person appears to answer the information the justices shall hear and determine the matter in a summary manner and acquit or condemn the currency, but if no person appears, judgment of condemnation shall be given.

(d) Such two justices shall be deemed a court, and each of them a judge thereof for the purposes of this Order.

(e) The information referred to in paragraph (a) hereof may be heard and determined and judgment may be given by a police magistrate, stipendiary magistrate or any person having the power or authority of two or more justices of the peace.

(9) All currency seized and forfeited under the provisions of this Section shall belong to His Majesty for the public uses of Canada and shall be paid to the Minister of Finance and form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund in Canada.

(10) On any reference to the Court made pursuant to subsection (8) of this Section, the presumptions and burdens of proof which under subsections (2) and (5) of Section 41 apply in favour of the prosecuting authority, shall apply in favour of the informant against all persons claiming interest in the seizure."

Export of Goods

6. Foreign Exchange Control Board Form B and Customs Export Entry Form B-13 are consolidated in a single form. Where reference is made herein to Form B, the consolidated form is meant.

7. Except in such cases where a Customs Export Entry is ordinarily not required, e.g., travellers' baggage whether accompanying the traveller or not, a traveller's vehicle, goods of a value not exceeding \$5 per shipment exported by mail, express or freight, and goods exported as gifts to members of the Armed Forces of the British Empire or its Allies irrespective of value, no exportation of goods shall be permitted by a Collector at the frontier port of exit until Form B relating thereto, completed in the number of copies required by Section 9 herein has been submitted to and signed and port-dated by the Collector. The Form B, completed in the number of copies required, must be delivered to the carrier accepting the shipment for export, one set per carload or lesser shipment to a single consignee, except as provided in Section 9 (c) herein. The carrier will not accept shipments for export unless the form has been properly completed. The carrier will hand the complete set to the Collector at the last port in Canada through which the goods pass outwards for places beyond the limits of Canada when exported by land, and at the port where laden on the exporting ship when exported by water, each such port being herein designated as "the port of exit from Canada".

8. It is most important to have Form B furnished and firmly attached to the way-bill from inland places in order to avoid the necessity for detention and side-tracking of the goods at the frontier awaiting delivery of this form to the Collector. When goods for exportation arrive at the frontier unaccompanied by Form B, the Collector is to report the facts to the Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise, and state particularly the place of lading, in order that the neglect may be traced to the proper railway agent, and that the railway concerned may be notified through the Department of National Revenue of the irregularity.

9. (a) If the owner of the goods to be exported is the holder of a Foreign Exchange Control Board permit BD, BE, CF or NS, he must insert the prefix letters and number of such permit in space 1 at the top of the form. The Collector may accept this indication without question. In this case at least four copies of the form must be submitted to the Collector who will, after port-dating and signing the forms, return one copy to the owner and forward one copy direct to the Foreign Exchange Control Board, Ottawa, in accordance with instructions.

(b) If the owner of the goods to be exported is not the holder of a permit referred to in Section 9 (a) above, he must insert the name and address of his Authorized Dealer (Canadian bank and branch) in space 2 at the top of the form. In this case, if the goods are to be exported to a country outside Newfoundland and the sterling area (see Section 12 (a) (i) below), he must complete at least five copies of Form B, the Collector distributing two copies as shown in Section 9 (a) above and forwarding the original direct to the Authorized Dealer named; if the goods are to be exported to Newfoundland or to a country in the sterling area, Form B must be completed at least in quadruplicate, the Collector distributing the copies in the manner outlined in Section 9 (a) herein no copy being sent to the exporter's Authorized Dealer.

(c) When goods are exported by rail or water and the Collector at the port of exit from Canada is satisfied that it is impossible for Form B to be completed in all particulars and handed to the carrier at the point of lading along with transportation documents covering export from Canada, the form may be submitted in duplicate as a temporary export entry, one set per carload or lesser shipment. Where the form is used in this way, Item 3 at the top of the form, Sections A to J inclusive and S (b) are to be completed. The quantity in Column J, where more than one carload is concerned, may be entered as the total of the shipment divided by the number of cars. An estimated value at point of lading may be entered in Column K or L.

The Collector of Customs at the port of exit will return the copy to the owner and hold the original for substitution within six days of the date of export by completed sets of Form B, ONE SET PER CONSIGNEE, as specified in Sections 9 (a) and 9 (b) above. The exporter's copy is not to be certified as to exportation by means of the dating stamp of the port of exit, but should have the outward report number of the vessel shown thereon and may be overprinted by means of a rubber stamp indicating that it is not, and cannot be used as, an export entry. The owner should return his copy of the temporary export entry with the properly completed substitute entry. The substitute entry should repeat the car numbers shown on the temporary entries which it replaces.

10. The Canadian dollar amount entered in Columns K and L of Form B must not include any freight, insurance, handling or other charges included in the selling price. For the conversion of a selling price expressed in foreign currency, this Canadian dollar amount should be the proceeds of the foreign exchange if already declared to an Authorized Dealer on Form C. In all other cases the amount should be obtained by conversion at the rate currently quoted by an Authorized Dealer at the time of preparing Form B. *It should be particularly noted* that Column K should be used when the goods for exportation are classed as "domestic products", and Column L when they are "foreign or imported products". If Column L is applicable, the country of origin of the goods exported should be shown in the space provided at the foot of the column.

11. Form B must be signed by the owner of the goods or his agent (who may also be the railway agent). It is to be particularly noted that this signature must be in script.

12. Either Section N or O or R of the Form B must be completed by the owner, depending on whether he is to receive settlement for the goods in Canadian dollars, no settlement or settlement in foreign exchange, respectively.

(a) If the export is *for settlement, wholly or in part, in Canadian dollars*, Section N must be completed. In this case, whether or not the owner holds a BD, BE, CF or NS permit, the Collector may not accept Form B unless it is approved in Section P by an Authorized Dealer on behalf of the Board, except that such approval is not required for the following:—

- (i) Goods exported to Newfoundland or to a country in the sterling area, which includes territories under the sovereignty, protection, suzerainty or mandate of His Majesty (except Canada and Newfoundland), and also includes Egypt, the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Iceland, Faroe Islands and Iraq.
- (ii) Goods purchased by a non-resident tourist while in Canada as bona fide tourist purchases, where Form B is clearly marked by the vendor "bona fide tourist purchase".
- (iii) Goods which when imported to Canada are entitled to entry under Item 708 of the Customs Tariff (goods the property of the Imperial Government).

(b) If the export is *for no settlement*, Section O must be completed. In this case, whether or not the owner holds a BD, BE, CF or NS permit, the Collector may not accept Form B, unless it is approved in Section P by an Authorized Dealer on behalf of the Board, except that such approval is not required for the following:

- (i) Goods exported to Newfoundland or to a country in the sterling area; (For definition of "sterling area" see Section 12 (a) (i) above).
- (ii) Travellers' samples;
- (iii) Printing plates, electrotypes, matrices and similar articles used in the printing trade, if being exported without charge by or for use in newspapers or periodicals;
- (iv) Goods of no commercial value, including samples exported for test and samples re-exported after having been imported for test;

- (v) Goods which when imported into Canada are entitled to entry under Customs Tariff item 706 (including goods the property of persons accorded diplomatic privilege or of the office to which they are attached), or item 707 (goods the property of the Governor General), or item 708 (goods the property of the Imperial Government and goods exported to officers or men of the Royal Navy);
- (vi) Goods exported temporarily for repairs, adjustments or to be tested, which on return to Canada will be eligible for entry on payment of duty on the value of repairs, adjustments or tests only;
- (vii) Properly identified empty containers or covers which are to be returned to Canada for entry under item 709 of the Customs Tariff;
- (viii) Animals and articles, the property of non-residents, entered ex-warehouse for export after having been imported for exhibition or convention purposes on entry Form B-18, articles exported after temporary admission to Canada on Collector's Report E-29, and effects of a temporary summer resident;
- (ix) Imported periodicals or covers of imported periodicals being re-exported from Canada;
- (x) Stores, equipment and supplies of a railway company, which operates lines in both Canada and the United States provided that such stores, equipment and supplies are being exported for its own use and not for sale outside Canada;
- (xi) Goods exported as gifts of a value not exceeding \$100 per shipment.
- (c) If the export is for *settlement in foreign exchange*, Section R must be completed. In this case the Collector may accept the Form B without approval in Section P by an Authorized Dealer, except that such approval is necessary for an exportation to a country outside the sterling area and Newfoundland for payment in sterling or in the local currency of a country in the sterling area.

13. A licence on Form B does not authorize a shipment on consignment to a country outside Newfoundland and the sterling area unless the owner holds a BD Permit or a BE Permit. The Board does not regard a shipment as on consignment, however, if the goods are exported for certain sale within one month after arrival at their destination and the shipment is to be paid for by a specific remittance or series of remittances of undetermined amount. Where a shipment is on consignment, Column K or Column L of Form B should be completed by entering an estimated amount or the inventory value at the time of shipment.

14. The following points should be noted:—

- (a) Goods exported from a Customs bonded warehouse are to be reported on Form B, the Canadian dollar amount less charges being shown in Column L. The form is to comply with all requirements outlined elsewhere herein and, in addition, is to be marked at the top "ex-warehouse for statistics".
- (b) Goods exported from an excise warehouse are to be reported on Form B, the Canadian dollar amount less charges being shown in Column K. The form is to comply with all requirements outlined elsewhere herein and, in addition, is to be marked at the top "ex-warehouse for statistics".
- (c) Form B is required for coin or bullion exported. In connection with the export of coin, see also Section 18 herein.
- (d) A single application for licence to export is not acceptable for a "bulked" shipment to the same consignee of goods belonging to several owners without specifying the owners and the particulars of their respective goods.
- (e) When drawback of Customs import levies or refund of sales tax is to be claimed, an extra copy or copies of Form B should accompany the goods to the port of exit. In the former case, the extra copy or copies should be marked "subject to drawback".

- (f) A shipment of perishable goods for export arriving at a port of exit without a properly completed Form B may be allowed to proceed on presentation of a temporary Export Entry on the Form, as outlined in Section 9 (c) herein.

15. Exports of goods by mail or parcel post are subject to the same licence requirements as exports made by express or freight and the requisite copies of Form B will be presented by the mailer to the Postmaster at the time of mailing. The Postmaster, who marks the parcel "Passed for Export", will stamp the Forms B and forward all copies immediately to the Collector at the nearest Customs port, who is hereby authorized to sign and date stamp them, accepting the Postal official's verification. When the Collector has signed the forms he will dispose of them in the usual manner, as though the export had been made at that port.

Import of Goods

16. (a) No goods for which import entry Form B-1, B-5 or B-11 is required shall be released by the Collector until Form E has been completed, submitted to him and signed and port-dated by him. The only exemptions from this requirement are listed in Section 17 herein.
- (b) In most cases, Form E will be prepared as a carbon copy of Form B-1, B-5 or B-11. In such case, it must be the third in the set, coming immediately after the first two copies of such import entry. To express in Canadian dollars an amount invoiced in foreign currency, the Canadian dollar amount should be the cost of the foreign currency at the rate fixed by an Authorized Dealer where an application Form F or FT has already been approved. In all other cases the amount should be calculated at the rate currently quoted by an Authorized Dealer at the time of preparing Form E. The Collector should verify that the Form E:—
- (i) contains the same particulars given on the face of the relative entry B-1, B-5 or B-11 as accepted by the Collector; and
 - (ii) is signed by the importer or his attorney in the space provided; and
 - (iii) shows in the space provided either (1) the number of a special permit issued to the importer by the Board (BD, BE, CF or NS), or (2) if the importer has no such special permit, the name and full address of the importer's Authorized Dealer (Canadian branch bank).

When the foregoing conditions are complied with, the Form E should be signed and numbered and port-dated by the Collector at the same time and in the same manner as the relative Form B-1, B-5 or B-11, and will be returned in every case to the importer with his copy of the import entry, whether or not the importer is the holder of a special permit issued by the Board.

- (c) *Collectors may not certify in any way any Form E other than the original form presented at the time of accepting the relative import entry.*
- (d) When goods or animals are returned to Canada after temporary export for exhibition, racing or convention purposes, the importer, if not holding a permit from the Board (BD, BE, CF or NS) must present the Form E relating to the entry to his Authorized Dealer, as proof that the goods or animals temporarily exported have been returned unsold.
- (e) Collectors are requested to advise importers that Forms E should be carefully preserved by them, since they must eventually be submitted to the Foreign Exchange Control Board, in every case where a settlement is to be made to a non-resident for the goods imported. Also where goods are entered as "Canadian goods returned", the importer, if not a special permit holder, must surrender the Form E to his Authorized Dealer and, if a special permit holder, must forward the form to the Board with his next report as proof to the Board that the goods in fact were returned to Canada unsold.

17. (a) In respect of perishable goods (including articles dealt with as perishable goods) released for delivery under Collector's permission, import licence form E will be required at the time Customs entry is passed if entry is required to be made on Form B-1, B-5 or B-11.
- (b) Imported goods which will require an import licence Form E may be allowed to proceed under manifest in bond (a) from the frontier to an interior port of entry or (b) from port to port in Canada, for entry, but no authority for release of the goods for delivery shall be granted until the requisite licence has been issued.
- (c) No import licence is required and Form E is not to be certified by a Collector when accepting an import entry:—
 - (i) For goods shipped from the sterling area or Newfoundland, destined to Canada;
 - (ii) For goods whose country of origin is Newfoundland or any part of the sterling area;
 - (iii) Which is an amending or perfecting entry;
 - (iv) For goods in connection with which import entry is not made on Form B-1, B-5 or B-11. In such case, the importer, if not the holder of a special permit issued by the Board (BD, BE, CF or NS), will require a copy certified and date-stamped by the Collector, of the appropriate Customs import form or Customs invoice used in clearing the goods. Collectors may on request certify and date-stamp an additional copy of such form or invoice for the importer, but this additional copy must be endorsed—
 "Duplicate—not good for foreign exchange";
 - (v) For periodical publications;
 - (vi) for the re-entry for warehouse (Form B-5) of goods transferred from one port in Canada to another port in Canada on Removal Entry, Form B-10.

Export of Securities, Bond Coupons, Currency and Travellers' Cheques

18. (a) *For the export of securities in any manner (except to Newfoundland), Form K*, approved by the Board or on its behalf by an Appointed Security Dealer (see Appendix II), must be submitted to the Collector at the port of exit, or, where the export is by mail, to the Postmaster at the point of mailing.
- (b) For the export (except to Newfoundland) of currency, bond coupons or travellers' cheques, other than cash or travellers' cheques carried out of Canada by a traveller (see Section 19 herein), Form K, approved by the Board, or by an Authorized Dealer, must be submitted as in (a) above, notwithstanding that Form B-13 may also be required for Customs purposes.
- (c) (i) No export licence is required for the export by any person of:—Cheques (other than travellers' cheques not already negotiated). Bank drafts.
 Money orders.
 Letters of credit.
 Bills of exchange.
 Promissory notes.
 War Savings Certificates.
 War Savings Stamps.
 Insurance policies.
 Charge slips of service stations.
 Real estate title deeds.
 Mortgages and other documents, exclusive of securities.
- (ii) No permit on form K is required for the export by an Authorized Dealer of currency in the form of cash.
- (iii) In the case of the institutions named in Appendix No. I, special arrangements have been made whereby the export permits required in connection

with their exports by mail of cash, securities or travellers' cheques will be submitted by them direct to the Board instead of to the Postmaster at the point of mailing.

Such mail matter will bear on its face the return address of the institution and will be endorsed on its face:—

AUTHORIZED FOR EXPORT
BY FOREIGN EXCHANGE
CONTROL BOARD

(or)

APPROVED FOR EXPORT ON BEHALF
OF THE FOREIGN EXCHANGE
CONTROL BOARD

and initialled by an officer of the institution in the space provided. All such mail is to be allowed to proceed without delay.

Persons Departing From Canada

19. (a) No travel permit is required for a person to leave Canada provided he is carrying with him a combined total of not more than \$50 in United States and Canadian cash and travellers' cheques and that any such United States funds were obtained by the traveller from an Authorized Dealer in Canada for the purposes of the journey for which he is leaving Canada.

Unless exempted in Section 19 (d) herein, no resident of Canada, Newfoundland or of the sterling area shall be permitted to leave Canada with a combined total of more than \$50 in United States and Canadian cash and travellers' cheques unless such person holds one of the following permits:

- (1) An unexpired permit on Form H issued by a bank or special agent of the Board, or of the Newfoundland Foreign Exchange Control Board, and takes with him out of Canada Canadian or foreign cash and travellers' cheques not in excess of the amount stated in the permit. (The Form H is to be date-stamped on each exit, and is to be surrendered at the port of exit from Canada last used on the journey for which the permit was issued, which may be return journey between two points in Canada through the United States.)
 - (2) An unexpired Special Border Permit issued by the Board and takes with him out of Canada funds not in excess of the amount authorized by the permit and is proceeding abroad for the purposes specified in the permit. (This permit is to be examined and returned after the examining officer is satisfied as to the identity of the holder.)
 - (3) An unexpired Special Business Travel Permit issued by the Board and takes with him out of Canada an amount of Canadian or foreign cash and travellers' cheques not in excess of the amount authorized by the permit. (This permit is to be surrendered at the port of exit and date-stamped.)
- (b) All travel permits surrendered to the Collector are to be forwarded at the end of each day to the Board.
- (c) Cash or travellers' cheques carried by a permit holder in excess of the amount authorized shall be held by the Collector or under his direction, pending instructions as to disposal in Canada; otherwise the permit holder shall not be allowed to proceed abroad.
- (d) EXEMPTIONS.—No permit is required in the following cases for a resident of Canada, Newfoundland or of the sterling area to leave Canada and to carry with him his own Canadian and foreign currency and travellers' cheques:—
- (1) Members of the Armed Forces of Canada or of British and Allied countries proceeding out of Canada in the course of their duties in such Forces. The exemption from a travel permit in this case also extends to any advance of official funds which they may be taking with them.
 - (2) A resident representative of another country, or a member of his staff or family, who carries a certificate of exemption from registration under the National Registration Regulations, 1940.

- (3) A resident of Canada, Newfoundland or of the sterling area under the age of sixteen years, when travelling with a parent or guardian to whom a permit has been granted covering the travel of and the Canadian or foreign currency or travellers' cheques carried by both parties, or with a parent or guardian exempted under (2) above or otherwise exempted.
- (4) A resident of Canada, Newfoundland or of the sterling area proceeding direct from Canada to a country in the sterling area or Newfoundland on a vessel which does not enter en route any port in a country outside Canada, Newfoundland or the sterling area, provided the traveller is not taking with him any foreign currency in the form of cash or travellers' cheques, other than currency of any part of the sterling area.
- (5) A resident of the sterling area who is a temporary visitor to Canada, that is to say, one whose stay in Canada has not exceeded thirty days prior to his departure.

20. The instructions in Section 19 concerning travel permits and exemptions therefrom do not alter the necessity for a permit on Form K for *any* traveller to export securities.

Import of Property Other Than Goods

- 21. (a) No import licence is required for the importation of securities.
- (b) Except as provided in Section 21 (c) herein no import shall be permitted of Canadian or foreign banknotes or coupons detached from bonds or bearer share warrants from any country except the United States, Newfoundland and countries in the sterling area without the submission to the Collector of a licence on Form SE in duplicate which has been numbered and signed by the Foreign Exchange Control Board. When the Collector has verified that the two copies of Form SE submitted to him have been approved by the Board and that the banknotes or coupons being imported are those described on the form, both copies of Form SE should be certified and port-dated. The Collector will then return one copy to the applicant and forward the other copy to the Board at Ottawa. Forms SE are obtainable from branch banks.
- (c) No import licence is required for mail matter addressed to the institutions named in Appendix I. These institutions report to the Board banknotes and coupons received and the circumstances of these importations. This exemption does not apply to mail matter addressed to individuals in care of such institutions.

Special Instruction Regarding Imports by Mail

22. The duties of Collectors in regard to the control of imports, as outlined in Sections 16 and 21 herein, apply to imports made by mail or parcel post as well as to imports made by other means. Collectors are accordingly required to have registered, insured and first class foreign mail, as well as other foreign mail matter destined for the area under their control, carefully scrutinized by, or under the supervision of their officers, and remove for examination any bulky letters or other mail matter suspected of containing goods, banknotes or coupons for which an import licence is required. In any case where examination seems to be justified the addressee shall be notified by means of Notice Card Form E-14, and examination shall be conducted as in the case of registered packages. The addressee may be permitted to take delivery of his mail matter after licence has been obtained or after it has been established that no licence is necessary. Mail matter addressed to the institutions listed in Appendix No. I is exempt from examination for the purposes of these instructions.

Disposal of Forms

23. Collectors are to follow carefully the instructions contained herein regarding the disposition of all Foreign Exchange Control Board Forms. It is essential that the appropriate copies be forwarded to the Board, and, where necessary, to the Authorized Dealer, on the same day as received.

Enforcement

24. (a) Under Sections 34 and 43 of the Order, the Board has ordered that each Collector shall take such action by way of detention or search of persons or property, or disclosure of information in his possession, as he may deem necessary for preventing violations of the provisions of the Order or ascertaining whether any violation has taken place, or is likely to take place, or for ensuring the arrest and conviction of any person who may have violated or be violating any provision of the Order, or for obtaining evidence of or relating to any past, present or future violation or suspected or attempted violation.
- (b) Pursuant to Section 43 (1) of the Order, the Board has authorized all Collectors to make the seizures described by the said Section.
- (c) As a guide to officers in carrying out the provisions of Sections 34 and 43 of the Order, the following questions shall be asked of each person requiring a travel permit to leave Canada, at the time of departure: "How much Canadian and United States currency or travellers' cheques are you carrying?" "Do you have any stocks, bonds or bond coupons with you?" "Are you taking with you any goods other than personal effects?" Answers to these questions should be accepted unless there are grounds for doubt, in which case search should be made.

25. Memorandum WM2 (Third Revision) and all supplements thereto being herein revised and consolidated are superseded. Effective September 1, 1945.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

APPENDIX No. I

LIST OF INSTITUTIONS AUTHORIZED TO SUBMIT DIRECT TO THE BOARD ANY EXPORT LICENCES REQUIRED IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR OUTGOING MAIL MATTER

Mail matter which bears on its face the return address of such an institution and which is marked

Authorized for Export
by Foreign Exchange
Control Board

or

Approved for Export on
Behalf of the Foreign
Exchange Control Board

and initialled by a Company officer in the space provided will be allowed to proceed freely.

All branches in Canada of the following banks:—

Bank of Canada
Bank of Montréal
The Bank of Nova Scotia
The Bank of Toronto
Banque Canadienne Nationale
La Banque Provinciale du Canada
Baclays Bank (Canada)
The Canadian Bank of Commerce
The Dominion Bank
Imperial Bank of Canada
The Royal Bank of Canada
La Banque d'Economie de Quebec
The Montreal City & District Savings Bank
Province of Ontario Savings Office.

The Head Offices in the cities named of the following Life Insurance Companies:—

Ætna Life Insurance Co., Montreal
The Canada Life Assurance Co., Toronto
The Commercial Life Assurance Co., Toronto

The Confederation Life Association, Toronto
 Continental Life Insurance Co., Toronto
 The Crown Life Insurance Co., Toronto
 The Dominion Life Assurance Co., Waterloo
 The Dominion of Canada General Ins. Co., Toronto
 The T. Eaton Life Assurance Co., Toronto
 The Empire Life Insurance Co., (Toronto)
 The Empire Life Insurance Co., (Kingston)
 The Equitable Life Insurance Co. of Canada, Waterloo
 Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, Toronto
 The Excelsior Life Insurance Co., Toronto
 Fidelity Life Assurance Co., Regina
 The Great-West Life Assurance Co., Winnipeg
 The Imperial Life Assce. Co. of Canada, Toronto
 The Industrial Life Insurance Co., Quebec
 The London Life Insurance Co., London
 The London & Scottish Assce. Corp. Ltd., Montreal
 Loyal Protective Insurance Co., Toronto
 Manufacturers Life Insurance Co., Toronto
 The Maritime Life Assurance Co., Halifax
 Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Ottawa
 The Monarch Life Assurance Co., Winnipeg
 Montreal Life Insurance Co., Montreal
 Mutual Life Assurance Co. of Canada, Waterloo
 The Mutual Life & Citizens Assce. Co. Ltd., Montreal
 The Mutual Life Ins. Co. of New York, Montreal
 The National Life Assurance Co. of Canada, Toronto
 New York Life Insurance Co., Montreal
 North American Life Assurance Co., Toronto
 North British and Mercantile Ins. Co. Ltd., Montreal
 The Northern Life Assce. Co. of Canada, Toronto
 The Occidental Life Ins. Co., London
 Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd., Montreal
 The Prudential Assurance Co. of London, Eng., Montreal
 Prudential Insurance Co. of America, Montreal
 Royal Insurance Co. Ltd., Montreal
 The Royal Guardians, Montreal
 La Sauvegarde Life Insurance Co., Montreal.
 Sovereign Life Assurance Co. of Canada, Winnipeg
 The Standard Life Assce. Co., Montreal
 Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada, Montreal
 Toronto Mutual Life Insurance Co., Toronto
 The Travellers Insurance Company, Montreal
 Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, Montreal
 The Western Life Assurance Co., Hamilton

Offices of the following Trust Companies:—

Barclays Trust Company of Canada
 British Mortgage & Trust Corporation of Ontario, The
 Brockville Trust & Savings Company, The
 Canada Permanent Trust Company, The
 Canada Trust Company, The
 Capital Trust Corporation, Limited
 Central Trust Company of Canada, The
 Chartered Trust & Executor Company
 Crown Trust Company
 Custodian Trust Company Limited
 Eastern Trust Company, The
 General Trust of Canada
 Grey & Bruce Trust & Savings Company, The
 Guaranty Trust Company of Canada
 Industrial Mortgage & Trust Company, The
 Lambton Trust Company, Limited, The

London & Western Trusts Company, Limited, The
 Montreal Trust Company
 National Trust Company, Limited
 Northern Trusts Company, The
 Nova Scotia Trust Company, The
 Osler & Nanton Trust Company
 Premier Trust Company, The
 Prudential Trust Company, Limited
 Royal Trust Company, The
 Sherbrooke Trust Company
 Société d'Administration et de Fiducie
 Sterling Trusts Corporation, The
 Sun Trust Limited, The
 Toronto General Trusts Corporation, The
 Trusts & Guarantee Company, Limited, The
 Victoria Trust & Savings Company, The
 Waterloo Trust & Savings Company, The
 Western Trust Company, The

APPENDIX No. II

LIST OF APPOINTED SECURITY DEALERS AUTHORIZED TO APPROVE FORM K
 (SEE SECTION 18)

BANKS AND SAVINGS BANKS

Bank of Canada	Canadian Bank of Commerce, The
Bank of Montreal	Dominion Bank, The
Bank of Nova Scotia, The	Imperial Bank of Canada
Bank of Toronto, The	Montreal City & District Savings Bank, The
Banque Canadienne Nationale, La	Province of Ontario Savings Office, The
Banque d'Economie de Quebec, La	Royal Bank of Canada, The
Banque Provinciale du Canada, La	
Barclays Bank (Canada)	

TRUST COMPANIES

Barclays Trust Company of Canada	London & Western Trust Company, Limited, The
British Mortgage & Trust Corporation of Ontario, The	Montreal Trust Company
Brockville Trust & Savings Company, The	National Trust Company Limited
Canada Permanent Trust Company, The	Northern Trusts Company, The
Canada Trust Company, The	Nova Scotia Trust Company, The
Capital Trust Corporation Limited	Osler & Nanton Trust Company
Central Trust Company of Canada, The	Premier Trust Company, The
Chartered Trust & Executor Company	Prudential Trust Company Limited
Crown Trust Company	Royal Trust Company, The
Custodian Trust Company Limited	Sherbrooke Trust Company
Eastern Trust Company, The	Societe d'Administration et de Fiducie
General Trust of Canada	Sterling Trusts Corporation, The
Grey & Bruce Trust & Savings Com- pany, The	Sun Trust Limited, The
Guaranty Trust Company of Canada	Toronto General Trusts Corporation, The
Industrial Mortgage & Trust Company, The	Trusts & Guarantee Company Limited, The
Lambton Trust Company Limited, The	Victoria Trust & Savings Company, The
	Waterloo Trust & Savings Company, The
	Western Trust Company, The

MEMBERS OF STOCK EXCHANGES AND INVESTMENT DEALERS' ASSOCIATION OF CANADA

Adam & Co. Ltd.
Ames, A. E. & Co. Ltd.
Amos, Christie & Co.
Anderson & Company
Angus & Co.

Bain, Newling & Co.
Bankers Bond Co. Limited
Barrett, Sequin & Co.
Barry & McManamy
Bartlett, Cayley & Company Limited
Beatty, Webster & Company Limited
Beaubien & Co., L. G.
Bell, Gouinlock & Co. Limited
Bell, T. M. & Company Limited
Bellinger, H. D. & Company Limited
Biggar & Crawford
Blaikie, Geo. W. & Co.
Bongard & Co.
Boulet, J. C. Limitee
Brault & Chaput
Brawley, Cathers & Company
Breckenridge, McDonald & Co.
Brennan, F. J. & Company Limited
Bricker, W. R. & Co.
Brooks & Co., S. J.
Bryson, R. N. & Company
Buchanan, Seagram & Co.
Burgess, Charles & Company
Burnett & Co.
Burns Bros. & Denton Limited

Cameron, A. G. B.
Canadian Alliance Corporation Limited
Canadian General Securities Limited
Cannon, J. P. & Co.
Carlile & McCarthy Limited
Cassels, Son & Co.
Castledine, Poulin & Co. Ltd.
Chisholm, Hector M. & Co.
Cleave, Jas. Agencies Ltd.
Clement, Guimont, Inc.
Cochran, Murray & Co. Limited
Collier, Norris & Quinlan
Colling & Colling
Cornell, Macgillivray Limited
Crabtree & Company Ltd.
Craig, Ballantyne & Co.
Crang, J. H. & Co.
Crawford, F. J. & Co.
Credit Anglo-Francais Limitee
Cross, Clifton C. & Co. (Man.) Ltd.
Crutchlow, Dean & Co.
Curry, P. D. & Company Limited
Daly, R. A. Co. Limited
Davidson & Co. Ltd.
Davidson & Robertson
Deacon, F. H. & Co.
Dickson, Joliffe & Co.

Dobie, Draper & Co.
Doherty Roadhouse & Co.
Dominion Securities Corporation Ltd.,
The

Drewry, C. E.
Duggan, D. M. Investments Ltd.

Easson, Green & Co.
Eastern Securities Company Ltd.
Easton, Fisher & Co.
Enderton, C. H. & Company
Erickson, Hevenor & Co.
Evans, H. M. E. & Co. Ltd.
Evans, Jenkin

Fairbanks, Kirby & Co.
Fergusson, G. Tower & Co.
Fields, C. C. & Co.
Flemming & Company
Flett, A. B. & Company
Flood & Co.
Forget & Co., L. J.
Forget & Forget
Fortier & Co.
Fox, E. D. & Co. Limited
Frame, John & Co.
Francis, Jay L. & Co.
Fraser, Dingman & Co.
Fraser Stock & Bond Co. Ltd.
Fry & Company
Fuller, E. H.

Gairdner & Company Limited
Gardiner, Wardrop, McBride Limited
Garipey, Gaston
Gellety, R. & Co., Ltd.
Genser, Wm.
Geoffrion & Robert
Gillett & Strachan
Goad, J. L. & Co.
Gonthier, Paul & Company Limited
Goodwin, Harris & Co.
Gouldings, Rose & Company Limited
Graham, J. L. & Co. Limited
Graham, John & Company
Grant, Johnston & Co.
Grasett, J. E. & Co.
Greenshields & Co.
Grills, T. O. & Co.
Guildhall Securities Limited
Gunn, C. S. & Company Limited

Hall Securities Ltd.
Harcourt, R. M. & Co.
Harris, W. C. & Co. Limited
Harrison & Company, Limited
Hickey, Donaldson Co.
Hicks, L. W. & Company
Hickson & Yuile

- Hickson, Leonard
 Higginson & Ross
 Hodgson & Co., C. J.
 Hogg, W. F. & Co.
 Holland & Lamprey Ltd.
 Housser, H. B. & Co.
 Houston, Willoughby & Company Limited
 Hughson Bros. & Co.
 Isard, Robertson & Co. Limited
 Jennings, Petrie & Co. Limited
 Jones Heward & Co.
 Jones, J. W. P.
 Jukes, A. E. & Co. Limited
 Kaufmann & Co., J. C.
 Kerr, F. W. & Co.
 Kerrigan, MacTier & Co. Limited
 Kidder & Co., A. M.
 Kingstone & Mackenzie
 Kippen & Company Incorporated
 Labouliere, J. A.
 Laidlaw & Co.
 Lauder Mercer & Company Ltd.
 Leclerc, Rene-T., Incorporee
 Leggat, Cassils & Co.
 Lennard, S. H. & Co. Ltd.
 Leslie, Frank S. & Co.
 Leslie & Co., G. E.
 Lightcap Securities Limited
 Loughlin & Mackenzie Limited
 Lynch, E. T. & Co.
 Macdonald, W. M. & Co.
 MacDougall & MacDougall
 Mack, H. M.
 Mackay & Co., Hugh
 Mackellar, S. R. & Co.
 Mackenzie & Kingman
 MacKenzie, D. F. Ltd.
 Mackintosh, J. C. & Co. Limited
 Macleod, Riddell & Co.
 Market Securities Ltd.
 Marler & Co., J. L.
 Matthews & Company
 McCuaig Bros. & Co.
 McDougall, D. J. & Co.
 McDougall & Cowans
 McKie, George J. & Co.
 McLeod, Young, Weir & Company Limited
 McMahon and Burns Limited
 McMillan, Guest & Co.
 McTaggart, Hannaford, Birks & Gordon Ltd.
 Mead & Co. Limited
 Meggeson, J. R. & Co. Limited
 Melady, Sellers & Company Limited
 Midland Securities Limited
 Mills, Spence & Co. Limited
 Milner, Ross & Co.
 Mitchell, W. G. & Co.
 Moat & Co., R.
 Molson, Lawson & Co.
 Monk, Gamble, Froats & Company
 Mooney, J. R. & Co.
 Moss, Lawson & Co.
 Mueller, Walter C.
 Nanson, Rothwell & Co. Ltd.
 Nay & James Limited
 Nelson & Company Ltd.
 Nesbitt, Thomson & Company Limited
 Nicholson, G. W. & Co.
 Norris Grain Company Limited
 Northern Trusts Company
 O'Brien & Williams
 Oldfield Kirby & Gardner Ltd.
 Oliver, C. M. & Company Limited
 Osler, A. E. & Co.
 Osler & Hammond
 Osler, Hammond & Nanton
 Oswald & Drinkwater
 Pardoe, Avern & Co.
 Paterson & Co., Alex
 Peaker, Trent & Bunting
 Pemberton & Son Ltd.
 Pemberton & Son Vancouver Limited
 Phillips, Leonard
 Pitfield, W. C. & Company Limited
 Playfair & Co.
 Pooler, E. H. & Co.
 Purdy, S. H.
 Pyper, J.R.
 Ramsay, A. M. & Co.
 Reeve & Co. Ltd., F. F.
 Reid, Wm. E. Company Limited
 Rennie, G. H. & Co.
 Richardson & Co., T. A.
 Richardson & Sons, James
 Rittenhouse & Co.
 Robertson, Malone & Co.
 Rochon, Fernand
 Ross, Whittall Ltd.
 Rothschild & Co., L. E.
 Royal Securities Corporation Ltd.
 Savard & Hart
 Savard, Hodgson & Co. Inc.
 Shearson, Hammill & Co.
 Skaith & Co. Limited
 Smith, Hart & Company Limited
 Smith, Thompson & Co.
 Snowden, J. and Company
 Societe de Placements Incorporee
 Societe Generale de Finance Inc.
 Speer, J. W.
 Stanbury & Co. Limited
 Stanton, Hatch & McCarthy
 Steers, R. D. and Company
 Stevens & Kilgour Limited

Stewart, J. F. M. & Co. Limited
 Stewart, McNair & Co.
 Stratton, J. R. & Co.
 Streit, J. Bradley
 Sydie, Sutherland & Driscoll Limited

Tanner & Co.
 Thomson & Co.
 Thomson & McKinnon
 Timmins, J. R. & Co.
 Toole Peet Inv. Ltd.

Waghorn Gwynn & Co. Ltd.
 Watson, T. R. & Co.
 Watt & Watt

West, Louis J. & Co.
 Western City Company Limited, The
 White & Haldenby
 White, J. B. & Co.
 Wiley, Low & Company Ltd.
 Williams, G. C. & Co.
 Wills, Bickle & Co.
 Wilson & Co.
 Winnipeg Security & Grain Corp. Ltd.
 Wittichen's Ltd.
 Wolverton & Co. Ltd.
 Wood, Gundy & Company Limited

Yorkshire & Pacific Securities Ltd., The
 Yuile, J. W.

W. M. No. 39
 Eighth Revision
 Supplement No. 16
MEMORANDUM
 CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 23rd August, 1915.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

The following changes have been effected in Group 8 of the Export Permit Regulations (Eight Revision), Export Permit Branch Order No. 126, as of August 23rd:

1. The minimum export permit exemption previously established for the under-mentioned chemical products is reduced from \$25.00 to \$5.00, so that an export permit will be required for shipments thereof valued at over \$5.00 when consigned to any destination.

Nicotine, salts of nicotine, n.o.p., and preparations containing nicotine in a free or combined state, n.o.p.

Nicotine sulphate and products containing nicotine sulphate.

Preparations or chemicals for disinfecting, dipping, spraying or fumigating, n.o.p.
 Pyrethrum or insect flowers, powder and extract.

Vitamins and viosterols (include food hormones, concentrates A, B, C, D, E, G, P and X, synthetics such as ascorbic acid thiamin chloride, medicinal fish oil, yeast concentrate, wheat germ, etc.).

2. Group 8 of the Export Permit Regulations is further amended in respect of the specific item "Rotenone and products containing rotenone" by reducing the minimum exemption thereon from \$25.00 to \$5.00 so that an export permit will be required for shipments thereof valued at over \$5.00 when consigned to any destination, other than St. Pierre & Miquelon, Newfoundland and the British West Indies.

3. The blanket exemption from export permit control recently established for the following Paints, Varnishes and Pigments in Group 8 destined for the British West Indies is cancelled, so that an export permit will be required for shipments of these commodities valued at over \$25.00 when consigned to the latter destination:

Paints, bituminous, liquid and plastic.

Paints, other liquid.

Pigments, of all kinds, including pigments ground in oil.

Varnishes.

Japans.

Oil finish.

Putty.

Gums, varnish, natural or synthetic.

4. The recent total exemption established for exports of Soap of all kinds going to St. Pierre & Miquelon, Newfoundland or the British West Indies is modified so that an export permit will be required for shipments of Soap valued at over \$25.00 when consigned to any destination.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

W. M. No. 39
Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 17
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 27th August, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits—Pig Iron

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 127, effective on and after August 28, 1945, the total export permit exemption on Pig Iron, previously established by Export Permit Branch Order No. 103 of November 22, 1944, is cancelled, so that an export permit will be required for shipments of Pig Iron when consigned to any destination.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

W. M. No. 51
(Second Revision)
Supplement No. 2
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 27th August, 1945

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Imports

It is ordered that the following goods be deleted from those enumerated in Memorandum WM No. 51, Second Revision:

Acetone
Amyl Acetate
Amyl Alcohol
Ascorbic or cevitamic acid (Vitamin C) and isoascorbic acid not including compounded medicinal preparations containing these materials
Paint, varnish and lacquer thinners and solvents (Customs Tariff Items ex 220a and ex 711).

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 5631, 21/8/45—Authority, War Measures Act).

WM No. 83
(Third Revision)

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE)

OTTAWA, August 11, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise and others concerned:

Herewith is published for your information and guidance the "Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942" (as amended). This revision supersedes Memorandum WM No. 83 (Second Revision) and supplements thereto.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister.

(P.C. 11374, 16/12/42—Authority, War Measures Act) (Amended by P.C. 1458, 26/2/43; P.C. 97/5610, 15/7/43; P.C. 7083, 7/9/43; P.C. 1775, 13/3/44; P.C. 6502, 22/8/44 and P.C. 5438, 3/8/45.)

ORDER

1. This order may be cited as the "Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942" (amended).

2. In this order, unless the context otherwise requires:—

- (a) "distiller" means any person licensed under or in pursuance of the Excise Act, 1934, to manufacture or produce spirits;
- (b) Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).
- (c) "Minister" means the Minister of National Revenue;
- (d) "person" shall include His Majesty in right of any province in Canada or any governmental department, board, commission or agency on his behalf;
- (e) "spirits" means all potable distillate produced by a distiller, and includes alcoholic beverages commonly known as whisky, brandy, rum, gin, cocktails and liqueurs;
- (f) the words "beer", "brewer" and "proof spirits" shall have the same meaning respectively as set forth in the Excise Act, 1934;
- (g) "wine" means any alcoholic beverage, the product of the natural or induced fermentation of fruit agricultural products or any saccharine material fermented alone or in any combination without any process of distillation.

PART I

- 3. Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).
- 4. Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).
- 5. Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).
- 6. Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).
- 7. Revoked (P.C. 1775, 13/3/44).
- 8. Revoked (P.C. 1775, 13/3/44).
- 9. Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).
- 10. Revoked (P.C. 6502, 22/8/44).
- 11. Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).

PART II

12. (1) No person shall, for the purpose of promoting the sale of spirits, wine or beer or of creating or establishing goodwill or other benefit or advantage,

- (a) publish an advertisement of any spirits, wine or beer;
- (b) publish an advertisement of himself as a distiller, manufacturer or brewer of spirits, wine or beer or as a person who sells spirits, wine or beer; or
- (c) publish an advertisement of any person as a distiller, manufacturer or brewer of spirits, wine or beer or as a person who sells spirits, wine or beer:

Provided that every such advertisement (except an advertisement which, in the opinion of the Minister is in the public interest or the legal, financial or other reasonable needs of the distiller, manufacturer, brewer or seller requires to be published) in respect of which expense is incurred by or on behalf of any such distiller, manufacturer, brewer or seller shall be deemed to have been published for the purpose of promoting the sale of spirits, wine or beer or of creating or establishing goodwill or other benefit or advantage.

(2) No person lawfully manufacturing spirits, wine or beer is, by reason of subsection one of this section, prohibited from publishing on the container of spirits, wine or beer manufactured by him information with regard thereto and with regard to himself as manufacturer thereof.

(3) No person lawfully selling spirits, wine or beer is, by reason of subsection one of this section, prohibited from publishing information regarding such spirits, wine or beer in the place where it may lawfully be sold.

(4) No person is, by reason of subsection one of this section, prohibited from selling or distributing in Canada, in the ordinary course of his business, books, newspapers or magazines lawfully imported into Canada.

PART III

13.(1) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this Order shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code, or if the Attorney General of Canada so directs, upon indictment to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

(2) Any officer of any company or corporation, or of any department of government, board, commission or agency on behalf of His Majesty the King in right of any province of Canada who performs any act which contravenes the provisions of this Order, or who aids or abets any person in any such contravention, or any director of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in any such contravention by such company or corporation shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) No prosecution of any offence under this Order shall be commenced, except with written leave of the Attorney General of Canada.

(4) A prosecution under Part XV of the Criminal Code for any offence under this Order may be commenced at any time within twelve months from the time of its commission.

(5) Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).

14. (1) The Minister may grant such exemption from any of the provisions of this Order as he may deem proper.

(2) Any exemption granted by the Minister under the provisions of subsection one shall be in writing signed by him and the same may be granted unconditionally or may be limited in its terms or be conditional in such manner and to such extent as he may, in his discretion, see fit.

(3) Revoked (P.C. 5438, 3/8/45).

15. The Minister may prescribe such regulations as he considers necessary for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Order.

16. Part II of this Order shall come into force on the first day of February, 1943, and all other provisions of this Order shall come into force on the 17th day of December, 1942.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board
(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

REPAYMENT OF SUBSIDY NOTICE RS-27

COMMODITY PRICES STABILIZATION CORPORATION LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that effective August 31, 1945, Item 1 (Beans) of Government Notice RS-23, published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations, 1945, Vol. II, No. 8, on May 28, 1945, is rescinded.

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of August, 1945.

COMMODITY PRICES STABILIZATION CORPORATION, LTD.
per H. B. McKINNON, *President*.



Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 549

Housing accommodation owned by Defence Industries Limited and situated in the Village of Deep River in the Province of Ontario

Under authority conferred by the Wartime Leasehold Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9029 of November 21, 1941, as amended, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. This Order shall come into force on September 5, 1945.
2. For the purposes of this Order the definition of any expression contained in Order No. 294 of the Board shall extend and apply to the same expression wherever used in this Order.
3. From and after August 31, 1945, the provisions of the Wartime Leasehold Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9029 of November 21, 1941, as amended, and the provisions of any Order of the Board made pursuant to such regulations shall cease to apply to any housing accommodation situate in the Village of Deep River in the Province of Ontario and owned by Defence Industries Limited.

Made at Ottawa, September 4, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1719

Paint and Varnish Brushes

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fabricated Metals and Sundry Items, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 1, 1945.
2. Administrator's Order No. A-1623 is hereby revoked.

3. No person shall sell, ship or deliver any paint or varnish brush, the kind, size and specifications of which are set out in Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-1623 unless his maximum selling price therefor is fixed after August 15, 1945, by the Administrator of Fabricated Metals and Sundry Items pursuant to the provisions of Board Order No. 414.

Dated at Ottawa, this 29th day of August, 1945.

R. A. H. TAYLOR,
*Administrator of Fabricated Metals
and Sundry Items.*

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1720

Controlling Shipments of Potatoes from the Maritime Provinces

Under powers conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board on the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1653 which prohibited the shipment on and after June 9, 1945, of any potatoes grown in 1944 from the Maritime provinces to any destination in Canada outside of those provinces, is hereby revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on August 31, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of August, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1721

Respecting the Labelling and Designation of Antifreeze

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Chemicals, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-504, which placed certain restrictions on the sale of antifreeze, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on September 4, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 1st day of September, 1945.

E. T. STERNE,
Administrator of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

R. GEDDES,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1722

Maximum Prices of Potatoes

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on September 6, 1945.

2. Clause (b) of Section 12 of Administrator's Order No. A-1560 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(b) a markup not exceeding, according to the size of container in which the potatoes are packed and sold:

40c.	per 100 pound container
30c.	per 75 pound container
25c.	per 50 pound container
15c.	per 25 pound container
12c.	per 15 pound container
8c.	per 10 pound container
$\frac{8}{16}$ c.	per pound for less than 10 pound containers".

3. Clauses (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of Section 16 of said Order No. A-1560 are hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(c) a markup not exceeding, according to the size of container in which the potatoes are packed and sold:

40c.	per 100 pound container
30c.	per 75 pound container
25c.	per 50 pound container
15c.	per 25 pound container
12c.	per 15 pound container
8c.	per 10 pound container
$\frac{8}{16}$ c.	per pound for less than 10 pound containers".

4. Clauses (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of Section 16 of said Order No. A-1560 are hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(c) if the seller is a retailer operating a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets who purchased those potatoes from a shipper and actually took delivery at such central warehouse, a markup not exceeding:

48c.	per 100 pound container
36c.	per 75 pound container
30c.	per 50 pound container
18c.	per 25 pound container
15c.	per 15 pound container
10c.	per 10 pound container
1c.	per pound for less than 10 pound containers".

5. Clause (b) of Section 20 of said Order No. A-1560 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(b) a markup not exceeding, according to the size of container in which the potatoes are packed and sold:

40c. per 100 pound container
 30c. per 75 pound container
 25c. per 50 pound container
 15c. per 25 pound container
 12c. per 15 pound container
 8c. per 10 pound container
 8^s/₁₆c. per pound for less than 10 pound containers".

6. Clauses (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of Section 22 of said Order No. A-1560 are hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(c) a markup not exceeding according to the size of container in which the potatoes are packed and sold:

40c. per 100 pound container
 30c. per 75 pound container
 25c. per 50 pound container
 15c. per 25 pound container
 12c. per 15 pound container
 8c. per 10 pound container
 8^s/₁₆c. per pound for less than 10 pound containers".

7. Clauses (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of Section 22 of said Order No. A-1560 are hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(c) if the seller is a retailer operating a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets who purchased those potatoes from a shipper and actually took delivery at such central warehouse, a markup not exceeding:

48c. per 100 pound container
 36c. per 75 pound container
 30c. per 50 pound container
 18c. per 25 pound container
 15c. per 15 pound container
 10c. per 10 pound container
 1c. per pound for less than 10 pound containers".

Dated at Ottawa this 1st day of September, 1945.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
*Administrator of Fresh Fruit and
 Vegetables.*

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1724

Maximum Prices of Barrelled Plate Beef, Barrelled Short Cut Back and Barrelled Mess Pork

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order comes into force on September 7, 1945.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "barrelled plate beef" means cured beef consisting of plates or plates cut in pieces and packed in brine in barrels containing not less than 200 pounds of such beef;
- (b) "barrelled short cut back" means cured pork (consisting of strips not over 7 inches wide derived from the remaining portion of a rough middle after removal of the tenderloin, the skirt trimmings and the rough belly) packed in brine in barrels containing not less than 200 pounds of such pork;
- (c) "barrelled mess pork" means cured pork (consisting of strips not over 7 inches wide derived from the remaining portion of a rough middle after removal of the tenderloin and the skirt trimmings) packed in brine in barrels containing not less than 200 pounds of such pork;
- (d) "plate" means a bone-in plate of beef as defined in Board Order No. 307;
- (e) "rough middle" means a rough middle of pork as defined in Administrator's Order No. A-1391;
- (f) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
- (g) "sell at retail" means to sell to a consumer for his personal or household use;
- (h) "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail;
- (i) "zone" means one of the zones numbered and mentioned in the Schedule to this Order, which zones correspond respectively with the zones similarly numbered and described in Part VII of Administrator's Order No. A-1391.

Prices are Maximum Prices

3. All wholesale and retail prices fixed by this Order are maximum prices and must not be exceeded.

Maximum Wholesale Prices

4. The maximum price at which any person may sell at wholesale any barrelled plate beef, barrelled short cut back and barrelled mess pork processed and packed in any of the zones numbered and mentioned in the Schedule hereto shall be the price for the same set forth in such Schedule for the zone in which it is processed, PLUS, if the seller is not the processor of such meat product and his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him, the actual cost of transporting such meat product from the processor's shipping point to the city, town or village in which the seller has his place of business.

Free Delivery on Sales at Wholesale in Certain Cases

5. On a sale at wholesale of any barrelled plate beef, barrelled short cut back and barrelled mess pork by any person to a buyer whose place of business is in the same city, town or village as that of the seller, or is within the seller's customary free delivery zone, delivery shall be free to that buyer. In all other cases the maximum prices fixed by Section 4 are f.o.b. the seller's place of business.

Maximum Prices for Sales at Retail

6. The maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any barrelled plate beef, barrelled short cut back and barrelled mess pork shall be the sum of the following:

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the meat product but not exceeding the maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier as fixed by this Order;
- (b) if his supplier is not by this Order required to deliver free to him the actual cost, not exceeding the less than carload lot freight rate, paid by him for transporting the meat product from his supplier's shipping point to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situated; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:
 - (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him

during the basic period September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, on sales of meat products of the same or substantially similar kind or quality;

- (ii) the markup calculated according to the provisions of Board Order No. 450 and in Schedule "A" of that Order under the markup symbol "H".

Sales Invoices and Records

7. (1) On every sale at wholesale of any meat product to which this Order applies, the seller shall at the time of delivery furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the following:

- (a) the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer and the date of sale;
- (b) the kind, weight and price per barrel of each such product sold; and
- (c) the transportation charges, if any, paid by him.

(2) Every person who sells such products at wholesale shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

8. Every person who buys any meat product to which this Order applies for resale shall at the time he receives delivery thereof obtain,

- (a) from his supplier an invoice covering the transaction completed as specified in Section 7; and
- (b) a receipted bill for any amount paid by him for the transportation of the goods.

Inspection of Records and Invoices

9. Every duplicate copy of invoice which a seller of any meat product to which this Order applies is required by this Order to make and keep, and every invoice, transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys any such products for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times for twelve months from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Retail Sales Slips

10. Every person who sells any meat product to which this Order applies at retail shall, upon request of the buyer, furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the weight and the price per pound charged.

Dated at Ottawa, this 5th day of September, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,

Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1724

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES AT WHOLESALE OF THE FOLLOWING MEAT PRODUCTS

When Produced in Zone	(in dollars per 200 pound barrel)		
	Barrelled Mess	Barrelled Short Cut	Barrelled Plate
2	\$45.75	\$49.25	\$33.00
4	44.50	47.75	32.50
5	44.50	47.75	32.50
6	44.50	47.75	31.00
10	42.75	46.50	30.00
11	42.00	45.75	30.00
12	41.50	45.25	30.00
14	44.25	48.25	32.25

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1725

Leather Soles for Footwear

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Footwear, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 5, 1945.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1232 as amended is further amended by revoking Sections 7, 8 and 9 of said Order.

Dated at Ottawa this 4th day of September, 1945.

G. G. HODGES,
Administrator of Footwear.

APPROVED:

R. GEDDES,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1726

Footwear

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Footwear, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 5, 1945.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1332 which restricted the patterns and packaging of footwear is revoked.

Dated at Ottawa, this 4th day of September, 1945.

G. G. HODGES,
Administrator of Footwear.

APPROVED:

R. GEDDES,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 14A

(Order No. C.C. 14—Distilled Spirits—rescinded)

Dated August 30, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 14, dated October 29, 1942, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 18A

(Order No. C.C. 18—Chlorinated Solvents—rescinded)

DATED August 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 18 dated March 26, 1943 is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 26A

(Order No. C.C. 26—Aromatic Hydrocarbon Solvents—rescinded)

DATED August 31, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 26 dated May 24, 1943 is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CONSTRUCTION

Order No. 23

(Installation of Equipment—Partial Licence Exemption)

Dated August 29, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 660 of January 30, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Interpretation

For the purposes of this Order, any word or term used herein which is defined in Order in Council P.C. 660 of January 30, 1942, shall have the meaning given to such word or term by the said Order in Council.

2. Installation in Plants

Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of Section 3 of the said Order in Council P.C. 660 or Order No. 22 of the Controller of Construction, any person may, subject to Section 5 of this Order install any equipment in a plant without a licence from the Controller.

3. Repairs and Alterations for Installation in Plants

Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of Section 3 of the said Order in Council P.C. 660 or Order No. 22 of the Controller of Construction, any person may make any repairs or alterations to any plant which are directly necessary for the purpose of installing equipment therein, without a licence from the Controller.

(NOTE: This exemption does not apply to new construction or to additions.)

4. Installation in Buildings Other Than Plants

Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of Section 3 of the said Order in Council P.C. 660 or Order No. 22 of the Controller of Construction, as amended, any person may, subject to Section 5 of this Order, install any equipment in a building other than a plant without a licence from the Controller; Provided that

if the installation involves or includes any new construction or any repairs, alterations or additions to the building exceeding a total cost of \$500, a licence for such construction, repairs, alterations or additions must be obtained from the Controller.

5. Materials or Facilities for Lighting, Heating and Plumbing not Included

The exemptions authorized by this Order shall not apply to the installation of any materials or facilities for lighting, heating or plumbing, unless such materials or facilities are directly necessary for the operation of machinery installed in a plant.

J. P. MacKENZIE,
Controller of Construction.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. 003—E

(Order No. 003—rescinded)

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. 003, dated April 30, 1941, as amended, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. 004—F

(Order No. 004-A—Burning Oil—Rescinded)

Dated August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. 004-A, dated October 24, 1944, as amended by Order No. 004-D, dated October 24, 1944 and Order No. 004-E, dated June 1, 1945, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. 006—B

(Order No. 006—rescinded)

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. 006, dated July 26, 1941, as amended by Order No. 009 dated October 1, 1941 and Order No. 006-A dated May 30, 1945, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. 007-D

(Order No. 007-C—Dealer's Source of Supply of Motor Fuel—rescinded)

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. 007-C, dated November 15, 1941, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 008-F

(Order No. 008-A—Graded Motor Fuel—Rescinded)

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. 008-A, dated September 26, 1941, as amended, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 12A-1**(Order No. O.C. 12A—Use of Kerosene in Non-commercial
Marine Engines—Rescinded)**

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. O.C. 12A, dated April 30, 1942, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 12-1945B**(Order No. Oil 12-1945—Gasoline Rationing for Motor Vehicles and
Non-commercial Engines—rescinded)**

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. Oil 12-1945, as amended, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 12C-2**(Order No. O.C. 12C—Commercial Marine Engines—rescinded)**

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. O.C. 12C dated May 12, 1942, as amended by Order No O.C. 12C-1 dated December 30, 1944, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 14C

(Order No. Oil 14B—Use of Asphalt in British Columbia—rescinded)

Dated August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. Oil 14B, dated July 20, 1944, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 15A

(Order No. O.C. 15—Benzol—rescinded)

DATED August 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS: *

1. Order of the Oil Controller No. O.C. 15, dated July 22, 1942, is rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

VOLUME III, No. 11



SEPT. 17, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1945

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PART I
Orders in Council

**Order in Council revoking Section 12 of the National Selective
Service Mobilization Regulations (re University Students)**

P.C. 5878

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 4th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations, 1944, (P.C. 1355 of March 4th, 1944), and they are hereby amended by revoking Section 12 of the said Regulations.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re use of Canadian Red Ensign

P.C. 5888

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, reports that by Order in Council P.C. 134 of January 26th, 1924, authority is given for displaying the Red Ensign with the shield of the Coat of Arms of Canada in the fly (commonly known as "the Canadian Red Ensign") on suitable occasions from all buildings owned or occupied by the Canadian Government and situated without Canada;

That the Canadian Red Ensign was employed by Canadian forces during the present war; and

That, until such time as action is taken by Parliament for the formal adoption of a national flag, it is desirable to authorize the flying of the Canadian Red Ensign on Federal government buildings within as well as without Canada, and to remove any doubt as to the propriety of flying the Canadian Red Ensign wherever place or occasion may make it desirable to fly a distinctive Canadian flag;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Prime Minister, is pleased to order and doth hereby order that the Red Ensign with the shield of the Coat of Arms of Canada in the fly (hereinafter referred to as "the Canadian Red Ensign") may be flown from buildings owned or occupied by the Federal government within and without Canada.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation, is further pleased to declare and doth hereby declare that it shall be appropriate to fly the Canadian Red Ensign within and without Canada wherever place or occasion may make it desirable to fly a distinctive Canadian flag.

Nothing herein shall be deemed to alter in any way the provisions now in force with respect to the flying of the Blue Ensign with the shield of the Coat of Arms of Canada in the fly on Canadian Naval vessels and other government vessels, nor with respect to the Flying of the Canadian Red Ensign on Canadian Merchant vessels.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking P.C. 4017 $\frac{1}{2}$ December 5, 1939, constituting the War Committee and other Committees of the Cabinet

P.C. 5915

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 5th September, 1945.

The Committee of the Privy Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, advise, that Minute of Council P.C. 4017 $\frac{1}{2}$ dated 5th December, 1939, constituting the War Committee and other Committees of the Cabinet, be hereby revoked.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re guaranteed minimum return to producers of agricultural seeds

P.C. 7/5928

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 8th September, 1945.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Agriculture reporting that:

"Whereas, under Order in Council P.C. 5428 dated July 9th, 1943, the Special Products Board was, amongst other things, authorized to purchase and become the sole exporter of surpluses of certain agricultural seeds and to arrange for the distribution to producers of each class of seed, of any net profits resulting from its transactions, and

Whereas, in order to assure the Canadian farmers an adequate supply to meet the demand for seed reproduction and the increased requirements of feed for live stock, and to meet the urgent need for seed in the United Kingdom, the United States and for U.N.R.R.A., it is necessary to maintain and, if possible, increase the production of certain forage crop seeds in Canada, and

Whereas the prevailing prices for these seeds in Canada are not sufficiently attractive to encourage producers to increase their normal production and, in some cases, to maintain the normal acreage, and it is considered inadvisable at the present time to raise the ceiling price of these seeds in Canada, and

Whereas in 1944 a guaranteed minimum return was provided under Order in Council P.C. 2/6000 dated August 1st, 1944, and

Whereas it is again essential that assurance be given of reasonable returns to the farmer, in order to provide the necessary incentive to maintain and, if possible, to increase the production of these seeds.

The undersigned, therefore, has the honour to recommend that His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under authority of the War Measures Act, authorize the Special Products Board:

- (a) To pay to producers on participation certificates issued under authority of P.C. 5428 dated July 9th, 1943, five cents per pound on alfalfa, alsike clover, and alsike-white clover mixtures, and three cents per pound on red clover, and to credit against these payments the net profits that accrue from export transactions in each kind of seed, provided, however, that administration costs, including office expenses and expenditures in connection with the issuing and distribution of participation certificates, shall not be a charge against proceeds from the sale of these seeds.
- (b) To distribute to producers of each class of seed, any net profits in excess of the guaranteed payments, as provided in clause (a), resulting from the export of that class of seed.

The undersigned further recommends that Your Excellency in Council authorize out of monies to be allotted from the War Appropriation to the Department of Agriculture for the use of the Special Products Board, an expenditure to cover the guaranteed payments as outlined in clause (a), not exceeding \$500,000.00, recoverable as far as possible from the re-sale of seeds purchased."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking P.C. 66/6755, July 31, 1942, authorizing refund of customs duty and taxes on locomotives, railway cars and coaches used under war emergency conditions

P.C. 174/5928

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 8th September, 1945.

The Board recommend that Order in Council of July 31, 1942, P.C. 66/6755, granting authority under the War Measures Act for the refund or remission of Customs duty and taxes, in whole or in part, paid or ordinarily payable on locomotives and railway cars and coaches, used locally under emergency conditions caused by the war, be rescinded as from December 31, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending the provisions of P.C. 2199, March 20, 1942, re payments to organizations operating auxiliary services

P.C. 208/5928

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 8th September, 1945.

The Board had under consideration the following memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of National War Services:—

"The undersigned has the honour to report that he has received the following from the Deputy Minister:

'P.C. 2199 of March 20th, 1942, and subsequent amendments provided Accountable Grants up to August 31st, 1945.

This submission seeks authority to extend the provisions of P.C. 2199 of March 20th, 1942, with the exception of paragraph two of the said Order in Council, to March 31st, 1946, and that payment of Accountable Grants to cover services as submitted by the Department of National Defence (Navy, Army and Air), as approved by the National War Services Funds Advisory Board, be authorized, and that all other provisions of the said Order in Council should apply until March 31st, 1946.'

The undersigned concurs and has the honour to recommend accordingly."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending The Post-Discharge Re-establishment Order (P.C. 5210, 13th July, 1944)

P.C. 5933

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 7th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas The Post-Discharge Re-establishment Order contains provisions designed to promote and facilitate the re-establishment in civil life in Canada of persons who have been honourably discharged or retired from, or who have honourably ceased to serve on active service in His Majesty's armed forces;

And whereas in Part One of the Order under Benefit Number Two—"Vocational and Technical Training", provision is made in sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph 6(6) for granting persons taking training under the said benefit an extra cash payment as a living allowance, as follows:—

"The Department may pay to a discharged person pursuing a course hereunder and who is a married person or a person in respect of whom an additional allowance for dependents is being paid under this Order, a living allowance of five dollars per week for any week whilst he is necessarily living away from his usual place of residence in pursuing such course and is thereby in the opinion of the Department obliged to incur extra living expenses";

And whereas the Minister of Veterans Affairs reports that the words "whilst he is necessarily living away from his usual place of residence" are considered to be confusing and likely to lead to a different interpretation of the basis for granting the living allowance than that which was originally intended; that the living allowance was not intended to be paid to a married person or to a person in respect of whom an additional allowance for dependent is being paid under the said Order who moved with his wife or dependent to the training centre, but only applied where an additional establishment was set up; that the housing emergency would not ordinarily be aggravated as much if the married person went to the training centre alone as it would be if he moved there with his family, but it would necessitate two establishments being maintained;

That no provision is made in the said Order for granting such living allowance to persons taking university training, either under-graduate or post-graduate;

That Benefit Number Five of Part One of the Order deals with the provisions affecting discharged persons taking training at universities;

That it is deemed advisable that persons taking university training, as under-graduates or as post-graduates, under said Order, should come under the same provisions with respect to a living allowance as that given persons taking vocational and

technical training because housing conditions are affected by the university trainees just as much as by the persons taking vocational and technical training and it would be just as difficult for one class as for the other to secure housing accommodation for a family;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Veterans Affairs and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, being Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend the Post-Discharge Re-establishment Order (P.C. 5210, 13th July, 1944) and it is hereby further amended as follows:—

- (1) Subpara. (a) of paragraph 6(6) is revoked and the following substituted therefor:

“6(6) (a) The Department may pay to a discharged person, pursuing a course hereunder and who is a person in respect of whom an allowance for dependents is being made under this Order, an additional living allowance of \$5.00 a week for any week whilst such person, having moved to the training centre, is thereby necessarily living apart from his or her dependent and is thereby, in the opinion of the Department, obliged to incur extra living expenses by reason of maintaining himself or herself in the training centre in addition to maintaining the establishment where his or her dependent resides;”

- (2) The following provision is added to Benefit Number Five applicable to both paragraphs 8 and 9:

“The Department may pay to a discharged person, pursuing a course hereunder and who is a person in respect of whom an allowance for dependents is being made under this Order, an additional living allowance of \$5.00 a week for any week whilst such person, having moved to the training centre, is thereby necessarily living apart from his or her dependent and is thereby, in the opinion of the Department, obliged to incur extra living expenses by reason of maintaining himself or herself in the training centre in addition to maintaining the establishment where his or her dependent resides”.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking “import control” on Bananas.

P.C. 5939

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 7th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the import control on bananas provided for by Order in Council P.C. 4315, dated 25th May, 1943, is no longer deemed necessary or desirable in view of the cancellation of restrictions on the transportation of bananas to Canada through the United States;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, is pleased to revoke and both hereby revoke Order in Council P.C. 4315, dated 25th May, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing J. A. Gagnon to the Regional War
Labour Board, Province of Quebec

P.C. 5941

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 7th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 9632 of December 9, 1941, Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Dessureault, of Quebec City was appointed a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Quebec as a representative of employers;

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that the said Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Dessureault has tendered his resignation as a member of the said Board;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to accept the resignation of the said Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Dessureault as a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Quebec.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation, is further pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. J. A. Gagnon, of Quebec City, to be a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Quebec, representing employers, effective September 1, 1945, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Dessureault, resigned.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Emergency Shelter

Public notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the Emergency Shelter Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, as amended, the following areas have been designated by the Board as areas to which the provisions of Section 5 of such Regulations shall apply:

- (a) the Province of British Columbia except the Peace River Block thereof and the Yukon Territory;
- (b) the Province of Manitoba;
- (c) the Province of Ontario;
- (d) the Counties of Papineau and Hull and the townships of Sheen, Chichester, Allumettes, Waltham, Mansfield, Ponterfract, Huddersfield, Litchfield, Calumet, Clapham, Leslie, Thorne, Clarendon, Church, Doron, Alleyn, Cawood, Aldfield, Bristol and Onslow in the County of Pontiac, all in the Province of Quebec and any town or village situated within the physical boundaries of such townships or counties.

Dated at Ottawa, Ontario, this 1st day of September, 1945.

A. F. W. PLUMPTRE,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement on Import Policy

Referring to the "Statement on Import Policy effective February 11, 1943" published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* on February 22, 1943, notice is hereby given of the following change in Schedule "A" to the said Statement effective August 31, 1945.

Schedule "A" is amended by inserting therein the following:

Tariff Item

569 (i)

Description of Goods

Hats, hoods and shapes of fur felt or of wool-and-fur felt.

Ottawa, August 6, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.



Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 550

Maximum Prices for Canada Western and Eastern Yellow and White Corn

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

Application of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on September 8, 1945, and replaces Board Order No. 443 which is hereby revoked. It fixes maximum prices for all sales of all grades of Canada Western and Canada Eastern yellow or white corn except,

- (a) sales by a primary producer of such corn to another primary producer for any purpose other than for resale; and
- (b) sales by any feed manufacturer or feed dealer of such corn when it is sold as feed for livestock or poultry. (Maximum prices for such sales are governed by Administrator's Order No. A-366); and
- (c) sales by any person of such corn when it is sold for seeding or planting purposes.

(2) This Order also fixes maximum charges for drying Canada Western and Canada Eastern yellow or white corn on a custom or commission basis.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order grades "No. 1", "No. 2", "No. 3", "No. 4", and "No. 5" and "sample" mean, respectively, Canada Western and Canada Eastern yellow or white corn graded in accordance with the standards of such grades of corn as set forth respectively, in Schedules 1 and 2 of the Definitions of Statutory Grades of Western and Eastern Grain established under the Canada Grain Act 1930, and amendments.

Sales of Graded Yellow Corn

3. The maximum price at which any person may sell to any other person any grade of Canada Western or Canada Eastern yellow corn shall, according to the grade and moisture content of the corn, be as follows:

- (a) on sales f.o.b. Montreal, the price for the same listed in the Schedule hereto;
- (b) on sales f.o.b. any point west of Montreal, the maximum price fixed by clause (a) preceding less an amount equal to the carload lot freight rate for transporting such corn from that point to Montreal; and
- (c) on sales f.o.b. any point east of Montreal, the maximum price fixed by clause (a) preceding, PLUS an amount equal to the carload lot freight rate for transporting such corn from Montreal to that point.

Sales of Graded White Corn

4. The maximum price at which any person may sell to any other person any grade of Canada Western or Canada Eastern white corn shall be 10 cents per bushel more than the maximum price fixed by Section 3 for sales of Canada Western and Canada Eastern yellow corn of the same grade and moisture content.

Sales of Ungraded Yellow and White Corn

5. The maximum price at which any person may sell to any other person any ungraded Canada Western or Canada Eastern yellow or white corn shall be the price fixed by Sections 3 or 4, as the case may be, for sample grade of such corn of the same moisture content.

Conditions of Sale

6. All sales of Canada Western or Canada Eastern yellow or white corn by any person shall be f.o.b. his shipping point. The moisture content and grade of the corn at the time of sale shall govern in determining its maximum price under the provisions of this Order.

Maximum Prices for Drying Corn on a Custom or Commission Basis

7. (1) The maximum price which any person may charge any customer for drying on a custom or commission basis, any Canada Western or Canada Eastern yellow or white corn shall be the amount by which the lawful maximum price, according to grade and moisture content, of the corn after drying, as fixed by this Order, exceeds the cost of the corn to the customer.

- (2) The customer shall furnish the dryer with a signed certificate showing,
 (a) the person or persons from whom he purchased the corn; and
 (b) the actual cost per bushel paid by him for the corn.

(3) The dryer shall not deliver the corn to the customer until he has first received the required certificate.

(4) The customer shall keep a duplicate copy and the dryer shall keep the original of each certificate furnished by the customer as required by this Section, available for inspection by an authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months after the date of the transaction to which the certificate relates.

Sales Invoices

8. (1) On every sale of Canada Western or Canada Eastern yellow or white corn to which this Order applies the seller shall at or before the time of delivery of the corn, furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the place of delivery, the quantity sold and grade and moisture content of the corn at the time of sale and price charged.

(2) The seller shall keep a duplicate copy and the buyer the original of each invoice, furnished by the seller as required by this Section, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Dated at Ottawa, this 5th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

SCHEDULE TO ORDER No. 550

MAXIMUM PRICES OF CANADA WESTERN AND CANADA EASTERN YELLOW CORN

Moisture Content	GRADES				
	Nos. 1 and 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	Sample and un- graded
(maximum prices per bushel in dollars)					
Up to 15.9%.....	1.30	1.29	1.27	1.25	1.23
Over 15.9% up to 16.9%.....	1.28½	1.27½	1.25½	1.23½	1.21½
Over 16.9% up to 17.9%.....	1.27	1.26	1.24	1.22	1.20
Over 17.9% up to 18.9%.....	1.25½	1.24½	1.22½	1.20½	1.18½
Over 18.9% up to 19.9%.....	1.24	1.23	1.21	1.19	1.17
Over 19.9% up to 20.9%.....	1.22½	1.21½	1.19½	1.17½	1.15½
Over 20.9% up to 21.9%.....	1.21	1.20	1.18	1.16	1.14
Over 21.9% up to 22.9%.....	1.19½	1.18½	1.16½	1.14½	1.12½
Over 22.9% up to 23.9%.....	1.18	1.17	1.15	1.13	1.11
Over 23.9% up to 24.9%.....	1.16½	1.15½	1.13½	1.11½	1.09½
Over 24.9% up to 25.9%.....	1.14½	1.13½	1.11½	1.09½	1.07½
Over 25.9% up to 26.9%.....	1.12½	1.11½	1.09½	1.07½	1.05½
Over 26.9% up to 27.9%.....	1.10½	1.09½	1.07½	1.05½	1.03½
Over 27.9% up to 28.9%.....	1.08½	1.07½	1.05½	1.03½	1.01½
Over 28.9% up to 29.9%.....	1.06½	1.05½	1.03½	1.01½	0.99½

NOTE: No. 1

On sales of any yellow corn of over 29.9% moisture content, deduct, from the prices listed above for over 28.9% up to 29.9% moisture content corn, 3 cents per bushel for each one per cent by which the moisture content is over 29.9%.

NOTE: No. 2

For maximum prices of white corn, see Section 4.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 551

Restrictions on Residence in Certain Areas

Under powers given to the Board by The Emergency Shelter Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, as amended, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 1, 1945.
2. The following Orders of the Board are revoked:
 - (a) Order No. 483 as amended placing restrictions on residence in Victoria Area;
 - (b) Order No. 484 as amended placing restrictions on residence in Vancouver-New Westminster Area;
 - (c) Order No. 522 placing restrictions on residence in Ottawa Area;
 - (d) Order No. 523 placing restrictions on residence in Hull Area;
 - (e) Order No. 524 placing restrictions on residence in Toronto area;
 - (f) Order No. 525 placing restrictions on residence in Hamilton Area;
 - (g) Order No. 529 placing restrictions on residence in Winnipeg Area.

Made at Ottawa, this 1st day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 552

Housing accommodation owned by National Research Council and situate in the Township of Gloucester in the Province of Ontario

Under authority conferred by the Wartime Leasehold Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9029 of November 21, 1941, as amended, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. This Order shall come into force on September 15, 1945.

2. For the purposes of this Order the definition of any expression contained in Order No. 294 of the Board shall extend and apply to the same expression wherever used in this Order.

3. From and after September 15, 1945, the provisions of the Wartime Leasehold Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 9029 of November 21, 1941, as amended, and the provisions of any Order of the Board made pursuant to such regulations shall cease to apply to any housing accommodation situate in the Township of Gloucester in the Province of Ontario and owned by National Research Council.

Made at Ottawa, September 7, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 553

Controlling the Production and Sale of Canned Meat

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. Board Order No. 508 is hereby revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on September 10, 1945.

Made at Ottawa, this 8th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 554

Kosher Beef

Under powers given to the Wartime Prices and Trade Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Order comes into force on September 24, 1945.

2. Subsection (1) of Section 16 of Board Order No. 399 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor;

“(1) Every person selling kosher beef at retail in any part of a zone shall obtain, display and keep displayed in his place of business where it is available

to be seen and examined by his customers, the Kosher Beef Price Card dated August, 1945, provided by the Board on which he shall show for each quality of Kosher beef, his current lawful maximum prices for the retail cuts listed thereon."

Dated at Ottawa this 8th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

BOARD ORDER No. 555

Maximum Prices of Beef

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Order comes into force on September 24, 1945.
2. Subsection (4) of Section 21 of Board Order No. 307 as amended is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(4) So that the correct maximum retail prices will be used by a retailer in his zone and also to inform customers, each retailer will be furnished by the Board with the following:

- (a) A Beef Price Chart Card dated August, 1945, on which is printed the list of authorized cuts and, across the top, the name of each quality of beef except boner. The top and bottom of each of the quality columns is slotted for insertion of a Price Indicator Card Strip.
- (b) A series of Price Indicator Card Strips dated August, 1945, selected from the Retail Beef Price Chart on each of which is printed the retail maximum price of each authorized cut based upon the weighted average carcass cost as shown at the top of the strip."

Dated at Ottawa this 8th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 556

Prices of Footwear Leather

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 1, 1945, and replaces Order No. 292 as amended, which is hereby revoked. It governs all sales of leather for making footwear in cases where the leather is delivered on or after that date.

2. The maximum price at which any tanner, jobber or leather dealer may sell any leather for use in making footwear to any manufacturer of footwear shall be his highest lawful selling price on July 15, 1943, for the same kind and quality of leather.

3. The maximum price at which any tanner, jobber or leather dealer may sell any leather for use in the manufacture of footwear to any jobber or dealer in leather shall be his highest lawful selling price on July 15, 1943, for the same kind and quality of leather.

4. For the purposes of this Order delivery of any leather for use in making footwear if such delivery is made on and after September 1, 1945, shall be treated as a sale to which this Order applies whether the contract for such leather was made before or after such date.

5. This Order shall not apply

- (a) to a sale of leather for use in or which is used in the making of counters, box toes, heels, and/or welting;
- (b) to a sale of counters, box toes, heels, and/or welting;
- (c) to a sale of leather for use in the making of footwear the selling price of which is not subject to a maximum selling price fixed by or under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations; and
- (d) to a sale of leather for use in the repair of footwear or in the making of cut stock for use in the repair of footwear.

6. At the time of any purchase of leather for use in the making of footwear, the buyer shall make a statement in writing specifying the use that is to be made of such leather, and the seller may rely upon such statement for the purpose of determining the application of this Order to such sale. The buyer shall deliver such statement to the vendor and the vendor shall keep such statement available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within two years of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Made at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 557

On Leather Purchases by Footwear Manufacturers and on Their Selling Prices of Leather

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 1, 1945.
2. Board Order No. 293 as amended is hereby further amended by adding thereto the following Section:

“7. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1 of this Order,

- (a) Sections 3, 4 and 5 of this Order shall only apply to leather which is delivered to a manufacturer on or before August 31, 1945, for use in making footwear;
- (b) Sections 3, 4 and 5 of this Order shall not apply to leather which is delivered to a manufacturer on or after September 1, 1945, for use in making footwear whether the contract for such leather was made before or after such date.”

Made at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 558

Respecting the Manufacture of Corrugated Cartons and Products

Under powers granted to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on October 1, 1945.
2. Board Order No. 335 as amended which restricted the manufacture of corrugated cartons and products, is revoked.

Made at Ottawa, this 11th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1727

Revocation of Administrator's Orders Nos. A-532, A-895 and A-901

Under powers granted by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Cotton and Cotton Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on September 8, 1945.
2. The following Administrator's Orders are revoked:
 - (a) Administrator's Order No. A-532 restricting the use of cotton duck for pipe covering;
 - (b) Administrator's Order No. A-895 restricting the manufacture of bed sheets and pillow cases;
 - (c) Administrator's Order No. A-901 restricting the manufacture of towels, towelling and bath mats.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of September, 1945.

A. C. JOHNSTON,
*Administrator of Cotton and
 Cotton Products.*

APPROVED:

R. GEDDES,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1728

Respecting Curtains

Under powers granted by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Co-ordinator, Textiles and Clothing Administration, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 8, 1945.
2. Administrator's Order No. A-543 restricting the manufacture of curtains is revoked.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of September, 1945.

F. B. WALLS,
*Co-ordinator, Textiles and Clothing
 Administration.*

APPROVED:

R. GEDDES,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1730

Maximum Prices of Veal

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on September 24, 1945.

2. Subsection (1) of Section 15 of Administrator's Order No. A-1382 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(1) Every person selling veal at retail in a zone shall obtain the Veal Price Card dated August, 1945, provided by the Board and shall display and keep it displayed in his place of business where it is available to be seen and examined by his customers."

Dated at Ottawa this 8th day of September, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,

Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1731

Lamb and Mutton

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on September 24, 1945.

2. Subsection (1) of Section 19 of Administrator's Order No. A-1246 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"(1) Every person selling lamb and mutton at retail in a zone shall obtain the Lamb and Mutton Price Card dated August, 1945, provided by the Board and shall display and keep it displayed in his place of business where it is available to be seen and examined by his customers. During the period January 1, to April 30 every retailer selling spring lamb shall show legibly and correctly on such Lamb and Mutton Price Card, in the vertical column provided for that purpose, his current lawful maximum retail prices of the authorized retail cuts of spring lamb listed thereon."

Dated at Ottawa this 8th day of September, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,

Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1732

Maximum Prices for Leather

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Hides and Leather, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 1, 1945.

2. Administrator's Order No. A-1681 is amended by deleting where they occur in the preamble and Sections 3 and 4 of said Order the words and figures "Board Order No. 292 as amended" and "Board Order No. 292" and substituting therefor in every case the following: "Board Order No. 556".

Dated at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1945.

R. A. STEWART,
Administrator of Hides and Leather.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1733

Maximum Wholesale and Retail Prices of Women's, Misses' and Girls' Ready to Wear Garments

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Distributive Trades, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 15, 1945, and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-1333 which is hereby revoked.

This Order applies to sales by wholesalers and retailers of the kinds of women's, misses' and girls' ready to wear garments named in the Schedule hereto, each of which is hereinafter referred to as a garment. It does not apply to garments of all sizes, the outer surfaces of which are made wholly from fur, nor to garments in infants' sizes (girls' sizes 2 and under).

PART I—SALES BY WHOLESALERS

Maximum Price

2. The maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell or offer to sell a garment shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the garment, but not more than the lawful maximum price at which his supplier may sell the garment to him;
- (b) the actual cost incurred by him in transporting the garment to his place of business from his supplier's shipping point, and sales tax, if and to the extent that such cost and sales tax, or either of them, are not included in the actual price he paid for the garment; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following mark-ups:—
 - (i) the mark-up customarily obtained by him during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, on his sales of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of garment;
 - (ii) twenty-five per centum (25%) of his selling price.

Transactions Between Wholesalers

3. In transactions between wholesalers, the total of the mark-ups taken by all wholesalers must not exceed the amount allowed by Section 2 to the original wholesaler, and each seller must show on his sales invoice the amount of mark-up remaining for the buyer.

Prepayment of Outward Freight

4. If a wholesaler prepays the outward transportation charges to his customer's receiving point, he shall show the same as a separate item on his sales invoice for the garment and he may not include such charges or any mark-up thereon as part of his selling price.

PART II—SALES BY RETAILERS

Garments Supplied by Wholesalers

5. The maximum price at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell a garment acquired by him from a wholesaler shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the garment, but not more than the lawful maximum price at which his supplier may sell the garment to him;
- (b) the actual cost incurred by him in transporting the garment to his place of business from his supplier's shipping point, and sales tax, if and to the extent that such cost and sales tax, or either of them, are not included in the actual price he paid for the garment; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following mark-ups:—
 - (i) the mark-up customarily obtained by him during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, on his sales of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of garment purchased from a wholesaler;
 - (ii) thirty-seven and one-half per centum (37½%) of his selling price.

Garments Supplied by the Manufacturer

6. The maximum price at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell a garment acquired by him from the manufacturer thereof shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the garment, but not more than the lawful maximum price at which the manufacturer may sell the garment to him;
- (b) the actual cost incurred by him in transporting the garment to his place of business from the manufacturer's shipping point, and sales tax, if and to the extent that such cost and sales tax, or either of them, are not included in the actual price he paid for the garment; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following mark-ups:—
 - (i) the mark-up customarily obtained by him during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, on his sales of the same or a substantially similar kind and quality of garment purchased from a manufacturer;
 - (ii) forty-five per centum (45%) of his selling price.

Dated at Ottawa, this 11th day of September, 1945.

J. H. THOMSON,
Administrator of Distributive Trades.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1733

List of Women's, Misses' and Girls' Ready to Wear Garments for which Wholesale and Retail Maximum Prices are Fixed by this Order:

Aprons	Nightgowns
Bathing Suits, other than Knitted	Overalls
Bathrobes	Overcoats
Bed Jackets	Parkas
Blazers	Pinafores
Blouses	Playsuits
Blousettes	Raincapcs
Boleros	Raincoats
Brunch Coats	Redingotes
Capes	Riding Habits
Coatees	Rubberized Clothing
Coats	Shirts
Coveralls	Shirtwaists
Culottes	Shorts
Dresses	Ski Suits
Dressing Gowns	Skirts
Gym Suits	Slacks
Hoovers	Smocks
Hostess Gowns	Snow Suits
Housecoats	Suits, other than Knitted
Jackets	Tea-Gowns
Jerkins	Tunics
Jodhpurs	Waterproof Clothing
Kimonos	Windbreakers
Leather Clothing	Wraps
Middies	

PART IV
 Wartime Industries Control Board
 (Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Order No. C.C. 17A

(Order No. C.C. 17—Salicylates—Rescinded)

Dated September 5, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 17, dated March 31, 1943, is rescinded.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METAL CONTROLLER

Order No. M.C. 20A

(Order No. M.C. 20—Sphagnum Peat Moss—Rescinded)

Dated September 1, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 20, dated July 15, 1942, is rescinded.

NORMAN B. DAVIS,
Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 44E

(Order No. M.C. 44D—Aluminum—Rescinded)

Dated September 7, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 44D, dated November 1, 1944, as amended by Order No. M.C. 44D-1, dated May 16, 1945, and Order No. M.C. 44D-2, dated May 25, 1945, is rescinded.

F. M. CONNELL,
Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

ORDER No. M.C. 56A

(Order No. M.C. 56—Copper—Rescinded)

Dated September 7, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 of June 19, 1942 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 56, dated June 1, 1945, is rescinded.

F. M. CONNELL,
Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 12A

(Order No. M.V.C. 12—Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Advisory Committee—Rescinded)

Dated September 4, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121 of February 13, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller No. M.V.C. 12, dated January 15, 1942, is rescinded.

E. R. BIRCHARD,
Motor-Vehicle Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 22D

(Order No. M.V.C. 22C—Motor Vehicle Automotive Parts Manufacturers Advisory Committee—Rescinded)

Dated September 4, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121 of February 13, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller No. M.V.C. 22C, dated December 30, 1943, is rescinded.

E. R. BIRCHARD,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

ORDER No. P.O. 4C

(Order No. P.O. 4B—Program Classification System and all Amendments and Supplements—Revoked)

Dated September 7, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Effective October 1, 1945, the following Orders of the Priorities Officer are revoked:—

Order No. P.O. 4B (Program Classification System), dated January 29, 1944.

Order No. P.O. 4B-1, dated June 15, 1944.

Order No. P.O. 4B-2, dated November 20, 1944.

Supplements Nos. 1-10 to Order No. P.O. 4B, dated May 31, 1945.

Supplements Nos. 11-19 to Order No. P.O. 4B, dated July 13, 1945.

Supplement No. 20 to Order No. P.O. 4B, dated July 13, 1945.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

ORDER No. P.O. 5D

(Order No. P.O. 5C and All Amendments and Supplements—Revoked)

Dated September 7, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Effective October 1, 1945, the following Orders of the Priorities Officer are revoked:—

Order No. P.O. 5C, dated November 17, 1944.

Supplements Nos. 1-16 to Order No. P.O. 5C, dated May 31, 1945.

Supplements No. 16A and Nos. 17-26 to Order No. P.O. 5C, dated July 13, 1945.

Supplement No. 27 to Order No. P.O. 5C, dated July 13, 1945.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

ORDER No. P.O. 6B

(Section 2A of Order No. P.O. 6 added by Order No. P.O. 6A—Revoked)

DATED September 7, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Effective October 1, 1945, Section 2A added to the Order of the Priorities Officer No. P.O. 6, dated May 8, 1944, by his Order No. P.O. 6A, dated July 7, 1945, is revoked.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

ORDER No. P.O. 9A

(Order No. P.O. 9—New United States Rating for Materials for Military use—Rescinded)

DATED September 7, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Order No. P.O. 9 Rescinded*

The War Production Board of the United States of America has amended Priorities Regulation No. 29 to withdraw the authority for automatic rerating by use of the rating MM, as made applicable in Canada by the Order of the Priorities Officer No. P.O. 9, dated July 16, 1945, and the said Order No. P.O. 9 is therefore rescinded.

2. *All MM Ratings not Specifically Authorized to be Cancelled*

Every person who has extended the rating MM to any purchase order placed with a United States supplier under the authority of the said Order No. P.O. 9, shall forthwith notify the United States Supplier in writing that the MM rating is cancelled. This requirement does not apply to cases where the use of the MM rating has been authorized by a special authorization issued by the Priorities Officer.

3. *Reratings to MM*

Rerating to MM can be done only on a special authorization issued by the Priorities Officer. The procedure to be followed on an application for such authorization is set out in General Instruction Letter No. 62 dated September 7, 1945, issued by the Priorities Officer.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
PRIORITIES OFFICER

ORDER No. P.O. 10

(U.S. Preference Rating and Canadian Symbol for Purchase Orders for Materials to be Delivered after September 30, 1945, for Military Use)

Dated September 7, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Definitions*

- (a) "military use" means use of the Armed Services;
- (b) "materials" means any semi-finished or finished product;
- (c) "authorized purchaser" means the following Departments of the Government of Canada:
The Department of Munitions and Supply
The Department of National Defence

2. *Purchase Orders of Authorized Purchasers Placed with Canadian*

Supplies—Use of Symbol P.O. 10-MIL

Each authorized purchaser who places a purchase order with a supplier within Canada for materials to be delivered after September 30, 1945, for any military use, except the construction of new military establishments, and having a value of not more than \$200 (Canadian funds) may place the symbol P.O. 10-MIL on such purchase order.

3. *Purchase Orders of Authorized Purchasers Placed with United States Suppliers—Use of Preference Rating MM*

Each authorized purchaser who places a purchase order with a supplier within the United States of America for materials to be delivered after September 30, 1945, for any military use, except the construction of new military establishments, and having a value of not more than \$200 (Canadian funds) may assign the United States Preference Rating MM to any such purchase order.

4. *Purchase Orders of Suppliers Placed within Canada—Use of Symbol P.O. 10-MIL*

Every supplier within Canada who receives a purchase order from an authorized purchaser or from another supplier bearing the symbol P.O. 10-MIL shall assign the said symbol to each purchase order placed by him with any Canadian supplier for any of the materials which he will deliver on the purchase order identified by the Symbol P.O. 10-Mil, received by him, or which will be physically incorporated into materials which he will deliver on such purchase order.

5. *Purchase Orders of Suppliers Placed in the United States—Use of United States Preference Rating MM*

Any supplier within Canada who receives a purchase order identified by the symbol P.O. 10-MIL shall assign the United States Preference Rating MM to any purchase order which he places with a United States supplier for any materials which he will deliver on the purchase order identified by the symbol P.O. 10-MIL, received by him, for which will be physically incorporated into materials which he will deliver on such purchase order.

6. *Purchase Orders Covering Materials Identified by Symbol P.O. 10-MIL as Well as Materials Not so Identified*

A supplier who receives a purchase order covering materials identified by the symbol P.O. 10-MIL as well as materials not so identified shall assign the said symbol or the United States Preference Rating MM to get only materials to fulfil that part of the purchase order which is identified by the symbol P.O. 10-MIL.

7. *Certification for Use with United States Preference Rating MM*

Every authorized purchaser and every supplier who assigns the United States Preference Rating MM to any purchase order shall do so by the use of the following certification, endorsed on or attached to the purchase order and signed by the person placing the purchase order:—

"Preference Rating MM. The undersigned purchaser certifies, subject to the penalties of Section 15 of the Canadian Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations, to the seller, to the Canadian Priorities Officer, and to the War Production Board, that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, the undersigned is authorized under applicable Canadian Orders to place this delivery order, to receive the item(s) ordered for the purpose for which ordered, and to use any preference rating or allotment number or symbol which the undersigned has placed on this order."

8. *Types of Purchase Orders to Which This Order Does Not Apply*

The symbol and preference rating authorized for use by this Order must not be used on any purchase order for any of the materials listed in Schedule "A" to this Order or on any purchase order placed with or by a retailer. Industrial and mill suppliers, warehouses and other businesses performing similar functions for industry shall not be deemed retailers for the purposes of this paragraph.

9. *Prohibition of Use of Symbol P.O. 10-MIL or United States Preference Rating MM Except as Authorized*

Except as authorized by this Order or by specific authorization of the Priorities Officer, no person shall apply the symbol P.O. 10-MIL or the United States Preference Rating MM to any purchase order or use it in any manner whatsoever.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE "A" OF PRIORITIES OFFICER'S ORDER No. P.O. 10

1. Chemicals of the following types manufactured or produced for exclusive use in the petroleum industry:—

- (a) Anti-oxidants (gum inhibitors) for motor fuels,
- (b) Chemical additives and compound bases for heavy duty gasoline engine, diesel engine and aviation engine oils,
- (c) Chemical additives and compound bases for hypoid gear oils,
- (d) Synthetic catalysts for oil cracking operation,
- (e) Synthetic catalysts for cumene and codimer manufacture,
- (f) Synthetic catalysts for petroleum isomerization operations,
- (g) Synthetic catalysts for petroleum sweetening operations.

2. Communications services.

3. Dental burs.

4. Electrical energy.

5. Gas, manufactured combustible, of the type generally distributed by utilities.

6. Gas, natural.

7. Petroleum products.

8. Silicon carbide settling tank and dust collector fines.

9. Steam heating, central.

10. Track-laying tractor repair parts.

11. Ice.

12. Tobaccos,

13. Vegetable, fish, marine animal and animal fats and oils, whether edible or inedible, and including their by-products and residues (whether resulting from refining, distillation, saponification, pressing or settling).

14. Sulphated, sulphonated, and sulfurized fats and oils.

15. Tall oil.

16. Wool grease.

17. Soap (other than metallic).

18. Fatty acids.

19. Food for human or animal consumption.

20. Glycerine.

21. Graphite crucibles.

22. Pig iron.

23. Alarm clocks.

24. Waste paper.

25. Water.

26. Containerboard.

27. Low and high temperature fractional distillation equipment for gas and gasoline analysis.

28. Roofing granules.

29. Animal bristles and hair.

30. Clothing, footwear (including safety shoes), hats, gloves and all other outer or under garments or apparel, if made in whole or in part of leather or textile yarn, staple fibre or fabrics. However, this item 30 does not include rubber footwear, professional rubber gloves or the following items when such items are specifically designed and used to furnish protection against occupational hazards (other than weather):

(a) Asbestos clothing;

(b) Gauntlet type welders' leather gloves and mittens and electricians' leather protector or cover gloves;

(c) Metal mesh gloves, aprons and sleeves;

(d) Other safety leather gloves or mittens, but only if steel stitched or steel reinforced;

- (e) Plastic and fibre safety helmets;
- (f) Safety belts and harnesses;
- (g) Safety clothing impregnated or coated for the purpose of making the same resistant against fire, acids, or other chemicals or abrasives.
- (h) Safety industrial leather clothing other than gloves or mittens;
- (i) Safety industrial rubber gloves and hoods and linesmen's rubber gloves and sleeves.

31. Cotton, wool and synthetic yarns and blends of the foregoing.

32. Woven, felted, knitted and braided fabrics of cotton, wool or synthetic yarns and blends of the foregoing, including but not limited to:

- (a) Bed sheets;
- (b) Pillow cases;
- (c) Blankets;
- (d) Towels;
- (e) Diapers;
- (f) Face cloths;
- (g) Table "linens".

33. Dyestuffs.

34. The following metal shoe findings:

- (a) Arch supports;
- (b) Box toes and caps;
- (c) Heel rims and plates;
- (d) Heel washers;
- (e) Shoe shanks;
- (f) Toe rims and plates;
- (g) Steel wire shoe nails.

35. Hides, skins, furs and leather and products made primarily therefrom.

36. Manila, Agave, Istle, Hemp (*Cannabis Sativa*), Jute, Coir yarn and other fibres, when used for cordage (rope and twine) and cordage products made primarily therefrom.

37. Mops.

38. Slide fasteners.

39. Sponges marine and loofa.

40. Steel tacks (except thumb tacks).

41. Synthetic rubber thread and products made therefrom.

42. Textile fibres (animal, vegetable or synthetic, including curled istle) and products made primarily from textile fibres or textiles not including fabrics after they have been coated, or impregnated, fire hose, fire hose jackets, sisal processors' mill waste or sisal bagasse.

43. Raw materials prior to processing or fabricating such as (but not limited to) raw cotton, raw wool, ores.

44. Other materials for which a special application is required under any United States War Production Board Regulation or Order or in any other case where a United States War Production Board Regulation or Order does not permit the use of Ratings assigned in the manner provided in this Order.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

ORDER No. S.C. 28C

(Order No. S.C. 28—Steel in Mill Forms, U.S. Order Approval System—Rescinded)

Dated September 7, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order of the Steel Controller No. S.C. 28, dated June 28, 1943, as amended by Order No. S.C. 28A dated May 16, 1945 and Order No. S.C. 28B dated May 25, 1945, is rescinded.

M. A. HOEY,
Associate Steel Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

ORDER No. TIMBER 12B

(Order No. T.C. 12A—Sitka Spruce, Douglas Fir and Western Hemlock
Timber of Aircraft Quality—Rescinded)

Dated September 11, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1997 of March 21, 1944 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Timber Controller No. T.C. 12A, dated September 24, 1942, is revoked.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

ORDER No. TIMBER 19B

(Order No. Timber 19—Mahogany—Rescinded)

DATED September 8, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1997 of March 21, 1944 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Orders of the Timber Controller No. Timber 19, dated April 22, 1943, and No. Timber 19A, dated October 13, 1944, are revoked.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TRANSIT CONTROLLER

Order No. Transit 6A

(Order No. Transit 6—Wartime Transit Advisory Committee—Ottawa District—
Rescinded)

Dated September 4, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6131 of August 12, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Transit Controller No. Transit 6, dated January 27, 1943, is rescinded.

GEO. S. GRAY,
Transit Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TRANSIT CONTROLLER

Order No. Transit 7A

(Order No. Transit 7—Wartime Transit Advisory Committee—Toronto District—
Rescinded)

Dated September 4, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6131 of August 12, 1941 and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOW:

1. The Order of the Transit Controller No. Transit 7, dated March 30, 1943, is rescinded.

GEO. S. GRAY,
Transit Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 128

OTTAWA, September 8, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:—

1. That Export Permit Branch Order No. 29 of March 30, 1942, be amended by the deletion of the following from Annex No. 1 thereto, so that an export permit will be required for these products when shipped to any destination:

Animal glands and animal glandular organs, n.o.p.

2. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after September 15, 1945.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III No. 12



SEPTEMBER 24, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793 of
26th November, 1942

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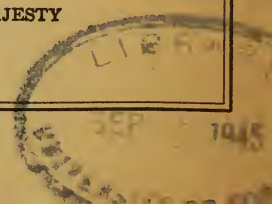


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PART I
Orders in Council

**Order in Council exempting turnstiles for collecting tolls from
excise tax**

P.C. 5968

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 11th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Orders in Council P.C. 3408 dated May 10, 1945, P.C. 3634 dated May 22, 1945, and P.C. 4453 dated June 22, 1945, provide for the reduction and remission of certain excise taxes imposed by the Special War Revenue Act;

And whereas this Act imposes an excise tax of 25% on "coin, disc, or token operated slot machines and vending machines; coin, disc, or token operated games or amusement devices of all kinds", and that the said tax has been held to apply to turnstiles used to collect tolls, charges or fares, etc.;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that an application has been received from the Detroit and Windsor Subway Company, through their solicitors, for exemption of four turnstiles used for the purpose of collecting tolls or charges made to persons using facilities of that company;

That it is not thought to have been the intention of the Section quoted above to tax machines of this nature and that the question arises from time to time and will probably be raised oftener now that equipment of this sort is being manufactured again and made available in Canada.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, being Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order that the turnstiles for collecting tolls or charges, coin operated locking devices, and gas, electric, and parking meters, be and they are hereby exempted from the excise tax of 25% imposed by the Special War Revenue Act, the said exemption to be effective on and after June 1, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

**Order in Council revoking and amending certain of the Defence
of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942**

P.C. 5972

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 14th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice, is pleased to amend the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942, and they are hereby amended as follows:

1. By revoking Regulations five, five A, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, eighteen, eighteen A, eighteen B, twenty, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-two A, thirty-two B, thirty-two C, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five A, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-seven B, thirty-eight D, thirty-nine D, thirty-nine E, forty A, forty-one A, forty-two, forty-three, forty-six, forty-six A, forty-seven, forty-eight A, forty-nine, fifty-one B, fifty-six B, sixty A and sixty-five thereof.

2. By revoking paragraph (2) of Regulation 23.

3. By revoking paragraph (11) of Regulation 35.

4. By striking out the words "Pensions and National Health" wherever they appear in Regulation 35 and substituting therefor the words "Veterans Affairs".

5. By revoking paragraph (1) of Regulation 37A and substituting therefor the following:

"(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Criminal Code or other law no person of the Japanese race shall have in his possession any firearm or any ammunition therefor or any dynamite, gunpowder or other dangerous explosive within Canada."

6. By revoking paragraph (6) of Regulation 37A and substituting therefor the following:

"(6) If any question arises under this Regulation, or in any proceeding instituted thereunder, or with reference to anything done or proposed to be done under the authority thereof as to whether any person is a person of the Japanese race, the onus of proof that any person so suspected or charged is not a person of the Japanese race shall lie upon the accused in such proceeding."

7. By revoking paragraph (c) of Regulation 37C and substituting therefor the following:

"(c) If the owner of such pistol or revolver fails to comply with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this Regulation, such pistol or revolver shall for the purposes of section one hundred and twenty-one A of the Criminal Code be deemed not to have been registered."

8. By adding to Regulation 37C immediately after paragraph (c) thereof the following paragraph:

"(d) If any person is reasonably suspected of having in his possession or upon his premises, contrary to the provisions of this Regulation, any pistol or revolver for which registration has been cancelled pursuant to this Regulation, or if the Attorney General of the province is satisfied that it is in the interest of the public safety or the safety of the State so to do, and so directs, he may be searched, or his premises or any place occupied or believed to be occupied by him may be searched for any pistol or revolver by any constable without warrant, and if any such pistol or revolver be found upon any such person or his premises or in any such place as aforesaid, the same shall be seized and forfeited to the Crown to be disposed of as the Attorney General of the province in which such forfeiture takes place may direct."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending P.C. 946, February 5th, 1943, re Japanese

P.C. 5973

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 14th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend the regulations established by Order in Council P.C. 946 of the 5th day of February, 1943, and they are hereby further amended by adding immediately after Regulation 3A thereof the following:

"3B. (1) No person of the Japanese race and no Japanese company shall, except as hereinafter provided, have the capacity, after the twenty-fourth day of February, 1942, during the continuation of the state of war now existing to acquire or hold land or growing crops in Canada.

(2) No conveyance made or executed after the twenty-fourth day of February, 1942, shall be effective to convey to or for the benefit of a person of the Japanese race or of a Japanese company any land or growing crops in Canada.

(3) (a) Nothing in this Regulation shall deprive a person of the Japanese race or a Japanese company of capacity to hold land or growing crops acquired or held by such person or company before the twenty-fourth day of February, 1942, or acquired by such person or company after the twenty-fourth day of February, 1942, pursuant to the terms of a written contract or agreement executed before the twenty-fourth day of February, 1942, or under a will or intestacy.

(b) Nothing in this Regulation shall deprive a person of the Japanese race of capacity to lease any building or part of a building for a term not exceeding one year or from month to month or for some lesser periodic tenancy.

(4) (a) The Minister of Labour may, if it appears to him to be in the public interest so to do, grant to a person of the Japanese race or to a Japanese company, a licence to acquire or hold land or growing crops in Canada or any interest therein which such person or company would by reason of this Regulation be denied the capacity to acquire or hold.

(b) A person of the Japanese race or a Japanese company to whom or to which such a licence is granted shall have the capacity to acquire or hold land or growing crops in Canada or any interest therein in accordance with the terms and conditions of such licence.

(c) A conveyance of land or growing crops made in conformity with any such licence shall be effective according to its terms.

(5) Any person who after the twenty-fourth day of February, 1942, makes or executes any conveyance other than a conveyance made in conformity with a licence granted hereunder or a lease granted in accordance with subparagraph (b) of paragraph (3) of this Regulation, of any land or growing crops to or for the benefit of any person whom he knows to be of the Japanese race or to a company which he knows to be a Japanese company shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

(5A) Every person who acquires or holds land or growing crops for the benefit of any person known to him to be of the Japanese race or a company known to him to be a Japanese company shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

(6) In this Regulation:

- (a) "conveyance" shall include a gift, conveyance, transfer, agreement for sale, appointment, lease, settlement, mortgage, charge, encumbrance, or other conveyance by deed, bill of sale or other instrument made *inter vivos*, and "convey" shall have a meaning corresponding with "conveyance";
- (b) "Japanese company" means any corporation of which the majority of the shares issued by the company are owned by persons of the Japanese race, or of which a majority of the directors are persons of the Japanese race;
- (c) "land" shall include land and any real or immovable property and any interest, legal or equitable therein and the right to possession thereof;
- (d) "person of the Japanese race" means a person wholly of the Japanese race."

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking the Stabilization of Longshore Labour (Halifax) Order

P.C. 5980

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 11th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 5161 of June 25, 1943, as amended, provision was made for the establishment of a Longshoremen's Reserve Pool and Reserve Labour Pool at Halifax in the Province of Nova Scotia, to ensure that an adequate supply of longshore labour would be constantly available for the operation of the Port of Halifax in the Province of Nova Scotia;

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that in view of changed conditions, it is considered that the provision thus made by the said Order in Council will not be necessary beyond the end of October, 1945;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke, effective November 3, 1945, the Stabilization of Longshore Labour (Halifax) Order, as amended (Order in Council P.C. 5161 of June 25, 1943).

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revesting in the Department of Labour the administration of the Fair Wages and Hours of Labour Act, 1935, in respect of employment on western defence projects

P.C. 5981

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 11th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas under the provisions of Order in Council P.C. 3870 of May 17, 1943, the Western Labour Board is charged with the administration of the Fair Wages and Hours of Labour Act, 1935, in respect to employment on western defence projects of persons ordinarily resident in Canada;

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that the emergency situation which the Western Labour Board was set up to deal with now has passed and under present conditions it is considered advisable to re-vest in the Department of Labour the administration of the Fair Wages and Hours of Labour Act, 1935, in respect of employment on western defence projects;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 3870 of May 17, 1943, and it is hereby amended by deleting from subsection one of section twelve thereof the following words, "and the Fair Wages and Hours of Labour Act, 1935".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing W. H. Fitzpatrick a Deputy Steel Controller

P.C. 5999

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 11th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 9834 of December 28, 1943, A. W. Brown, of Ottawa, was appointed a Deputy Steel Controller;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that the Department of National Revenue has requested that he be returned to his pre-war duties with the Customs and Excise Division of that Department, and that it is desirable to accede to such request and to revoke his appointment as a Deputy Steel Controller and to appoint W. H. Fitzpatrick, presently of the staff of the Steel Controller, in his place;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to order as follows:—

1. Effective September 1, 1945, the appointment of A. W. Brown as a Deputy Steel Controller is hereby revoked.
2. Effective September 1, 1945, W. H. Fitzpatrick is hereby appointed a Deputy Steel Controller.

3. The revocation of the appointment of A. W. Brown as a Deputy Steel Controller shall be without prejudice to any acts done by him, prior to such revocation becoming effective, in the course of or as incidental to the exercise or discharge of any of his powers, authorities, rights and duties as such Deputy Controller or to any rights, privileges or immunities in respect thereof possessed by or vested in him as such Deputy Controller.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council releasing Anti-freeze etc. from import control

P.C. 6026

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 14th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 9481 dated 21st December, 1944, the importation of the goods enumerated therein is prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Wartime Industries Control Board advises that it is no longer necessary or desirable to require permits for the importation of the goods specified hereunder;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 9481, dated 21st December, 1944, and it is hereby amended by deleting from the list of goods enumerated therein the following items:

Anti-freeze, being any substance or mixture for use as anti-freeze in the radiator or cooling system of an internal combustion engine.

Dibutyl Phthalate

Dimethyl Phthalate

Ethylene Glycol

Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Tricresyl Phosphate.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council releasing lithopone from import control

P.C. 6027

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 14th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1338, dated 1st March, 1945, the importation of lithopone is prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Wartime Industries Control Board advises that after 1st October, 1945, it will not be necessary or desirable to require permits for the importation of lithopone;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, is pleased to revoke Order in Council P.C. 1338, dated 1st March, 1945, and it is hereby revoked, effective 1st October, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council changing Schedule of articles under import control

P.C. 6028

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 14th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 949 of 8th February, 1943, goods enumerated in the schedule thereto, as amended are prohibited importation from off-shore sources except under permit issued by the Minister of National Revenue, on the advice of the Shipping Priorities Committee;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Shipping Priorities Committee advise that the aforesaid import controls are no longer deemed necessary except in respect of the goods enumerated hereunder;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 949 of 8th February, 1943, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 9480 of 21st December, 1944, and it is hereby further amended by rescinding the schedule thereto and substituting in lieu thereof the following schedule:

SCHEDULE

Alewives and other pickled or salted fish
 Anchovies, sardines, sprats and pilchards, packed in airtight containers
 Argols, tartar and wine lees, and crude calcium tartrate
 Bones, crude
 Bones, ground, ash, dust, meal and flour
 Cocoa, preparations of, or chocolate
 Cocoa powder, unsweetened and sweetened
 Cocoanuts, in the shell
 Coconut meat, shredded and desiccated, or similarly prepared
 Corn
 Cotton linters
 Fabrics woven of agava fibre
 Glue
 Guano
 Hides, and skins, raw, whether dry, salted or pickled, and raw pelts
 Leather, unmanufactured
 Lentils
 Meat extracts, fluid beef
 Peanuts, shelled or unshelled
 Rapeseed
 Sesame seed
 Soap and soap powder
 Sunflower seed
 Tankage (including cracklings, greave cakes, liver meal, meat meal, meat flour, meat scrap)
 Tartaric acid
 Walnuts, shelled or unshelled.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking P.C. 2200, March 18, 1943, which prevents the granting of Letters Patent under the Companies Act to aircraft operating companies, etc.

P.C. 6086

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 14th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council made under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, on the 18th day of March, 1943 (P.C. 2200), it was ordered that "during the present war or until otherwise ordered by the Governor General in Council, no further Letters Patent under Part I of the Companies Act as amended be granted incorporating a company having as a principal object or purpose the operation of aircraft either in Canada or between

Canada and other countries; provided however that this Order shall not apply to Letters Patent incorporating companies whose principal object or purpose may be an object or purpose within the scope of Section 5 (1) of the Companies Act and which may include, as incidental to the principal object or business of the company, power to operate aircraft, subject to statutes and regulations applicable to the operation of aircraft";

And whereas by Part II of the Aeronautics Act, which part was enacted by 8 George VI, Chapter 28, provision is made for the establishment of an Air Transport Board with authority, subject to the direction of the designated Minister, to make investigations and surveys from time to time relating to the operation and development of commercial air services in Canada and relating to such other matters in connection with civil aviation as the Minister may direct;

And whereas by Section 12 of the said Act it is provided that, subject to the approval of the Minister, the Air Transport Board may issue licences to operate commercial air services and that by Section 15 of the said Act it is made an offence to operate a commercial air service without such a licence;

And whereas the Secretary of State reports that it is considered desirable, having in mind the provisions of the said Part II of the Aeronautics Act, that the prohibition against incorporation under Part I of the Companies Act as amended of companies having as a principal object or purpose the operation of aircraft either in Canada or between Canada and other countries, should be revoked;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State (concurring in by the Minister of Reconstruction) is pleased to revoke the said Order in Council P.C. 2200, dated the 18th March, 1943, and it is hereby revoked accordingly.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *Re* Daylight Saving Time

P.C. 6102

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 14th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council (P.C. 547) dated the 26th day of January, 1942, made under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada 1927, it was provided that as and from 2.00 A.M. Standard Time, Monday, February 9, 1942, until otherwise ordered, the time for all purposes in Canada should be one hour in advance of accepted Standard Time;

And whereas this Order was made on reports that it would be advantageous to the war effort of Canada to have Daylight Saving Time observed in all the time zones in Canada;

And whereas the Secretary of State of Canada, with the concurrence of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Minister of Transport, recommends that the said Order be revoked;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada 1927, is pleased to revoke the said Order in Council of the 26th January, 1942, P.C. 547, and it is hereby revoked as of and from 2.00 A.M. Sunday, September 30th, 1945.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council directing the Canadian Wheat Board not to sell wheat for export to overseas destinations at a price in excess of \$1.55 per bushel

P.C. 6122

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that because of the effects of a crop failure in Australia and French North Africa, of transportation difficulties in various supplying countries, and of other adverse developments upon the volume of exportable wheat and because of the urgent requirements of recently liberated areas of Europe and Asia, world demand for wheat is presently exceeding available supplies;

That under these conditions Canada, as the principal wheat exporting country, is in a position to demand very much higher prices for wheat from importing countries which must obtain food from abroad regardless of price in order to avoid want and starvation and to many of which Canada has been or will be extending loans for rehabilitation and reconstruction purposes;

That it would be contrary to the interests of Canada and of Canadian wheat growers to take advantage of the necessity of former Allies by charging higher prices for wheat, thereby encouraging an uneconomic expansion of wheat acreage in both importing and exporting countries, including Canada;

That it is in the interests of Canada and Canadian wheat growers to continue to offer wheat for sale at prices not in excess of those prevailing at the end of hostilities towards the end of maintaining a balanced agricultural programme at home, securing and holding markets for Canadian wheat throughout the world and assisting in the early stabilization of economic and political life in war-torn countries;

That since May 15, 1945, the Canadian Wheat Board has been selling wheat to countries not in receipt of Mutual Aid on the basis of \$1.55 per bushel for Number One Manitoba Northern, in store Fort William/Port Arthur or Vancouver;

That as a further means of stabilizing wheat prices during the post-war period it is the intention that steps shall be taken to ensure that producers will not at any time up to July 31, 1950, receive less than \$1.00 per bushel for Number One Manitoba Northern wheat, basis in store Fort William/Port Arthur or Vancouver, on the authorized deliveries for each crop year;

And whereas by reason of the state of war now existing, it is deemed necessary for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that the following regulation be made;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, is pleased to make and doth hereby make the following regulation,—

REGULATION

The Canadian Wheat Board shall not sell wheat for export to overseas destinations at a price in excess of \$1.55 per bushel for Number One Manitoba Northern, basis in store Fort William/Port Arthur or Vancouver, and in the case of each other grade of wheat at prices in excess of such prices as in the opinion of the said Board brings each of such grades into proper price relationship with Number One Manitoba Northern.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

W.M. No. 39

Eighth Revision

Supplement No. 18

MEMORANDUM

CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 8th September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Export Permits**

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 126, effective on and after August 23, 1945, the minimum export permit exemption previously established by Export Permit Branch Order No. 103 of November 22, 1944, for the undermentioned chemical products, is reduced from \$25.00 to \$5.00, so that an export permit will be required for shipments thereof valued at over \$5.00 when consigned to any destination:—

Fatty acids produced from vegetable oils under export control.

Fatty acids and oils, sulphated and sulphonated.

D. SIM,

Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise

W.M. No. 39

Eighth Revision

Supplement No. 19

MEMORANDUM

CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 12th September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:***Export Permits**

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 128, Group 2 of the Export Permit Regulations (Eighth Revision) is amended in respect of the item animal glands and animal glandular organs, n.o.p. by cancellation of the export permit exemption on shipments thereof to the British Empire or the United States.

On and after September 15, 1945, an export permit will be required for shipments of the above-noted commodity when consigned to any destination.

D. SIM,

Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise

W.M. No. 39
Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 20
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 14th September, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits—Books

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 129, effective on and after September 15, 1945, Books are deleted from Group 4 of the Schedule of Commodities under export control, so that an export permit will no longer be required for this commodity when shipped from Canada.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise

WM No. 60
Second Revision
Supplement No. 1
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 8th September, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Postal Censorship

Section 14 of the Defence of Canada Regulations having been revoked, Memorandum WM No. 60 Second Revision is cancelled.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise
(P.C. 5637, 16/8/45—Authority, War Measures Act.)

WM No. 95
Supplement No. 2
MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 12th September, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Imports

The import control on bananas (P.C. 4315, 25/5/43) is revoked.
Memorandum WM No. 95 and Supplement No. 1 are cancelled.

NOTE.—The import control on bananas (P.C. 8467, 2/11/43) is still in effect, vide Memorandum WM No. 100.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise
(P.C. 5939, 7/9/45—Authority, War Measures Act.)

WM No. 100
Supplement No. 8

MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 12th September, 1945.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Imports

General Permit No. G-2400 is now valid for the importation of bananas (item 98).
Memorandum WM No. 100 Supplement No. 3 is cancelled.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board (Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Emergency Shelter

Public notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the Emergency Shelter Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, as amended, the following areas have been designated by the Board as areas to which the provisions of Section 5 of such Regulations shall apply:

- (a) the Province of Alberta and the Peace River Block in the Province of British Columbia;
- (b) the Province of Saskatchewan.

Dated at Ottawa, Ontario, this 6th day of September, 1945.

A. F. W. PLUMPTRE,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE—RE EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement of Policy with Respect to Equitable Distribution of Goods in Short Supply

In order to minimize dislocation of business under wartime conditions, the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, on October 6, 1942, issued an official statement of policy with respect to the equitable distribution of goods in short supply, requiring suppliers, i.e., manufacturers and wholesalers, to make an equitable distribution among their established 1941 customers of any goods in short supply. So long as difficulties of supply continue, it is necessary in the national interest to adhere to the general principles of this policy as they have been developed and extended since 1942. The policy has of necessity been extended back from sales to retailers to sales of materials to manufacturers, and the goods affected came to include, not only the special types which had been sold in 1941, but also similar goods and substitute goods produced subsequently.

However, these modifications are not sufficient to meet new conditions following the termination of hostilities, and some further modifications are required to be made. In accordance with the Board's policy of relaxing and abandoning controls at the earliest practicable opportunity, it has been decided that as regards certain commodities, even though they may still be in short supply, greater freedom of action should be restored to suppliers.

Furthermore, in order to assist in the re-establishment of demobilized servicemen, it is essential that some opportunity should be given to these men to obtain goods, even when in short supply, so that they will be able to establish themselves in business on their own account.

This modification of the policy announced in 1942 involves a continuous examination of the supply position of all commodities and the grouping of them according to the degree of freedom of action which will be granted the supplier affected. In respect to some commodities, greater freedom can be accorded the distribution of finished articles to be sold to consumers without further processing than is possible in respect

to the supply of material to manufacturers. This grouping will be subject to constant review, and the Board will from time to time announce changes which are made to increase freedom of action by suppliers. Moreover, if any particular area is found to be receiving less than its fair share of goods, the Board will intervene by issuing specific directives.

Complete freedom of action is already accorded to those suppliers who are dealing in goods which are not in short supply, i.e., suppliers who are able to meet the full requirements of their customers. Furthermore, the Board has already permitted freedom of action in respect to certain articles, the manufacture of which has been prohibited in the interest of the war effort with a consequent closing up of many of the 1941 distributive outlets. As manufacture of these articles is now resumed, even though they are being offered for sale at the moment in quantities insufficient to meet full demand, the Board has granted complete freedom of action in regard to distributive outlets. The commodities in respect to which such specific freedom of action has been granted are set out under Group A below.

With respect to a second group of commodities, which are in fact in short supply and so until now subject to the Board's policy announced in 1942, the Board will no longer require suppliers to allocate more than 80 per cent of their current supplies ratably amongst their present customers, that is, those whom they supplied in 1941 together with new customers whom they have since been entitled to accept. The remaining 20 per cent will be considered free goods which may be distributed at the suppliers' discretion, either to such present customers, or to new customers whom they may wish to accept hereafter. The commodities affected by this modification of policy are set out in Group B below.

With respect to the remaining commodities which are still in short supply, the Board does not consider that the time has yet arrived to make any change in their distribution. They will remain under the terms of the Equitable Distribution Policy as heretofore. As conditions change and material becomes in better supply, the Board will move the commodities into Group B or Group A until all goods are in Group A and the Board's policy of equitable distribution will have served its purpose and will no longer operate.

The Administrator of Distributive Trades or the appropriate Industry Administrator should be consulted whenever a supplier is in doubt as to the course he should follow in conforming to the policy herein set out.

September 15, 1945.

SCHEDULE

Schedule to be attached to Board's Statement of Policy with respect to
Equitable Distribution of Goods in Short Supply dated
September 15, 1945

GROUP "A"

The following is a list of commodities which suppliers may distribute freely among their customers both new and old:

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT AND DURABLE GOODS

Capital Equipment	Machine Tools
Communications Equipment	Marine Engines
Electrical Appliances	Production Machinery
Electrical Equipment (excluding storage and dry cell batteries)	Transportation Equipment
Church Goods	Jewellery
Cigarette Lighters and Lighter Fluid	Metal, Wood and Glass Toilet Goods (including compacts)
Hollow-ware	
Aircraft and Aircraft Parts	Motor Cars, Busses and Trucks
Construction Equipment and Machinery	Municipal Service Equipment

Office Machinery and Equipment
Supplies

Toys and Games

Novelties and Ornaments (including artificial flowers)
Musical Instruments
Soapless Cleaners and Deodorants
Wheel Goods (i.e. Bicycles, Tricycles, Roller Skates, Wagons)
Glass Products (other than those in Group "B")

GROUP "B"

The following is a list of commodities as to which the new rule permitting freedom of distribution up to 20 per cent of current production will apply:—

CLOTHING

and other fully fabricated textile products, but not including fabric or piece-goods

Men's and Boys' Fine Clothing	Women's and Misses' Coats and Suits
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	Knit Goods
Men's and Boys' Woollen Work and Sportswear Clothing	Textile Notions
Men's, Boys', Women's and Children's Waterproof and Rubberized Clothing	Umbrellas and Handbags
Women's, Misses' and Children's Wear	Household Linens
	Footwear, Luggage and Small Leather Goods

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT AND DURABLE GOODS

Asbestos Products	
Caskets and Casket Hardware	
Mattresses, Pillows and Fillings therefor	
Metal and Wood Furniture (upholstered or not)	
Glass and Glass Containers	Lamp Chimneys
	Watches and Clocks
Flatware	
Brushes	Metal Wool
Cutlery	Mops and Brooms
Fasteners and Buttons	Photographic Equipment and Supplies (including Film)
Hand Tools	Pins and Needles
Household Utensils	Sporting Goods and Equipment
Machinery and Tools	

NOTE

No change is made in respect to commodities which are not listed in Groups "A" and "B" above.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 545

Rationed Foods (Meat)

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

Effective Date

1. This Order comes into force on the 10th day of September, 1945.

Definitions

2. (1) For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "Farmer" means a person who derives the major portion of his livelihood from agricultural pursuits carried on by him on a farm; the word "farmer" includes rancher and the word "farm" includes ranch;
 - (b) "Industrial User" means a person who being registered with the Board as an industrial user of meat uses meat in the preparation or manufacture of any product to be sold by him other than in the course of meals and refreshments, provided such product is not a rationed food;
 - (c) "Meat" means and includes any carcass, part of carcass, cut, portion and product of beef, veal, mutton, lamb or pork referred to in Schedules A, B or C of this Order;
 - (d) "Producer" means any importer of meat and any slaughterer, and the verb "produce" shall have a similarly extended meaning;
 - (e) "Slaughterer" means any person for whom any cattle, calves, sheep, lambs or hogs are slaughtered, and includes any person who slaughters any such animal for his own account;
 - (f) "The Principal Order" means Order of the Board No. 464, Rationed Foods (Principal Order).

(2) For the purposes of this Order, except as provided by subsection (1) of this Section the definitions contained in the Principal Order shall extend and apply to this Order, and, unless the context otherwise requires, this Order is to be construed as one with the Principal Order.

(3) For the purposes of this Order the terms and expressions contained in any Schedule to this Order shall have the same meaning respectively as provided by Board Orders Nos. 307 and 399 and Administrator's Orders Nos. A-1246, A-1382 and A-1391.

Meat a Rationed Food

3. (1) Meat is hereby declared to be a Rationed Food, irrespective of whether it is fresh, frozen, dried, pickled, cured, raw, cooked, canned or processed.

(2) Meat as a Rationed Food is subject to the general system of rationing of foods established by the Board and outlined in the Principal Order.

Appropriate Coupons

4. For the purposes of the Principal Order each of the following is hereby prescribed as an appropriate coupon in respect of meat:

- (a) Each ration coupon printed M at the time of issue by the Board of the ration book or ration card containing such ration coupons;
- (b) Each meat coupon stated on a quota authorization or other ration document when issued by the Board or on a requisition or special purchase permit when completed by a supplier in the manner required by the Principal Order and each meat coupon in terms of which any ration document is expressed;
- (c) 8 meat tokens when used in accordance with Section 14 of this Order.

Coupon Value

5. (1) The quantity of meat to be supplied by a supplier and acquired from a supplier in respect of the collection and surrender of each appropriate coupon shall be the respective amount by weight as specified by the Schedule A, B or C of this Order in accordance with which the meat is being supplied and acquired.

(2) Meat shall be supplied and acquired in accordance with the Schedule on which the particular kind and cut, type or variety of meat is listed, but if listed in Schedule A and in Schedule B or C it shall be supplied and acquired in accordance with Schedule B or C when supplied to and acquired by a Consumer and in accordance with Schedule A when supplied to and acquired by other than a Consumer.

Period of Validity of Ration Coupons

6. (1) Ration coupons printed M at the time of issue by the Board are unnumbered if no serial number is printed thereon or are numbered according to the serial number printed thereon.

(2) Unnumbered ration coupons printed M are valid for use in accordance with the provisions of the Principal Order at any time on and after the date on which they are issued by the Board and may remain valid for use until further notice is given to the contrary by Administrator's Order or by other Order of the Board.

(3) Numbered ration coupons printed M shall be valid for use only on and after their respective validity dates as provided by subsection (4) and may remain valid for use until further notice is given to the contrary by Administrator's Order or by other Order of the Board.

(4) The respective validity dates for the ration coupons printed M numbered as listed below shall be as follows:

Ration coupons printed M,

No. 1	Monday	September 10, 1945,
No. 2	Thursday	" 13, 1945,
No. 3	"	" 20, 1945,
No. 4	"	" 27, 1945,
No. 5	"	October 4, 1945,
No. 6	"	" 11, 1945,
No. 7	"	" 18, 1945,
No. 8	"	" 25, 1945,
No. 9	"	November 1, 1945,
No. 10	"	" 8, 1945,
No. 11	"	" 15, 1945,
No. 12	"	" 22, 1945,
No. 13	"	" 29, 1945,
No. 14	"	December 6, 1945,
No. 15	"	" 13, 1945,
No. 16	"	" 20, 1945,
No. 17	"	" 27, 1945,
No. 18	"	January 3, 1946,

Hotels and Quota Users' Establishments

7. Where a person has resided in a hotel or quota user's establishment for a continuous period of four weeks or longer the ration coupons to be detached, in respect of meat, from the ration book or ration card of such person by the owner, manager or superintendent of the hotel or quota user's establishment, as required by Section 18 of the Principal Order, shall be four valid ration coupons printed M for each continuous period of four weeks of such residence.

Registration of Industrial Users

8. (1) Application for registration of any person as an industrial user of meat must be made to the Ration Administrator on the form obtainable for that purpose at any Branch Office of the Ration Administration.

(2) All registrations of persons as industrial users of meat, made prior to the effective date of this Order, are cancelled.

Reports by Industrial Users

9. Each industrial user of meat must within 15 days after the end of each calendar month file with the Ration Administrator a statement in writing, completed and signed by the industrial user and on a form provided by the Ration Administrator, showing the quantities of meat used by him during the previous month, and disclosing such further information as may be required by the Ration Administrator.

Time of Transfer of Ration Documents by Other than Consumers

10. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in Sections 4 and 5 of the Principal Order to the contrary, in all cases where meat is being supplied to or acquired by any person other than a consumer the time for collection and surrender of the ration documents thereby required shall be, not earlier than the date of delivery of the meat and, not later than 14 days after such date; but if payment of the price charged for the meat is made before the expiration of such 14 days, the ration documents are to be collected and surrendered not later than the time of such payment.

(2) Except where meat is being supplied to and acquired by a consumer, the only case in which ration documents in respect of meat may be collected and surrendered earlier than as provided by subsection (1) is where the ration document is a valid special purchase permit and is being surrendered by the person to whom issued. In such case the document may be collected and surrendered at any time after the date on which it is issued but not later than as is provided by subsection (1).

(3) Where in any case meat has been supplied by a supplier to any person other than a consumer, if the person who has acquired the meat fails to surrender the necessary ration documents within the time for their surrender as provided by subsections (1) and (2) the supplier must, without delay, report such failure to the Ration Administrator and must not supply any more meat or other rationed food to that person until advised in writing by the Ration Administrator that he may do so.

Slaughterers and Other Producers of Meat—Household Use and Special Supplies to Farmers

11. (1) For the purposes of this Order, slaughterers are divided into three groups, as follows:

GROUP I—composed of only such persons as are the holders of valid slaughter permits issued under Board Order No. 533;

GROUP II—composed of only such persons as are the holders of general or specific authorizations issued by the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products under the authority of Section 13 of Board Order No. 533;

GROUP III—composed of only such farmers as are exempted by Section 9 of Board Order No. 533 from the necessity of holding a slaughter permit.

(2) Every slaughterer included in Group I of subsection (1) is required to open, operate and use in accordance with Section 37 of the Principal Order, a meat ration coupon bank account.

(3) Whenever any farmer provides, from the supply of meat produced by him and retained in his possession, a quantity to be used and consumed on his own farm premises by himself and other persons of the same household as himself he must, in respect thereof, then collect from his own ration book or ration card and from those of other persons of the same household as himself one valid ration coupon printed M for each four pounds of meat (gross weight) so provided; subject however that he need not collect more than fifty percent (50%) of the total number of ration coupons printed M then valid in such ration books and ration cards.

(4) Except as provided by subsection (3), whenever any slaughterer included in Group I or Group II of subsection (1) provides, from the supply of meat produced by him and retained in his possession, a quantity for use and consumption by himself and other persons of the same household as himself he must, in respect thereof, then collect from his own ration book or ration card and from those of other persons of the same household as himself the same number of ration coupons printed M as he would be required to collect if he were supplying the meat to another consumer.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 5, whenever any slaughterer included in Group III of subsection (1) of this Section supplies meat for use and consumption on his own farm permits to any person not of the same household as himself but living on the same farm premises or supplies meat to any other farmer for use and consumption only on the farm premises of the other farmer, the slaughterer need collect from the person who acquires the meat and the person who acquires the meat need surrender to the slaughterer only one ration coupon printed M for each four pounds of meat (gross weight) so supplied and acquired. For such purpose, if the total number of valid ration coupons printed M contained in the ration books and ration cards of the person acquiring the meat and of other persons of the same household is less than the total number of ration coupons printed M required to be surrendered as herein provided, the slaughterer may, notwithstanding anything contained in the Principal Order to the contrary, detach, to the extent of the deficiency, from such ration books a number of ration coupons printed M which have not then become valid for use, and may retain such ration coupons in his possession until required to forward them to the Local Ration Board of his district.

Registration of Producers

12. Section 33 of the Principal Order shall not apply to a producer of meat.

Monthly Reports and Surrender of Ration Documents by Producers

13. (1) Every slaughterer included in Group I or Group II of subsection (1) of Section 11, and every person who, other than as a consumer, imports meat must, not later than the 5th day of every month,

(a) file at the Branch Office of the Ration Administration for his district a statement in writing on a form provided by the Ration Administrator showing the producer's transactions in meat during the preceding month, and

(b) forward with such statement a ration cheque in favour of the Ration Administrator, or a bank transfer voucher, for the total number of meat coupons collected by him during such preceding month in respect of the meat supplied by him out of his production.

(2) Every slaughterer not required to file a statement in accordance with subsection (1) and every consumer who, as such, imports meat must, not later than the 10th day of every month,

(a) file with the Local Ration Board of his district a statement in writing on a form provided by the Ration Administrator showing the producer's transactions in meat during the preceding month, and

(b) forward with such statement all ration documents collected by him during such preceding month in respect of meat supplied by him or used and consumed by him and by other persons of the same household as himself out of his production.

Tokens

14. (1) Tokens on which the word "meat" appears when issued by the Board—hereinafter referred to as meat tokens—may be used only in respect of meat and at the rate of 8 meat tokens for 1 valid appropriate coupon.

(2) Meat tokens are valid for use in accordance with the provisions of this Section at any time on or after the date on which they are issued by the Board and remain valid for use until further notice is given to the contrary by Administrator's Order or by other Order of the Board.

(3) Except as provided by subsection (2) of Section 40 of the Principal Order, meat tokens must be obtained, used and transferred only in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of Section 17 of the Principal Order, whenever a consumer acquires meat from a supplier the consumer may surrender to the supplier and the supplier may accept from the consumer meat tokens in place of other valid ration documents.

(5) Whenever any consumer acquires, in respect of any valid ration coupon, less than the full quantity of meat which may be supplied and acquired as provided by subsection (1) of Section 5 against each appropriate coupon, the supplier must deliver to the consumer a meat token or tokens equivalent in value to the unspent portion of the ration coupon.

(6) In respect of any one sale or any one transaction in meat, a supplier must not deliver more than 7 meat tokens to a consumer and a consumer must not accept more than 7 meat tokens from a supplier.

(7) The quantity of meat to be supplied by a supplier to a consumer against the surrender of meat tokens or against the surrender of meat tokens and a small number of ration coupons shall be as provided by Schedule D, notwithstanding anything contained in this Order to the contrary.

(8) The number of meat tokens to be delivered by a supplier to a consumer as equivalent in value to the unspent portion of a ration coupon shall be as provided by Schedule D, notwithstanding anything contained in this Order to the contrary.

(9) Except as provided by subsection (5), a supplier must not deliver any meat tokens to a consumer and a consumer must not accept any meat tokens from a supplier.

(10) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (3) and (4) of Section 37 of the Principal Order, a supplier may retain in his possession and need not deposit to the credit of his ration coupon bank account that number of meat tokens which are reasonably necessary for use in accordance with subsections (5) and (6) of this Section.

(11) A dealer who is required to operate a ration coupon bank account may obtain meat tokens from the bank, at which such account is being conducted, by drawing in favour of the bank and issuing to the bank a valid ration cheque for the number of appropriate coupons equivalent in value to the meat tokens being obtained.

(12) A dealer who is not required to operate a ration coupon bank account may obtain meat tokens from any bank on surrender of other valid ration documents equivalent in value to the meat tokens being obtained.

(13) Meat tokens may be surrendered to a bank only by or on behalf of a supplier.

(14) Among the purposes for which a supplier may surrender meat tokens to a bank are the following:

- (a) for deposit of their equivalent value in coupons to the credit of a meat ration coupon bank account by the operator;
- (b) for the obtaining, by the supplier, of a bank transfer voucher expressed in meat coupons.

(15) Whenever a supplier surrenders meat tokens to a bank, they must be contained in a box or boxes provided by the Board for that purpose and each box must contain exactly 200 meat tokens, must be properly closed and then endorsed, in ink, with the name and address of the supplier.

(16) Any box provided by the Board as a container for meat tokens must be used only for that purpose.

Commercial Cold Storage of Meat and Other Foods

15. (1) Every person who, on or after the effective date of this Order, provides to any other person for the storage of food any cold storage locker or other cold storage space in a commercial building, or owns or otherwise controls any such locker or space being held, retained or used for the storage of food on the 31st day of August, 1945, by any other person, must

- (a) on or before the 20th day of September 1945, file at the Branch Office of the Ration Administration for his district a statement in writing listing the name and address of each and every person to whom such space was being provided on the 31st day of August, 1945,

- (b) keep an up-to-date and exact record of the names and addresses of all persons who acquire or release any such space subsequent to the 31st day of August, 1945, and
- (c) on or before the 30th day of September, 1945, and on or before the last day of each and every calendar month thereafter, file at the said Branch Office of the Ration Administration a further statement in writing listing the names and addresses of all persons who have acquired or released any such space since the date in respect of which a statement was last filed in accordance with the provisions of this Section and providing particulars as to whether such persons have acquired or have released such space.

(2) Every consumer who on the effective date of this Order, owns, controls or has any beneficial interest in meat held in any cold storage locker or other cold storage space in a commercial building must, on or before the 10th day of October, 1945,

- (a) file at the Branch Office of the Ration Administration for his district a statement in writing, on a form provided for such purpose by the Ration Administrator and obtainable at such Branch Office, showing the exact amount of meat held in storage by or for him on the effective date of this Order and such further information as is necessary for proper completion of the said form, and
- (b) forward with such statement the required number of ration coupons printed M disclosed by the said statement as due to the Ration Administrator in respect of the meat held in storage. For such purpose, the required number of ration coupons printed M may be detached by the consumer from his own ration book or ration card and from those of other persons of the same household as himself, regardless of whether or not they have then become valid for use, notwithstanding the provisions of clause (j) of subsection (1) of Section 39 of the Principal Order.

(3) Whenever, after the effective date of this Order, meat is put into storage in any cold storage locker or other cold storage space in a commercial building by or for any consumer, the consumer must file at the Branch Office of the Ration Administration for his district a statement in writing, on a form provided for such purpose by the Ration Administrator and obtainable at such Branch Office, showing the amount of meat put into such storage by or for him, unless such meat was previously reported by him on a similar form or on the form referred to in subsection (2). The statement must disclose the name of the supplier from whom the meat was acquired, the quantity and kind of the meat acquired, the number of ration coupons surrendered to the supplier in respect thereof and such further information as is necessary for proper completion of the said form.

Made at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE A
To ORDER No. 545
MEAT COUPON CHART

When a person acquires meat in accordance with this chart he must surrender to the supplier for each 100 lbs. the number of coupons indicated on this chart. For each part of 100 lbs. he must surrender a proportionate quantity of coupons.

(In the case of certain varieties of cooked meat in sealed containers, he must surrender for each dozen containers purchased, the number of coupons indicated on this chart.)

This chart applies to both Kosher meat and meat which is not Kosher meat.

BEEF		Coupons Per 100 lbs.
<i>Bone-In</i>		
Carcass or Side		42
Frontquarter		38
Triangle		36
Rack		39
Rib		45
Chuck (Square Cut)		37
Chuck (Cross Cut)		36
Shank		37
Brisket Point		31
Plate		35
Hindquarter		47
Hip, Long		49
Hip, Short		51
Loin, Long		44
Loin, Short		45
Loin, Shell		46
Steak Piece		43
Flank		38
<i>Boneless</i>		
Boner Quality		44
Any other quality		64

VEAL		
<i>Bone-In</i>		
Carcass or Side, hide on		34
Carcass or Side		38
Frontquarter (Short Cut)		35
Frontquarter (Long Cut)		37
Hindquarter (Short Cut)		41
Hindquarter (Long Cut)		40
<i>Boneless</i>		
Trimnings		44
Other than Trimnings		64

LAMB AND MUTTON		
<i>Bone-In</i>		
Carcass or Side		37
Front (Short Cut)		38
Front (Long Cut)		38
Hind (Short Cut)		36
Hind (Long Cut)		37
Leg		38
Loin		35
Flank		38
<i>Boneless</i>		
Any kind or quality		64

PORK

<i>Pork (fresh)</i>	Product No.	Coupons
<i>Bone-In</i>	Order A-1391	Per 100 lbs.
Carcass or Side, Head On	1, 2, 3	36
Carcass or Side, Head Off	4, 5, 6	37
New York Shoulder, Hock On	17, 18	51
New York Shoulder, Hock Off	19	56
Montreal Shoulder	20, 21	56
Butt	22, 23	64
Picnic, Hock On	25, 26	46
Picnic, Hock Off	27	48
Lacone	142	32
Hock	144	32
Ham, Trimmed	30, 31	50
Loin, Trimmed	33, 34	48
Belly, Rib in, Commercial Trim	39	48
<i>Boneless</i>		
Butt, Tied	24	64
Picnic, Hock Off, Tied	28	64
Picnic, Hock Off, Tied with Dressing	29	64
Ham, Trimmed, Tied	32	64
Back, Long Cut	35, 36	64
Belly, Commercial Trim	37, 38	64
Trimmings, Extra Lean	145	44
Trimmings, Regular	146	44
Tenderloin	147	64
Jowl	140	32
<i>Pork (cured)</i>		
<i>Bone-In</i>		
Picnic, Hock On	46, 47	46
Picnic, Hock Off	48	48
Ham, Trimmed	54, 55	50
Belly, Rib in, Commercial Trim	59	64
Hock	195	32
Mess Pork		32
Short Cut Back		32
<i>Boneless</i>		
Cottage Roll or Butt	45	64
Picnic, Hock Off, Tied	49	64
Back, Long Cut	50, 51, 53	83
Back, Short Cut	52	83
Ham, Trimmed, Tied	56	64
Belly, Commercial Trim	57, 58	64
Roll, Shoulder, Skin On	60	48
Roll, Pork, Skinless	61	64
Roll, Ham Butt	62	64
Jowl	96	32
<i>Dry Salt Meats</i>		
Bellies		48
Clear Backs	PART II	38
Lean Backs	SECTION	48
Long Clears	9-(1)	38
Short Clears		38

PORK

<i>Pork (smoked)</i>	Product No.	Coupons
<i>Bone-In</i>	Order A-1391	Per 100 lbs.
Picnic, Hock On	72, 73	64
Picnic, Hock Off	74	48
Picnic, Hock Off, Ready to Serve	79	64
Ham, Trimmed	84, 85	50
Ham, Skinned	86	50
Ham, Skinned, Ready to Serve	93	64

Boneless

Cottage Roll or Butt	70, 71	64
Picnic, Hock On	75, 77, 80, 81	64
Picnic, Hock Off, Tied	76, 78	64
Roll, Skinless	82, 83	64
Ham, Skin On	87, 88	64
Ham, Skinless	89, 90, 91, 92	64
Back, Long Cut	94, 95, 98	83
Back, Short Cut	96, 97	83
Back, Sliced	99, 100	96
Bacon, Rind On (not sliced)	101, 102, 104, 106	83
Bacon, Rind Off (not sliced)	105, 107	83
Bacon, Ends	103	83
Bacon, Sliced, Rind On	108, 109, 112	96
Bacon, Sliced, Rind Off	110, 111, 113, 114	96
Jowl	196	39

Pork (cooked)

<i>Bone-In</i>		
Hock	201	39

Boneless

Butt	120	96
Butt, Roast, Tied with Dressing	129	69
Picnic, Hock On	121, 122	96
Picnic, Hock Off, Roast, Tied with Dressing	130	96
Ham	123, 124, 125 126, 127, 128	96
Ham, Roast, Tied with Dressing	131	96
Loin, Roast, Tied with Dressing	132	96

FANCY MEATS

	Beef	Veal	Pork	Lamb and Mutton
Heart	31	31	31	31
Liver	48	48	48	48
Tongue	31	31	31	31
Kidney	48	48	48	48
Sweetbread	48	48	48	48

SAUSAGE

Fresh	38
Smoked, Cured, Cooked, or otherwise	48

COOKED MEAT
(Not in Sealed Containers)

	Coupons Per 100 lbs.
Comminuted, in loaf form or otherwise	48
Jellied meats, in loaf form or otherwise	48
Bologna	48
Wieners	48

(In Sealed Containers)

	Container Size	Coupons Per Doz. Containers
Sausage	14 oz.	6
Spiced pork	12 oz.	5
Spiced pork	16 oz.	6
Spiced Pork	6 lb.	48
Meat balls	16 oz.	5
Roast beef	16 oz.	6
Beefsteak with mushrooms	16 oz.	4
Beefsteak with onions	16 oz.	4
Beefsteak with kidney	16 oz.	4
Stews, boiled dinners, hashes	15 oz.	3
Stews, boiled dinners, hashes	16 oz.	3
Pork Tongue	12 oz.	5
Pork Tongue	6 lb.	48
Meat — Sandwich Spread	7 oz.	3
Meat — Sandwich Spread	3 oz.	2
Ox Tongue	32 oz.	12

SCHEDULE B

To ORDER No. 545

MEAT COUPON AND TOKEN CHART

All products shown below are derived from beef, veal, lamb, mutton, pork or combinations of them. Any product or cut shown below has the coupon value indicated, whether or not it contains dressing.

GROUP A—1 LB. PER COUPON—2 OZS. PER TOKEN

PORK—Cured

Back (sliced) boneless

PORK—Smoked

Back Bacon (sliced)

Side Bacon (sliced) (rind on or rindless)

COOKED MEAT

Any uncooked Group B item (bone in or boneless), when cooked

Pork Butt, boneless

Pork Ham, boneless

GROUP B—1½ LBS. PER COUPON—3 OZS. PER TOKEN

BEEF—Fresh or Cured

Round Steak or Roast, bone in

Round Steak or Roast, boneless

Round Steak, Minced

Sirloin Tip, boneless

Sirloin Tip, Cubed or Minute

Steaks, boneless

Sirloin Butt, boneless

Flank Steak, boneless

Strip Loin, boneless

Rib Roast, 7 Rib Bones (rolled whole), boneless

Prime Rib Roast, 5 Rib Bones (rolled), boneless

Rib Roast Rolled, 6th and 7th Rib Bones—Inside Roll, boneless

Tenderloin

GROUP B—1½ LBS. PER COUPON—3 OZS. PER TOKEN—*Conc.**VEAL—Fresh*

Cutlets or Fillet Roast, boneless
Strip Loin Steaks, boneless
Front Roll, boneless
Leg Roll, boneless
Loin Strip, boneless
Tenderloin

LAMB or MUTTON—Fresh

Frontquarter (rolled) boneless

PORK—Fresh

Butt, Whole, Pieces or Chops
(rindless) bone in
Butt, Whole, Pieces or Chops
(rindless) boneless
Ham, Whole, Centre Slices,
bone in
Ham, Whole, Pieces or Slices,
bone in or boneless
Picnic, Hockless, boneless
Back, Whole, Pieces or Slices, boneless
Side Pork, Whole, Pieces or Slices,
boneless
Trimmings, Extra Lean (skinless)
Tenderloin

PORK—Cured

Cottage Roll or Butt, Whole or Pieces,
boneless
Picnic, Hockless, boneless
Ham, Whole, Pieces or Slices,
bone in or boneless
Ham, Centre Slices, bone in
Back, Whole or Pieces, boneless
Skinless Roll, boneless
Ham Butt Roll, boneless

PORK—Smoked

Picnic, Hockless or Hock on, boneless
Cottage Roll or Butt, Whole or Pieces,
boneless
Skinless Roll, boneless
Ham, Centre Slices, bone in
Ham, Whole (skin on or skinless),
Pieces or Slices, bone in or boneless
Back, Whole or Pieces, boneless
Side Bacon (rind on or rindless),
Whole or Pieces

COOKED MEAT

Any uncooked Group C item (bone in
or boneless), when cooked.

GROUP C—2 LBS. PER COUPON—4 OZS. PER TOKEN

BEEF—Fresh or Cured

Shank, Hindquarter, boneless
Rump Roast, Round or Square End,
bone in
Sirloin Steak or Roast, bone in
Flank, Trimmed, bone in
Porterhouse Steak or Roast, bone in
T-bone Steak or Roast, bone in
Wing Steak or Roast, bone in
Rib Roast, 7 Rib Bones, Whole, bone in
Prime Rib Roast, 5 Rib Bones, bone in
Rib Roast, 6th and 7th Rib Bones
bone in
Rolled Rib Roast, 6th and 7th Rib
Bones, Outside Roll, boneless
Plate Brisket (rolled), boneless
Brisket Point (rolled), boneless
Rolled Shoulder, boneless
Short or Cross Rib Roast, bone in
Blade Roast, Blade and Backstrap out,
bone in
Chuck Roast, boneless
Neck, boneless
Shank, Centre Cut, bone in
Shank Meat
Stewing Meat, boneless
Hamburger

VEAL—Fresh

Shank, Hind, boneless
Rump, Knuckle Bone out, bone in
Sirloin Butt Roast, bone in
Sirloin Butt Steak, bone in
Leg, Sirloin Butt End, bone in
Loin, Full Cut, Flank off, Kidney and
Suet out, bone in
Loin, Short Cut, Flank off, Kidney and
Suet out, bone in
Loin Chop or Roast, Tenderloin End,
bone in
Loin Chop or Roast, Rib End, bone in
Round Bone Shoulder Chop or Roast,
bone in
Shank, Front, boneless
Neck, boneless
Veal Loaf or Patties
Stewing Veal

LAMB or MUTTON—Fresh

Sirloin or Chump Chop, bone in
Loin, Whole, Flank off, Kidney and
Suet out, bone in
Loin Roast or Chop, Tenderloin End,
bone in
Patties

GROUP C—2 LBS. PER COUPON—4 OZS. PER TOKEN—*Conc.**PORK—Fresh*

Picnic, Hockless, bone in
 Butt (rind on), Whole, Pieces or Chop,
 bone in
 Butt (rind on), Whole or Pieces,
 boneless
 Ham, Trimmed, Whole, Butt End or
 Shank End, bone in
 Loin, Trimmed (rindless), Whole,
 Pieces or Chop, bone in
 Side Pork, Whole or Pieces, bone in

PORK—Cured

Picnic, Hockless, bone in
 Ham, Trimmed, Whole, Butt End or
 Shank End, bone in
 Side Pork, Whole or Pieces, bone in
 Shoulder Roll (skin on), boneless
 Dry Salt Belly, boneless
 Dry Salt Lean Backs, boneless

GROUP D—2½ LBS. PER COUPON—5 OZS. PER TOKEN

BEEF—Fresh or Cured

Short Ribs, Braising, bone in
 Plate Brisket, bone in
 Brisket Point, bone in
 Round Bone Shoulder Roast, bone in
 Blade Roast, bone in
 Chuck Roast, bone in
 Shank, Frontquarter, Whole, bone in
 Shank Knuckle End, bone in

VEAL—Fresh

Shank, Hind, bone in
 Leg, Long Cut, bone in
 Leg, Short Cut, bone in
 Leg, Shank End, bone in
 Loin, Full Cut, Flank on, Kidney and
 Suet out, bone in
 Flank, bone in
 Blade Chop or Roast, bone in
 Breast, bone in
 Shank, Front, bone in
 Neck, bone in
 Forequarter, Whole, 7 Rib Bones,
 bone in
 Rack, Whole, bone in
 Rack, Shoulder off, Knuckle Bone out,
 bone in

SAUSAGE—Fresh or Cured

Pork Sausage
 Commercial Sausage

PORK—Smoked

Picnic, Hockless, bone in
 Ham, Trimmed or Skinned, Whole,
 Butt End or Shank End, bone in

FANCY MEAT

Liver
 Kidney
 Sweetbread

COOKED MEAT

Any uncooked Group D item (bone in
 or boneless), when cooked.
 Loaves made from chopped or minced
 meat. Cooked meats, jellied meats,
 in loaf form or otherwise (excepting
 those cooked or jellied meats listed
 in Group D)
 Bologna
 Wieners
 Sausage, Smoked or Cooked

LAMB or MUTTON—Fresh

Leg, Full Cut, Whole or Half, bone in
 Leg, Short Cut, bone in
 Loin, Whole, Flank on, Kidney and
 Suet out, bone in
 Loin Rib Roast or Chop, bone in
 Flank, bone in
 Frontquarter, Whole or Half, bone in
 Rack or Shoulder, Neck on, bone in
 Rack or Shoulder, Neck off, bone in
 Rack or Shoulder Chop, bone in
 Breast, bone in
 Neck, bone in

PORK—Fresh

Picnic, Hock on, boneless
 Loin (rind on), Whole Pieces or Chop,
 bone in

PORK—Cured

Dry Salt Long Clear, boneless
 Dry Salt Short Clear, boneless
 Dry Salt Clear Back, boneless

PORK—Smoked

Picnic, Hock on, bone in
 Jowl

COOKED MEAT

Any uncooked Group E item (bone in
 or boneless), when cooked
 Brawn or Headcheese
 Liver Sausage, all types
 Blood Sausage, all types
 Cretons Francais

GROUP E—3 LBS. PER COUPON—6 OZS. PER TOKEN

PORK—Fresh

Lacone, bone in
Hock, bone in
Jowl

FANCY MEAT

Heart
Tongue

PORK—Cured

Hock, bone in
Mess Pork, bone in
Short Cut Back, bone in
Jowl

COOKED MEAT—IN SEALED CONTAINER

	Container
Sausage	1—14 oz.—4 tokens
Spiced Pork (Comminuted or Ground).....	1—12 oz.—3 “
Spiced Pork (Comminuted or Ground).....	1—16 oz.—4 “
Roast Beef	1—16 oz.—4 “
Stews, boiled dinners, hashes.....	1—15 oz.—2 “
Stews, boiled dinners, hashes.....	1—16 oz.—2 “
Pork Tongue	1—12 oz.—3 “
Meat Sandwich Spread.....	1— 7 oz.—2 “
Meat Sandwich Spread.....	1— 3 oz.—1 “
Ox Tongue	1—32 oz.—1 coupon
Meat Balls	1—16 oz.—3 tokens
Beefsteak with Mushrooms.....	1—16 oz.—3 “
Beefsteak with Onions.....	1—16 oz.—3 “
Beefsteak with Kidneys.....	1—16 oz.—3 “

MEAT PIES

For any size Meat Pie, 8 oz. per token

SCHEDULE C

To ORDER No. 545

KOSHER MEAT COUPON CHART

All products shown below are derived from beef, veal, lamb, mutton, or combinations of them.

GROUP A—1 LB. PER COUPON

(2 oz. per token)

Smoked or Cooked Meat

Any unsmoked or uncooked Group B item when smoked or cooked

GROUP B—1½ LBS. PER COUPON

(3 oz. per token)

Beef—Fresh or Cured

Rib Roast or Steak, bone-in
Shoulder Roast or Steak, boneless
Brisket Point, boneless
Tongue
Liver
Sweetbread

Smoked or Cooked Meat

Any unsmoked or uncooked Group C
item when smoked or cooked

Veal—Fresh or Cured

Rib Chop (cut from first 5 ribs),
boneless
Shoulder Roast or Steak, boneless
Brisket, boneless
Tongue
Liver
Sweetbread

GROUP C—2 LBS. PER COUPON

(4 oz. per token)

Beef—Fresh or Cured

Plate or Flanken (rolled), boneless
 Top Skirt, boneless
 Neck, boneless
 Shank, boneless
 Stewing Beef or Minced Beef, boneless

Veal—Fresh or Cured

Neck, boneless
 Shank, boneless

Lamb, Mutton—Fresh

Patties
 Liver
 Sweetbread

Smoked or Cooked Meat

Any unsmoked or uncooked Group D
 item (bone-in or boneless) when
 smoked or cooked
 Bologna
 Wieners
 Sausage, smoked or cooked

GROUP D—2½ LBS. PER COUPON

(5 oz. per token)

Beef—Fresh or Cured

Plate or Flanken, including Brisket,
 bone-in
 Shortribs, bone-in
 Chuck Roast or Steak, bone-in

Lamb, Mutton—Fresh

Any Lamb cut, bone-in

*Sausage (Fresh or Cured)**Veal—Fresh or Cured*

Blade Cap, bone-in
 Chuck, Neck off, bone-in
 Brisket, bone-in
 Flank or Flanken, bone-in

Smoked or Cooked Meat

Any unsmoked or uncooked Group E
 item when smoked or cooked

GROUP E—3 LBS. PER COUPON

(6 oz. per token)

Beef—Fresh or Cured

Heart
 Neck, bone-in
 Shank, bone-in

Veal—Fresh or Cured

Heart

Lamb, Mutton—Fresh or Cured

Tongue
 Heart

SCHEDULE D

To ORDER No. 545

Token Calculator

MEAT PURCHASED		COUPONS AND TOKENS TO BE COLLECTED BY SUPPLIER									
		GROUP A		GROUP B		GROUP C		GROUP D		GROUP E	
Pounds	Ounces	Coupons	Tokens	Coupons	Tokens	Coupons	Tokens	Coupons	Tokens	Coupons	Tokens
-	2 oz.	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
-	3 oz.	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
-	4 oz.	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	1
-	5 oz.	-	3	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	1
-	6 oz.	-	3	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	1
-	7 oz.	-	4	-	3	-	2	-	2	-	2
-	8 oz.	-	4	-	3	-	2	-	2	-	2
-	9 oz.	-	5	-	3	-	3	-	2	-	2
-	10 oz.	-	5	-	4	-	3	-	2	-	2
-	11 oz.	-	6	-	4	-	3	-	3	-	2
-	12 oz.	-	6	-	4	-	3	-	3	-	2
-	13 oz.	-	7	-	5	-	4	-	3	-	3
-	14 oz.	-	7	-	5	-	4	-	3	-	3
-	15 oz.	1	-	-	5	-	4	-	3	-	3
1 lb.	-	1	-	-	5	-	4	-	3	-	3
1 lb.	2 oz.	1	& 1	-	6	-	5	-	4	-	3
1 lb.	4 oz.	1	& 2	-	7	-	5	-	4	-	3
1 lb.	6 oz.	1	& 3	-	7	-	6	-	4	-	4
1 lb.	8 oz.	1	& 4	1	-	-	6	-	5	-	4
1 lb.	10 oz.	1	& 5	1	& 1	-	7	-	5	-	4
1 lb.	12 oz.	1	& 6	1	& 1	-	7	-	6	-	5
1 lb.	14 oz.	1	& 7	1	& 2	1	-	-	6	-	5
2 lb.	-	2	-	1	& 3	1	-	-	6	-	5
2 lb.	2 oz.	2	& 1	1	& 3	1	& 1	-	7	-	6
2 lb.	4 oz.	2	& 2	1	& 4	1	& 1	-	7	-	6
2 lb.	6 oz.	2	& 3	1	& 5	1	& 2	1	-	-	6
2 lb.	8 oz.	2	& 4	1	& 5	1	& 2	1	-	-	7
2 lb.	10 oz.	2	& 5	1	& 6	1	& 3	1	-	-	7
2 lb.	12 oz.	2	& 6	1	& 7	1	& 3	1	& 1	-	7
2 lb.	14 oz.	2	& 7	1	& 7	1	& 4	1	& 1	1	-
3 lb.	-	3	-	2	-	1	& 4	1	& 2	1	-
3 lb.	2 oz.	3	& 1	2	& 1	1	& 5	1	& 2	1	& 1
3 lb.	4 oz.	3	& 2	2	& 1	1	& 5	1	& 2	1	& 1
3 lb.	6 oz.	3	& 3	2	& 2	1	& 6	1	& 3	1	& 1
3 lb.	8 oz.	3	& 4	2	& 3	1	& 6	1	& 3	1	& 1
3 lb.	10 oz.	3	& 5	2	& 3	1	& 7	1	& 4	1	& 2
3 lb.	12 oz.	3	& 6	2	& 4	1	& 7	1	& 4	1	& 2
3 lb.	14 oz.	3	& 7	2	& 5	2	-	1	& 4	1	& 2
4 lb.	-	4	-	2	& 5	2	-	1	& 5	1	& 3
4 lb.	2 oz.	4	& 1	2	& 6	2	& 1	1	& 5	1	& 3
4 lb.	4 oz.	4	& 2	2	& 7	2	& 1	1	& 6	1	& 3
4 lb.	6 oz.	4	& 3	2	& 7	2	& 2	1	& 6	1	& 4
4 lb.	8 oz.	4	& 4	3	-	2	& 2	1	& 6	1	& 4
4 lb.	10 oz.	4	& 5	3	& 1	2	& 3	1	& 7	1	& 4
4 lb.	12 oz.	4	& 6	3	& 1	2	& 3	1	& 7	1	& 5
4 lb.	14 oz.	4	& 7	3	& 2	2	& 4	2	-	1	& 5
5 lb.	-	5	-	3	& 3	2	& 4	2	-	1	& 5

Administrator's Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1701

Manufacture of Luggage

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Luggage and Small Leather Goods, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1325, which imposed certain restrictions on the manufacture of luggage, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on October 1, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of September, 1945.

H. H. SCHULTZ,

Administrator of Luggage and Small Leather Goods.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

NOTE.—The provisions of this Order will permit manufacturers to resume production of some goods which have heretofore been prohibited. If a manufacturer resumes production of goods for which his maximum price has been established in accordance with the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations or by an Order issued under such Regulations, he must not sell or offer to sell those goods at a price which is higher than that maximum price. If he produces goods which are not identical in every respect (including trade description) with goods for which his maximum price has been established, he must make an application to have his maximum price therefor fixed under the provisions of Order No. 414 of the Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1729

Maximum Prices of Jam and Jelly and Maximum Markups for Marmalade

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Sections 1 to 13 inclusive and Schedules "A" and "B" of Administrator's Order No. A-787, as amended, are revoked and the following Sections numbered 1 to 10 and Schedules "A" and "B" to this Order are substituted respectively therefor:—

"1. For the purposes of this Order,

(a) "area" means an area defined in Section 2 hereof;

(b) "manufacturer" means any person engaged in the business of manufacturing for sale any of the products to which this Order applies, and holding at any time during the year 1945 a manufacturer's sales tax licence issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue;

(c) "wholesale distributor" means any person, other than a manufacturer, who sells otherwise than at retail;

(d) "No. 1 jam" or "pure jam" means jam of a grade conforming to the provisions of clause (a) of Section 77 of the Regulations respecting fruits and vegetables issued under the provisions of the Meat and Canned Foods Act;

(e) "No. 2 jam" or "pectin jam" means jam of a grade conforming to the provisions of clause (b) of Section 77 of the said Regulations;

- (f) "No. 3 jam" or "blended jam" or "compound jam" means jam of a grade conforming to the provisions of clause (c) of Section 77 of the said Regulations;
- (g) "pure jelly" means jelly of a grade conforming to the provisions of clause (d) of Section 77 of the said Regulations;
- (h) "jelly with added pectin" means jelly of a grade conforming to the provisions of clause (e) of Section 77 of the said Regulations;
- (i) "mint jelly or jellied mint" means jelly conforming to the provisions of clause (l) of Section 77 of the said Regulations;
- (j) "sell" includes an offer to sell.

2. For the purposes of this Order Canada is divided into the following areas:

- (a) Eastern area composed of the whole of Canada except British Columbia;
- (b) Western area composed of the Province of British Columbia.

PART I—SALES BY MANUFACTURERS

3. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this Section, the maximum price, not including sales tax, at which a manufacturer may sell to any class of customer jam or jelly of a grade and variety set forth in Schedule "A" or "B" hereto shall, according to the size of the container in which it is packed and the area in which the seller's factory is situated, be the price for the same set forth in the said Schedule "A" or "B" and such price shall be f.o.b. his factory; provided, however, that

- (a) if he sells strawberry jam manufactured in British Columbia to a buyer whose place of business is situated in that part of Canada east of the 88th degree of west longitude such maximum price shall be f.o.b. the city, town or village in which the buyer's place of business is situated;
- (b) if he sells jam manufactured in British Columbia, other than strawberry jam, to a buyer situated in that part of Canada east of the 88th degree of west longitude the maximum price, inclusive of the cost of delivering such jam to the city, town or village in which the buyer's place of business is situated, shall be the price set out in Schedule "A" for jam of the same grade and variety manufactured in the Eastern Area;
- (c) if he sells jam manufactured in Ontario or in any province east of Ontario to a buyer in British Columbia or Alberta the maximum price, inclusive of the cost of delivering such jam to the city, town or village in which the buyer's place of business is situated, shall be the price set out in Schedule "A" for jam of the same grade and variety manufactured in the Western area, PLUS, if that buyer's place of business is in Alberta, 98 cents per cwt. of the shipping weight of such product.

(2) A manufacturer who customarily sold jam or jelly to any class of buyers during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, at prices higher than the prices at which he sold those products to wholesale distributors during the said period, may increase the maximum prices fixed by subsection (1) of this Section on sales by him of those products to such class of buyers, by a percentage of such prices equal to the percentage by which his selling price for the same grade and variety of jam or jelly to such class of buyers during the said basic period exceeded his selling price to wholesale distributors; however, in no event shall such price exceed the said maximum price fixed by subsection (1) of this Section, for the product sold, by an amount greater than 10 per cent of his selling price.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (4) of Section 7 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations, no manufacturer is required to allow any differentials or discounts from maximum prices fixed by subsections (1) and (2) of this Section.

(4) The maximum price at which a manufacturer may sell any jam or jelly of a grade or variety or in a size of container not specified in the Schedules to this Order shall be such price as has been or may be prescribed by or on behalf of the Board on and after June 29, 1943, and no manufacturer shall sell or offer to sell any such unspecified jam or jelly until a maximum price for the sale of same by him has been so prescribed.

PART II—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

4. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any jam, jelly or marmalade to any class of customer, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the product but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier;
- (b) sales tax and transportation charges, at not more than the railway freight rate, to his warehouse from the manufacturer's factory, actually paid by him and not included in such price; and
- (c) a markup in respect of the product of a particular manufacturer, not greater than the lawful percentage markup customarily used by such wholesaler in pricing that product to the same class of buyer during the basic period from September 15, 1941, to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, and, if that product was not sold by him during such basic period, not greater than the lawful percentage markup customarily used by him in pricing a similar product to the same class of buyer during such basic period; provided, however, that in no case shall the markup exceed ten per cent (10%) of the wholesaler's selling price.

(2) If a sale of jam, jelly or marmalade by a wholesale distributor is to a buyer whose place of business is within the city, town or village in which the wholesale distributor has his place of business or is within the wholesale distributor's customary free delivery zone, delivery shall be free to that buyer. In all other cases such maximum prices are f.o.b. the wholesale distributor's place of business.

(3) If sales of jam, jelly or marmalade are made by and between wholesale distributors, the total amount of the markups of all the wholesale distributors combined must not exceed the amount of the markup which, under the provisions of subsection (1), the first wholesale distributor could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor. Every wholesale distributor when selling any jam, jelly or marmalade to another wholesale distributor, shall state on the sales invoice furnished the buyer, the amount of markup taken by him on the sale.

PART III—SALES BY RETAILERS

5. The maximum price at which any person, other than a manufacturer or wholesale distributor, may sell any jam, jelly or marmalade at retail, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price paid by him for the product but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged him by his supplier;
- (b) sales tax and transportation charges, at not more than the railway freight rate, to the city, town or village in which his place of business is situated, actually paid by him and not included in such price; and
- (c) the lesser of the two following markups:
 - (i) the markup which under the provisions of Board Order No. 450 corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of the same product of the same manufacturer or, if such product was not sold by him during the said basic period, the markup which under the provisions of the said Order corresponds to the lawful percentage markup customarily obtained by him on sales of a substantially similar product during the said basic period;
 - (ii) The markup under the markup symbol "G" in Schedule "A" of Board Order No. 450 calculated according to the provisions of that Order.

PART IV—RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

6. (1) Every manufacturer and wholesale distributor shall on every sale of a product covered by the provisions of this Order, furnish the buyer at the time of delivery to him with an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the grade and variety of product, the size of container, the quantity sold and the price charged.

(2) Every manufacturer and wholesale distributor shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

7. (1) Every person who buys any product covered by this Order for resale shall, at the time of the delivery of such product to him, obtain from his supplier, an invoice completed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 6 covering that transaction.

(2) Every person who buys any product covered by this Order for resale shall, at the time of delivery of the product to him, obtain a receipted bill covering any amount paid by him for the transportation of the product.

8. Every duplicate copy of an invoice which a seller is required by this Order to make and keep and every invoice and transportation bill or receipt which a person who buys any product covered by this Order for resale obtains, shall be kept by him available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

9. Every person who sells at retail a product covered by this Order shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the grade and variety of product, the size of container and the price charged.

PART V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

10. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, no person

- (a) who sells at any point in Canada east of the 88th degree of west longitude any jam which has been manufactured in British Columbia; or
- (b) who sells at any point in Alberta or British Columbia any jam which has been manufactured in Ontario or in any province east of Ontario

shall include as part of his selling price for such jam any transportation cost incurred by him or by any other person in transporting the jam to such point; provided, however, that on sales in Alberta of jam manufactured in Ontario or in any province east of Ontario, any seller may include as part of his selling price thereof, transportation costs not exceeding 98 cents per cwt. of the shipping weight of the jam."

2. This Order comes into force on September 21, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 17th day of September, 1945.

F. D. MATHERS,

Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board

NOTE: Sales by manufacturers of marmalade are governed by the provisions of Board Order No. 531.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1729

BEING

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-787

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR JAM
F.O.B. Manufacturer's Plant—Sales Tax Extra

All Container Types

Grade and Variety	Eastern Area					Western Area				
	6 fl. oz. size	12 fl. oz. size	24 fl. oz. size	48 fl. oz. size	Pails 15 to 40 lbs.	6 fl. oz. size	12 fl. oz. size	24 fl. oz. size	48 fl. oz. size	Pails 15 to 40 lbs.
	per d dozen \$	per d dozen \$	\$	\$	per lb. \$	\$	per dozen \$	\$	\$	per lb. \$
<i>No. 1 (Pure) Jams—</i>										
Strawberry.....	1.15	2.15	3.75	7.15	.14 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.05	1.90	3.15	5.75	.11 $\frac{3}{4}$
Raspberry.....	1.15	2.15	3.75	7.15	.14 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.10	2.05	3.45	6.40	.13 $\frac{1}{4}$
Loganberry.....	1.05	1.90	3.20	6.05	.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.80	3.00	5.50	.11 $\frac{1}{4}$
Black Currant.....	1.20	2.25	3.90	7.45	.15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.10	2.05	3.45	6.30	.13
Red Currant.....	1.00	1.80	2.95	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.80	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Blackberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.50	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.80	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Gooseberry.....	.95	1.70	2.75	5.15	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	1.80	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Apricot.....	1.05	1.90	3.15	6.00	.12 $\frac{1}{4}$	1.00	1.80	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Cherry.....	1.10	2.05	3.50	6.75	.14	1.15	2.10	3.60	6.75	.13 $\frac{3}{4}$
Peach.....	.90	1.65	2.70	5.00	.10 $\frac{1}{4}$	.95	1.70	2.80	5.00	.10 $\frac{1}{4}$
Grape.....	.90	1.65	2.70	5.00	.10 $\frac{1}{4}$	.95	1.70	2.80	5.00	.10 $\frac{1}{4}$
Plum (Red, Damson and Greengage).....	.85	1.50	2.45	4.55	.09 $\frac{1}{4}$	.90	1.60	2.55	4.55	.09 $\frac{1}{4}$
Nectarberry.....	1.05	1.90	3.20	6.05	.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.80	3.00	5.50	.11 $\frac{1}{4}$
Boysenberry.....	1.05	1.90	3.20	6.05	.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.80	3.00	5.50	.11 $\frac{1}{4}$
<i>No. 2 (Pectin) Jam—</i>										
Strawberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	.90	1.65	2.80	5.00	.10 $\frac{1}{4}$
Raspberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	.95	1.75	2.95	5.35	.11
Loganberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	.95	1.75	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Black Currant.....	1.05	1.90	3.35	6.30	.13	1.00	1.85	3.15	5.75	.11 $\frac{3}{4}$
Red Currant.....	.90	1.65	2.80	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$	.95	1.75	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Blackberry.....	.90	1.65	2.80	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$	.95	1.70	2.85	5.15	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Gooseberry.....	.90	1.60	2.70	5.00	.10 $\frac{1}{4}$	.90	1.65	2.80	5.00	.10 $\frac{1}{4}$
Apricot.....	.90	1.65	2.80	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$	.90	1.65	2.75	4.90	.10
Cherry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.85	3.15	5.75	.11 $\frac{3}{4}$
Peach.....	.90	1.60	2.65	4.90	.10	.90	1.65	2.75	4.90	.10
Grape.....	.90	1.60	2.65	4.90	.10	.90	1.65	2.75	4.90	.10
Plum (Red, Damson and Greengage).....	.85	1.50	2.45	4.55	.09 $\frac{1}{2}$	.85	1.55	2.55	4.55	.09 $\frac{1}{4}$
Rhubarb.....	.80	1.45	2.30	4.30	.08 $\frac{3}{4}$	.80	1.40	2.25	4.00	.08 $\frac{1}{2}$
Blueberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.85	3.15	5.75	.11 $\frac{3}{4}$
Elderberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	1.85	3.15	5.75	.11 $\frac{3}{4}$
Nectarberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	.95	1.75	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
Boysenberry.....	.95	1.75	2.90	5.60	.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	.95	1.75	2.90	5.25	.10 $\frac{3}{4}$
<i>No. 3 (Blended or Com- pound) Jam—</i>										
Apple with Strawberry, Raspberry, Peach, Loganberry, Nectar- berry, Boysenberry, Blackberry, Gooseber- ry, Apricot, Black Currant or Plum (Red, Damson and Green- gage).....	.80	1.45	2.30	4.30	.08 $\frac{3}{4}$	.80	1.40	2.25	4.00	.08 $\frac{1}{2}$

SCHEDULE "B" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1729
BEING
SCHEDULE "B" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-787

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR JELLY

F.O.B. Manufacturer's Plant—Sales Tax Extra

All Container Types

Grade and Variety	Eastern Area					Western Area				
	6 fl. oz. size	12 fl. oz. size	24 fl. oz. size	48 fl. oz. size	Pails 15 to 40 lbs.	6 fl. oz. size	12 fl. oz. size	24 fl. oz. size	48 fl. oz. size	Pails 15 to 40 lbs.
	per dozen \$	per dozen \$	\$	\$	per lb. \$	per dozen \$	per dozen \$	\$	\$	per lb. \$
<i>Pure Jelly—</i>										
Bramble.....	1.05	1.95	3.45	6.45	.13	.90	1.65	2.95	5.20	.10½
Black Currant.....	1.20	2.20	4.05	7.55	.16	1.05	1.95	3.45	6.00	.12½
Red Currant.....	1.10	2.05	3.60	6.75	.14	.95	1.70	3.15	5.50	.11½
Grape.....	1.05	1.95	3.45	6.45	.13	.95	1.70	3.15	5.50	.11½
Crabapple, Apple.....	1.00	1.80	3.00	5.50	.11½	.85	1.50	2.65	4.60	.09½
Quince.....	1.10	2.05	3.60	6.75	.14	.95	1.70	3.15	5.50	.11½
<i>Jelly with added Pectin—</i>										
Blackberry.....						.85	1.50	2.65	4.60	.09½
Bramble.....	1.00	1.85	3.15	5.80	.12	.85	1.55	2.75	4.80	.10
Black Currant.....	1.10	2.05	3.60	6.75	.14	.95	1.70	3.15	5.50	.11½
Red Currant.....	1.00	1.85	3.20	6.00	.12½	.95	1.70	3.15	5.50	.11½
Grape.....	1.00	1.80	3.00	5.50	.11½	.90	1.60	2.85	5.00	.10½
Crabapple, Apple.....	.85	1.50	2.55	4.60	.09½	.80	1.40	2.45	4.20	.08½
Quince.....	1.00	1.85	3.20	6.00	.12½	.90	1.65	2.95	5.20	.10½
Elderberry.....	1.00	1.85	3.20	6.00	.12½					
<i>Miscellaneous—</i>										
Mint Jelly or Jellied										
Mint.....	.95	1.70	2.90	5.30	.11	.90	1.60	2.85	5.00	.10½

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

SUBSIDIES ON MANUFACTURERS'

SALES OF JAM AND JELLY

1. The Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Ltd., will pay subsidies to manufacturers (as defined in Administrator's Order No. A-787 as amended by A-1729) on their sales of the undermoted products at the rates specified hereunder:—

Product	Subsidy (cents per lb.)
(a) Pure Strawberry and Pure Raspberry Jam.....	1½
(b) All other varieties of pure jam listed in Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-787 as amended by A-1729.....	1½
(c) No. 2 (pectin) Raspberry Jam and No. 2 (pectin) Strawberry Jam	1½
(d) All other varieties of No. 2 (pectin) Jam listed in said Schedule "A"	1
(e) No. 3 (Blended or Compound) Strawberry Jam and No. 3 (Blended or Compound) Raspberry Jam.....	1½
(f) All other varieties of No. 3 (Blended or Compound) Jam listed in said Schedule "A"	Nil
(g) All grades and varieties of jelly listed in Schedule "B" of Administrator's Order No. A-787 as amended by A-1729.....	1½

2. Subsidy will not be paid on the following:—

- (a) Sales to the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof.
- (b) Sales of jam or jelly that is not manufactured in accordance with the specifications and requirements of the Meat and Canned Foods Act and the Regulations issued thereunder respecting Fruits and Vegetables.

3. For the purposes of the payment of subsidy, 6, 12, 24 and 48 fluid ounce size containers of jam or jelly, filled to commercial level, shall be deemed to contain, respectively, $\frac{1}{2}$ -pound, 1, 2 and 4 pounds of the product.

4. In the event that any jam or jelly is exported or sold as ships' stores, the subsidy will be recovered from the exporter or ships' chandler.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1734

Respecting the conversion of real property known as 2 Hawthorn Avenue, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario

Whereas in the City of Toronto there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient housing accommodation available by ordinary means for the shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation and it is desirable, in the public interest to encourage and, where necessary, to authorize the maximum and best possible use of available real property by the conversion of existing dwelling houses into multiple dwelling houses, notwithstanding the provisions of by-laws, building restrictions or covenants in leases and conveyances which prohibit or limit such conversions;

And whereas application has been made by the owner of real property in the City of Toronto known in the year 1945 as No. 2 Hawthorn Avenue, for permission to convert the same into a five-family dwelling house;

And whereas the Special Committee on Residence Conversions appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto has approved such conversion of the aforesaid real property subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any law, by-law, conveyance, deed or agreement which in any way prohibits or restricts the conversion of real property known in the year 1945 as 2 Hawthorn Avenue, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario, into and the use thereof as a multiple family dwelling house, the owner of such single family dwelling house is hereby permitted to convert into and use the same as a five-family dwelling house, subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) no dwelling unit therein shall have a floor area less than five hundred square feet;
- (b) all exterior alteration to the said dwelling house shall be approved by the Commissioner of Buildings for the City of Toronto and all structural alterations thereto shall be in accordance with the provisions of Building By-law No. 9868 of the Corporation of the City of Toronto;
- (c) the said dwelling house shall not be enlarged except as may be required or permitted by the said Commissioner of Buildings under the provisions of said By-law No. 9868.

2. This Order shall come into force on the 17th day of September, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 12th day of September, 1945.

O. LOBLEY,
Rentals Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1735

Price Tagging of Certain Goods for Sale at Retail

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Distributive Trades, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 17, 1945.
2. The Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-1247 is amended,
 - (a) by adding under the heading "Men's and Boys' Furnishings", the following items:
 - (i) "nightgowns",
 - (ii) "officers' uniforms",
 - (iii) "pyjamas",
 - (iv) "shorts",
 - (v) "ski suits",
 - (vi) "windbreakers";
 - (b) by adding under the heading "Infants' and Children's Wear", the following item:
 - (i) "sleepers"; and
 - (c) by adding under the heading "Ladies' Underwear, Lingerie, etc.", the following items:
 - (i) "vests",
 - (ii) "combinations",
 - (iii) "underwear".

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of September, 1945.

J. H. THOMSON,

Administrator of Distributive Trades.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1736

Maximum Prices for Sales of Sphagnum Peat Moss in British Columbia

Sphagnum peat moss having been at one time required for the extracting of magnesium, the Administrator of Non-Ferrous Metal (Primary) issued Administrator's Order No. A-830 which fixed maximum prices for sales of such moss for other purposes therein specified. The moss is no longer required for such extracting purposes and jurisdiction over all sales has been transferred by the Board to the Feeds Administrator and it is desirable that an Order be issued fixing maximum prices for all sales in British Columbia.

Therefore under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Feeds Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Application of Order

1. Administrator's Order No. A-830 shall cease to apply and is replaced by this Order which shall come into force on September 1, 1945. This Order fixes maximum prices for sales of Sphagnum peat moss (hereafter referred to as peat moss) in British Columbia.

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Order,

- (a) "bale" means a standard bale of peat moss, which bale measures 20 inches by 20 inches by 40 inches;

- (b) "consumer" means a person in British Columbia who acquires peat moss for use and not for re-sale;
- (c) "Fraser Valley Area" means all that part of the mainland of the Province of British Columbia bounded on the west by the Straits of Georgia and Howe Sound, on the northeast by a straight line drawn between the most easterly point of Howe Sound and the village of Hope in the said province, on the east by a straight line drawn due southerly from the Village of Hope to the 49th parallel of north latitude, and on the south by the said parallel of latitude;
- (d) "producer" means a person who cuts, bales, and otherwise processes peat moss;
- (e) "retailer" means a person who in the ordinary course of business sells peat moss to consumers;
- (f) "sell" includes an offer to sell; and
- (g) "wholesale dealer" means a person who in the ordinary course of business sells peat moss to retailers, and includes a jobber, dealer or distributor.

Sales by Producers

3. The maximum price per bale at which a producer may sell peat moss shall be \$1.45 f.o.b. his place of baling.

Sales to Consumers in Fraser Valley

4. The maximum price per bale at which any person may sell peat moss to a consumer located in the Fraser Valley area shall be \$1.85. The said price includes delivery of the peat moss to the consumer's premises in the said area.

Sales by Wholesale Dealers to Retailers outside Fraser Valley Area

5. (1) The maximum price per bale at which a wholesale dealer may sell peat moss to a retailer located outside of the Fraser Valley area delivered at the place of business of the retailer shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price per bale paid for the peat moss but not in any event exceeding \$1.45 per bale;
- (b) actual transportation charges per bale paid by him; and
- (c) an amount for handling charges and markup not exceeding 10 cents per bale.

(2) Transportation of the peat moss shall be along the most economical route from the place where it is baled to the retailer's place of business. If the peat moss is transported by truck over the whole or part of the said route the cost of transportation by truck shall not exceed 15 cents per bale.

Sales by Retailers to Consumers Outside Fraser Valley Area

6. The maximum price per bale at which a retailer may sell peat moss f.o.b. his place of business, to a consumer located outside the Fraser Valley area, shall be the sum of the following:—

- (a) the actual price per bale paid for the peat moss including the actual cost of transporting the peat moss to his place of business, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price that a wholesale dealer may charge as fixed by Section 5; and
- (b) a markup not exceeding 15 cents per bale.

Control by Feeds Administration

7. The Feeds Administrator may, by directions in writing, require any person who deals in peat moss in British Columbia to obtain the approval of the Feeds Administrator before such person makes any purchase or any sale of such moss.

Sales Invoices

8. Every person who sells peat moss in British Columbia shall furnish a sale's invoice to the buyer and keep a duplicate copy of such invoice, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months of the transaction to which such copy relates.

Dated at Ottawa, this 1st day of September, 1945.

J. G. DAVIDSON,
Feeds Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1737

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for Spruce and Lodgepole Pine originating in Manitoba and Saskatchewan for sale in Eastern Canada

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 6, 1945.

2. The Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-1297 is amended by adding at the end of the first Table in Part I of said Schedule immediately before the words

"Lengths not listed above"

the following:—

"No. 3 Common, Surfaced Boards, Shiplap or Tongued and Grooved, 11/16" in thickness, random widths, 4" and wider\$43.00 per MFSM
No extra may be charged for specified widths."

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of September, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1738

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for Lumber Shipped from the Province of Alberta and the Province of British Columbia excepting the Vancouver Forest District for Sale in Eastern Canada

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 6, 1945.

2. Schedule "A" of Administrator's Order No. A-1299 is amended by inserting in Table 2 immediately after the words and figures "No. 5 Common 1 x 6" and wider.....2,100.....\$24.00" the following:—

Shipping
weights
in lbs.

No. 3 Common, Surfaced Boards, Shiplap or Tongued and Grooved, 11/16" in thickness, random widths, 4" and wider.....	1,500	\$30.25 per MFSM
No. 3 Common and Better, Surfaced Boards, Shiplap or Tongued and Grooved, 11/16" in thickness, random widths, 4" and wider....	1,500	\$32.75 per MFSM

No extra may be charged for specified widths."

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of September, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1739

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for Fir, Larch, Hemlock, Red Cedar, Ponderosa and Idaho White Pine and Spruce for Sale in Western Canada

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 6, 1945.
2. Administrator's Order No. A-1579 is amended
 - (a) by inserting in Table I of Schedule "A" to said Order immediately before the sub-heading "D' Select and Better, S2S or S4S" the following:—
"For 11/16" full, Surfaced Boards, Shiplap or Tongued and Grooved, DEDUCT \$2.50 from the above prices;
 - (b) by inserting in Schedule "B" of said Order immediately before the sub-heading
"Well Curbing"
the following:—
"For 11/16" full, Surfaced Boards, Shiplap or Tongued and Grooved, DEDUCT \$2.50 from the above prices."

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of September, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1740

Respecting Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for the Sale of Certain Lumber in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 6, 1945.
2. The Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-1039, as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-1474, is further amended
 - (a) by inserting at the end of the first Table in Part I of said Schedule immediately after the words and figures "For Merchantable Spruce or Jack Pine Dressed to Standard Sizes, add to the above prices.....\$2.00" the following:—
"Merchantable Spruce or Jack Pine, Surfaced Boards, Shiplap or Tongued and Grooved, 11/16" in thickness, random widths, 3" and wider, \$41.75 per MFSM.
No extra may be charged for specified widths.
In all cases of material 11/16" in thickness, freight shall be calculated on the basis of 1,500 lbs. per MFSM";
 - (b) by inserting at the end of the first Table in Part II of said Schedule immediately after the words and figures

"For Merchantable Spruce or Jack Pine Dressed to Standard Sizes, add to the above prices...\$2.00"
the following:—

"Merchantable Spruce or Jack Pine, Surfaced Boards, Shiplap or Tongued and Grooved, 11/16" in thickness, random widths, 3" and wider.....
\$43.00 per MFSM.

No extra may be charged for specified widths.

In all cases of material 11/16" in thickness, freight shall be calculated on the basis of 1,500 lbs. per MFSM."

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of September, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1741

Conservation of Raw Silk

Under powers granted by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Rayon and Rayon Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on September 20, 1945.
2. Administrator's Order No. A-1342 which restricted the use, sale and delivery of silk, is revoked.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of September, 1945.

S. G. DIXON,
Administrator of Rayon and Rayon Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1742

Respecting the B. V. D. Company, Limited

Under powers conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board on the Administrator of Distributive Trades, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order shall come into force on September 20, 1945.
2. Administrator's Order No. A-27 is hereby revoked.
3. The maximum price at which any shirts of a line of woven English Broadcloth Shirts, the product of the B. V. D. Company, Limited, may be sold at retail shall be as provided in Administrator's Order No. A-1633.

Dated at Ottawa, September 17, 1945.

J. H. THOMSON,
Administrator of Distributive Trades.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1743

Metal Containers and Closures

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Wood Products, Office Equipment and Metal Containers, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1629 is hereby revoked.
 2. This Order comes into force September 20, 1945.
- Dated at Ottawa this 18th day of September, 1945.

ARTHUR MAY,
*Administrator of Wood Products,
Office Equipment and Metal Containers.*

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1744

Dichlor-diphenyl-trichlorethane

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1210, which restricted the sale and use of Dichlor-diphenyl-trichlorethane, is revoked.
 2. This Order comes into force September 20, 1945.
- Dated at Ottawa this 18th day of September, 1945.

G. S. PEART,
Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1745

Nicotine

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-1516, which restricted the distribution and sale of nicotine by importers, is revoked.
 2. This Order comes into force September 20, 1945.
- Dated at Ottawa this 18th day of September, 1945.

G. S. PEART,
Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-1746

Respecting Rotenone

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on September 20, 1945.
2. Administrator's Order No. A-1682 which restricted the processing, use and acquisition of rotenone, is hereby revoked.

Dated at Ottawa this 18th day of September, 1945.

G. S. PEART,

Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,

Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Timber 18C

(Orders Nos. Timber 18, 18A and 18B—Lumber for Automotive Crates—
Rescinded)

Dated September 6, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of June 24, 1940, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Orders 18, 18A and 18B Revoked

Effective as set out in Section 2 hereof, the following Orders of the Timber Controller are revoked:

Order No. Timber 18, dated March 26, 1943.

Order No. Timber 18A, dated April 28, 1943.

Order No. Timber 18B, dated January 21, 1944.

2. Application of Revocation

The revocation of the said Orders shall be effective on and from September 6, 1945, except with respect to lumber shipped and billed from the originating mill before September 6, 1945, for use in the manufacture of automotive crates.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.
Concurred in by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

(NOTE: For maximum prices on lumber heretofore fixed by the above Orders 18, 18A and 18B see The Orders of the Timber Administrator for the Wartime Prices and Trade Board Nos. A-1039; A-1297; A-1299; and A-1579 as amended.)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TRANSIT CONTROLLER

Order No. Transit 4A

(Order No. Transit 4—Wartime Industrial Transit Plans—Rescinded)

Dated September 15, 1945

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6131 of August 12, 1941, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Order of the Transit Controller No. Transit 4, dated November 7, 1942, is rescinded.

GEO. S. GRAY,
Transit Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

PART V

Export Permit Branch (Trade and Commerce)

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 129

OTTAWA, September 11, 1945.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That Group 4 of the Export Permit Regulations of April 30, 1945, be amended by the deletion therefrom of the specific item "Books, other than those to the Armed Forces", so that an export permit will no longer be required for Books when shipped to any destination.
2. That this Order shall come into force and have effect on and after September 15, 1945.

J. A. MACKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III, No. 13



OCT. 1, 1945

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1945

**Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942**

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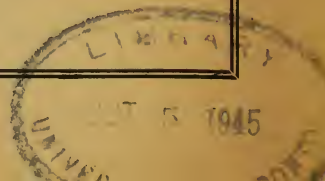


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PART I
Orders in Council

Order in Council revoking appointment of William Percival as
Deputy Controller of Ship Repairs and Salvage

P.C. 6155

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 20th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 2510 of April 17, 1941, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 3599 of May 1, 1942, William Percival of Montreal was appointed Deputy Controller of Ship Repairs and Salvage;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that the said William Percival has requested permission to relinquish the said appointment and it is desirable to accede to his request and to revoke the said appointment;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The appointment of William Percival of Montreal as Deputy Controller of Ship Repairs and Salvage is revoked, effective October 16, 1945.

2. The revocation of the appointment of William Percival as Deputy Controller of Ship Repairs and Salvage shall be without prejudice to any acts done by him, prior to such revocation becoming effective, in the course of or as incidental to the exercise or discharge of any of his powers, authorities, rights and duties as such Deputy Controller or to any rights, privileges or immunities in respect thereof possessed by or vested in him as such Deputy Controller.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council releasing certain petroleum products from import
control

P.C. 6165

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 20th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 5745, dated 25th July, 1944, the importation of specified goods is prohibited except under permit;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that it is no longer deemed necessary or desirable to require permits for the importation of the petroleum products enumerated therein;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 5745, dated 25th July, 1944, and it is hereby amended by deleting from the schedule of goods enumerated therein the following items:

<i>Tariff Item</i>	<i>Description</i>
269	Products of petroleum, n.o.p.— (i) Lighter than .8236 specific gravity (40.3 A.P.I.) at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. (ii) .8236 specific gravity (40.3 A.P.I.) or heavier at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.
269a	Petroleum oil known as engine distillate .8017 specific gravity (45.0 A.P.I.) or heavier at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council releasing asphalt from import control P.C. 6166

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 20th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1869, dated 9th March, 1943, as amended, the importation of asphalt is prohibited except under permit;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the aforesaid import control is no longer deemed necessary or desirable;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke Order in Council P.C. 1869, dated 9th March, 1943, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 6241, dated 8th August, 1944.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council, extending provisions of Orders in Council respecting the establishment of reserve stocks of grain

P.C. 16 6173

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency, the Governor General in Council, on the 21st September, 1945.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Agriculture reporting that:—

"Whereas by Order in Council dated 18th day of August, 1943, P.C. 1/6567, Your Excellency in Council under authority of the War Measures Act approved regulations respecting the establishment of reserve stocks of grains in Eastern Canada, and

Whereas by Order in Council dated 28th day of March, 1944, P.C. 3/2200, the said regulations were amended by repealing Plan 'A' as set out in the Order in Council dated the 18th day of August, 1943, P.C. 1/6567, and substituting an amended Plan 'A', and

Whereas by Order in Council dated 8th day of June, 1945, P.C. 8/4135, additional funds were provided for this Plan, and

Whereas due to deterioration of crops in the Province of Alberta and in a large part of the Province of Saskatchewan, it has been found necessary to prohibit the shipment of feed grains eastward out of this territory in order to maintain sufficient feed for live stock in these provinces, and

Whereas it is also necessary to protect the livestock feeding program in the Province of British Columbia by the establishment of reserve stocks of grain in the Canadian Government elevators located in the cities of Edmonton and Calgary, Alberta.

The undersigned, therefore, on the report of the Agricultural Supplies Board, has the honour to recommend that Your Excellency in Council, under authority of the War Measures Act, do extend the provisions of Order in Council dated 28th day of March, 1944, P.C. 3/2200, as amended by Order in Council dated 1st day of August, 1944, P.C. 1/6000:—

- (a) to provide for the payment of storage and interest charges on grain, held on orders of the Feeds Administrator, in Western grain elevators.
- (b) to provide that the Canadian Government elevators located in the cities of Edmonton and Calgary, Alberta, be included as points where grain may be stored under Plan 'A'.
- (c) to provide that the wheat, oats or barley stored in the Canadian Government elevators at Edmonton and Calgary, may be shipped into the Province of British Columbia if and when required, but if all or any of these grains are not required in the Province of British Columbia, they may be sold on a basis of in-store in the elevators where they are located and, subject to the approval of the Feeds Administrator, any additional costs which may have been incurred by reason of the shipment of these grains into the reserve stocks at Edmonton and Calgary, shall be paid as authorized by Order in Council dated 28th March, 1944, P.C. 3/2200 as amended.

All costs in connection with these provisions shall be paid from funds provided under Order in Council dated 8th day of June, 1945, P.C. 8/4135.

These provisions to be retroactive to 20th August, 1945."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* preference in appointment to the Civil Service, of persons who have been on active service overseas

P.C. 20/6173

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 21st day of September, 1945.

The Board recommend that Sections 29 and 30 of the Civil Service Act, providing for the granting of a preference in appointment to persons who have been on active service overseas in the military forces or who have served on the high seas in a seagoing ship of war in the naval forces of His Majesty or of any of the allies of His Majesty, be interpreted, under the War Measures Act, as not applicable to:

1. Persons who proceeded overseas, that is, to the Continent of Europe, after V-E-Day, (May 8, 1945), or whose service on the high seas in connection with the European war commenced after that date.
2. Persons who proceeded to the Eastern theatre of war after V-J-Day, (August 15, 1945), or whose service on the high seas in connection with the war in the Pacific commenced after that date.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing the Committee on Public Records

P.C. 6175

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 20th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Secretary of State reports that, at the request of the Prime Minister he has convened an informal Advisory Committee on Public Records to give consideration to methods for providing adequate conservation of the public records, with particular reference to those records relating to the wartime activities of the government; and

That, following investigation of the state of the public records, a report has been prepared and considered by the Committee and certain recommendations resulting therefrom approved;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. There shall be a Committee on Public Records under the chairmanship of the Secretary of State and consisting of the following officials:—

A representative to be named by the Secretary of State (Public Archives).

Two representatives to be named by the Minister of National Defence (Army and Naval Services).

A representative to be named by the Minister of National Defence—Air.

A representative to be named by the Minister of Public Works.

A representative to be named by the Minister of Finance.

A representative to be named by the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Minister of Reconstruction.

A representative to be named by the Minister of Labour.

A representative to be named by the Secretary of State for External Affairs.

A Secretary shall be provided from the Privy Council Office.

2. The Canadian Historical Association shall be asked to recommend two professional historians to act in an advisory capacity to the Committee to serve at no salary but with expenses to be provided by the Government.

3. The duties of the Committee shall be to keep under constant review the state of the public records and to consider, advise and concert with departments and agencies of government on the organization, care, housing, and destruction of public records.

4. The Committee shall, as part of their duties, examine and report on the following:

(a) The preparation by departments and agencies of Government of suitable accounts of their wartime activities and,

(b) The implementing of the approved recommendations of the Royal Commission on Public Records of 1914 regarding establishment of a public records office, with particular reference to the integration of the Public Archives therein, and the type of organization which would facilitate the best use of the public records.

5. When questions specifically affecting the records of a department are being dealt with, a representative from that department shall be present at the meeting.

6. The primary responsibility for the care and maintenance of records and for seeing that the policies of government in respect to disposition of public records be carried out so as to ensure that material of permanent value be not unwittingly destroyed will rest with departments and agencies of government concerned.

7. Each department shall assign responsibility for superintendence of its records to one or more senior officers, preferably the departmental secretary if such a position exists, or an official of similar rank. The duties of these officers will be to review periodically the state of the departmental records and to reclassify them with a view to disposal or transfer of those of permanent value but not currently required to the Public Archives (or Public Records Office, if established) or to other dominion or provincial departments, or by some form of destruction under existing regulations. These officers will also maintain liaison with agencies responsible to the Minister. Recommendations respecting contemplated disposal along the above lines shall be submitted, in all cases, for formal approval of the Committee on Public Records.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing R. W. Mayhew, Esq., M.P., Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance

P.C. 6248

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 25th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Robert Wellington Mayhew, Esquire, M.P., Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, to assist the said Minister, within and without Parliament, in such manner and to such extent as the said Minister may determine.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing William Chisholm Macdonald, Esquire, K.C., M.P., Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Defence

P.C. 6249

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 25th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint William Chisholm Macdonald, Esquire, K.C., M.P., Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Defence, to assist the said Minister, within and without Parliament, in such manner and to such extent as the said Minister may determine.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Hugues Lapointe, Esquire, M.P.,
Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of
National Defence

P.C. 6250

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 25th day of September, 1945.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Hugues Lapointe, Esquire, M.P., Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Defence, to assist the said Minister, within and without Parliament, in such manner and to such extent as the said Minister may determine.

A. D. P. HEENEY,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 1

Third Revision

Supplement No. 4

MEMORANDUM

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DIVISIONS

Ottawa, 19th September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,
and others concerned:*

Goods of Enemy or Proscribed Origin

Effective on and after the 15th September, 1945, trading may be resumed with persons residing in Finland.

Memorandum No. 1, Third Revision, in so far as it relates to Finland, is superseded.

NOTE: The Trade Agreement with Finland having been automatically terminated, its products are subject to General Tariff rates.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 19

Supplement No. 61

MEMORANDUM

CUSTOMS DIVISION

Ottawa, 18th September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,
and others concerned:*

Trading with the Enemy

List of Specified Persons, Revision No. 61

Herewith is furnished for your information and guidance a Proclamation amending the List of Specified Persons published with Memorandum WM No. 19.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

WM No. 39
Eighth Revision
Supplement No. 15
MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

Ottawa, 16th August, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise
and others concerned:*

Export Permits

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 124, effective on and after August 21st, 1945, the items set forth in the attached schedule of commodities are exempted from export permit requirement, within the limitations specified therein.

The various modifications in export permit control effected by this Order may be summarized, briefly, as follows:—

1. Complete exemption for specific commodities in Groups Two and Four and Groups Five to Nine, when shipped to the British Empire or United States.
2. Blanket exemption for most of the products in Groups Five and Eight going to St. Pierre and Miquelon, Newfoundland or the British West Indies.
3. \$25.00 minimum exemption for the majority of Items in Groups Five to Eight when consigned to parts of the British and the Western Hemisphere.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.*

ANNEX TO EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH ORDER No. 124

PART I

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to any part of the British Empire, the United States, or to St. Pierre and Miquelon.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to other destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

Group 2—Animals and Animal Products

Cattle, ox and calf tail hair, including switches. Hog, cattle and horse hair, n.o.p.; other animal hair n.o.p.

Group 4—Wood, Wood Products and Paper

Cork, corkwood or bark, in a natural, ground, milled, processed or semi-processed state.

Cork products (of which cork constitutes fifty per cent or more by volume, or of which cork is the single component material of chief value) including bottle tops, or crowns lined with cork.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and their Products

Ingots.

Rails.

Steels, alloy, except stainless.

All other rolling-mill products, except structural, tie plates and track material, tin mill black plate, tin plate and terne plate.

Axes.

Dairy equipment and parts.

Electrical machinery, apparatus and parts, except the following domestic appliances:

Electric ranges over 25 amps, irons, radios, refrigerators, toasters, vacuum cleaners, washing machines.

Engines, Steam.

Hacksaw blades, hand and power.

Group 6—Non-Ferrous Metals and Their Products

Beryllium—Beryllium ores and concentrates (except gem varieties) metal and alloys, scrap, salts and compounds.

Cobalt—Cobalt ores and concentrates, residues, metal and alloys, (including stellite), salts and compounds.

Platinum Metals Group—Iridium, Osmium, Osmiridium, Palladium, Rhodium, Ruthenium, except Platinum and platinum concentrates and residues, metals, alloys, manufactures, scrap, salts and compounds.

Tantalum—Tantalum ores and concentrates, metal and alloys, (including ferro-tantalum) salts and compounds.

Titanium—Titanium ores and concentrates, metal and alloys, (including ferro-titanium) pigments, salts and compounds.

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products

Abrasives—Abrasive wheels of emery and garnet; artificial abrasives, crude and in grains; grindstones of natural and of artificial abrasives; sandpaper and other abrasive paper and cloth; other natural and artificial abrasives; hones and whetstones.

Magnesia refractories—Magnesia, including crude or calcined rock, excepting dolomite, containing magnesia in excess of 20 per cent in semi-fabricated or fabricated form.

Mica—Mica blocks, sheets and splittings, scrap and waste, and manufactures.

Quartz crystals—Piezelectric and optical.

Group 8—Chemical and Allied Products

Amyl alcohol or fusel oil.

Butyl alcohol.

Butyl acetate.

Cementing preparations for repairing, n.o.p.

Chlorine.

Collodion.

Ethyl acetate.

Lacquer solvents, n.o.p.

Ink, shoemakers' printing, rotogravure and writing.

Refrigerants, gaseous (other than ammonia) n.o.p.

Sulphuric acid, all kinds.

Group 9—Miscellaneous

Musical instruments: phonographs, record players.

PART II

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT

(a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre & Miquelon, Newfoundland or the British West Indies.

(b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to other parts of the British Empire or to destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

Group 5—Iron and steel (including alloy steel) and their products

Iron and steel—

Scrap iron or steel of all kinds.

Castings and forgings.

Rolling-mill products—

Bands.

Bars.

Hoop.

Piling.

Plates, coated or not.

Rods.

Steels, alloy, stainless.

Structurals.

Tie plates and track material.

Automobiles, passenger, chassis and engines therefor.
 Replacement parts and accessories for passenger automobiles, chassis and engines.
 Ball and roller bearings and parts for machines.
 Bicycles.
 Bottle closures.
 Chains.
 Cutlery.
 Domestic electrical appliances: Electric ranges over 25 amps, irons, radios, refrigerators, toasters, vacuum cleaners, washing machines.
 Equipment for the production of tetraethyl lead, aviation gasoline and aviation lubricating oil.
 Fasteners, dome, snap, zipper, or other.
 Hand tools and agricultural tools.
 Household machinery and parts.
 Lamps and lanterns.
 Lawn mowers.
 Motorcycles.
 Motorcycle parts and accessories.
 Motor trucks and buses, chassis and engines therefor.
 Replacement parts and accessories for motor trucks and buses, chassis and engines.
 Needles.
 Office machinery and appliances and parts therefor.
 Railway rolling stock, railway equipment and parts, complete or unassembled.
 Safes and vaults, and equipment and parts therefor.
 Skates.
 Springs, furniture, including mattress springs.
 Steel wool.
 Storage tanks.
 Structural iron or steel, fabricated.
 Welding rods and welding wire.
 Wheelbarrows.
 Wire cloth and wire manufactures, n.o.p.

Group 8—Chemical and Allied Products

Acetone.
 Acids and acid anhydrides, n.o.p.
 Alcohols and glycols, n.o.p.
 Ammonium sulphate.
 Aniline.
 Aniline and coal tar dyes and intermediates, and other chemical preparations for dyeing or tanning, n.o.p.
 Aniline oil, aniline salts, alizarin and artificial alizarin.
 Argols and cream of tartar.
 Arsenic salts and compounds, n.o.p. including arsenical medicinals.
 Arsenic acid and arsenious acid; products containing arsenic acid and arsenious acid.
 Arsenous oxide.
 Ascorbic acid.
 Atropine.
 Baking powder.
 Barium chemicals.
 Benzyl chloride.
 Beta naphthol.
 Bisulphate of soda or nitre cake (Sodium acid sulphate).
 Blood albumen.
 Blueing, laundry
 Borates.
 Borax, fused, and borax glass.
 Boric acid.
 Bromides, crude.
 Bromine.
 Butadiene.

Butylene.
 Butyric alcohol (primary, secondary, tertiary).
 Caesium (cesium) salts and compounds.
 Caffein, caffein salts and compounds.
 Calcium arsenate and products containing calcium arsenate.
 Calcium cyanamide and products containing calcium cyanamide.
 Calcium hypochlorite and products containing calcium hypochlorite.
 Calcium salts and compounds, n.o.p.
 Calomel and products containing calomel.
 Carbon bisulphide and products containing carbon bisulphide.
 Carbon tetrachloride and products containing carbon tetrachloride.
 Casein, casein glue and other casein products.
 Casings, synthetic, for meats.
 Cellulose, regenerated (cellophane) in sheets or otherwise.
 Cements for sealing cans.
 Chlorinated hydrocarbons, n.o.p.
 Chlorinated phenols, n.o.p.
 Chlorobenzenes, n.o.p.
 Chlorotoluenes, n.o.p.
 Chlorpicrin, ethylene oxide, methyl bromide, methyl formate, cyanides, or mixtures containing any of these.
 Chromium tanning mixtures.
 Citric acid.
 Copper carbonate, and products containing copper carbonate.
 Copper sulphate, all grades, including blue vitriol or bluestone.
 Corrosive sublimate and products containing corrosive sublimate.
 Cresylic acid and cresols.
 Cyanogen bromide.
 Dibutyl phthalate.
 Dichlorethyl ether.
 Dichlor-diphenyl-trichlorethane.
 Diethyl phthalate.
 Diethylene glycol.
 Dimethylaniline.
 Dimethyl sulphate.
 Dipentine.
 Diphenylamine.
 Dipropylphthalate.
 Drugs, herbs and leaves, roots—
 Camphor, natural and synthetic.
 Cascara bark.
 Derris root, powder and extract.
 Menthol, natural and synthetic.
 Pyrethrum or insect flowers, powder and extract.
 Quinine barks, cichona or other barks from which quinine may be extracted.
 Red squill.
 Drugs, such as barks, flowers, roots, beans, berries, bulbs, fruits, insects, grains, herbs, leaves, nuts, fruit and stem seed, n.o.p.
 Egg substitutes.
 Elixirs, tinctures, fluid extracts, ampoules, and similar liquid solutions, n.o.p.
 Ergot.
 Ethyl alcohol.
 Ethyl chloride.
 Ethyl ether.
 Ethyl lactate.
 Ethylene.
 Ethylene alcohol (Ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol).
 Ethylene dibromide.
 Ethylene dichloride and products containing ethylene dichloride.
 Ethylene glycol monethyl ether.
 Fertilizers of every kind and analysis other than ammonium sulphate.

Formic acid.
 Formaldehyde and products containing formaldehyde.
 Gases, n.o.p. (liquefied, solidified, compressed).
 Glue, n.o.p.
 Guanidine.
 Guanidine nitrate.
 Hexachlorbenzene.
 Hexachlorethane.
 Homathropine.
 Hydrofluosilicic acid.
 Iodine, iodine salts and compounds.
 Iron blues (Prussian blues, etc.).
 Isopropyl acetate.
 Isopropyl alcohol (Isopropanol).
 Lead arsenate and products containing lead arsenate.
 Liquid gum inhibitors for treating petroleum distillates.
 Liquorice extract and mass.
 Metaldehyde.
 Methyl alcohol (Methanol) and derivatives.
 Methylamine.
 Methyl chloride.
 Methylene chloride.
 Methyl ethyl ketone.
 Methyl methacrylate fabricated products.
 Molasses and syrups produced from cane or beet, not intended for human consumption.
 Monohydrate copper sulphate and products containing monohydrate copper sulphate.
 Naphthaline and products containing naphthaline.
 Nicotinic acid.
 Nicotine sulphate and products containing nicotine sulphate.
 Nitrates.
 Nitrocellulose, having nitrogen content of less than 12 per cent.
 Nitroderivatives of benzene, toluene, xylene, naphthalene and phenols.
 Nitroguanidine.
 Nitrous ether, sweet spirits of nitre.
 Non-edible seeds, beans, nuts, berries, plants, weeds, barks, and woods, and extracts and preparations thereof for dyeing or tanning.
 Nylon and nylon products.
 Oil of citronella.
 Organic mercurials and products containing organic mercurials.
 Organotherapeutical preparations, enzymes, ferments, etc., prepared from animal glands.
 Oxalic acid.
 Paints, varnishes, pigments and inks—
 Paints, bituminous, liquid and plastic.
 Paints, other, liquid.
 Paints, kalsomine or cold-water, dry.
 Pigments of all kinds, including pigments ground in oil.
 Varnishes.
 Lacquers.
 Japans.
 Oil finish.
 Wood fillers.
 Driers, metallic, liquid or not.
 Putty.
 Thinners for nitrocellulose lacquers or paints.
 Gums, varnish, natural or synthetic.
 Paradichlorbenzene and products containing paradichlorbenzene.
 Paraformaldehyde.
 Paris green, dry (Copper acetarsenite).

Pentachlorethane.
 Perchlorethylene.
 Peroxides of hydrogen.
 Phenol.
 Phenothiazine.
 Phosphoric acids.
 Phosphorus, ferro-phosphorus and compounds.
 Phthalic anhydride.
 Pine pitch, burgundy pitch, and pine tar.
 Plasmochin.
 Polishes, automobile, metal and shoe.
 Polishes, wax, floor, wood and furniture.
 Polymers and copolymers of butadiene, acrylonitrile, butylene, chloroprene, styrene, vinylidene chloride and synthetic rubber-like compounds, fabricated or unfabricated.
 Potassium salts and compounds.
 Propylene dichloride.
 Propylene glycol (Methylethylene glycol).
 Pyroxylin plastics, cellulose, acetate, cellulose ester plastics, including moulding compositions thereof, other synthetic plastic materials, n.o.p. and articles partially or fully fabricated therefrom.
 Quinine, quinine salts and compounds, including proprietary and non-proprietary preparations containing quinine.
 Resins, synthetic, of all kinds, including synthetic resin moulding compositions made therefrom, and articles partially or fully fabricated therefrom.
 Riboflavin.
 Rochelle salts (Potassium Sodium tartrate).
 Roots, medicinal, viz: alkanet, crude, crushed or ground; calumba, folia, digitalis, gentian, jalap, ipecacuahana, iris, orris-root, liquorice, sarsaparilla, squills, taraxacum, rhubarb and valerian.
 Salt (Sodium chloride).
 Santonin.
 Scopolamine.
 Soap, all kinds.
 Sodium arsenite and products containing sodium arsenite.
 Soda lime.
 Sodium acetate.
 Sodium bromide.
 Sodium chlorate and products containing sodium chlorate.
 Sodium hydroxide (Caustic soda or lye).
 Sodium hypochlorite and products containing sodium hypochlorite.
 Sodium silicofluoride and products containing sodium silicofluoride.
 Sodium salts and compounds, n.o.p.
 Specialty cleaning and washing compounds.
 Stains and dressings, n.o.p. for wood, leather, etc.
 Stains, coal-tar colours.
 Strychnine, strychnine salts, and products containing strychnine.
 Styrene.
 Sulfacetamide.
 Sulfadiazine.
 Sulfaguanidine.
 Sulfanilamide.
 Sulfapyridine.
 Sulfathiazole.
 Sulphate of iron (Copperas).
 Sulphide of arsenic.
 Sulphur.
 Sulphur chlorides.
 Sulphuric ether; chloroform, n.o.p. preparations of vinyl ether.
 Sulphuryl chlorides.
 Tannic acid.

Tar acids and products containing tar acids.
 Tartaric acid.
 Tetrachlorethane.
 Tetrachlorethylene.
 Tetraethyl lead, pure tetraethyl lead, ethyl fluid or any mixture containing more than 3 c.c. of tetraethyl lead per gallon.
 Tetraethyl lead, compounds of, in which tetraethyl lead is the preponderant constituent by weight (Ethyl fluid).
 Thallium.
 Theobromine and salts thereof.
 Theophylline and salts thereof.
 Thiocyanates for insecticides purposes.
 Thiodiglycol.
 Thorium and mesathorium salts and compounds.
 Toluol and light oil resulting from the distillation of coal tar.
 Trichlorethylene.
 Tricresyl phosphate.
 Triethanolamine.
 Triphenyl phosphate.
 Turpentine.
 Urea.
 Vanillin.
 Vinylidene chloride.
 Water softeners, purifiers, boiler and feed water treatment compounds.
 Xanthates.
 Xylol (Xylene).

ALL CHEMICALS NOT ENUMERATED ELSEWHERE

Group 9—Miscellaneous

Buttons and parts of metal.

PART III

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to destinations within the western hemisphere, except as otherwise provided.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and their products

Agricultural implements and machinery.
 Bicycle parts and accessories.
 Parts for engines, diesel and semi-diesel: Marine, stationary and portable.
 Parts for engines, internal combustion, n.o.p.
 Excavating and power shovel parts.

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and their products

Earths, diatomaceous, infusorial and Fuller's.
 Fluorspar.
 Pumice, calcareous tufa, pumice stone and lava.
 Talc, steatite, soapstone and pyrophyllite, crude and ground.

Group 8—Chemical and allied products

Acetic acid and acetic anhydride.
 Acetic aldehyde.
 Activated carbon.
 Acrylonitrile.
 Ammonia and ammonium compounds other than ammonium sulphate.
 Arsenic trichloride.
 Calcium carbide.
 Calcium cyanide, including crude cyanide.
 Calcium silicide.
 Carbon black, including gas black.

Chloroacetyl chloride.
 Chloroprene.
 Coconut shell char in any form.
 Creosote or dead oil.
 Dicyanodiamide.
 Ethylene Chlorhydrine.
 Methyl methacrylate.
 Monochloroacetic acid.
 Omega chloroacetophenone.
 Pentaerythrite.
 Ginseng.
 Sodium cyanide.
 Sodium sulphate (saltcake).

PART IV

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon or Newfoundland.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to other parts of the British Empire or to destinations within the western hemisphere.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and their products

Sheets, coated or not.
 Strips.
 Nails and staples.
 Wire, coated or not, plain or stranded, including wire rope or wire fencing, and wire, n.o.p.
 Tin mill black plate.
 Tinplate and terne plate.

PART V

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$25.00 or less when consigned to any part of the British Empire or to destinations within the western hemisphere.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and their products

Enamel ware of iron or steel.
 Engines, diesel and semi-diesel: Marine, stationary and portable.
 Engines, internal combustion, n.o.p.
 Excavating and power shovels.
 Furniture of metal.
 Hollowware flatware, utensils and containers, of iron or steel, coated or not.
 Lavatories, sinks and other plumbing fixtures.
 Metal drums and similar containers, unfilled, new or used.
 Motorgraders.
 Office and store furniture, fixtures and parts.
 Stoves and heating apparatus of all kinds.
 Tinplate containers, finished or unfinished.
 Tractors, including equipment.
 Valves and parts.

PART VI

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF AN EXPORT PERMIT WHEN SHIPPED TO ST. PIERRE AND MIQUELON

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel) and their products

Agricultural implements and machinery parts, over \$25.00 in value.
 Hardware, builders' furniture and cabinet makers'.
 Hardware, saddlery and harness.
 Shingles, laths and corrugated roofing, metallic.

PART VII

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF AN EXPORT PERMIT FOR SHIPMENTS VALUED AT \$25.00 OR LESS WHEN CONSIGNED TO ANY PART OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE OR TO DESTINATIONS WITHIN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED

Group 6—Non-Ferrous Metals and their Products

Bismuth—Bismuth matte, slimes and residues, metal and alloys, salts and compounds.

Brass.

Bronze.

Carbide.

Chromium—Chromium ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferrochrome), pigments, salts and compounds.

Chromite refractories containing chromium in excess of 10 per cent in semi-fabricated or fabricated form.

Copper—Copper ores and concentrates, matte, blister, scrap, salts and compounds, refined metal and alloys (including brass and bronze) semi-fabricated and fabricated.

Lead—Lead ores and concentrates, refined metal and alloys (including Babbit and Type metal) semi-fabricated and fabricated, castings, pigments, scrap, salts and compounds.

Manganese—Manganese ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferromanganese, spiegeleisen, silico-spiegel and silico-manganese) salts and compounds.

Molybdenum—Molybdenum ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferro-molybdenum) semi-fabricated, salts and compounds.

Nickel—Nickel ores and concentrates, matte, metal and alloys (including Monel metal) semi-fabricated and fabricated, scrap, salts and compounds.

Platinum—Platinum concentrates and residues, metals, alloys, manufactures, scrap, salts and compounds.

Spiegeleisen.

Tungsten—Tungsten ores and concentrates, metal and alloys (including ferro-tungsten and tungsten carbide) semi-fabricated and fabricated, salts and compounds.

Vanadium—Vanadium ores and concentrates, metal, alloys (including ferro-vanadium) salts and compounds; petroleum ashes, soot and residues, containing vanadium.

Zinc—Zinc ores and concentrates, metal and alloys, semi-fabricated, manufactures containing 20 per cent or more of zinc, including addressograph blanks and photo engraving sheets and plates, pigments, dust, scrap, dross, ashes, salts and compounds.

Scrap—All other metal scrap.

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and their Products

Abrasive wheels of corundum.

Asbestos—Asbestos in primary forms, refuse, sand and waste; asbestos brake lining, clutch facings, gaskets, packing and all other manufactures.

Chromite refractories.

Diamonds—industrial, including dust and bort.

Graphite—Amorphous, flake and crystalline, crucibles, retorts and stoppers; graphite electrodes.

Jewels and jewel bearings, industrial.

Petroleum products—

(a) Aviation motor fuel, i.e., high octane gasolines, hydrocarbons and hydrocarbon mixtures (including crude oils) boiling between 75 degrees and 350 degrees F. which, with the addition of tetraethyl lead up to a total content of 3 c.c. per gallon, will exceed 80 octane number by the A.S.T.M. Knock Test Method; or any material from which by commercial distillation there can be separated more than 3 per cent of such gasoline, hydrocarbons or hydrocarbon mixtures.

- (b) Other motor fuels and gasoline.
- (c) Lubricating oils.
- (d) Crude oils.
- (e) Blending agents of petroleum origin, all kinds, including iso-octanes, alkylates and hydrocodimers.
- (f) Naphtha, mineral spirits, solvents and other light products.
- (g) Kerosene (including all burning oils).
- (h) Gas oil, distillate fuel and residual fuel oil.
- (k) Paraffin wax, refined and unrefined.
- (l) Petroleum asphalt (including road oil).
- (n) Paraffin wax manufactures (including candles).
- Porcelain insulators.
- Pottery and chinaware of Canadian manufacture.
- Precious, semi-precious and synthetic stones.
- Tableware and kitchenware of china, porcelain, semi-porcelain, white granite or earthenware, n.o.p.

Group 9—Miscellaneous
Jewellery.

PART VIII

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF AN EXPORT PERMIT
WHEN SHIPPED TO THE DESTINATIONS INDICATED HEREUNDER

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and their Products

Glass, lamp and lantern chimneys over \$50.00 in value. (St. Pierre and Miquelon; Newfoundland.)

Group 8—Chemical and Allied Products

Rotenone. (St. Pierre and Miquelon; Newfoundland; British West Indies.)

PART IX

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF AN EXPORT PERMIT

- (a) For shipments of any value when consigned to St. Pierre and Miquelon, Newfoundland, or the British West Indies.
- (b) For shipments valued at \$100.00 when consigned to any part of the British Empire or to destinations within the Western Hemisphere.

Group 5—Iron and Steel (including alloy steel and their Products)

Scales, balances and weights.

PART X

COMMODITIES EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF AN EXPORT PERMIT FOR SHIPMENTS
VALUED AT \$25.00 WHEN CONSIGNED TO DESTINATIONS WITHIN THE WESTERN
HEMISPHERE, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and their Products

Diamond saws.
Graphite products, n.o.p.
Lavatories, sinks and other plumbing fixtures.
Lubricating greases.
Liquefied petroleum gases.
Petrolatum and petroleum jelly.

WM No. 51
Second Revision
Supplement No. 3

MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

Ottawa, 18th September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,
and others concerned:*

Prohibited Imports

Effective the 1st October, 1945, Order in Council P.C. 1338, dated the 1st March, 1945, prohibiting the importation of Lithopone is revoked.

Supplement No. 1 to Memorandum WM No. 51, Second Revision, is hereby cancelled.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 6027, 14/9/45—Authority, War Measures Act).

WM No. 51
Second Revision
Supplement No. 4

MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

Ottawa, 18th September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,
and others concerned:*

Prohibited Imports

It is ordered that the following goods be deleted from those enumerated in Memorandum WM No. 51, Second Revision:—

Anti-freeze, being any substance or mixture for use as anti-freeze in the radiator or cooling system of an internal combustion engine.

Dibutyl Phthalate

Dimethyl Phthalate

Ethylene Glycol

Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Tricresyl Phosphate.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 6026, 14/9/45—Authority, War Measures Act).

WM No. 89
Supplement No. 5

MEMORANDUM
CUSTOMS DIVISION

Ottawa, 18th September, 1945.

*To Collectors of Customs and Excise,
and others concerned:*

Prohibited Imports—Shipping Priorities

The Schedule to Order in Council P.C. 949 of the 8th February, 1943, as amended, has been cancelled and the following Schedule substituted therefor:—

SCHEDULE

Alewives and other pickled or salted fish
 Anchovies, sardines, sprats and pilchards, packed in airtight containers
 Argols, tartar and wine lees, and crude calcium tartrate
 Bones, crude
 Bones, ground, ash, dust, meal and flour
 Cocoa, preparations of, or chocolate
 Cocoa powder, unsweetened and sweetened
 Coconuts, in the shell
 Coconut meat, shredded and desiccated, or similarly prepared
 Corn
 Cotton linters
 Fabrics woven of agava fibre
 Glue
 Guano
 Hides, and skins, raw, whether dry, salted or pickled, and raw pelts
 Leather, unmanufactured
 Lentils
 Meat extracts, fluid beef
 Peanuts, shelled or unshelled
 Rapeseed
 Sesame seed
 Soap and soap powder
 Sunflower seed
 Tankage (including cracklings, greave cakes, liver meal, meat meal, meat flour, meat scrap)
 Tartaric acid
 Walnuts, shelled or unshelled.

Persons contemplating the importation of the products enumerated above should refer to Memorandum WM No. 89 for particulars of Order in Council P.C. 949.

Supplement No. 4 to Memorandum WM 89 is hereby cancelled.

D. SIM,
*Deputy Minister of National Revenue
 Customs and Excise.*

(P.C. 6028, 14/9/45—Authority, War Measures Act).

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

Revised Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy (1943)

Notice *re* Finland

The Secretary of State of Canada under and by virtue of the provisions of the Revised Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy (1943) hereby gives notice that, subject as hereinafter mentioned, trade may be resumed with persons residing in Finland; and this notice shall constitute the permission of the Secretary of State to re-open trade with persons residing in the said territory. Any person who engages in such trade shall not be deemed to be trading with the enemy but such persons are advised that, owing to the shortage of shipping and foreign exchange and communication problems, difficulties may be encountered.

The permission hereby given shall apply only to transactions entered into after the date of this notice; and any property which shall have vested in the Secretary of State acting in his capacity as Custodian under and by virtue of any regulations respecting trading with the enemy shall continue to be so vested, notwithstanding

the permission hereby given, and the property shall continue under his control until it is expressly released under the provisions of the Revised Regulations Respecting Trading with the Enemy (1943).

Dated at Ottawa this 14th day of September, 1945.

PAUL MARTIN,
Secretary of State of Canada.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

ORDER No. T.C. 09P

Sections and Sleeping Cars

Dated SEPTEMBER 18, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4487, dated June 9, 1942, and regulations made thereunder, it is hereby ordered that Order T.C. 06P, dated April 28, 1943, is cancelled effective 12.01 midnight September 29th, 1945.

T. C. LOCKWOOD,
Transport Controller.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 18, 1945.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Emergency Shelter

Public Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the Emergency Shelter Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 9439 of December 19, 1944, as amended, the following areas have been designated by the Board as areas to which the provisions of Section 5 of such Regulations shall apply:

- (a) the Province of New Brunswick;
- (b) the Province of Nova Scotia;
- (c) the Province of Prince Edward Island;
- (d) the Province of Quebec.

Dated at Ottawa, Ontario, this 13th day of September, 1945.

A. F. W. PLUMPTRE,
Secretary.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 547

Rationed Foods (Butter)

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Order comes into force on the 31st day of August, 1945.
2. Subsection (4) of Section 6 of Board Order No. 465, as amended, is further amended by adding thereto the following:

"No. 124	Thursday	October 4, 1945
No. 125	"	" 11, 1945
No. 126	"	" 18, 1945
No. 127	"	" 25, 1945"

Made at Ottawa, this 30th day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 548

Rationed Foods

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. This Order comes into force on the 10th day of September, 1945.
2. Section 3 of Board Order No. 464, Rationed Foods (Principal Order) is amended
 - (a) by deleting from clause (p) thereof the words "drawn on a ration coupon bank account" and by substituting therefor the following:
"drawn or purported to be drawn on a ration coupon bank account",
 - (b) by deleting clause (s) thereof and by substituting therefor the following:
"(s) "Ration document" means and includes any token, ration coupon, ration cheque, bank transfer voucher, special purchase permit, quota authorization or requisition, issued by or under the authority of the Board for use in acquiring or supplying a Rationed Food", and
 - (c) by adding thereto the following clause:
"(y) "Token" means any perforated fibre disc on which the words "Canada" and "ration" appear at the time of issue by the Board".
3. Section 37 of said Board Order No. 464 is amended by adding thereto the following subsections:

"(17) A producer, dealer, quota user or industrial user must not, as such, in respect of any one branch of his business or of any one Administrative office have or operate at any one time more than one ration coupon bank account for the same Rationed Food.

(18) Where in any case a ration coupon bank account of any person has been closed by or under the authority of the Ration Administrator, such person must not subsequently draw a ration cheque or issue a ration cheque drawn in his name as the maker, unless in the meantime he has obtained the express authorization of the Ration Administrator to open and operate a ration coupon bank account".

4. Section 38 of said Board Order No. 464 is amended by adding thereto the following subsections:

"(6) Except as provided by subsection (2) of Section 40, no person other than a supplier or his authorized agent shall apply for, obtain or use a bank transfer voucher.

(7) No person shall make application to a bank for the issue of a bank transfer voucher for a greater number of coupons than the number of valid coupons then being surrendered in exchange therefor, and no person shall accept or otherwise obtain from a bank any bank transfer voucher for a greater number of coupons than the number of valid coupons then being surrendered in exchange therefor.

(8) No person shall make application to a bank for the issue of a bank transfer voucher for any Rationed Food other than the Rationed Food for which the coupons then being surrendered are prescribed as appropriate coupons, and no person shall accept or otherwise obtain from a bank any bank transfer voucher for any Rationed Food other than the Rationed Food for which the coupons then being surrendered are prescribed as appropriate coupons".

5. Subsection (1) of Section 39 of said Board Order No. 464 is amended

(a) by deleting therefrom clause (g) and by substituting therefor the following:

"(g) making a false, misleading or deceptive statement with respect to any person, ration book, ration card or ration document in acquiring rationed food or in obtaining a ration document or credit in a ration coupon bank account;" and

(b) by adding thereto the following clauses:

"(n) obtaining or attempting to obtain credit in a ration coupon bank account for coupons which have not been deposited or are not then being deposited to such account;

(o) failing to refund to the Board, within the time and in the manner stipulated, tokens or appropriate coupons provided to him for temporary use".

6. Section 39 of said Board Order No. 464 is further amended by adding thereto subsection (3) as follows:

"(3) Every person who, in respect of any rationed food, acts in the capacity of a consumer, quota user, industrial user, dealer and producer or in two or more of such capacities, must strictly comply in each capacity with the respective provisions of this Order and of every other Order of the Board by which any food is prescribed as a Rationed Food".

Made at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1945.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 559

Rationing of New Farm Machinery and Equipment

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on October 1, 1945.

2. Board Order No. 526, which required the rationing of certain types of farm machinery and equipment, is revoked.

Made at Ottawa this 20th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 561

Paperboard

Under powers given to the Wartime Prices and Trade Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, and amendments, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. Order No. 396 of the Board, as amended, which restricted the use of paperboard in the production and packaging of various articles, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on September 24, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 20th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 563

Controlling the Sale and Distribution of Corn

Under powers given to the Board by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations, being Order in Council P.C. 8528, of November 1, 1941, and amendments, THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. Order No. 536 of the Board which controlled the sale and distribution of corn, is hereby revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on September 26, 1945.

Made at Ottawa, this 24th day of September, 1945.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1723

Maximum Prices for Plywood Panels in Eastern Canada

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Sections 3 and 4 Amended

1. (1) The Headings to Sections 3 and 4 of Administrator's Order No. A-1657 dated the 12th day of June, 1945, are amended by adding thereto, the words "or door manufacturers" immediately following the words "furniture manufacturers".

(2) Subsection (1) and clause (b) of subsection (2) of Section 3 and Section 4 of the said Order are amended by adding thereto, the words "or door manufacturer" immediately following the words "furniture manufacturer" wherever they occur in the said Sections.

Schedules B and C Amended

2. The Headings to Schedules B and C of the said Order are amended by adding thereto, the words "or door manufacturers" immediately following the words "furniture manufacturers".

Effective Date

3. This Order shall come into force on September 10, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 5th day of September, 1945.

D. D. ROSENBERRY,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1747

Used Construction Equipment

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Sections 2 and 5 of Administrator's Order No. A-1654 are revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on September 22, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, 1945.

R. W. GALLUP,
*Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery
and Municipal Service Equipment.*

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1748

Maximum Prices for Sales of Certain Animal Glands and Offals

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Application of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on September 24, 1945, and fixes maximum prices for sales of the animal glands and offals listed in the Schedule hereto.
- (2) Every fixation of a maximum price for sales of the animal glands and offals listed in the Schedule hereto, issued prior to September 24, 1945, by or on behalf of the Board, is hereby revoked.

Maximum Prices

2. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell to any other person any animal glands or offals listed in the Schedule hereto shall, according to the kind of glands and offals and whether they are derived from cattle, calves or hogs, be the price for the same listed in such Schedule.
- (2) The maximum prices fixed by subsection (1) are f.o.b. the seller's shipping point.

Prices fixed are Maximum Prices

3. All prices mentioned in this Order are maximum prices and shall not be exceeded. Such prices include all charges and no charge may be made for a container or package or for packing or preparing the glands for shipment or for any other service, which results in the sum of the price and the charge exceeding the maximum price.

Sales Invoices

4. (1) On every sale of any animal glands and offals to which this Order applies, the seller shall at or before the time of delivery of the goods furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the names and identifying addresses of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the kind of goods sold, the quantity sold and the price per pound charged.
- (2) The seller shall keep a duplicate copy and the buyer the original of each invoice, furnished by the seller as required by this Order, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, at any time within twelve months of the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of September, 1945.

F. S. GRISDALE,
Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1748

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES BY ANY PERSON OF THE FOLLOWING
ANIMAL GLANDS AND OFFALS

<i>Kind of Glands or Offals and Derivation</i>	<i>Maximum Prices Per Pound f.o.b. shipping point \$ c.</i>
Derived from Cattle—	
Lungs .....	.03½
Ovaries .....	.40
Ox-gall, concentrated (75% solid).....	.60
Ox-gall, liquid (9% solid).....	.07
Pancreas .....	.13
Parathyroids	9.00
Pituitaries	2.20
Prostates .....	.25
Spleen .....	.05
Suprarenals .....	.55
Teats .....	.10
Thyroids .....	.12
Tonsils .....	.03
Udders .....	.05
Derived from Calves—	
Lungs .....	.03½
Pancreas .....	.26
Pituitaries	3.00
Derived from Hogs—	
Gall, concentrated (75% solid).....	.35
Gall, liquid (9% solid) .....	.04
Ovaries .....	.30
Pancreas .....	.10½
Pituitaries	3.50
Spleen .....	.05
Stomach linings .....	.15
Thyroids .....	.25

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1749

Maximum Prices for Petroleum Products

The Oil Controller's Order 010 A, concurred in by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, fixed maximum prices for petroleum products. It is now considered advisable to replace that Order by an Order of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board whose primary responsibility is the maintenance of the price ceiling. Therefore, the Oil Controller in his capacity of Oil Administrator for the Board, is replacing the above mentioned Controller's Order by the following Administrator's Order. *The following Order does not involve any change in maximum prices or other requirements affecting petroleum products from those imposed by the Controller's Order 010 A.*

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Oil Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. The Oil Controller's Order numbered 010 A and dated January 28, 1942, has been revoked and is replaced by this Order.

2. For the purposes of this Order,

(a) "consumer" means any person who acquires any petroleum product for use only and not for the purpose of selling, giving, exchanging or otherwise disposing of it to any other person;

- (b) "dealer" means any person who sells or supplies any petroleum product in any quantity directly to any consumer for use by such consumer;
- (c) "distributor" means any person who sells or supplies any petroleum product to any dealer;
- (d) "motor fuel" means every liquid product distilled or recovered from petroleum which, by combustion, develops the power required to operate internal combustion engines;
- (e) "petroleum product" means motor fuel, distillates, kerosene, stove oil, heavy or light fuel oil, diesel oil or lubricating oil.

3. The maximum price at which any quantity of any petroleum product may be sold or purchased in any place in Canada shall be the maximum price at which that quantity of that petroleum product was sold or offered for sale in that place, or for delivery in that place, on September 30, 1941, plus

- (a) any applicable price increase confirmed or authorized by the Oil Controller's said Order numbered 010 A; and
- (b) any price increase actually imposed in any place as authorized by paragraph 7 of the Oil Controller's Order numbered 010 and dated October 21, 1941; provided that such price increase was imposed on or after such date and before December 13, 1941, when such paragraph was suspended by the Oil Controller.

4. A distributor having knowledge that any person has sold or is selling any petroleum product at a price higher than is authorized by this Order at the place of delivery thereof is *hereby prohibited* from supplying any petroleum product to such person, and such distributor shall forthwith report the circumstances in writing to the Oil Administrator. A distributor shall be deemed to have knowledge of any such sale if the facts and circumstances be known to any officer, servant or employee of such distributor.

5. This Order comes into force on September 24, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of September, 1945.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Administrator.

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-1750

Respecting Facial Tissues

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Packages and Converted Paper Products, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-765, which restricted the manufacture and packaging of facial tissues, is revoked.

2. This Order comes into force on September 26, 1945.

Dated at Ottawa this 24th day of September, 1945.

C. V. HODDER,
*Administrator of Packages and Converted
Paper Products.*

APPROVED:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

Fuelwood Order

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

FUELWOOD ORDER No. 111

Maximum Prices for Fuelwood and Sawdust in the Province of Nova Scotia

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Effective Date

1. This Order becomes effective on September 17, 1945.

Previous Orders Revoked

2. Administrator's Order No. A-229 (renamed Fuelwood Order No. 12) and Fuelwood Orders Nos. 79, 80, 93 and 99 are hereby revoked and replaced by this Order.

Definitions

3. For the purposes of this Order,
 - (a) "fuelwood" includes millwood, slabs and edgings;
 - (b) "Halifax area" means and includes the City of Halifax, the Municipalities of Dartmouth and Bedford and the area lying within three miles of the city limits of the City of Halifax, all in the province of Nova Scotia;
 - (c) "sell" includes an offer to sell;
 - (d) "unit" is a quantity measurement of sawdust containing 200 cubic feet, and the number of cubic feet of sawdust delivered in the seller's container when loaded to capacity shall not be deemed to be greater than the inside capacity of such container in cubic feet.

Sale of Fuelwood and Sawdust

4. (1) No person shall sell fuelwood in the province of Nova Scotia except in cords comprising 128 cubic feet when properly piled, or in a fraction of such a cord; or, if the fuelwood is slabs or edgings 16 inches or under in length and loosely packed in cords each comprising 168 cubic feet of such fuelwood loosely packed, or in a fraction of such a cord.

- (2) No person shall sell sawdust except by unit measurement.

Maximum Prices of Fuelwood at Roadside

5. The maximum price per cord at which any person may in the province of Nova Scotia sell fuelwood of a kind and length specified in Schedule "A" hereto, piled at the roadside nearest to the woodlot or timber limit from which the fuelwood is cut shall be the price per cord for that fuelwood set out in said Schedule "A".

Maximum Prices of Fuelwood Delivered on Sales to Consumers

6. (1) The maximum price at which any person may, in the area described in Schedule "B" or "C" hereto, sell fuelwood of a kind and length specified in such Schedule delivered to the premises of a consumer in that area shall be the price per cord or fraction of a cord where specified for that fuelwood set out in the Schedule in which the area is described.

(2) The maximum price for a fraction of a cord set out in Schedule "B" or "C" shall only apply when such a fraction of a cord is ordered by the consumer and delivered at his request. For all other fractional quantities and in all other cases the maximum price shall be in proportion to the cord price of that fuelwood.

Maximum Prices of Sawdust Delivered to Storage Bin of Consumers

7. The maximum price at which any person may, in the province of Nova Scotia, other than the Halifax area, sell sawdust delivered and placed in the bin or other storage place on the premises of a consumer shall be \$3.00 per unit.

Maximum Prices of Fuelwood not Delivered on Sales to Consumers

8. When the seller does not sell at the roadside referred to in Section 5, or does not deliver, the maximum price at which he may sell, in an area described in said Schedule "B" or "C", fuelwood of a kind or length described in that Schedule shall be the price fixed by Section 6 of this Order for that area LESS the cost of delivery.

Maximum Prices of Kindling

9. The maximum price at which any person may, in the province of Nova Scotia, sell any kindling shall be the highest lawful price at which such person sold or offered to sell kindling of the same kind and quality to the same class of customer during the period December 1 to December 15, 1941, both dates inclusive, provided, however, that if he did not sell kindling during the said period he shall not sell kindling until his maximum price therefor has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

Administrator to Fix Prices of Unnamed Fuelwood

10. Fuelwood of a kind or length not named in a Schedule to this Order shall not be sold in the area described in that Schedule until a maximum price therefor has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

Invoices

11. (1) Every person who sells fuelwood or sawdust in the province of Nova Scotia shall prepare an invoice in duplicate for each such sale showing therein

- (a) the name and address of the seller and the purchaser;
- (b) the kind and quantity by cord measurement and the length of each kind of fuelwood sold, or the quantity of sawdust by unit measurement;
- (c) the price per cord or fraction of a cord in the case of fuelwood or price per unit in the case of sawdust and the total price charged;
- (d) the date of delivery; and
- (e) any and all charges authorized by this Order or the Administrator for and incidental to the sale or delivery of the fuelwood or sawdust.

(2) No person shall make any charge for or incidental to the sale or delivery of fuelwood or sawdust unless the charge is shown on the invoice.

(3) One copy of the invoice shall be delivered to the purchaser at the time of delivery of the fuelwood or sawdust and one copy shall be kept on file by the seller.

(4) Every copy of any invoice which a seller is required by this Section to keep shall be retained by him for a period of 2 years available for inspection at any time by any authorized representative of the Board.

Advertisement

12. A person who sells fuelwood in the province of Nova Scotia must keep a copy of the Schedules of this Order on display at his place of business in a position where they can be readily examined by customers. Any authorized change in prices must be put on display within fourteen days after the effective date of the change. Any advertisement offering fuelwood for sale must contain the full name and address of the seller.

Splitting and Sawing Charges

13. (1) The maximum price which any person may charge or be paid for splitting fuelwood into cook stove sizes shall be at the rate of \$1.00 per cord.

(2) The maximum price which any person may charge or be paid for sawing fuelwood four feet long shall be as follows:

- (a) into 2 lengths at the rate of \$0.75 per cord;
 (b) into 3 lengths at the rate of \$1.00 per cord;
 (c) into 4 lengths at the rate of \$1.25 per cord;
 (d) into 5 lengths at the rate of \$1.50 per cord.

Dated at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1945.

BERNARD E. HARRISON,
Deputy Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

TO FUELWOOD ORDER NO. 111

Maximum Price of Fuelwood piled at the Roadside nearest to the wood lot or timber limit from which the fuelwood is cut in the Province of Nova Scotia

Column.....	1	2	3	4	5
Length.....	4'	24"	16"	12"	More than 4'
Quantity.....	1 cord	1 cord	1 cord	1 cord	1 cord
KIND	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Hard Maple, Yellow Birch, Beech, not more than 10% White or Paper Birch (Mixed).....	8.00	9.00	10.00	10.50	7.00
Hard Maple, Yellow Birch, Beech, White or Paper Birch, Ash, Soft Maple (Mixed).....	7.50	8.50	9.50	10.00	6.50
White or Paper Birch, Soft Maple, Apple Wood (Mixed).....	7.00	8.00	9.00	9.50	6.00
50% Hardwood and 50% Softwood, including Pine, Balsam and Hemlock.....	6.50	7.50	8.50	9.00	5.50
Pine, Hemlock, Spruce, Balsam, Fir, Poplar.....	5.00	6.00	7.00	7.50	4.00

SCHEDULE "B"

To FUELWOOD ORDER No. 111

Maximum Price of Fuelwood delivered to the premises of Consumers in the Province of Nova Scotia, EXCEPTING the Halifax Area

PART I

Quantity.....	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6	Col. 7	Col. 8	Col. 9	Col. 10	Col. 11	Col. 12	Col. 13
	4' length		24' Length		16' Length		12' Length		Assorted Lengths over 4' and up		1 cord		1 cord
	1 cord	\$ cts.	1 cord	\$ cts.	1 cord	\$ cts.	1 cord	\$ cts.	1 cord	\$ cts.	1 cord	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
KINDS													
Hard Maple, Yellow Birch, Beech and not more than 10% White or Paper Birch mixed.....	10.50	12.00	6.25	3.25	13.50	9.25	7.00	4.75	3.65	14.00	7.25	3.75	8.50
Hard Maple, Yellow Birch, Beech, White or Paper Birch, Ash and Soft Maple mixed.....	10.00	11.50	6.00	3.15	13.00	9.00	6.75	4.60	3.50	13.50	7.00	3.65	8.00
White or Paper Birch, Soft Maple and Apple Wood mixed.....	9.50	11.00	5.75	3.00	12.50	8.65	6.50	4.45	3.40	13.00	6.75	3.50	7.50
50% Hardwood and 50% Softwood including Spruce, Poplar, Pine, Balsam and Hemlock.....	8.50	10.00	5.25	2.75	11.50	8.00	6.00	4.10	3.15	12.00	6.25	3.25	6.50
Pine, Hemlock, Poplar, Spruce and Fir.....	6.75	8.25	4.40	2.30	9.75	6.75	5.15	3.50	2.70	10.50	5.50	2.25	4.75

SCHEDULE "B"

To FUELWOOD ORDER No. 111 (Continued)

PART II—MILLWOOD

Quantity.....	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6	Col. 7	Col. 8	Col. 9	Col. 10
	4' Length		24" Length		16" or 14" Length		12" Length			
	1 Cord	\$ cts.	1 Cord	\$ cts.	1 Cord	\$ cts.	1 Cord	\$ cts.	1 Cord	\$ cts.
KINDS										
Heavy Hardwood Slabs.....	10.50									
Heavy and light Hardwood Slabs mixed.....	9.50	11.50	6.00	3.25	12.00	6.25	3.25	12.50	6.50	3.35
Hardwood Slabs and Edgings mixed.....	8.50	10.50	5.50	2.85	11.00	5.75	3.00	11.50	6.00	3.25
Hardwood Edgings.....	8.00	9.50	5.00	2.60	10.50	5.50	2.85	11.00	5.75	3.00
Softwood Slabs.....	5.00	6.00	3.25	1.75	6.00	3.25	1.75	6.50	3.50	1.90
Softwood Slabs and Edgings mixed.....	4.50	5.50	3.00	1.60	5.50	3.00	1.60	6.00	3.25	1.75
Softwood Edgings unbundled.....	4.00	5.00	2.75	1.60	5.00	2.75	1.60	5.50	3.00	1.60
Softwood Edgings bundled.....	4.50	5.00	2.75	1.60	5.00	2.75	1.60	5.50	3.00	1.60

SCHEDULE "C"

To FUELWOOD ORDER No. 111

Maximum Prices for Fuelwood delivered to the premises of the Consumer in the Halifax Area

Quantity	1 Cord	1 Cord	1 Cord
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Mixed Hardwood (including Yellow Birch, Beech, Hard Maple, with some White or Paper Birch and Soft Maple) 24 inches or less in length.....	16.50	8.50	4.50
Millwood, soft—24 inches or less in length.....	9.00	4.75	2.50

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

AIRCRAFT CONTROLLER

ORDER No. A.C. 1B

(Orders No. A.C.1 and No. A.C.1A—Manufacture and Repair of
Aircraft—Rescinded)

Dated September 19, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5387 of June 25, 1942, and any other Order in Council or Statute,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Orders of the Aircraft Controller No. A.C. 1, dated September 25, 1942, and No. A.C. 1A, dated December 30, 1944, are rescinded.

G. H. MONTGOMERY,
Deputy Aircraft Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE OIL CONTROLLER

15 King Street West, Toronto, Ontario

ORDER No. 010-B

(Prices of Petroleum Products Order No. 010-A rescinded)

Dated September 24, 1945.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, and any other Order in Council or statute, it is hereby ordered:

1. Effective September 24, 1945, Order No. 010-A of January 28, 1942, is hereby rescinded.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

J. GERALD GODSOE,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

CONCURRED IN:

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

(NOTE: The Oil Controller's Order No. 010-A has been replaced by Order No. A-1749 of the Oil Administrator for the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.)





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